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1 A reviser's bill to be entitled
2 An act relating to the Florida Statutes; amending ss.
3 11.45, 24.113, 25.077, 98.093, 106.011, 106.07,
4 106.0703, 106.08, 106.143, 120.745, 121.021, 121.0515,
5 121.4501, 163.06, 163.3184, 163.3213, 163.3245,
6 163.3248, 189.421, 196.012, 212.096, 213.24, 215.198,
7 215.425, 218.39, 255.21, 260.0142, 287.042, 287.0947,
8 288.106, 288.1226, 288.706, 288.7102, 290.0401,
9 290.0411, 290.042, 290.044, 290.048, 311.09, 311.105,
10 316.302, 373.414, 376.3072, 376.86, 379.2255, 381.026,
11 409.9122, 409.966, 409.972, 409.973, 409.974, 409.975,
12 409.983, 409.984, 409.985, 420.602, 427.012, 440.45,
13 443.036, 443.1216, 468.841, 474.203, 474.2125,
14 493.6402, 499.012, 514.0315, 514.072, 526.207, 538.09,
15 538.25, 553.79, 590.33, 604.50, 627.0628, 627.351,
16 627.3511, 658.48, 667.003, 681.108, 753.03, 766.1065,
17 794.056, 847.0141, 893.055, 893.138, 943.25, 984.03,
18 985.0301, 985.14, 985.441, 1002.33, 1003.498, 1004.41,
19 1007.28, 1010.82, 1011.71, 1011.81, 1013.33, 1013.36,
20 and 1013.51, F.S.; reenacting and amending s.
21 288.1089, F.S.; and reenacting s. 288.980, F.S.,
22 deleting provisions that have expired, have become
23 obsolete, have had their effect, have served their
24 purpose, or have been impliedly repealed or
25 superseded; replacing incorrect cross-references and
26 citations; correcting grammatical, typographical, and
27 like errors; removing inconsistencies, redundancies,
28 and unnecessary repetition in the statutes; improving

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the clarity of the statutes and facilitating their correct interpretation; and confirming the restoration of provisions unintentionally omitted from republication in the acts of the Legislature during the amendatory process; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (i) of subsection (7) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.—

(7) AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—

(i) Beginning in 2012, the Auditor General shall annually transmit by July 15, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services, a list of all school districts, charter schools, charter technical career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and water management districts that have failed to comply with the transparency requirements as identified in the audit reports reviewed pursuant to paragraph (b) and those conducted pursuant to subsection (2).

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion of the word "subsection."

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 24.113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

24.113 Minority participation.—

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department encourage participation by minority business

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enterprises as defined in s. 288.703. Accordingly, 15 percent of the retailers shall be minority business enterprises as defined in s. 288.703(3) ~~288.703(2)~~; however, no more than 35 percent of such retailers shall be owned by the same type of minority person, as defined in s. 288.703(4) ~~288.703(3)~~. The department is encouraged to meet the minority business enterprise procurement goals set forth in s. 287.09451 in the procurement of commodities, contractual services, construction, and architectural and engineering services. This section shall not preclude or prohibit a minority person from competing for any other retailing or vending agreement awarded by the department.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of subsections within s. 288.703 by s. 172, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida.

Section 3. Section 25.077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

25.077 Negligence case settlements and jury verdicts; case reporting.—Through the state's uniform case reporting system, the clerk of court shall report to the Office of the State Courts Administrator, beginning in 2003, information from each settlement or jury verdict and final judgment in negligence cases as defined in s. 768.81(1)(c) ~~768.81(4)~~, as the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives deem necessary from time to time. The information shall include, but need not be limited to: the name of each plaintiff and defendant; the verdict; the percentage of fault of each; the amount of economic damages and noneconomic damages awarded to each plaintiff, identifying those damages that are to be paid

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jointly and severally and by which defendants; and the amount of any punitive damages to be paid by each defendant.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the amendment of s. 768.81 by s. 1, ch. 2011-215, Laws of Florida.

Former paragraph (4) (a) defining "negligence cases" was stricken by that law section, and a new paragraph (1) (c) defining "negligence action" was added.

Section 4. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 98.093, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.093 Duty of officials to furnish information relating to deceased persons, persons adjudicated mentally incapacitated, and persons convicted of a felony.—

(2) To the maximum extent feasible, state and local government agencies shall facilitate provision of information and access to data to the department, including, but not limited to, databases that contain reliable criminal records and records of deceased persons. State and local government agencies that provide such data shall do so without charge if the direct cost incurred by those agencies is not significant.

(f) The Department of Corrections shall identify those persons who have been convicted of a felony and committed to its custody or placed on community supervision. The information must be provided to the department at a time and in a manner that enables the department to identify registered voters who are convicted felons and to meet its obligations under state and federal law.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion of the word "a."

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Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 106.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(3) "Contribution" means:

(a) A gift, subscription, conveyance, deposit, loan, payment, or distribution of money or anything of value, including contributions in kind having an attributable monetary value in any form, made for the purpose of influencing the results of an election or making an electioneering communication.

(b) A transfer of funds between political committees, between committees of continuous existence, between electioneering communications organizations, or between any combination of these groups.

(c) The payment, by any person other than a candidate or political committee, of compensation for the personal services of another person which are rendered to a candidate or political committee without charge to the candidate or committee for such services.

(d) The transfer of funds by a campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer between a primary depository and a separate interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit, and the term includes any interest earned on such account or certificate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing meanings of "contribution," the

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term may not be construed to include services, including, but not limited to, legal and accounting services, provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee or editorial endorsements.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion of the word "or" to improve clarity.

Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section 106.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.07 Reports; certification and filing.—

(8)

(c) Any candidate or chair of a political committee may appeal or dispute the fine, based upon, but not limited to, unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to file on the designated due date, and may request and shall be entitled to a hearing before the Florida Elections Commission, which shall have the authority to waive the fine in whole or in part. The Florida Elections Commission must consider the mitigating and aggravating circumstances contained in s. 106.265(2) ~~106.265(1)~~ when determining the amount of a fine, if any, to be waived. Any such request shall be made within 20 days after receipt of the notice of payment due. In such case, the candidate or chair of the political committee shall, within the 20-day period, notify the filing officer in writing of his or her intention to bring the matter before the commission.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the amendment of s. 106.265 by s. 72, ch. 2011-40, Laws of Florida, which split former subsection (1) into two

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subsections; new subsection (2) references mitigating and aggravating circumstances.

Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 106.0703, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.0703 Electioneering communications organizations; reporting requirements; certification and filing; penalties.—

(7)

(c) The treasurer of an electioneering communications organization may appeal or dispute the fine, based upon, but not limited to, unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to file on the designated due date, and may request and shall be entitled to a hearing before the Florida Elections Commission, which shall have the authority to waive the fine in whole or in part. The Florida Elections Commission must consider the mitigating and aggravating circumstances contained in s.

106.265(2) ~~106.265(1)~~ when determining the amount of a fine, if any, to be waived. Any such request shall be made within 20 days after receipt of the notice of payment due. In such case, the treasurer of the electioneering communications organization shall, within the 20-day period, notify the filing officer in writing of his or her intention to bring the matter before the commission.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the amendment of s. 106.265 by s. 72, ch. 2011-40, Laws of Florida, which split former subsection (1) into two subsections; new subsection (2) references mitigating and aggravating circumstances.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section

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106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.—

(3)

(b) ~~Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c),~~ Any contribution received by a candidate or by the campaign treasurer or a deputy campaign treasurer of a candidate after the date at which the candidate withdraws his or her candidacy, or after the date the candidate is defeated, becomes unopposed, or is elected to office must be returned to the person or committee contributing it and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of paragraph (c) by s. 62, ch. 2011-40, Laws of Florida.

Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 106.143, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.143 Political advertisements circulated prior to election; requirements.—

(2) Political advertisements made as in-kind contributions from a political party must prominently state: "Paid political advertisement paid for ~~by~~ in-kind by... (name of political party).... Approved by ... (name of person, party affiliation, and office sought in the political advertisement)...."

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial deletion of the word "by."

Section 10. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) and paragraph (i) of subsection (3) of section 120.745, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

120.745 Legislative review of agency rules in effect on or

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before November 16, 2010.—

(2) ENHANCED BIENNIAL REVIEW.—By December 1, 2011, each agency shall complete an enhanced biennial review of the agency's existing rules, which shall include, but is not limited to:

(g) Identification of each rule for which the agency will be required to prepare a compliance economic review, to include each entire rule that:

1. The agency does not plan to repeal on or before December 31, 2012;

2. Was effective on or before November 16, 2010; and

3. Probably will have any of the economic impacts described in s. 120.541(2)(a), for 5 years beginning on July 1, 2011, excluding in such estimation any part or subpart identified for amendment under paragraph (f) ~~(e)~~.

(3) PUBLICATION OF REPORT.—No later than December 1, 2011, each agency shall publish, in the manner provided in subsection (7), a report of the entire enhanced biennial review pursuant to subsection (2), including the results of the review; a complete list of all rules the agency has placed in Group 1 or Group 2; the name, physical address, fax number, and e-mail address for the person the agency has designated to receive all inquiries, public comments, and objections pertaining to the report; and the certification of the agency head pursuant to paragraph (2)(i). The report of results shall summarize certain information required in subsection (2) in a table consisting of the following columns:

(i) Column 9: Section 120.541(2)(a) impacts. Entries

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should be "NA" if Column 8 is "N" or, if Column 6 is "Y," "NP" for not probable, based on the response required in subparagraph (2)(g)3. ~~(2)(f)3.~~, or "1" or "2," reflecting the group number assigned by the division required in paragraph (2)(h).

Reviser's note.—Paragraph (2)(g) is amended to conform to the location of material relating to identification of rules or subparts of rules in paragraph (2)(f) for purposes of amendment; paragraph (2)(e) relates to identification of rules for repeal. Paragraph (3)(i) is amended to conform to the fact that paragraph (2)(f) is not divided into subparagraphs; related material is located at subparagraph (2)(g)3.

Section 11. Subsection (12) of section 121.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

121.021 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter have the respective meanings set forth unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

(12) "Member" means any officer or employee who is covered or who becomes covered under this system in accordance with this chapter. On and after December 1, 1970, all new members and those members transferring from existing systems shall be divided into the following classes: "Special Risk Class," as provided in s. 121.0515 ~~121.0515(2)~~; "Special Risk Administrative Support Class," as provided in s. 121.0515(8) ~~121.0515(7)~~; "Elected Officers' Class," as provided in s. 121.052; "Senior Management Service Class," as provided in s. 121.055; and "Regular Class," which consists of all members who are not in the Special Risk Class, Special Risk Administrative

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281 Support Class, Elected Officers' Class, or Senior Management
282 Service Class.

283 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the addition of
284 a new s. 121.0515(2) by s. 8, ch. 2011-68, Laws of
285 Florida, and the renumbering of existing subsections
286 to conform.

287 Section 12. Paragraph (k) of subsection (3) of section
288 121.0515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

289 121.0515 Special Risk Class.—

290 (3) CRITERIA.—A member, to be designated as a special risk
291 member, must meet the following criteria:

292 (k) The member must have already qualified for and be
293 actively participating in special risk membership under
294 paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c), must have
295 suffered a qualifying injury as defined in this paragraph, must
296 not be receiving disability retirement benefits as provided in
297 s. 121.091(4), and must satisfy the requirements of this
298 paragraph.

299 1. The ability to qualify for the class of membership
300 defined in paragraph (2)(i) ~~(2)(f)~~ occurs when two licensed
301 medical physicians, one of whom is a primary treating physician
302 of the member, certify the existence of the physical injury and
303 medical condition that constitute a qualifying injury as defined
304 in this paragraph and that the member has reached maximum
305 medical improvement after August 1, 2008. The certifications
306 from the licensed medical physicians must include, at a minimum,
307 that the injury to the special risk member has resulted in a
308 physical loss, or loss of use, of at least two of the following:

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left arm, right arm, left leg, or right leg; and:

a. That this physical loss or loss of use is total and permanent, except in the event that the loss of use is due to a physical injury to the member's brain, in which event the loss of use is permanent with at least 75 percent loss of motor function with respect to each arm or leg affected.

b. That this physical loss or loss of use renders the member physically unable to perform the essential job functions of his or her special risk position.

c. That, notwithstanding this physical loss or loss of use, the individual is able to perform the essential job functions required by the member's new position, as provided in subparagraph 3.

d. That use of artificial limbs is either not possible or does not alter the member's ability to perform the essential job functions of the member's position.

e. That the physical loss or loss of use is a direct result of a physical injury and not a result of any mental, psychological, or emotional injury.

2. For the purposes of this paragraph, "qualifying injury" means an injury sustained in the line of duty, as certified by the member's employing agency, by a special risk member that does not result in total and permanent disability as defined in s. 121.091(4)(b). An injury is a qualifying injury if the injury is a physical injury to the member's physical body resulting in a physical loss, or loss of use, of at least two of the following: left arm, right arm, left leg, or right leg. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an injury

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that would otherwise qualify as a qualifying injury is not considered a qualifying injury if and when the member ceases employment with the employer for whom he or she was providing special risk services on the date the injury occurred.

3. The new position, as described in sub-subparagraph 1.c., that is required for qualification as a special risk member under this paragraph is not required to be a position with essential job functions that entitle an individual to special risk membership. Whether a new position as described in sub-subparagraph 1.c. exists and is available to the special risk member is a decision to be made solely by the employer in accordance with its hiring practices and applicable law.

