HB 1267 2012

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to health care practitioners; amending 3 s. 456.013, F.S.; requiring that a licensed health 4 care practitioner wear a name badge indicating 5 licensure credentials when rendering health care 6 services; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; expanding the 7 scope of practice to authorize an advanced registered 8 nurse practitioner to prescribe, order, administer, 9 monitor, and alter any drug or drug therapies that are 10 necessary for the proper medical care and treatment of 11 a patient under specified circumstances; requiring that the Board of Nursing adopt rules; authorizing a 12 certified registered nurse anesthetist, while 13 14 participating in the management of a patient in the 15 postanesthesia recovery area, to order the 16 administration of drugs that are commonly used to 17 alleviate pain; amending s. 483.035, F.S., relating to licensure and regulation of clinical laboratories 18 19 operated by practitioners for exclusive use; providing applicability to clinical laboratories operated by 20 21 practitioners licensed to practice nursing; amending 22 s. 893.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 23 "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse 24 practitioners; providing an effective date. 26

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Subsection (13) is added to section 456.013, Section 1.

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Florida Statutes, to read:

- 456.013 Department; general licensing provisions.-
- (13) When rendering professional health care services, a health care practitioner shall wear at all times a name badge that indicates his or her appropriate licensure credentials.
- Section 2. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 464.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees.—
- (3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may:
- (a) <u>Prescribe</u>, <u>order</u>, <u>administer</u>, <u>monitor</u>, and alter <u>any</u>
  <u>drug or drug therapies that are necessary for the proper medical</u>
  <u>care and treatment of a patient</u>, <u>including Schedule II through</u>
  <u>Schedule V controlled substances under chapter 893 agreed upon</u>

by the advanced registered nurse practitioner and the supervising practitioner and specified in the protocol.

- 1. An advanced registered nurse practitioner may prescribe, order, or administer such drugs under the following conditions:
- a. The drugs are prescribed, ordered, or administered by an advanced registered nurse practitioner in accordance with a protocol developed by the advanced registered nurse practitioner and the supervising practitioner, and the drugs ordered are consistent with the advanced registered nurse practitioner's educational preparation or for which clinical competency has been established and maintained.
- b. The protocol covering the prescription, order, or administration of drugs specifies the name of the advanced registered nurse practitioner who may prescribe, administer, or order the drugs, the drugs that may be prescribed or ordered and the circumstances under which they may be prescribed or ordered, the extent of the supervising practitioner's supervision of the advanced registered nurse practitioner, and the method of periodic review of the advanced registered nurse practitioner's competence, including peer review. The protocol for prescribing, ordering, or administering Schedule II controlled substances must address the illness, injury, or condition for which the Schedule II controlled substance may be used.
- c. The administering or ordering of drugs by an advanced registered nurse practitioner occurs under practitioner supervision. As used in this paragraph, the term "practitioner supervision" means a collaboration between the advanced

registered nurse practitioner and the supervising practitioner on the development of the protocol and the availability of the supervising practitioner via telephonic contact at the time the patient is examined by the advanced registered nurse practitioner. The term does not mean that the physical presence of the supervising practitioner is required. A supervising practitioner may not supervise more than four advanced registered nurse practitioners at any one time.

- d. A copy of the section of the advanced registered nurse practitioner's protocol relating to controlled substances must be provided upon request to the licensed pharmacist who dispenses the drugs.
- e. The board has certified that the advanced registered nurse practitioner has satisfactorily completed:
- (I) At least 6 months of direct supervision in prescribing, ordering, and administering controlled substances; and
- (II) A course in pharmacology covering the prescribing, ordering, and administration of controlled substances.
- 2. The board shall adopt rules to administer this paragraph.
  - (b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.
- (c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).
- 108 (d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

(4) In addition to the general functions specified in subsection (3), an advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform the following acts within his or her specialty:

- (a) The certified registered nurse anesthetist may, to the extent authorized by established protocol approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed, perform any or all of the following:
- 1. Determine the health status of the patient as it relates to the risk factors and to the anesthetic management of the patient through the performance of the general functions.
- 2. Based on history, physical assessment, and supplemental laboratory results, determine, with the consent of the responsible physician, the appropriate type of anesthesia within the framework of the protocol.
  - 3. Order under the protocol preanesthetic medication.
- 4. Perform under the protocol procedures commonly used to render the patient insensible to pain during the performance of surgical, obstetrical, therapeutic, or diagnostic clinical procedures. These procedures include ordering and administering regional, spinal, and general anesthesia; inhalation agents and techniques; intravenous agents and techniques; and techniques of hypnosis.
- 5. Order or perform monitoring procedures indicated as pertinent to the anesthetic health care management of the patient.
- 6. Support life functions during anesthesia health care, including induction and intubation procedures, the use of

appropriate mechanical supportive devices, and the management of fluid, electrolyte, and blood component balances.

- 7. Recognize and take appropriate corrective action for abnormal patient responses to anesthesia, adjunctive medication, or other forms of therapy.
- 8. Recognize and treat a cardiac arrhythmia while the patient is under anesthetic care.

- 9. Participate in management of the patient while in the postanesthesia recovery area, including ordering the administration of fluids and drugs, which include those drugs that are commonly used to alleviate pain.
- 10. Place special peripheral and central venous and arterial lines for blood sampling and monitoring as appropriate.
- Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 483.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 483.035 Clinical laboratories operated by practitioners for exclusive use; licensure and regulation.—
- (1) A clinical laboratory operated by one or more practitioners licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 464, or chapter 466, exclusively in connection with the diagnosis and treatment of their own patients, must be licensed under this part and must comply with the provisions of this part, except that the agency shall adopt rules for staffing, for personnel, including education and training of personnel, for proficiency testing, and for construction standards relating to the licensure and operation of the laboratory based upon and not exceeding the same standards contained in the federal Clinical Laboratory

Improvement Amendments of 1988 and the federal regulations adopted thereunder.

- Section 4. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (21) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458, a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 466, a veterinarian licensed pursuant to chapter 474, an osteopathic physician licensed pursuant to chapter 459, a naturopath licensed pursuant to chapter 462, an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to chapter 464, or a podiatric physician licensed pursuant to chapter 461, provided such practitioner holds a valid federal controlled substance registry number.
  - Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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