Amendment No. 2

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Professions & Public
2	Health Subcommittee
3	Representative Smith, C. offered the following:
4	
5	Amendment (with title amendment)
6	Between lines 14 and 15, insert:
7	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
8	381.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
9	381.026 Florida Patient's Bill of Rights and
10	Responsibilities.—
11	(4) RIGHTS OF PATIENTS.—Each health care facility or
12	provider shall observe the following standards:
13	(b) Information.—
14	1. A patient has the right to know the name, function, and
15	qualifications of each health care provider who is providing
16	medical services to the patient. A patient may request such
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h0687-line13

information from his or her responsible provider or the health care facility in which he or she is receiving medical services.

- 2. A patient in a health care facility has the right to know what patient support services are available in the facility.
- 3. A patient has the right to be given by his or her health care provider information concerning diagnosis, planned course of treatment, alternatives, risks, and prognosis, unless it is medically inadvisable or impossible to give this information to the patient, in which case the information must be given to the patient's guardian or a person designated as the patient's representative. A patient has the right to refuse this information.
- 4. A patient has the right to refuse any treatment based on information required by this paragraph, except as otherwise provided by law. The responsible provider shall document any such refusal.
- 5. A patient in a health care facility has the right to know what facility rules and regulations apply to patient conduct.
- 6. A patient has the right to express grievances to a health care provider, a health care facility, or the appropriate state licensing agency regarding alleged violations of patients' rights. A patient has the right to know the health care

h0687-line13

provider's or health care facility's procedures for expressing a grievance.

- 7. A patient in a health care facility who does not speak English has the right to be provided an interpreter when receiving medical services if the facility has a person readily available who can interpret on behalf of the patient.
- 8. A health care provider or health care facility shall respect a patient's right to privacy and should refrain from making a written inquiry or asking questions concerning the ownership of a firearm or ammunition by the patient or by a family member of the patient, or the presence of a firearm in a private home or other domicile of the patient or a family member of the patient. Notwithstanding this provision, a health care provider or health care facility that in good faith believes that this information is relevant to the patient's medical care or safety, or safety of others, may make such a verbal or written inquiry.
- 8.9. A patient may decline to answer or provide any information regarding ownership of a firearm by the patient or a family member of the patient, or the presence of a firearm in the domicile of the patient or a family member of the patient. A patient's decision not to answer a question relating to the presence or ownership of a firearm does not alter existing law regarding a physician's authorization to choose his or her patients.

h0687-line13

9.10. A health care provider or health care facility may
not discriminate against a patient based solely upon the
patient's exercise of the constitutional right to own and
possess firearms or ammunition.

- 11. A health care provider or health care facility shall respect a patient's legal right to own or possess a firearm and should refrain from unnecessarily harassing a patient about firearm ownership during an examination.
- Section 2. Section 790.338, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 790.338 Medical privacy concerning firearms; discrimination prohibitions; penalties; exceptions.
- (1) A health care practitioner licensed under chapter 456 or a health care facility licensed under chapter 395 may not intentionally enter any disclosed information concerning firearm ownership into the patient's medical record if the practitioner knows that such information is not relevant to the patient's medical care or safety, or the safety of others.
- (2) A health care practitioner licensed under chapter 456 or a health care facility licensed under chapter 395 shall respect a patient's right to privacy and should refrain from making a written inquiry or asking questions concerning the ownership of a firearm or ammunition by the patient or by a family member of the patient, or the presence of a firearm in a private home or other domicile of the patient or a family member

h0687-line13

of the patient. Notwithstanding this provision, a health care practitioner or health care facility that in good faith believes that this information is relevant to the patient's medical care or safety, or the safety of others, may make such a verbal or written inquiry.

(1)(3) Any emergency medical technician or paramedic acting under the supervision of an emergency medical services medical director under chapter 401 may make an inquiry concerning the possession or presence of a firearm if he or she, in good faith, believes that information regarding the possession of a firearm by the patient or the presence of a firearm in the home or domicile of a patient or a patient's family member is necessary to treat a patient during the course and scope of a medical emergency or that the presence or possession of a firearm would pose an imminent danger or threat to the patient or others.

(2)(4) A patient may decline to answer or provide any information regarding ownership of a firearm by the patient or a family member of the patient, or the presence of a firearm in the domicile of the patient or a family member of the patient. A patient's decision not to answer a question relating to the presence or ownership of a firearm does not alter existing law regarding a physician's authorization to choose his or her patients.

h0687-line13

(3) (5) A health care practitioner licensed under chapter	
456 or a health care facility licensed under chapter 395 may no) t
discriminate against a patient based solely upon the patient's	
exercise of the constitutional right to own and possess firearm	ıs
or ammunition.	

(6) A health care practitioner licensed under chapter 456 or a health care facility licensed under chapter 395 shall respect a patient's legal right to own or possess a firearm and should refrain from unnecessarily harassing a patient about firearm ownership during an examination.

(4)(7) An insurer issuing any type of insurance policy pursuant to chapter 627 may not deny coverage, increase any premium, or otherwise discriminate against any insured or applicant for insurance on the basis of or upon reliance upon the lawful ownership or possession of a firearm or ammunition or the lawful use or storage of a firearm or ammunition. Nothing herein shall prevent an insurer from considering the fair market value of firearms or ammunition in the setting of premiums for scheduled personal property coverage.

(5) (8) Violations of the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) (1)-(4) constitute grounds for disciplinary action under ss. 456.072(2) and 395.1055.

h0687-line13

Amendment No. 2

140	TITLE AMENDMENT
141	Remove lines 2-3 and insert:
142	An act relating to medical privacy and free speech in
143	a health care setting; amending s. 381.026, F.S.;
144	conforming provisions in the Florida Patient's Bill o
145	Rights and Responsibilities to changes made by the
146	act; amending s. 790.338, F.S.; deleting provisions
147	relating to patient firearm ownership recordkeeping,
148	inquiry, and harassment by heath care practitioners
149	and facilities; creating s. 456.61, F.S.; prohibiting

h0687-line13