4. This paragraph does not grant or create additional rights for any individual to continued employment or to be hired or rehired by his or her employer that are not already provided within the Florida Statutes, the State Constitution, the Americans with Disabilities Act, if applicable, or any other applicable state or federal law.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to ss. 6 and 8, ch. 2011-68, Laws of Florida, which moved the referenced text from s. 121.021(15)(f) to s. 121.0515(2)(i), not s. 121.0515(2)(f).

Section 13. Paragraph (c) of subsection (15) of section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

121.4501 Florida Retirement System Investment Plan.—

(15) STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY STANDARDS AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—

(c) Subparagraph (8)(b)2. and paragraph (b) incorporate

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the federal law concept of participant control, established by regulations of the United States Department of Labor under s. 404(c) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). The purpose of this paragraph is to assist employers and the state board in maintaining compliance with s. 404(c), while avoiding unnecessary costs and eroding member benefits under the investment plan. Pursuant to 29 C.F.R. s. 2550.404c-1(b)(2)(i)(B)(1)(viii), the state board or its designated agents shall deliver to members of the investment plan a copy of the prospectus most recently provided to the plan, and, pursuant to 29 C.F.R. s. 2550.404c-1(b)(2)(i)(B)(2)(ii), shall provide such members an opportunity to obtain this information, except that:

1. The requirement to deliver a prospectus shall be satisfied by delivery of a fund profile or summary profile that contains the information that would be included in a summary prospectus as described by Rule 498 under the Securities Act of 1933, 17 C.F.R. s. 230.498. If the transaction fees, expense information or other information provided by a mutual fund in the prospectus does not reflect terms negotiated by the state board or its designated agents, the requirement is satisfied by delivery of a separate document described by Rule 498 substituting accurate information; and

2. Delivery shall be effected if delivery is through electronic means and the following standards are satisfied:

a. Electronically-delivered documents are prepared and provided consistent with style, format, and content requirements applicable to printed documents;

b. Each member is provided timely and adequate notice of

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the documents that are to be delivered, and their significance
~~thereof~~, and of the member's right to obtain a paper copy of
such documents free of charge;

c. Members have adequate access to the electronic
documents, at locations such as their worksites or public
facilities, and have the ability to convert the documents to
paper free of charge by the state board, and the board or its
designated agents take appropriate and reasonable measures to
ensure that the system for furnishing electronic documents
results in actual receipt. Members have provided consent to
receive information in electronic format, which consent may be
revoked; and

d. The state board, or its designated agent, actually
provides paper copies of the documents free of charge, upon
request.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve clarity.

Section 14. Paragraph (i) of subsection (3) of section
163.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.06 Miami River Commission.—

(3) The policy committee shall have the following powers
and duties:

(i) Establish the Miami River working group, appoint
members to the group, and organize subcommittees, delegate
tasks, and seek counsel ~~council~~ from members of the working
group as necessary to carry out the powers and duties listed in
this subsection.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial
substitution of the word "counsel" for the word

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421 "council."

422 Section 15. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section
423 163.3184, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

424 163.3184 Process for adoption of comprehensive plan or
425 plan amendment.—

426 (8) ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION.—

427 (b) The commission may specify the sanctions provided in
428 subparagraphs 1. and 2. to which the local government will be
429 subject if it elects to make the amendment effective
430 notwithstanding the determination of noncompliance.

431 1. The commission may direct state agencies not to provide
432 funds to increase the capacity of roads, bridges, or water and
433 sewer systems within the boundaries of those local governmental
434 entities which have comprehensive plans or plan elements that
435 are determined not to be in compliance. The commission order may
436 also specify that the local government is not eligible for
437 grants administered under the following programs:

438 a. The Florida Small Cities Community Development Block
439 Grant Program, as authorized by ss. 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-~~
440 ~~290.049~~.

441 b. The Florida Recreation Development Assistance Program,
442 as authorized by chapter 375.

443 c. Revenue sharing pursuant to ss. 206.60, 210.20, and
444 218.61 and chapter 212, to the extent not pledged to pay back
445 bonds.

446 2. If the local government is one which is required to
447 include a coastal management element in its comprehensive plan
448 pursuant to s. 163.3177(6)(g), the commission order may also

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specify that the local government is not eligible for funding pursuant to s. 161.091. The commission order may also specify that the fact that the coastal management element has been determined to be not in compliance shall be a consideration when the department considers permits under s. 161.053 and when the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund considers whether to sell, convey any interest in, or lease any sovereignty lands or submerged lands until the element is brought into compliance.

3. The sanctions provided by subparagraphs 1. and 2. do not apply to a local government regarding any plan amendment, except for plan amendments that amend plans that have not been finally determined to be in compliance with this part, and except as provided in this paragraph.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 290.049 by s. 44, ch. 2001-89, Laws of Florida, and s. 25, ch. 2001-201, Laws of Florida. Section 290.048 is now the last section in the range.

Section 16. Subsection (6) of section 163.3213, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3213 Administrative review of land development regulations.—

(6) If the administrative law judge in his or her order finds the land development regulation to be inconsistent with the local comprehensive plan, the order will be submitted to the Administration Commission. An appeal pursuant to s. 120.68 may not be taken until the Administration Commission acts pursuant to this subsection. The Administration Commission shall hold a

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477 hearing no earlier than 30 days or later than 60 days after the
478 administrative law judge renders his or her final order. The
479 sole issue before the Administration Commission shall be the
480 extent to which any of the sanctions described in s.
481 163.3184(8) (a) or (b)1. or 2. ~~163.3184(11)(a) or (b)~~ shall be
482 applicable to the local government whose land development
483 regulation has been found to be inconsistent with its
484 comprehensive plan. If a land development regulation is not
485 challenged within 12 months, it shall be deemed to be consistent
486 with the adopted local plan.

487 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the
488 redesignation of material in s. 163.3184(11) (a) and
489 (b) as s. 163.3184(8) (a) and (b)1. and 2. by s. 17,
490 ch. 2011-139, Laws of Florida.

491 Section 17. Subsection (9) of section 163.3245, Florida
492 Statutes, is amended to read:

493 163.3245 Sector plans.—

494 (9) Any owner of property within the planning area of a
495 proposed long-term master plan may withdraw his or her consent
496 to the master plan at any time prior to local government
497 adoption, and the local government shall exclude such parcels
498 from the adopted master plan. Thereafter, the long-term master
499 plan, any detailed specific area plan, and the exemption from
500 development-of-regional-impact review under this section do not
501 apply to the subject parcels. After adoption of a long-term
502 master plan, an owner may withdraw his or her property from the
503 master plan only with the approval of the local government by
504 plan amendment adopted and reviewed pursuant to s. 163.3184.

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Reviser's note.—Amended pursuant to the directive of the Legislature in s. 1, ch. 93-199, Laws of Florida, to remove gender-specific references applicable to human beings from the Florida Statutes without substantive change in legal effect.

Section 18. Subsection (6) of section 163.3248, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3248 Rural land stewardship areas.—

(6) A receiving area may be designated only pursuant to procedures established in the local government's land development regulations. If receiving area designation requires the approval of the ~~county~~ board of county commissioners, such approval shall be by resolution with a simple majority vote. Before the commencement of development within a stewardship receiving area, a listed species survey must be performed for the area proposed for development. If listed species occur on the receiving area development site, the applicant must coordinate with each appropriate local, state, or federal agency to determine if adequate provisions have been made to protect those species in accordance with applicable regulations. In determining the adequacy of provisions for the protection of listed species and their habitats, the rural land stewardship area shall be considered as a whole, and the potential impacts and protective measures taken within areas to be developed as receiving areas shall be considered in conjunction with and compensated by lands set aside and protective measures taken within the designated sending areas.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial deletion

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of the word "county" to eliminate unnecessary repetition.

Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 189.421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

189.421 Failure of district to disclose financial reports.—

(1)

(b) A special district that is unable to meet the 60-day reporting deadline must provide written notice to the department before the expiration of the deadline stating the reason the special district is unable to comply with the deadline, the steps the special district is taking to prevent the noncompliance from reoccurring, and the estimated date that the special district will file the report with the appropriate agency. The district's written response does not constitute an extension by the department; however, the department shall forward the written response to:

1. If the written response refers to the reports required under s. 218.32 or s. 218.39, the Legislative Auditing Committee for its consideration in determining whether the special district should be subject to further state action in accordance with s. 11.40(2)(b) ~~11.40(5)(b)~~.

2. If the written response refers to the reports or information requirements listed in s. 189.419(1), the local general-purpose government or governments for their consideration in determining whether the oversight review process set forth in s. 189.428 should be undertaken.

3. If the written response refers to the reports or

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information required under s. 112.63, the Department of Management Services for its consideration in determining whether the special district should be subject to further state action in accordance with s. 112.63(4)(d)2.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of s. 11.40(5)(b) as s. 11.40(2)(b) by s. 12, ch. 2011-34, Laws of Florida.

Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (15) of section 196.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.012 Definitions.—For the purpose of this chapter, the following terms are defined as follows, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(15) "New business" means:

(a)1. A business or organization establishing 10 or more new jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, paying an average wage for such new jobs that is above the average wage in the area, which principally engages in any one or more of the following operations:

a. Manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant; or

b. Is a target industry business as defined in s. 288.106(2)(g) ~~288.106(2)(t)~~;

2. A business or organization establishing 25 or more new jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic

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development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; or

3. An office space in this state owned and used by a business or organization newly domiciled in this state; provided such office space houses 50 or more full-time employees of such business or organization; provided that such business or organization office first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of s. 288.106(2)(t) as s. 288.106(2)(q) by s. 150, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida.

Section 21. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 212.096, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.096 Sales, rental, storage, use tax; enterprise zone jobs credit against sales tax.—

(3) In order to claim this credit, an eligible business must file under oath with the governing body or enterprise zone development agency having jurisdiction over the enterprise zone where the business is located, as applicable, a statement which includes:

(g) Whether the business is a small business as defined by s. 288.703(6) ~~288.703(1)~~.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of s. 288.703(1) as s. 288.703(6) by s. 172, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida.

Section 22. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 213.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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213.24 Accrual of penalties and interest on deficiencies;
deficiency billing costs.—

(3) An administrative collection processing fee shall be imposed to offset payment processing and administrative costs incurred by the state due to late payment of a collection event.

(d) Fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be distributed each fiscal year as follows:

1. The first \$6.2 million collected shall be deposited into the department's Operating ~~Operations~~ Trust Fund.

2. Any amount collected above \$6.2 million shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial substitution of the word "Operating" for the word "Operations" to conform to the renaming of the trust fund by s. 1, ch. 2011-28, Laws of Florida.

Section 23. Section 215.198, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.198 Operating ~~Operations~~ Trust Fund.—

(1) The Operating ~~Operations~~ Trust Fund is created within the Department of Revenue.

(2) The fund is established for use as a depository for funds to be used for program operations funded by program revenues. Funds shall be expended only pursuant to legislative appropriation or an approved amendment to the department's operating budget pursuant to the provisions of chapter 216.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial substitution of the word "Operating" for the word "Operations" to conform to the renaming of the trust

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fund by s. 1, ch. 2011-28, Laws of Florida.

Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 215.425, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; severance pay.—

(4)(a) On or after July 1, 2011, a unit of government that enters into a contract or employment agreement, or renewal or renegotiation of an existing contract or employment agreement, that contains a provision for severance pay with an officer, agent, employee, or contractor must include the following provisions in the contract:

1. A requirement that severance pay provided may not exceed an amount greater than 20 weeks of compensation.

2. A prohibition of provision of severance pay when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor has been fired for misconduct, as defined in s. 443.036(30) ~~443.036(29)~~, by the unit of government.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the addition of a new subsection (26) and the redesignation of following subsections within s. 443.036 by s. 3, ch. 2011-235, Laws of Florida.

Section 25. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section 218.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218.39 Annual financial audit reports.—

(8) The Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of any audit report prepared pursuant to this section which indicates that an audited entity has failed to take full corrective action in response to a recommendation that

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was included in the two preceding financial audit reports.

(c) If the committee determines that an audited entity has failed to take full corrective action for which there is no justifiable reason for not taking such action, or has failed to comply with committee requests made pursuant to this section, the committee may proceed in accordance with s. 11.40(2) ~~11.40(5)~~.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the

redesignation of s. 11.40(5) as s. 11.40(2) by s. 12, ch. 2011-34, Laws of Florida.

Section 26. Section 255.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

255.21 Special facilities for physically disabled.—Any building or facility intended for use by the general public which, in whole or in part, is constructed or altered or operated as a lessee, by or on behalf of the state or any political subdivision, municipality, or special district thereof or any public administrative board or authority of the state shall, with respect to the altered or newly constructed or leased portion of such building or facility, comply with standards and specifications established by part II ~~V~~ of chapter 553.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the location of material relating to accessibility by handicapped persons in part II of chapter 553; part V of chapter 553 relates to thermal efficiency standards.

Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 260.0142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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260.0142 Florida Greenways and Trails Council;
composition; powers and duties.—

(1) There is created within the department the Florida Greenways and Trails Council which shall advise the department in the execution of the department's powers and duties under this chapter. The council shall be composed of 20 members, consisting of:

(a)1. Five members appointed by the Governor, with two members representing the trail user community, two members representing the greenway user community, and one member representing private landowners.

2.~~(b)~~ Three members appointed by the President of the Senate, with one member representing the trail user community and two members representing the greenway user community.

3.~~(c)~~ Three members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with two members representing the trail user community and one member representing the greenway user community.

