Bill No. SB 1700, 1st Eng. (2014)

Amendment No.

CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

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Representative Harrell offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

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Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 385.321, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:

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385.321 Public records exemption for personal identifying information in the refractory epilepsy relief registry.—

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(1) A patient's personal identifying information held by the department in the refractory epilepsy relief registry established under s. 385.32, including, but not limited to, the

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patient's name, address, telephone number, and government-issued

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identification number, and all information pertaining to the

14 physician's prescription of medication, including cannabidiol,

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and the dispensing thereof are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

- department in the refractory epilepsy relief registry
 established under s. 385.32, including, but not limited to, the
 physician's name, address, telephone number, government-issued
 identification number, and Drug Enforcement Administration
 number, and all information pertaining to the physician's
 prescription of medication, including cannabidiol, and the
 dispensing thereof are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1)
 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (3) The department shall allow access to the registry, including access to confidential and exempt information, to:
- (a) A physician who has prescribed medication, including cannabidiol, for the purpose of monitoring the patient's use of such medication or for the purpose of determining, before prescribing medication, whether another physician has prescribed the same medication for the patient. The physician may access the confidential and exempt information only for the patient for whom he or she has prescribed or is determining whether to prescribe medication pursuant to s. 385.32.
- (b) An employee of the department for the purposes of maintaining the registry and periodic reporting or disclosure of information that has been redacted to exclude personal identifying information.
 - (c) The department's relevant health care regulatory

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boards responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline
of a physician if he or she is involved in a specific
investigation of a violation of s. 385.31 or s. 385.32. If a
health care regulatory board's investigation reveals potential
criminal activity, the board may provide any relevant
information to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

- (d) A person engaged in bona fide research if the person agrees:
- 1. To submit a research plan to the department which specifies the exact nature of the information requested and the intended use of the information;
- 2. To maintain the confidentiality of the records or information if personal identifying information is made available to the researcher;
- 3. To destroy any confidential and exempt records or information obtained after the research is concluded; and
- 4. Not to contact, directly or indirectly, for any purpose, a patient or physician whose information is in the registry.
- (4) All information released from the registry under subsection (3) remains confidential and exempt, and a person who receives access to such information must maintain the confidential and exempt status of the information received.
- (5) A person who willfully and knowingly violates this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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(6) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset

Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed
on October 2, 2019, unless reviewed and saved from repeal
through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that identifying information of patients and physicians held by the Department of Health in the refractory epilepsy relief registry established under s. 385.32, Florida Statutes, be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. Specifically, the Legislature finds that it is a public necessity to make confidential and exempt from public records requirements the names, addresses, telephone numbers, and government-issued identification numbers of patients and physicians and any other information on or pertaining to a physician's prescription for medication, including cannabidiol, written pursuant to s. 385.31, Florida Statutes, which are held in the registry. The choice made by a physician and his or her patient to use medication, including cannabidiol, to treat that patient's medical condition or symptoms is a personal and private matter between those two parties. The availability of such information to the public could make the public aware of both the patient's use of medication and the patient's diseases or other medical conditions for which the patient is using such medication. The knowledge of the patient's use of medication, including cannabidiol, the knowledge that the physician

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prescribed such medication, and the knowledge of the patient's medical condition could be used to embarrass, humiliate, harass, or discriminate against the patient and the physician. This information could be used as a discriminatory tool by an employer who disapproves of the patient's use of medication or of the physician's prescribing such use. However, despite the potential hazards of collecting such information, maintaining the refractory epilepsy relief registry established under s. 385.32, Florida Statutes, is necessary to prevent the diversion and nonmedical use of medication, including cannabidiol, as well as to aid and improve research done on the efficacy of such medication. Thus, the Legislature finds that it is a public necessity to make confidential and exempt from public records requirements the identifying information of patients and physicians held by the Department of Health in the refractory epilepsy relief registry established under s. 385.32, Florida Statutes.

Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date that SB 1030, or similar legislation establishing a registry to record a physician's prescriptions for, and a patient's use of, medication, including cannabidiol, takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

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Bill No. SB 1700, 1st Eng. (2014)

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119 Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert: A bill to be entitled 120 121 An act relating to public records; creating s. 122 385.321, F.S.; exempting from public records 123 requirements personal identifying information of 124 patients and physicians held by the Department of 125 Health in the refractory epilepsy relief registry; 126 exempting information related to the prescribing and 127 dispensing of medication, including cannabidiol; 128 authorizing specified persons and entities access to 129 the confidential and exempt information; requiring 130 that information released from the registry remain 131 confidential; providing a criminal penalty; providing 132 for future legislative review and repeal; providing a 133 statement of public necessity; providing a contingent

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effective date.