Those eligible to represent the trail user community shall be chosen from, but not be limited to, paved trail users, hikers, off-road bicyclists, users of off-highway vehicles, paddlers, equestrians, disabled outdoor recreational users, and commercial recreational interests. Those eligible to represent the greenway user community shall be chosen from, but not be limited to, conservation organizations, nature study organizations, and scientists and university experts.

(b)~~(d)~~ The 9 remaining members shall include:

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729 1. The Secretary of Environmental Protection or a
730 designee.

731 2. The executive director of the Fish and Wildlife
732 Conservation Commission or a designee.

733 3. The Secretary of Transportation or a designee.

734 4. The Director of the Division of Forestry of the
735 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or a designee.

736 5. The director of the Division of Historical Resources of
737 the Department of State or a designee.

738 6. A representative of the water management districts.
739 Membership on the council shall rotate among the five districts.
740 The districts shall determine the order of rotation.

741 7. A representative of a federal land management agency.
742 The Secretary of Environmental Protection shall identify the
743 appropriate federal agency and request designation of a
744 representative from the agency to serve on the council.

745 8. A representative of the regional planning councils to
746 be appointed by the Secretary of Environmental Protection.
747 Membership on the council shall rotate among the seven regional
748 planning councils. The regional planning councils shall
749 determine the order of rotation.

750 9. A representative of local governments to be appointed
751 by the Secretary of Environmental Protection. Membership shall
752 alternate between a county representative and a municipal
753 representative.

754 Reviser's note.—Amended to redesignate subunits to
755 conform to Florida Statutes style. The flush left
756 language between what was designated as paragraphs (c)

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and (d) only goes to material in the first three paragraphs.

Section 28. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 287.042, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

287.042 Powers, duties, and functions.—The department shall have the following powers, duties, and functions:

(3) To establish a system of coordinated, uniform procurement policies, procedures, and practices to be used by agencies in acquiring commodities and contractual services, which shall include, but not be limited to:

(h) Development of procedures to be used by state agencies when procuring information technology commodities and contractual services that ensure compliance with public records requirements and records retention and archiving requirements.

(4)

(b) To prescribe procedures for procuring information technology and information technology consultant services that provide for public announcement and qualification, competitive solicitations, contract award, and prohibition against contingent fees. Such procedures are limited to information technology consultant contracts for which the total project costs, or planning or study activities, are estimated to exceed the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017, for CATEGORY TWO.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion of the word "that" to provide clarity.

Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 287.0947, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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287.0947 Florida Advisory Council on Small and Minority Business Development; creation; membership; duties.—

(1) The Secretary of Management Services may create the Florida Advisory Council on Small and Minority Business Development with the purpose of advising and assisting the secretary in carrying out the secretary's duties with respect to minority businesses and economic and business development. It is the intent of the Legislature that the membership of such council include practitioners, laypersons, financiers, and others with business development experience who can provide invaluable insight and expertise for this state in the diversification of its markets and networking of business opportunities. The council shall initially consist of 19 persons, each of whom is or has been actively engaged in small and minority business development, either in private industry, in governmental service, or as a scholar of recognized achievement in the study of such matters. Initially, the council shall consist of members representing all regions of the state and shall include at least one member from each group identified within the definition of "minority person" in s. 288.703(4) ~~288.703(3)~~, considering also gender and nationality subgroups, and shall consist of the following:

(a) Four members consisting of representatives of local and federal small and minority business assistance programs or community development programs.

(b) Eight members composed of representatives of the minority private business sector, including certified minority business enterprises and minority supplier development councils,

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among whom at least two shall be women and at least four shall be minority persons.

(c) Two representatives of local government, one of whom shall be a representative of a large local government, and one of whom shall be a representative of a small local government.

(d) Two representatives from the banking and insurance industry.

(e) Two members from the private business sector, representing the construction and commodities industries.

(f) A member from the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc.

A candidate for appointment may be considered if eligible to be certified as an owner of a minority business enterprise, or if otherwise qualified under the criteria above. Vacancies may be filled by appointment of the secretary, in the manner of the original appointment.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the

redesignation of s. 288.703(3) as s. 288.703(4) by s.

172, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida.

Section 30. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 288.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses.—

(4) APPLICATION AND APPROVAL PROCESS.—

(f) Effective July 1, 2011, notwithstanding paragraph (2)(j) ~~(2)(k)~~, the office may reduce the local financial support requirements of this section by one-half for a qualified target

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841 industry business located in Bay County, Escambia County,
842 Franklin County, Gadsden County, Gulf County, Jefferson County,
843 Leon County, Okaloosa County, Santa Rosa County, Wakulla County,
844 or Walton County, if the office determines that such reduction
845 of the local financial support requirements is in the best
846 interest of the state and facilitates economic development,
847 growth, or new employment opportunities in such county. This
848 paragraph expires June 30, 2014.

849 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the
850 redesignation of paragraph (2)(k) as paragraph (2)(j)
851 by s. 150, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida.

852 Section 31. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section
853 288.1089, Florida Statutes, is reenacted and amended to read:

854 288.1089 Innovation Incentive Program.—

855 (2) As used in this section, the term:

856 (d) ~~(e)~~ "Cumulative investment" means cumulative capital
857 investment and all eligible capital costs, as defined in s.
858 220.191.

859 Reviser's note.—Section 155, ch. 2011-142, purported
860 to amend paragraphs (2)(b), (d), (e), (f), and (o),
861 but did not publish paragraph (e). To conform to the
862 deletion of former paragraph (2)(d) by s. 155, ch.

863 2011-142, Laws of Florida, paragraph (2)(e) was
864 redesignated as paragraph (2)(d) by the editors.

865 Absent affirmative evidence of legislative intent to
866 repeal it, the paragraph is reenacted and amended as
867 paragraph (2)(d), to confirm the omission was not
868 intended.

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869 Section 32. Subsection (6) of section 288.1226, Florida
870 Statutes, is amended to read:

871 288.1226 Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation;
872 use of property; board of directors; duties; audit.—

873 (6) ANNUAL AUDIT.—The corporation shall provide for an
874 annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981. The annual
875 audit report shall be submitted to the Auditor General; the
876 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability;
877 Enterprise Florida, Inc.; and the department for review. The
878 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability;
879 Enterprise Florida, Inc.; the department; and the Auditor
880 General have the authority to require and receive from the
881 corporation or from its independent auditor any detail or
882 supplemental data relative to the operation of the corporation.
883 The department shall annually certify whether the corporation is
884 operating in a manner and achieving the objectives that are
885 consistent with the policies and goals of Enterprise Florida,
886 Inc., and its long-range marketing plan. The identity of a donor
887 or prospective donor to the corporation who desires to remain
888 anonymous and all information identifying such donor or
889 prospective donor are confidential and exempt from the
890 provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State
891 Constitution. Such anonymity shall be maintained in the
892 auditor's report.

893 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion
894 of the word "Program" to conform to the complete name
895 of the office.

896 Section 33. Subsection (2) of section 288.706, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

288.706 Florida Minority Business Loan Mobilization Program.—

(2) The Florida Minority Business Loan Mobilization Program is created to promote the development of minority business enterprises, as defined in s. 288.703(3) ~~288.703(2)~~, increase the ability of minority business enterprises to compete for state contracts, and sustain the economic growth of minority business enterprises in this state. The goal of the program is to assist minority business enterprises by facilitating working capital loans to minority business enterprises that are vendors on state agency contracts. The Department of Management Services shall administer the program.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of s. 288.703(2) as s. 288.703(3) by s. 172, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida.

Section 34. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 288.7102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.7102 Black Business Loan Program.—

(4) To be eligible to receive funds and provide loans, loan guarantees, or investments under this section, a recipient must:

(b) For an existing recipient, annually submit to the department a financial audit performed by an independent certified public accountant ~~account~~ for the most recently completed fiscal year, which audit does not reveal any material weaknesses or instances of material noncompliance.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial

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substitution of the word "accountant" for the word
"account" to conform to context.

Section 35. Subsection (3) of section 288.980, Florida
Statutes, is reenacted to read:

288.980 Military base retention; legislative intent;
grants program.—

(3) The Florida Economic Reinvestment Initiative is
established to respond to the need for this state and defense-
dependent communities in this state to develop alternative
economic diversification strategies to lessen reliance on
national defense dollars in the wake of base closures and
reduced federal defense expenditures and the need to formulate
specific base reuse plans and identify any specific
infrastructure needed to facilitate reuse. The initiative shall
consist of the following two distinct grant programs to be
administered by the department:

(a) The Florida Defense Planning Grant Program, through
which funds shall be used to analyze the extent to which the
state is dependent on defense dollars and defense infrastructure
and prepare alternative economic development strategies. The
state shall work in conjunction with defense-dependent
communities in developing strategies and approaches that will
help communities make the transition from a defense economy to a
nondefense economy. Grant awards may not exceed \$250,000 per
applicant and shall be available on a competitive basis.

(b) The Florida Defense Implementation Grant Program,
through which funds shall be made available to defense-dependent
communities to implement the diversification strategies

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developed pursuant to paragraph (a). Eligible applicants include defense-dependent counties and cities, and local economic development councils located within such communities. Grant awards may not exceed \$100,000 per applicant and shall be available on a competitive basis. Awards shall be matched on a one-to-one basis.

(c) The Florida Military Installation Reuse Planning and Marketing Grant Program, through which funds shall be used to help counties, cities, and local economic development councils develop and implement plans for the reuse of closed or realigned military installations, including any necessary infrastructure improvements needed to facilitate reuse and related marketing activities.

Applications for grants under this subsection must include a coordinated program of work or plan of action delineating how the eligible project will be administered and accomplished, which must include a plan for ensuring close cooperation between civilian and military authorities in the conduct of the funded activities and a plan for public involvement.

Reviser's note.—Section 194, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida, amended subsection (3) without publishing paragraph (c). Absent affirmative evidence of legislative intent to repeal paragraph (c), subsection (3) is reenacted to confirm the omission was not intended.

Section 36. Section 290.0401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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290.0401 Florida Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program Act; short title.—Sections 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~ may be cited as the "Florida Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program Act."

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 290.049 by s. 44, ch. 2001-89, Laws of Florida, and s. 25, ch. 2001-201, Laws of Florida. Section 290.048 is now the last section in the range.

Section 37. Section 290.0411, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.0411 Legislative intent and purpose of ss. 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~.—It is the intent of the Legislature to provide the necessary means to develop, preserve, redevelop, and revitalize Florida communities exhibiting signs of decline or distress by enabling local governments to undertake the necessary community development programs. The overall objective is to create viable communities by eliminating slum and blight, fortifying communities in urgent need, providing decent housing and suitable living environments, and expanding economic opportunities, principally for persons of low or moderate income. The purpose of ss. 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~ is to assist local governments in carrying out effective community development and project planning and design activities to arrest and reverse community decline and restore community vitality. Community development and project planning activities to maintain viable communities, revitalize existing communities, expand economic development and employment opportunities, and improve housing conditions and expand housing opportunities,

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1009 providing direct benefit to persons of low or moderate income,
1010 are the primary purposes of ss. 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-~~
1011 ~~290.049~~. The Legislature, therefore, declares that the
1012 development, redevelopment, preservation, and revitalization of
1013 communities in this state and all the purposes of ss. 290.0401-
1014 290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~ are public purposes for which public
1015 money may be borrowed, expended, loaned, pledged to guarantee
1016 loans, and granted.

1017 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s.
1018 290.049 by s. 44, ch. 2001-89, Laws of Florida, and s.
1019 25, ch. 2001-201, Laws of Florida. Section 290.048 is
1020 now the last section in the range.

1021 Section 38. Section 290.042, Florida Statutes, is amended
1022 to read:

1023 290.042 Definitions relating to Florida Small Cities
1024 Community Development Block Grant Program Act.—As used in ss.
1025 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~, the term:

1026 (1) "Administrative closeout" means the notification of a
1027 grantee by the department that all applicable administrative
1028 actions and all required work of the grant have been completed
1029 with the exception of the final audit.

1030 (2) "Administrative costs" means the payment of all
1031 reasonable costs of management, coordination, monitoring, and
1032 evaluation, and similar costs and carrying charges, related to
1033 the planning and execution of community development activities
1034 which are funded in whole or in part under the Florida Small
1035 Cities Community Development Block Grant Program. Administrative
1036 costs shall include all costs of administration, including

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1037 general administration, planning and urban design, and project
1038 administration costs.

1039 (3) "Department" means the Department of Economic
1040 Opportunity.

1041 (4) "Eligible activities" means those community
1042 development activities authorized in s. 105(a) of Title I of the
1043 Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, and
1044 applicable federal regulations.

1045 (5) "Eligible local government" means any local government
1046 which qualifies as eligible to participate in the Florida Small
1047 Cities Community Development Block Grant Program in accordance
1048 with s. 102(a)(7) of Title I of the Housing and Community
1049 Development Act of 1974, as amended, and applicable federal
1050 regulations, and any eligibility requirements which may be
1051 imposed by this act or by department rule.

1052 (6) "Person of low or moderate income" means any person
1053 who meets the definition established by the department in
1054 accordance with the guidelines established in Title I of the
1055 Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended.

1056 (7) "Service area" means the total geographic area to be
1057 directly or indirectly served by a community development block
1058 grant project where at least 51 percent of the residents are
1059 low-income and moderate-income persons.

1060 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s.
1061 290.049 by s. 44, ch. 2001-89, Laws of Florida, and s.
1062 25, ch. 2001-201, Laws of Florida. Section 290.048 is
1063 now the last section in the range.

1064 Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 290.044, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

290.044 Florida Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program Fund; administration; distribution.—

(1) The Florida Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program Fund is created. All revenue designated for deposit in such fund shall be deposited by the appropriate agency. The department shall administer this fund as a grant and loan guarantee program for carrying out the purposes of ss.

290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 290.049 by s. 44, ch. 2001-89, Laws of Florida, and s. 25, ch. 2001-201, Laws of Florida. Section 290.048 is now the last section in the range.

Section 40. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 290.048, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

290.048 General powers of department under ss. 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~.—The department has all the powers necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and provisions of the program, including the power to:

(1) Make contracts and agreements with the Federal Government; other agencies of the state; any other public agency; or any other public person, association, corporation, local government, or entity in exercising its powers and performing its duties under ss. 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~.

(3) Adopt and enforce rules not inconsistent with ss. 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~ for the administration of the fund.

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(4) Assist in training employees of local governing authorities to help achieve and increase their capacity to administer programs pursuant to ss. 290.0401-290.048 ~~290.0401-290.049~~ and provide technical assistance and advice to local governing authorities involved with these programs.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 290.049 by s. 44, ch. 2001-89, Laws of Florida, and s. 25, ch. 2001-201, Laws of Florida. Section 290.048 is now the last section in the range.

Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 311.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

311.09 Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council.—

(1) The Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council is created within the Department of Transportation. The council consists of the following 17 ~~18~~ members: the port director, or the port director's designee, of each of the ports of Jacksonville, Port Canaveral, Port Citrus, Fort Pierce, Palm Beach, Port Everglades, Miami, Port Manatee, St. Petersburg, Tampa, Port St. Joe, Panama City, Pensacola, Key West, and Fernandina; the secretary of the Department of Transportation or his or her designee; and the director of the Department of Economic Opportunity or his or her designee.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the deletion of the secretary of the Department of Community Affairs from the list of members by s. 227, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida, which changed the number of members on the council.

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Section 42. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 311.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

311.105 Florida Seaport Environmental Management Committee; permitting; mitigation.—

(1)

(b) The committee shall consist of the following members: the Secretary of Environmental Protection, or his or her designee, as an ex officio, nonvoting member; a designee from the United States Army Corps of Engineers, as an ex officio, nonvoting member; a designee from the Florida Inland Navigation District, as an ex officio, nonvoting member; the executive director of the Department of Economic Opportunity, or his or her designee, as an ex officio, nonvoting member; and five or more port directors, as voting members, appointed to the committee by the council chair, who shall also designate one such member as committee chair.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion of the words "the Department of" to conform to the complete name of the department.

Section 43. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 316.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.302 Commercial motor vehicles; safety regulations; transporters and shippers of hazardous materials; enforcement.—

(2)

(c) Except as provided in 49 C.F.R. s. 395.1, a person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous material in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172 may not drive

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1149 after having been on duty more than 70 hours in any period of 7
1150 consecutive days or more than 80 hours in any period of 8
1151 consecutive days if the motor carrier operates every day of the
1152 week. Thirty-four consecutive hours off duty shall constitute
1153 the end of any such period of 7 or 8 consecutive days. This
1154 weekly limit does not apply to a person who operates a
1155 commercial motor vehicle solely within this state while
1156 transporting, during harvest periods, any unprocessed
1157 agricultural products or unprocessed food or fiber that is
1158 subject to seasonal harvesting from place of harvest to the
1159 first place of processing or storage or from place of harvest
1160 directly to market or while transporting livestock, livestock
1161 feed, or farm supplies directly related to growing or harvesting
1162 agricultural products. Upon request of the Department of Highway
1163 Safety and Motor Vehicles ~~Transportation~~, motor carriers shall
1164 furnish time records or other written verification to that
1165 department so that the Department of Highway Safety and Motor
1166 Vehicles ~~Transportation~~ can determine compliance with this
1167 subsection. These time records must be furnished to the
1168 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles ~~Transportation~~
1169 within 2 days after receipt of that department's request.
1170 Falsification of such information is subject to a civil penalty
1171 not to exceed \$100. The provisions of this paragraph do not
1172 apply to drivers of utility service vehicles as defined in 49
1173 C.F.R. s. 395.2.

1174 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the transfer of
1175 motor carrier compliance safety regulation from the
1176 Department of Transportation to the Department of

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1177 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles by ch. 2011-66, Laws
1178 of Florida.

1179 Section 44. Subsection (13) of section 373.414, Florida
1180 Statutes, is amended to read:

1181 373.414 Additional criteria for activities in surface
1182 waters and wetlands.—

1183 (13) Any declaratory statement issued by the department
1184 under s. 403.914, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983,
1185 as amended, or pursuant to rules adopted thereunder, or by a
1186 water management district under s. 373.421, in response to a
1187 petition filed on or before June 1, 1994, shall continue to be
1188 valid for the duration of such declaratory statement. Any such
1189 petition pending on June 1, 1994, shall be exempt from the
1190 methodology ratified in s. 373.4211, but the rules of the
1191 department or the relevant water management district, as
1192 applicable, in effect prior to the effective date of s.
1193 373.4211, shall apply. Until May 1, 1998, activities within the
1194 boundaries of an area subject to a petition pending on June 1,
1195 1994, and prior to final agency action on such petition, shall
1196 be reviewed under the rules adopted pursuant to ss. 403.91-
1197 403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as
1198 amended, and this part, in existence prior to the effective date
1199 of the rules adopted under subsection (9), unless the applicant
1200 elects to have such activities reviewed under the rules adopted
1201 under this part, as amended in accordance with subsection (9).
1202 In the event that a jurisdictional declaratory statement
1203 pursuant to the vegetative index in effect prior to the
1204 effective date of chapter 84-79, Laws of Florida, has been

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1205 obtained and is valid prior to the effective date of the rules
1206 adopted under subsection (9) or July 1, 1994, whichever is
1207 later, and the affected lands are part of a project for which a
1208 master development order has been issued pursuant to s.
1209 380.06(21), the declaratory statement shall remain valid for the
1210 duration of the buildout period of the project. Any
1211 jurisdictional determination validated by the department
1212 pursuant to rule 17-301.400(8), Florida Administrative Code, as
1213 it existed in rule 17-4.022, Florida Administrative Code, on
1214 April 1, 1985, shall remain in effect for a period of 5 years
1215 following the effective date of this act if proof of such
1216 validation is submitted to the department prior to January 1,
1217 1995. In the event that a jurisdictional determination has been
1218 revalidated by the department pursuant to this subsection and
1219 the affected lands are part of a project for which a development
1220 order has been issued pursuant to s. 380.06(15), a final
1221 development order to which s. 163.3167(5) ~~163.3167(8)~~ applies
1222 has been issued, or a vested rights determination has been
1223 issued pursuant to s. 380.06(20), the jurisdictional
1224 determination shall remain valid until the completion of the
1225 project, provided proof of such validation and documentation
1226 establishing that the project meets the requirements of this
1227 sentence are submitted to the department prior to January 1,
1228 1995. Activities proposed within the boundaries of a valid
1229 declaratory statement issued pursuant to a petition submitted to
1230 either the department or the relevant water management district
1231 on or before June 1, 1994, or a revalidated jurisdictional
1232 determination, prior to its expiration shall continue thereafter

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1233 to be exempt from the methodology ratified in s. 373.4211 and to
1234 be reviewed under the rules adopted pursuant to ss. 403.91-
1235 403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as
1236 amended, and this part, in existence prior to the effective date
1237 of the rules adopted under subsection (9), unless the applicant
1238 elects to have such activities reviewed under the rules adopted
1239 under this part, as amended in accordance with subsection (9).

1240 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the renumbering
1241 of subunits within s. 163.3167 by s. 7, ch. 2011-139,
1242 Laws of Florida.

1243 Section 45. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
1244 376.3072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1245 376.3072 Florida Petroleum Liability and Restoration
1246 Insurance Program.—

1247 (2)(a) Any owner or operator of a petroleum storage system
1248 may become an insured in the restoration insurance program at a
1249 facility provided:

1250 1. A site at which an incident has occurred shall be
1251 eligible for restoration if the insured is a participant in the
1252 third-party liability insurance program or otherwise meets
1253 applicable financial responsibility requirements. After July 1,
1254 1993, the insured must also provide the required excess
1255 insurance coverage or self-insurance for restoration to achieve
1256 the financial responsibility requirements of 40 C.F.R. s.
1257 280.97, subpart H, not covered by paragraph (d).

1258 2. A site which had a discharge reported prior to January
1259 1, 1989, for which notice was given pursuant to s. 376.3071(9)
1260 or (12), and which is ineligible for the third-party liability

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insurance program solely due to that discharge shall be eligible for participation in the restoration program for any incident occurring on or after January 1, 1989, in accordance with subsection (3). Restoration funding for an eligible contaminated site will be provided without participation in the third-party liability insurance program until the site is restored as required by the department or until the department determines that the site does not require restoration.

3. Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a site where an application is filed with the department prior to January 1, 1995, where the owner is a small business under s. 288.703(6) ~~288.703(1)~~, a state community college with less than 2,500 FTE, a religious institution as defined by s. 212.08(7)(m), a charitable institution as defined by s. 212.08(7)(p), or a county or municipality with a population of less than 50,000, shall be eligible for up to \$400,000 of eligible restoration costs, less a deductible of \$10,000 for small businesses, eligible community colleges, and religious or charitable institutions, and \$30,000 for eligible counties and municipalities, provided that:

a. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph e., the facility was in compliance with department rules at the time of the discharge.

b. The owner or operator has, upon discovery of a discharge, promptly reported the discharge to the department, and drained and removed the system from service, if necessary.

c. The owner or operator has not intentionally caused or concealed a discharge or disabled leak detection equipment.

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d. The owner or operator proceeds to complete initial remedial action as defined by department rules.

e. The owner or operator, if required and if it has not already done so, applies for third-party liability coverage for the facility within 30 days of receipt of an eligibility order issued by the department pursuant to this provision.

However, the department may consider in-kind services from eligible counties and municipalities in lieu of the \$30,000 deductible. The cost of conducting initial remedial action as defined by department rules shall be an eligible restoration cost pursuant to this provision.

4.a. By January 1, 1997, facilities at sites with existing contamination shall be required to have methods of release detection to be eligible for restoration insurance coverage for new discharges subject to department rules for secondary containment. Annual storage system testing, in conjunction with inventory control, shall be considered to be a method of release detection until the later of December 22, 1998, or 10 years after the date of installation or the last upgrade. Other methods of release detection for storage tanks which meet such requirement are:

(I) Interstitial monitoring of tank and integral piping secondary containment systems;

(II) Automatic tank gauging systems; or

(III) A statistical inventory reconciliation system with a tank test every 3 years.

b. For pressurized integral piping systems, the owner or

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operator must use:

(I) An automatic in-line leak detector with flow restriction meeting the requirements of department rules used in conjunction with an annual tightness or pressure test; or

(II) An automatic in-line leak detector with electronic flow shut-off meeting the requirements of department rules.

c. For suction integral piping systems, the owner or operator must use:

(I) A single check valve installed directly below the suction pump, provided there are no other valves between the dispenser and the tank; or

(II) An annual tightness test or other approved test.

d. Owners of facilities with existing contamination that install internal release detection systems in accordance with sub-subparagraph a. shall permanently close their external groundwater and vapor monitoring wells in accordance with department rules by December 31, 1998. Upon installation of the internal release detection system, these wells shall be secured and taken out of service until permanent closure.

e. Facilities with vapor levels of contamination meeting the requirements of or below the concentrations specified in the performance standards for release detection methods specified in department rules may continue to use vapor monitoring wells for release detection.

f. The department may approve other methods of release detection for storage tanks and integral piping which have at least the same capability to detect a new release as the methods specified in this subparagraph.

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Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the renumbering of subunits within s. 288.703 by s. 172, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida.

Section 46. Subsection (2) of section 376.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

376.86 Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Program.—

(2) The council shall consist of the secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or the secretary's designee, the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee, the executive director of the State Board of Administration or the executive director's designee, the executive director of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation or the executive director's designee, and the executive director of the Department of Economic Opportunity or the director's designee. The executive director of the Department of Economic Opportunity or the director's designee shall serve as chair of the council. Staff services for activities of the council shall be provided as needed by the member agencies.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion of the words "the Department of" to conform to the complete name of the department.

Section 47. Section 379.2255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

379.2255 Wildlife Violator Compact Act.—The Wildlife Violator Compact is created and entered into with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

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ARTICLE I

Findings and Purpose

(1) The participating states find that:

(a) Wildlife resources are managed in trust by the respective states for the benefit of all residents and visitors.

(b) The protection of the wildlife resources of a state is materially affected by the degree of compliance with state statutes, laws, regulations, ordinances, and administrative rules relating to the management of such resources.

(c) The preservation, protection, management, and restoration of wildlife contributes immeasurably to the aesthetic, recreational, and economic aspects of such natural resources.

(d) Wildlife resources are valuable without regard to political boundaries; therefore, every person should be required to comply with wildlife preservation, protection, management, and restoration laws, ordinances, and administrative rules and regulations of the participating states as a condition precedent to the continuance or issuance of any license to hunt, fish, trap, or possess wildlife.

(e) Violation of wildlife laws interferes with the management of wildlife resources and may endanger the safety of persons and property.

(f) The mobility of many wildlife law violators necessitates the maintenance of channels of communication among the various states.

(g) In most instances, a person who is cited for a

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wildlife violation in a state other than his or her home state is:

1. Required to post collateral or a bond to secure appearance for a trial at a later date;

2. Taken into custody until the collateral or bond is posted; or

3. Taken directly to court for an immediate appearance.

(h) The purpose of the enforcement practices set forth in paragraph (g) is to ensure compliance with the terms of a wildlife citation by the cited person who, if permitted to continue on his or her way after receiving the citation, could return to his or her home state and disregard his or her duty under the terms of the citation.

(i) In most instances, a person receiving a wildlife citation in his or her home state is permitted to accept the citation from the officer at the scene of the violation and immediately continue on his or her way after agreeing or being instructed to comply with the terms of the citation.

(j) The practices described in paragraph (g) cause unnecessary inconvenience and, at times, a hardship for the person who is unable at the time to post collateral, furnish a bond, stand trial, or pay a fine, and thus is compelled to remain in custody until some alternative arrangement is made.

(k) The enforcement practices described in paragraph (g) consume an undue amount of time of law enforcement agencies.

(2) It is the policy of the participating states to:

(a) Promote compliance with the statutes, laws, ordinances, regulations, and administrative rules relating to

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the management of wildlife resources in their respective states.

(b) Recognize a suspension of the wildlife license privileges of any person whose license privileges have been suspended by a participating state and treat such suspension as if it had occurred in each respective state.

(c) Allow a violator, except as provided in subsection (2) of Article III, to accept a wildlife citation and, without delay, proceed on his or her way, whether or not the violator is a resident of the state in which the citation was issued, if the violator's home state is party to this compact.

(d) Report to the appropriate participating state, as provided in the compact manual, any conviction recorded against any person whose home state was not the issuing state.

(e) Allow the home state to recognize and treat convictions recorded against its residents, which convictions occurred in a participating state, as though they had occurred in the home state.

(f) Extend cooperation to its fullest extent among the participating states for enforcing compliance with the terms of a wildlife citation issued in one participating state to a resident of another participating state.

(g) Maximize the effective use of law enforcement personnel and information.

(h) Assist court systems in the efficient disposition of wildlife violations.

(3) The purpose of this compact is to:

(a) Provide a means through which participating states may join in a reciprocal program to effectuate the policies

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enumerated in subsection (2) in a uniform and orderly manner.

(b) Provide for the fair and impartial treatment of wildlife violators operating within participating states in recognition of the violator's right to due process and the sovereign status of a participating state.

ARTICLE II

Definitions

As used in this compact, the term:

(1) "Citation" means any summons, complaint, summons and complaint, ticket, penalty assessment, or other official document issued to a person by a wildlife officer or other peace officer for a wildlife violation which contains an order requiring the person to respond.

(2) "Collateral" means any cash or other security deposited to secure an appearance for trial in connection with the issuance by a wildlife officer or other peace officer of a citation for a wildlife violation.

(3) "Compliance" with respect to a citation means the act of answering a citation through an appearance in a court or tribunal, or through the payment of fines, costs, and surcharges, if any.

(4) "Conviction" means a conviction that results in suspension or revocation of a license, including any court conviction, for any offense related to the preservation, protection, management, or restoration of wildlife which is prohibited by state statute, law, regulation, ordinance, or

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administrative rule. The term also includes the forfeiture of any bail, bond, or other security deposited to secure appearance by a person charged with having committed any such offense, the payment of a penalty assessment, a plea of nolo contendere, or the imposition of a deferred or suspended sentence by the court.

(5) "Court" means a court of law, including magistrate's court and the justice of the peace court.

(6) "Home state" means the state of primary residence of a person.

(7) "Issuing state" means the participating state that issues a wildlife citation to the violator.

(8) "License" means any license, permit, or other public document that conveys to the person to whom it was issued the privilege of pursuing, possessing, or taking any wildlife regulated by statute, law, regulation, ordinance, or administrative rule of a participating state; any privilege to obtain such license, permit, or other public document; or any statutory exemption from the requirement to obtain such license, permit, or other public document. However, when applied to a license, permit, or privilege issued or granted by the State of Florida, only a license or permit issued under s. 379.354, or a privilege granted under s. 379.353, shall be considered a license.

(9) "Licensing authority" means the department or division within each participating state which is authorized by law to issue or approve licenses or permits to hunt, fish, trap, or possess wildlife.

(10) "Participating state" means any state that enacts

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1513 legislation to become a member of this wildlife compact.

1514 (11) "Personal recognizance" means an agreement by a
1515 person made at the time of issuance of the wildlife citation
1516 that such person will comply with the terms of the citation.

1517 (12) "State" means any state, territory, or possession of
1518 the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
1519 Puerto Rico, the Provinces of Canada, and other countries.

1520 (13) "Suspension" means any revocation, denial, or
1521 withdrawal of any or all license privileges, including the
1522 privilege to apply for, purchase, or exercise the benefits
1523 conferred by any license.

1524 (14) "Terms of the citation" means those conditions and
1525 options expressly stated upon the citation.

1526 (15) "Wildlife" means all species of animals, including,
1527 but not limited to, mammals, birds, fish, reptiles, amphibians,
1528 mollusks, and crustaceans, which are defined as "wildlife" and
1529 are protected or otherwise regulated by statute, law,
1530 regulation, ordinance, or administrative rule in a participating
1531 state. Species included in the definition of "wildlife" vary
1532 from state to state and the determination of whether a species
1533 is "wildlife" for the purposes of this compact shall be based on
1534 local law.

1535 (16) "Wildlife law" means any statute, law, regulation,
1536 ordinance, or administrative rule developed and enacted for the
1537 management of wildlife resources and the uses thereof.

1538 (17) "Wildlife officer" means any individual authorized by
1539 a participating state to issue a citation for a wildlife
1540 violation.

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1541 (18) "Wildlife violation" means any cited violation of a
1542 statute, law, regulation, ordinance, or administrative rule
1543 developed and enacted for the management of wildlife resources
1544 and the uses thereof.

1545
1546 ARTICLE III

1547 Procedures for Issuing State
1548

1549 (1) When issuing a citation for a wildlife violation, a
1550 wildlife officer shall issue a citation to any person whose
1551 primary residence is in a participating state in the same manner
1552 as though the person were a resident of the issuing state and
1553 shall not require such person to post collateral to secure
1554 appearance, subject to the exceptions noted in subsection (2),
1555 if the officer receives the recognizance of such person that he
1556 will comply with the terms of the citation.

1557 (2) Personal recognizance is acceptable if not prohibited
1558 by local law; by policy, procedure, or regulation of the issuing
1559 agency; or by the compact manual and if the violator provides
1560 adequate proof of identification to the wildlife officer.

1561 (3) Upon conviction or failure of a person to comply with
1562 the terms of a wildlife citation, the appropriate official shall
1563 report the conviction or failure to comply to the licensing
1564 authority of the participating state in which the wildlife
1565 citation was issued. The report shall be made in accordance with
1566 procedures specified by the issuing state and must contain
1567 information as specified in the compact manual as minimum
1568 requirements for effective processing by the home state.

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1569 (4) Upon receipt of the report of conviction or
1570 noncompliance pursuant to subsection (3), the licensing
1571 authority of the issuing state shall transmit to the licensing
1572 authority of the home state of the violator the information in
1573 the form and content prescribed in the compact manual.

ARTICLE IV

Procedure for Home State

1578 (1) Upon receipt of a report from the licensing authority
1579 of the issuing state reporting the failure of a violator to
1580 comply with the terms of a citation, the licensing authority of
1581 the home state shall notify the violator and shall initiate a
1582 suspension action in accordance with the home state's suspension
1583 procedures and shall suspend the violator's license privileges
1584 until satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms of the
1585 wildlife citation has been furnished by the issuing state to the
1586 home state licensing authority. Due-process safeguards shall be
1587 accorded.

1588 (2) Upon receipt of a report of conviction from the
1589 licensing authority of the issuing state, the licensing
1590 authority of the home state shall enter such conviction in its
1591 records and shall treat such conviction as though it occurred in
1592 the home state for purposes of the suspension of license
1593 privileges.

1594 (3) The licensing authority of the home state shall
1595 maintain a record of actions taken and shall make reports to
1596 issuing states as provided in the compact manual.

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ARTICLE V

Reciprocal Recognition of Suspension

(1) Each participating state may recognize the suspension of license privileges of any person by any other participating state as though the violation resulting in the suspension had occurred in that state and would have been the basis for suspension of license privileges in that state.

(2) Each participating state shall communicate suspension information to other participating states in the form and content contained in the compact manual.

ARTICLE VI

Applicability of Other Laws

Except as expressly required by provisions of this compact, this compact does not affect the right of any participating state to apply any of its laws relating to license privileges to any person or circumstance or to invalidate or prevent any agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a participating state and a nonparticipating state concerning the enforcement of wildlife laws.

ARTICLE VII

Compact Administrator Procedures

(1) For the purpose of administering the provisions of

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1625 this compact and to serve as a governing body for the resolution
1626 of all matters relating to the operation of this compact, a
1627 board of compact administrators is established. The board shall
1628 be composed of one representative from each of the participating
1629 states to be known as the compact administrator. The compact
1630 administrator shall be appointed by the head of the licensing
1631 authority of each participating state and shall serve and be
1632 subject to removal in accordance with the laws of the state he
1633 or she represents. A compact administrator may provide for the
1634 discharge of his or her duties and the performance of his or her
1635 functions as a board member by an alternate. An alternate is not
1636 entitled to serve unless written notification of his or her
1637 identity has been given to the board.

1638 (2) Each member of the board of compact administrators
1639 shall be entitled to one vote. No action of the board shall be
1640 binding unless taken at a meeting at which a majority of the
1641 total number of the board's votes are cast in favor thereof.
1642 Action by the board shall be only at a meeting at which a
1643 majority of the participating states are represented.

1644 (3) The board shall elect annually from its membership a
1645 chairperson ~~chairman~~ and vice chairperson ~~chairman~~.

1646 (4) The board shall adopt bylaws not inconsistent with the
1647 provisions of this compact or the laws of a participating state
1648 for the conduct of its business and shall have the power to
1649 amend and rescind its bylaws.

1650 (5) The board may accept for any of its purposes and
1651 functions under this compact any and all donations and grants of
1652 moneys, equipment, supplies, materials, and services,

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conditional or otherwise, from any state, the United States, or any governmental agency, and may receive, use, and dispose of the same.

(6) The board may contract with, or accept services or personnel from, any governmental or intergovernmental agency, individual, firm, corporation, or private nonprofit organization or institution.

(7) The board shall formulate all necessary procedures and develop uniform forms and documents for administering the provisions of this compact. All procedures and forms adopted pursuant to board action shall be contained in a compact manual.

ARTICLE VIII

Entry into Compact and Withdrawal

(1) This compact shall become effective at such time as it is adopted in substantially similar form by two or more states.

(2)

(a) Entry into the compact shall be made by resolution of ratification executed by the authorized officials of the applying state and submitted to the chairperson ~~chairman~~ of the board.

(b) The resolution shall substantially be in the form and content as provided in the compact manual and must include the following:

1. A citation of the authority from which the state is empowered to become a party to this compact;

2. An agreement of compliance with the terms and

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provisions of this compact; and

3. An agreement that compact entry is with all states participating in the compact and with all additional states legally becoming a party to the compact.

(c) The effective date of entry shall be specified by the applying state, but may not be less than 60 days after notice has been given by the chairperson ~~chairman~~ of the board of the compact administrators or by the secretariat of the board to each participating state that the resolution from the applying state has been received.

(3) A participating state may withdraw from participation in this compact by official written notice to each participating state, but withdrawal shall not become effective until 90 days after the notice of withdrawal is given. The notice must be directed to the compact administrator of each member state. The withdrawal of any state does not affect the validity of this compact as to the remaining participating states.

ARTICLE IX

Amendments to the Compact

(1) This compact may be amended from time to time. Amendments shall be presented in resolution form to the chairperson ~~chairman~~ of the board of compact administrators and shall be initiated by one or more participating states.

(2) Adoption of an amendment shall require endorsement by all participating states and shall become effective 30 days after the date of the last endorsement.

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ARTICLE X
Construction and Severability

This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact are severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any participating state or of the United States, or if the applicability thereof to any government, agency, individual, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact shall not be affected thereby. If this compact is held contrary to the constitution of any participating state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining states and in full force and effect as to the participating state affected as to all severable matters.

ARTICLE XI
Title

This compact shall be known as the "Wildlife Violator Compact."

Reviser's note.—Amended pursuant to the directive of the Legislature in s. 1, ch. 93-199, Laws of Florida, to remove gender-specific references applicable to human beings from the Florida Statutes without substantive change in legal effect.
Section 48. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (4) of

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1737 section 381.026, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1738 381.026 Florida Patient's Bill of Rights and
1739 Responsibilities.—

1740 (4) RIGHTS OF PATIENTS.—Each health care facility or
1741 provider shall observe the following standards:

1742 (b) Information.—

1743 1. A patient has the right to know the name, function, and
1744 qualifications of each health care provider who is providing
1745 medical services to the patient. A patient may request such
1746 information from his or her responsible provider or the health
1747 care facility in which he or she is receiving medical services.

1748 2. A patient in a health care facility has the right to
1749 know what patient support services are available in the
1750 facility.

1751 3. A patient has the right to be given by his or her
1752 health care provider information concerning diagnosis, planned
1753 course of treatment, alternatives, risks, and prognosis, unless
1754 it is medically inadvisable or impossible to give this
1755 information to the patient, in which case the information must
1756 be given to the patient's guardian or a person designated as the
1757 patient's representative. A patient has the right to refuse this
1758 information.

1759 4. A patient has the right to refuse any treatment based
1760 on information required by this paragraph, except as otherwise
1761 provided by law. The responsible provider shall document any
1762 such refusal.

1763 5. A patient in a health care facility has the right to
1764 know what facility rules and regulations apply to patient

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1765 | conduct.

1766 | 6. A patient has the right to express grievances to a
1767 | health care provider, a health care facility, or the appropriate
1768 | state licensing agency regarding alleged violations of patients'
1769 | rights. A patient has the right to know the health care
1770 | provider's or health care facility's procedures for expressing a
1771 | grievance.

1772 | 7. A patient in a health care facility who does not speak
1773 | English has the right to be provided an interpreter when
1774 | receiving medical services if the facility has a person readily
1775 | available who can interpret on behalf of the patient.

1776 | 8. A health care provider or health care facility shall
1777 | respect a patient's right to privacy and should refrain from
1778 | making a written inquiry or asking questions concerning the
1779 | ownership of a firearm or ammunition by the patient or by a
1780 | family member of the patient, or the presence of a firearm in a
1781 | private home or other domicile of the patient or a family member
1782 | of the patient. Notwithstanding this provision, a health care
1783 | provider or health care facility that in good faith believes
1784 | that this information is relevant to the patient's medical care
1785 | or safety, or safety of ~~or~~ others, may make such a verbal or
1786 | written inquiry.

1787 | 9. A patient may decline to answer or provide any
1788 | information regarding ownership of a firearm by the patient or a
1789 | family member of the patient, or the presence of a firearm in
1790 | the domicile of the patient or a family member of the patient. A
1791 | patient's decision not to answer a question relating to the
1792 | presence or ownership of a firearm does not alter existing law

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1793 regarding a physician's authorization to choose his or her
1794 patients.

1795 10. A health care provider or health care facility may not
1796 discriminate against a patient based solely upon the patient's
1797 exercise of the constitutional right to own and possess firearms
1798 or ammunition.

1799 11. A health care provider or health care facility shall
1800 respect a patient's legal right to own or possess a firearm and
1801 should refrain from unnecessarily harassing a patient about
1802 firearm ownership during an examination.

1803 (c) Financial information and disclosure.—

1804 1. A patient has the right to be given, upon request, by
1805 the responsible provider, his or her designee, or a
1806 representative of the health care facility full information and
1807 necessary counseling on the availability of known financial
1808 resources for the patient's health care.

1809 2. A health care provider or a health care facility shall,
1810 upon request, disclose to each patient who is eligible for
1811 Medicare, before treatment, whether the health care provider or
1812 the health care facility in which the patient is receiving
1813 medical services accepts assignment under Medicare reimbursement
1814 as payment in full for medical services and treatment rendered
1815 in the health care provider's office or health care facility.

1816 3. A primary care provider may publish a schedule of
1817 charges for the medical services that the provider offers to
1818 patients. The schedule must include the prices charged to an
1819 uninsured person paying for such services by cash, check, credit
1820 card, or debit card. The schedule must be posted in a

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conspicuous place in the reception area of the provider's office and must include, but is not limited to, the 50 services most frequently provided by the primary care provider. The schedule may group services by three price levels, listing services in each price level. The posting must be at least 15 square feet in size. A primary care provider who publishes and maintains a schedule of charges for medical services is exempt from the license fee requirements for a single period of renewal of a professional license under chapter 456 for that licensure term and is exempt from the continuing education requirements of chapter 456 and the rules implementing those requirements for a single 2-year period.

4. If a primary care provider publishes a schedule of charges pursuant to subparagraph 3., he or she must continually post it at all times for the duration of active licensure in this state when primary care services are provided to patients. If a primary care provider fails to post the schedule of charges in accordance with this subparagraph, the provider shall be required to pay any license fee and comply with any continuing education requirements for which an exemption was received.

5. A health care provider or a health care facility shall, upon request, furnish a person, before the provision of medical services, a reasonable estimate of charges for such services. The health care provider or the health care facility shall provide an uninsured person, before the provision of a planned nonemergency medical service, a reasonable estimate of charges for such service and information regarding the provider's or facility's discount or charity policies for which the uninsured

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1849 person may be eligible. Such estimates by a primary care
1850 provider must be consistent with the schedule posted under
1851 subparagraph 3. Estimates shall, to the extent possible, be
1852 written in ~~a~~ language comprehensible to an ordinary layperson.
1853 Such reasonable estimate does not preclude the health care
1854 provider or health care facility from exceeding the estimate or
1855 making additional charges based on changes in the patient's
1856 condition or treatment needs.

1857 6. Each licensed facility not operated by the state shall
1858 make available to the public on its Internet website or by other
1859 electronic means a description of and a link to the performance
1860 outcome and financial data that is published by the agency
1861 pursuant to s. 408.05(3)(k). The facility shall place a notice
1862 in the reception area that such information is available
1863 electronically and the website address. The licensed facility
1864 may indicate that the pricing information is based on a
1865 compilation of charges for the average patient and that each
1866 patient's bill may vary from the average depending upon the
1867 severity of illness and individual resources consumed. The
1868 licensed facility may also indicate that the price of service is
1869 negotiable for eligible patients based upon the patient's
1870 ability to pay.

1871 7. A patient has the right to receive a copy of an
1872 itemized bill upon request. A patient has a right to be given an
1873 explanation of charges upon request.

1874 Reviser's note.—Paragraph (4)(b) is amended to confirm
1875 editorial substitution of the word "of" for the word
1876 "or." Paragraph (4)(c) is amended to delete the word

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1877 "a" to improve clarity.

1878 Section 49. Subsection (17) of section 409.9122, Florida
1879 Statutes, is amended to read:

1880 409.9122 Mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment;
1881 programs and procedures.—

1882 (17) The agency shall establish and maintain an
1883 information system to make encounter data, financial data, and
1884 other measures of plan performance available to the public and
1885 any interested party.

1886 (a) Information submitted by the managed care plans shall
1887 be available online as well as in other formats.

1888 (b) Periodic agency reports shall be published that
1889 include ~~provide~~ summary as well as plan specific measures of
1890 financial performance and service utilization.

1891 (c) Any release of the financial and encounter data
1892 submitted by managed care plans shall ensure the confidentiality
1893 of personal health information.

1894 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion
1895 of the word "available" and deletion of the word
1896 "provide."

1897 Section 50. Paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (3) of
1898 section 409.966, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1899 409.966 Eligible plans; selection.—

1900 (3) QUALITY SELECTION CRITERIA.—

1901 (c) After negotiations are conducted, the agency shall
1902 select the eligible plans that are determined to be responsive
1903 and provide the best value to the state. Preference shall be
1904 given to plans that:

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1. Have signed contracts with primary and specialty physicians in sufficient numbers to meet the specific standards established pursuant to s. 409.967(2)(c) ~~409.967(2)(b)~~.

2. Have well-defined programs for recognizing patient-centered medical homes and providing for increased compensation for recognized medical homes, as defined by the plan.

3. Are organizations that are based in and perform operational functions in this state, in-house or through contractual arrangements, by staff located in this state. Using a tiered approach, the highest number of points shall be awarded to a plan that has all or substantially all of its operational functions performed in the state. The second highest number of points shall be awarded to a plan that has a majority of its operational functions performed in the state. The agency may establish a third tier; however, preference points may not be awarded to plans that perform only community outreach, medical director functions, and state administrative functions in the state. For purposes of this subparagraph, operational functions include claims processing, member services, provider relations, utilization and prior authorization, case management, disease and quality functions, and finance and administration. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "based in this state" means that the entity's principal office is in this state and the plan is not a subsidiary, directly or indirectly through one or more subsidiaries of, or a joint venture with, any other entity whose principal office is not located in the state.

4. Have contracts or other arrangements for cancer disease management programs that have a proven record of clinical

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efficiencies and cost savings.

5. Have contracts or other arrangements for diabetes disease management programs that have a proven record of clinical efficiencies and cost savings.

6. Have a claims payment process that ensures that claims that are not contested or denied will be promptly paid pursuant to s. 641.3155.

(e) To ensure managed care plan participation in Regions 1 and 2, the agency shall award an additional contract to each plan with a contract award in Region 1 or Region 2. Such contract shall be in any other region in which the plan submitted a responsive bid and negotiates a rate acceptable to the agency. If a plan that is awarded an additional contract pursuant to this paragraph is subject to penalties pursuant to s. 409.967(2)(h) ~~s. 409.967(2)(g)~~ for activities in Region 1 or Region 2, the additional contract is automatically terminated 180 days after the imposition of the penalties. The plan must reimburse the agency for the cost of enrollment changes and other transition activities.

Reviser's note.—Paragraph (3)(c) is amended to substitute a reference to s. 409.967(2)(c) for a reference to s. 409.967(2)(b). Section 409.967(2)(c) establishes standards for access to care. Section 409.967(2)(b) references emergency services. Paragraph (3)(e) is amended to substitute a reference to s. 409.967(2)(h) for a reference to s. 409.967(2)(g). Section 409.967(2)(h) relates to penalties. Section 409.967(2)(g) relates to grievance resolution.

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Section 51. Subsection (1) of section 409.972, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.972 Mandatory and voluntary enrollment.—

(1) Persons eligible for the program known as "medically needy" pursuant to s. 409.904(2) ~~409.904(2)(a)~~ shall enroll in managed care plans. Medically needy recipients shall meet the share of the cost by paying the plan premium, up to the share of the cost amount, contingent upon federal approval.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 409.904(2)(b) by s. 3, ch. 2011-61, Laws of Florida, which resulted in subsection (2) having no subunits.

Section 52. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 409.973, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.973 Benefits.—

(4) PRIMARY CARE INITIATIVE.—Each plan operating in the managed medical assistance program shall establish a program to encourage enrollees to establish a relationship with their primary care provider. Each plan shall:

(e) Report to the agency the number of emergency room visits by enrollees who have not had at ~~a~~ least one appointment with their primary care provider.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial substitution of the word "at" for the word "a."

Section 53. Subsection (2) of section 409.974, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.974 Eligible plans.—

(2) QUALITY SELECTION CRITERIA.—In addition to the criteria established in s. 409.966, the agency shall consider

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evidence that an eligible plan has written agreements or signed contracts or has made substantial progress in establishing relationships with providers before the plan submitting a response. The agency shall evaluate and give special weight to evidence of signed contracts with essential providers as defined by the agency pursuant to s. 409.975(1) ~~409.975(2)~~. The agency shall exercise a preference for plans with a provider network in which over 10 percent of the providers use electronic health records, as defined in s. 408.051. When all other factors are equal, the agency shall consider whether the organization has a contract to provide managed long-term care services in the same region and shall exercise a preference for such plans.

Reviser's note.—Amended to substitute a reference to s. 409.975(1) for a reference to s. 409.975(2).

Material concerning essential providers is in s. 409.975(1). Section 409.975(2) relates to the Florida Medical Schools Quality Network.

Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 409.975, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.975 Managed care plan accountability.—In addition to the requirements of s. 409.967, plans and providers participating in the managed medical assistance program shall comply with the requirements of this section.

(1) PROVIDER NETWORKS.—Managed care plans must develop and maintain provider networks that meet the medical needs of their enrollees in accordance with standards established pursuant to s. 409.967(2)(c) ~~409.967(2)(b)~~. Except as provided in this section, managed care plans may limit the providers in their

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networks based on credentials, quality indicators, and price.

(a) Plans must include all providers in the region that are classified by the agency as essential Medicaid providers, unless the agency approves, in writing, an alternative arrangement for securing the types of services offered by the essential providers. Providers are essential for serving Medicaid enrollees if they offer services that are not available from any other provider within a reasonable access standard, or if they provided a substantial share of the total units of a particular service used by Medicaid patients within the region during the last 3 years and the combined capacity of other service providers in the region is insufficient to meet the total needs of the Medicaid patients. The agency may not classify physicians and other practitioners as essential providers. The agency, at a minimum, shall determine which providers in the following categories are essential Medicaid providers:

1. Federally qualified health centers.
2. Statutory teaching hospitals as defined in s. 408.07(45).
3. Hospitals that are trauma centers as defined in s. 395.4001(14).
4. Hospitals located at least 25 miles from any other hospital with similar services.

Managed care plans that have not contracted with all essential providers in the region as of the first date of recipient enrollment, or with whom an essential provider has terminated

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its contract, must negotiate in good faith with such essential providers for 1 year or until an agreement is reached, whichever is first. Payments for services rendered by a nonparticipating essential provider shall be made at the applicable Medicaid rate as of the first day of the contract between the agency and the plan. A rate schedule for all essential providers shall be attached to the contract between the agency and the plan. After 1 year, managed care plans that are unable to contract with essential providers shall notify the agency and propose an alternative arrangement for securing the essential services for Medicaid enrollees. The arrangement must rely on contracts with other participating providers, regardless of whether those providers are located within the same region as the nonparticipating essential service provider. If the alternative arrangement is approved by the agency, payments to nonparticipating essential providers after the date of the agency's approval shall equal 90 percent of the applicable Medicaid rate. If the alternative arrangement is not approved by the agency, payment to nonparticipating essential providers shall equal 110 percent of the applicable Medicaid rate.

(b) Certain providers are statewide resources and essential providers for all managed care plans in all regions. All managed care plans must include these essential providers in their networks. Statewide essential providers include:

1. Faculty plans of Florida medical schools.
2. Regional perinatal intensive care centers as defined in s. 383.16(2).
3. Hospitals licensed as specialty children's hospitals as

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defined in s. 395.002(28).

4. Accredited and integrated systems serving medically complex children that are comprised of separately licensed, but commonly owned, health care providers delivering at least the following services: medical group home, in-home and outpatient nursing care and therapies, pharmacy services, durable medical equipment, and Prescribed Pediatric Extended Care.

Managed care plans that have not contracted with all statewide essential providers in all regions as of the first date of recipient enrollment must continue to negotiate in good faith. Payments to physicians on the faculty of nonparticipating Florida medical schools shall be made at the applicable Medicaid rate. Payments for services rendered by regional perinatal intensive care centers shall be made at the applicable Medicaid rate as of the first day of the contract between the agency and the plan. Payments to nonparticipating specialty children's hospitals shall equal the highest rate established by contract between that provider and any other Medicaid managed care plan.

(c) After 12 months of active participation in a plan's network, the plan may exclude any essential provider from the network for failure to meet quality or performance criteria. If the plan excludes an essential provider from the plan, the plan must provide written notice to all recipients who have chosen that provider for care. The notice shall be provided at least 30 days before the effective date of the exclusion.

(d) Each managed care plan must offer a network contract to each home medical equipment and supplies provider in the

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2101 region which meets quality and fraud prevention and detection
2102 standards established by the plan and which agrees to accept the
2103 lowest price previously negotiated between the plan and another
2104 such provider.

2105 Reviser's note.—Amended to substitute a reference to
2106 s. 409.967(2)(c) for a reference to s. 409.967(2)(b).
2107 Section 409.967(2)(c) establishes standards for access
2108 to care. Section 409.067(2)(b) references emergency
2109 services.

2110 Section 55. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
2111 409.983, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2112 409.983 Long-term care managed care plan payment.—In
2113 addition to the payment provisions of s. 409.968, the agency
2114 shall provide payment to plans in the long-term care managed
2115 care program pursuant to this section.

2116 (4) The initial assessment of an enrollee's level of care
2117 shall be made by the Comprehensive Assessment and Review for
2118 Long-Term-Care Services (CARES) program, which shall assign the
2119 recipient into one of the following levels of care:

2120 (b) Level of care 2 consists of recipients at imminent
2121 risk of nursing home placement, as evidenced by the need for the
2122 constant availability of routine medical and nursing treatment
2123 and care, and who require extensive health-related care and
2124 services because of mental or physical incapacitation.

2125
2126 The agency shall periodically adjust payment rates to account
2127 for changes in the level of care profile for each managed care
2128 plan based on encounter data.

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2129 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion
2130 of the word "who."

2131 Section 56. Subsection (3) of section 409.984, Florida
2132 Statutes, is amended to read:

2133 409.984 Enrollment in a long-term care managed care plan.—

2134 (3) Notwithstanding s. 409.969(2) ~~409.969(3)(c)~~, if a
2135 recipient is referred for hospice services, the recipient has 30
2136 days during which the recipient may select to enroll in another
2137 managed care plan to access the hospice provider of the
2138 recipient's choice.

2139 Reviser's note.—Amended to substitute a reference to
2140 s. 409.969(2) for a reference to s. 409.969(3)(c).

2141 Section 409.969(2) references a 90-day period during
2142 which a Medicaid recipient may disenroll and select
2143 another plan. Section 409.969(3)(c) does not exist.

2144 Section 57. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
2145 409.985, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2146 409.985 Comprehensive Assessment and Review for Long-Term
2147 Care Services (CARES) Program.—

2148 (3) The CARES program shall determine if an individual
2149 requires nursing facility care and, if the individual requires
2150 such care, assign the individual to a level of care as described
2151 in s. 409.983(4). When determining the need for nursing facility
2152 care, consideration shall be given to the nature of the services
2153 prescribed and which level of nursing or other health care
2154 personnel meets the qualifications necessary to provide such
2155 services and the availability to and access by the individual of
2156 community or alternative resources. For the purposes of the

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2157 long-term care managed care program, the term "nursing facility
2158 care" means the individual:

2159 (b) Requires or is at imminent risk of nursing home
2160 placement as evidenced by the need for observation throughout a
2161 24-hour period and care and the constant availability of medical
2162 and nursing treatment and requires services on a daily or
2163 intermittent basis that are to be performed under the
2164 supervision of licensed nursing or other health professionals
2165 because the individual ~~who~~ is incapacitated mentally or
2166 physically; or

2167 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial deletion
2168 of the word "who."

2169 Section 58. Subsection (1) of section 420.602, Florida
2170 Statutes, is amended to read:

2171 420.602 Definitions.—As used in this part, the following
2172 terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context
2173 otherwise requires:

2174 (1) "Adjusted for family size" means adjusted in a manner
2175 which results in an income eligibility level which is lower for
2176 households with fewer than four people, or higher for households
2177 with more than four people, than the base income eligibility
2178 level determined as provided in subsection (9) ~~(8)~~, subsection
2179 (10) ~~(9)~~, or subsection (12), based upon a formula as
2180 established by rule of the corporation.

2181 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the
2182 redesignation of subsections (8) and (9) as
2183 subsections (9) and (10) by s. 333, ch. 2011-142, Laws
2184 of Florida.

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2185 Section 59. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section
2186 427.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2187 427.012 The Commission for the Transportation
2188 Disadvantaged.—There is created the Commission for the
2189 Transportation Disadvantaged in the Department of
2190 Transportation.

2191 (1) The commission shall consist of seven members, all of
2192 whom shall be appointed by the Governor, in accordance with the
2193 requirements of s. 20.052.

2194 (g) The Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of
2195 Children and Family Services, the executive director of the
2196 Department of Economic Opportunity, the executive director of
2197 the Department of Veterans' Affairs, the Secretary of Elderly
2198 Affairs, the Secretary of Health Care Administration, the
2199 director of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and a
2200 county manager or administrator who is appointed by the
2201 Governor, or a senior management level representative of each,
2202 shall serve as ex officio, nonvoting advisors to the commission.

2203 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion
2204 of the words "the Department of" to conform to the
2205 complete name of the department.

2206 Section 60. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
2207 440.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2208 440.45 Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims.—

2209 (2)

2210 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the Governor
2211 shall appoint a judge of compensation claims from a list of
2212 three persons nominated by a statewide nominating commission.

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The statewide nominating commission shall be composed of the following:

1. Five members, at least one of whom must be a member of a minority group as defined in s. 288.703, one of each who resides in each of the territorial jurisdictions of the district courts of appeal, appointed by the Board of Governors of The Florida Bar from among The Florida Bar members who are engaged in the practice of law. ~~On July 1, 1999, the term of office of each person appointed by the Board of Governors of The Florida Bar to the commission expires.~~ The Board of Governors shall appoint members who reside in the odd-numbered district court of appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms each, beginning July 1, 1999, and members who reside in the even-numbered district court of appeal jurisdictions to 2-year terms each, beginning July 1, 1999. Thereafter, each member shall be appointed for a 4-year term;

2. Five electors, at least one of whom must be a member of a minority group as defined in s. 288.703, one of each who resides in each of the territorial jurisdictions of the district courts of appeal, appointed by the Governor. ~~On July 1, 1999, the term of office of each person appointed by the Governor to the commission expires.~~ The Governor shall appoint members who reside in the odd-numbered district court of appeal jurisdictions to 2-year terms each, beginning July 1, 1999, and members who reside in the even-numbered district court of appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms each, beginning July 1, 1999. Thereafter, each member shall be appointed for a 4-year term; and

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2241 3. Five electors, at least one of whom must be a member of
2242 a minority group as defined in s. 288.703, one of each who
2243 resides in the territorial jurisdictions of the district courts
2244 of appeal, selected and appointed by a majority vote of the
2245 other 10 members of the commission. ~~On October 1, 1999, the term~~
2246 ~~of office of each person appointed to the commission by its~~
2247 ~~other members expires.~~ A majority of the other members of the
2248 commission shall appoint members who reside in the odd-numbered
2249 district court of appeal jurisdictions to 2-year terms each,
2250 beginning October 1, 1999, and members who reside in the even-
2251 numbered district court of appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms
2252 each, beginning October 1, 1999. Thereafter, each member shall
2253 be appointed for a 4-year term.

2254
2255 A vacancy occurring on the commission shall be filled by the
2256 original appointing authority for the unexpired balance of the
2257 term. No attorney who appears before any judge of compensation
2258 claims more than four times a year is eligible to serve on the
2259 statewide nominating commission. The meetings and determinations
2260 of the nominating commission as to the judges of compensation
2261 claims shall be open to the public.

2262 Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete provisions.

2263 Section 61. Subsection (26) of section 443.036, Florida
2264 Statutes, is amended to read:

2265 443.036 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

2266 (26) "Initial skills review" means an online education or
2267 training program, such as that established under s. 445.06
2268 ~~1004.99~~, that is approved by the Agency for Workforce Innovation

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and designed to measure an individual's mastery level of workplace skills.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the transfer of s. 1004.99 to s. 445.06 by s. 476, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida.

Section 62. Paragraph (f) of subsection (13) of section 443.1216, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.1216 Employment.—Employment, as defined in s. 443.036, is subject to this chapter under the following conditions:

(13) The following are exempt from coverage under this chapter:

(f) Service performed in the employ of a public employer as defined in s. 443.036, except as provided in subsection (2), and service performed in the employ of an instrumentality of a public employer as described in s. 443.036(36)(b) or (c) ~~443.036(35)(b) or (c)~~, to the extent that the instrumentality is immune under the United States Constitution from the tax imposed by s. 3301 of the Internal Revenue Code for that service.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of subunits within s. 443.036 by s. 3, ch. 2011-235, Laws of Florida.

Section 63. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 468.841, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.841 Exemptions.—

(1) The following persons are not required to comply with any provisions of this part relating to mold assessment:

(d) Persons or business organizations acting within the scope of the respective licenses required under part XV of this

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chapter, chapter 471, part I of chapter 481, chapter 482, or chapter 489 ~~or part XV of this chapter~~ are acting on behalf of an insurer under part VI of chapter 626, or are persons in the manufactured housing industry who are licensed under chapter 320, except when any such persons or business organizations hold themselves out for hire to the public as a "certified mold assessor," "registered mold assessor," "licensed mold assessor," "mold assessor," "professional mold assessor," or any combination thereof stating or implying licensure under this part.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial deletion of the words "or part XV of this chapter" to eliminate redundancy.

Section 64. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 474.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.203 Exemptions.—This chapter does not apply to:

(5)(a) Any person, or the person's regular employee, administering to the ills or injuries of her or his own animals, including, but not limited to, castration, spaying, and dehorning of herd animals, unless title is transferred or employment provided for the purpose of circumventing this law. This exemption does not apply to any person licensed as a veterinarian in another state or foreign jurisdiction and ~~is~~ practicing temporarily in this state. However, only a veterinarian may immunize or treat an animal for diseases that are communicable to humans and that are of public health significance.

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For the purposes of chapters 465 and 893, persons exempt pursuant to subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (4) are deemed to be duly licensed practitioners authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe drugs or medicinal supplies.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial deletion of the word "is."

Section 65. Subsection (1) of section 474.2125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.2125 Temporary license.—

(1) The board shall adopt rules providing for the issuance of a temporary license to a licensed veterinarian of another state for the purpose of enabling her or him to provide veterinary medical services in this state for the animals of a specific owner or, as may be needed in an emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3) ~~252.34(2)~~, for the animals of multiple owners, provided the applicant would qualify for licensure by endorsement under s. 474.217. No temporary license shall be valid for more than 30 days after its issuance, and no license shall cover more than the treatment of the animals of one owner except in an emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3) ~~252.34(2)~~. After the expiration of 30 days, a new license is required.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the correct location of the definition of the word "emergency."

Section 66. Subsection (3) of section 493.6402, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6402 Fees.—

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by check or money order, or, at the discretion of the department,

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2353 by ~~or~~ electronic funds transfer at the time the application is
2354 approved, except that the applicant for a Class "E," Class "EE,"
2355 or Class "MR" license must pay the license fee at the time the
2356 application is made. If a license is revoked or denied, or if an
2357 application is withdrawn, the license fee is nonrefundable.

2358 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial deletion
2359 of the word "or."

2360 Section 67. Paragraph (o) of subsection (8) of section
2361 499.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2362 499.012 Permit application requirements.—

2363 (8) An application for a permit or to renew a permit for a
2364 prescription drug wholesale distributor or an out-of-state
2365 prescription drug wholesale distributor submitted to the
2366 department must include:

2367 (o) Documentation of the credentialing policies and
2368 procedures required by s. 499.0121(15) ~~499.0121(14)~~.

2369 Reviser's note.—Amended to correct an apparent error.

2370 Section 499.0121(15) references credentialing. Section
2371 499.0121(14) references distribution reporting.

2372 Section 68. Subsection (2) of section 514.0315, Florida
2373 Statutes, is amended to read:

2374 514.0315 Required safety features for public swimming
2375 pools and spas.—

2376 (2) A public swimming pool or spa built before January 1,
2377 1993, with a single main drain other than an unblockable drain
2378 must be equipped with at least one of the following features
2379 that complies with any American Society of Mechanical Engineers,
2380 American National Standards Institute, American Society Standard

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for Testing and Materials, or other applicable consumer product safety standard for such system or device and protects against evisceration and body-and-limb suction entrapment:

(a) A safety vacuum release system that ceases operation of the pump, reverses the circulation flow, or otherwise provides a vacuum release at a suction outlet when a blockage is detected and that has been tested by an independent third party and found to conform to American Society of Mechanical Engineers/American National Standards Institute standard A112.19.17, American Society Standard for Testing and Materials standard ~~26~~ F2387, or any successor standard.

(b) A suction-limiting vent system with a tamper-resistant atmospheric opening.

(c) A gravity drainage system that uses a collector tank.

(d) An automatic pump shut-off system.

(e) A device or system that disables the drain.

Reviser's note.—The introductory paragraph of subsection (2) and paragraph (2)(a) are amended to confirm editorial substitution of the word "Society" for the word "Standard" to conform to the correct name of the society. Paragraph (2)(a) is also amended to confirm editorial deletion of the number "26" to conform to the fact that there is no standard ~~26~~ F2387, only a standard F2387.

Section 69. Section 514.072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

514.072 Certification of swimming instructors for people who have developmental disabilities required.—Any person working

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2409 at a swimming pool who holds himself or herself out as a
2410 swimming instructor specializing in training people who have
2411 developmental disabilities, as defined in s. 393.063(9)
2412 ~~393.063(10)~~, may be certified by the Dan Marino Foundation,
2413 Inc., in addition to being certified under s. 514.071. The Dan
2414 Marino Foundation, Inc., must develop certification requirements
2415 and a training curriculum for swimming instructors for people
2416 who have developmental disabilities and must submit the
2417 certification requirements to the Department of Health for
2418 review by January 1, 2007. A person certified under s. 514.071
2419 before July 1, 2007, must meet the additional certification
2420 requirements of this section before January 1, 2008. A person
2421 certified under s. 514.071 on or after July 1, 2007, must meet
2422 the additional certification requirements of this section within
2423 6 months after receiving certification under s. 514.071.

2424 Reviser's note.—Amended to correct an apparent error
2425 and facilitate correct interpretation. "Developmental
2426 disabilities center" is defined in s. 393.063(10);
2427 "developmental disability" is defined in s.
2428 393.063(9).

2429 Section 70. Section 526.207, Florida Statutes, is amended
2430 to read:

2431 526.207 Studies and reports.—

2432 ~~(1)~~ The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
2433 shall conduct a study to evaluate and recommend the life-cycle
2434 greenhouse gas emissions associated with all renewable fuels,
2435 including, but not limited to, biodiesel, renewable diesel,
2436 biobutanol, and ethanol derived from any source. In addition,

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the department shall evaluate and recommend a requirement that all renewable fuels introduced into commerce in the state, as a result of the renewable fuel standard, shall reduce the life-cycle greenhouse gas emissions by an average percentage. The department may also evaluate and recommend any benefits associated with the creation, banking, transfer, and sale of credits among fuel refiners, blenders, and importers.

~~(2) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall submit a report containing specific recommendations to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than December 31, 2010.~~

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete a provision that has served its purpose.

Section 71. Subsection (1) of section 538.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

538.09 Registration.—

(1) A secondhand dealer shall not engage in the business of purchasing, consigning, or trading secondhand goods from any location without registering with the Department of Revenue. A fee equal to the federal and state costs for processing required fingerprints must be submitted to the department with each application for registration. One application is required for each dealer. If a secondhand dealer is the owner of more than one secondhand store location, the application must list each location, and the department shall issue a duplicate registration for each location. For purposes of subsections (4) and (5) of this section, these duplicate registrations shall be deemed individual registrations. A dealer shall pay a fee of \$6

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per location at the time of registration and an annual renewal fee of \$6 per location on October 1 of each year. All fees collected, less costs of administration, shall be transferred into the Operating ~~Operations~~ Trust Fund. The Department of Revenue shall forward the full set of fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state and federal processing, provided the federal service is available, to be processed for any criminal justice information as defined in s. 943.045. The cost of processing such fingerprints shall be payable to the Department of Law Enforcement by the Department of Revenue. The department may issue a temporary registration to each location pending completion of the background check by state and federal law enforcement agencies, but shall revoke such temporary registration if the completed background check reveals a prohibited criminal background. An applicant for a secondhand dealer registration must be a natural person who has reached the age of 18 years.

(a) If the applicant is a partnership, all the partners must apply.

(b) If the applicant is a joint venture, association, or other noncorporate entity, all members of such joint venture, association, or other noncorporate entity must make application for registration as natural persons.

(c) If the applicant is a corporation, the registration must include the name and address of such corporation's registered agent for service of process in the state and a certified copy of statement from the Secretary of State that the corporation is duly organized in the state or, if the

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corporation is organized in a state other than Florida, a certified copy of statement from the Secretary of State that the corporation is duly qualified to do business in this state. If the dealer has more than one location, the application must list each location owned by the same legal entity and the department shall issue a duplicate registration for each location.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial substitution of the word "Operating" for the word "Operations" to conform to the renaming of the trust fund by s. 1, ch. 2011-28, Laws of Florida.

Section 72. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 538.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

538.25 Registration.—

(1) No person shall engage in business as a secondary metals recycler at any location without registering with the department.

(a) A fee equal to the federal and state costs for processing required fingerprints must be submitted to the department with each application for registration. One application is required for each secondary metals recycler. If a secondary metals recycler is the owner of more than one secondary metals recycling location, the application must list each location, and the department shall issue a duplicate registration for each location. For purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5), these duplicate registrations shall be deemed individual registrations. A secondary metals recycler shall pay a fee of \$6 per location at the time of registration and an annual renewal fee of \$6 per location on October 1 of each year.

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2521 All fees collected, less costs of administration, shall be
2522 transferred into the Operating ~~Operations~~ Trust Fund.

2523 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial
2524 substitution of the word "Operating" for the word
2525 "Operations" to conform to the renaming of the trust
2526 fund by s. 1, ch. 2011-28, Laws of Florida.

2527 Section 73. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) and subsection
2528 (11) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2529 553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.—

2530 (5)(a) The enforcing agency shall require a special
2531 inspector to perform structural inspections on a threshold
2532 building pursuant to a structural inspection plan prepared by
2533 the engineer or architect of record. The structural inspection
2534 plan must be submitted to and approved by the enforcing agency
2535 prior to the issuance of a building permit for the construction
2536 of a threshold building. The purpose of the structural
2537 inspection plan is to provide specific inspection procedures and
2538 schedules so that the building can be adequately inspected for
2539 compliance with the permitted documents. The special inspector
2540 may not serve as a surrogate in carrying out the
2541 responsibilities of the building official, the architect, or the
2542 engineer of record. The contractor's contractual or statutory
2543 obligations are not relieved by any action of the special
2544 inspector. The special inspector shall determine that a
2545 professional engineer who specializes in shoring design has
2546 inspected the shoring and reshoring for conformance with the
2547 shoring and reshoring plans submitted to the enforcing agency. A
2548 fee simple title owner of a building, which does not meet the

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2549 minimum size, height, occupancy, occupancy classification, or
2550 number-of-stories criteria which would result in classification
2551 as a threshold building under s. 553.71(11) ~~553.71(7)~~, may
2552 designate such building as a threshold building, subject to more
2553 than the minimum number of inspections required by the Florida
2554 Building Code.

2555 (11) Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter
2556 or supplement the provisions of part I ~~IV~~ of this chapter
2557 relating to manufactured buildings.

2558 Reviser's note.—Paragraph (5)(a) is amended to conform
2559 to the redesignation of s. 553.71(7) as s. 553.71(11)
2560 by s. 413, ch. 2011-142, Laws of Florida. Subsection
2561 (11) is amended to conform to context; part I of
2562 chapter 553 relates to manufactured buildings; part IV
2563 relates to the Florida Building Code.

2564 Section 74. Section 590.33, Florida Statutes, is amended
2565 to read:

2566 590.33 State compact administrator; compact advisory
2567 committee.—In pursuance of art. III of the compact, the director
2568 of the division shall act as compact administrator for Florida
2569 of the Southeastern Interstate Forest Fire Protection Compact
2570 during his or her term of office as director, and his or her
2571 successor as compact administrator shall be his or her successor
2572 as director of the division. As compact administrator, he or she
2573 shall be an ex officio member of the advisory committee of the
2574 Southeastern Interstate Forest Fire Protection Compact, and
2575 chair ex officio of the Florida members of the advisory
2576 committee. There shall be four members of the Southeastern

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Interstate Forest Fire Protection Compact Advisory Committee from Florida. Two of the members from Florida shall be members of the Legislature of Florida, one from the Senate designated by the President of the Senate and one from the House of Representatives designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the terms of any such members shall terminate at the time they cease to hold legislative office, and their successors as members shall be named in like manner. The Governor shall appoint the other two members from Florida, one of whom shall be associated with forestry or forest products industries. The terms of such members shall be 3 years and such members shall hold office until their respective successors shall be appointed and qualified. Vacancies occurring in the office of such members from any reason or cause shall be filled by appointment by the Governor for the unexpired term. The director of the division as compact administrator for Florida may delegate, from time to time, to any deputy or other subordinate in his or her department or office, the power to be present and participate, including voting as his or her representative or substitute at any meeting of or hearing by or other proceeding of the compact administrators or of the advisory committee. The terms of each of the initial four memberships, whether appointed at said time or not, shall begin upon the date upon which the compact shall become effective in accordance with art. II of said compact. Any member of the advisory committee may be removed from office by the Governor upon charges and after a hearing.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion

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2605 of the words "of Representatives."

2606 Section 75. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
2607 604.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2608 604.50 Nonresidential farm buildings and farm fences.—

2609 (2) As used in this section, the term:

2610 (a) "Nonresidential farm building" means any temporary or
2611 permanent building or support structure that is classified as a
2612 nonresidential farm building on a farm under s. 553.73(10)(c)
2613 ~~553.73(9)(e)~~ or that is used primarily for agricultural
2614 purposes, is located on land that is an integral part of a farm
2615 operation or is classified as agricultural land under s.
2616 193.461, and is not intended to be used as a residential
2617 dwelling. The term may include, but is not limited to, a barn,
2618 greenhouse, shade house, farm office, storage building, or
2619 poultry house.

2620 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the
2621 redesignation of s. 553.73(9)(c) as s. 553.73(10)(c)
2622 by s. 32, ch. 2010-176, Laws of Florida.

2623 Section 76. Subsection (4) of section 627.0628, Florida
2624 Statutes, is amended to read:

2625 627.0628 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection
2626 Methodology; public records exemption; public meetings
2627 exemption.—

2628 ~~(4) REVIEW OF DISCOUNTS, CREDITS, OTHER RATE~~
2629 ~~DIFFERENTIALS, AND REDUCTIONS IN DEDUCTIBLES RELATING TO~~
2630 ~~WINDSTORM MITIGATION. The commission shall hold public meetings~~
2631 ~~for the purpose of receiving testimony and data regarding the~~
2632 ~~implementation of windstorm mitigation discounts, credits, other~~

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~~rate differentials, and appropriate reductions in deductibles pursuant to s. 627.0629. After reviewing the testimony and data as well as any other information the commission deems appropriate, the commission shall present a report by February 1, 2010, to the Governor, the Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, including recommendations on improving the process of assessing, determining, and applying windstorm mitigation discounts, credits, other rate differentials, and appropriate reductions in deductibles pursuant to s. 627.0629.~~

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete a provision that has served its purpose.

Section 77. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and paragraphs (b), (c), (q), and (v) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.—

(2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT.—

(b) The department shall require all insurers holding a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting associations and other entities formed pursuant to this section, to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from areas determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such coverage through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or sharing among such insurers of windstorm coverage, which may include formation of an association for this purpose. As used in this subsection, the

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term "property insurance" means insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners' multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments.

1. For the purpose of this section, properties eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which are used as dwellings and which are tied down in compliance with mobile home tie-down requirements prescribed by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 320.8325, and the contents of all such properties. An applicant or policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an offer of coverage cannot be obtained by or for the applicant or policyholder from an admitted insurer at approved rates.

2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in the proportion that the net direct premiums of each member insurer written for property insurance in this state during the preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct

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2689 premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as
2690 reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state
2691 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this
2692 subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct written
2693 premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for
2694 liability coverage and for the following if included in allied
2695 lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; association
2696 direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance Program direct
2697 premiums; and similar deductions specifically authorized by the
2698 plan of operation and approved by the department. A member's
2699 participation shall begin on the first day of the calendar year
2700 following the year in which it is issued a certificate of
2701 authority to transact property insurance in the state and shall
2702 terminate 1 year after the end of the calendar year during which
2703 it no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact
2704 property insurance in the state. The commissioner, after review
2705 of annual statements, other reports, and any other statistics
2706 that the commissioner deems necessary, shall certify to the
2707 association the aggregate direct premiums written for property
2708 insurance in this state by all member insurers.

2709 (II) Effective July 1, 2002, the association shall operate
2710 subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors
2711 who are the same individuals that have been appointed by the
2712 Treasurer to serve on the board of governors of the Citizens
2713 Property Insurance Corporation.

2714 (III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula
2715 whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in
2716 affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from

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2717 apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to sub-sub-
2718 subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II).

2719 (IV) A company which is a member of a group of companies
2720 under common management may elect to have its credits applied on
2721 a group basis, and any company or group may elect to have its
2722 credits applied to any other company or group.

2723 (V) There shall be no credits or relief from apportionment
2724 to a company for emergency assessments collected from its
2725 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph d.(III).

2726 (VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the award
2727 of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a regular
2728 assessment pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-
2729 subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking policies out of
2730 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
2731 Association. In order to qualify for the exemption under this
2732 sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan must provide that at
2733 least 40 percent of the policies removed from the Residential
2734 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association cover risks
2735 located in Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties or at
2736 least 30 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located
2737 in Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties and an
2738 additional 50 percent of the policies so removed cover risks
2739 located in other coastal counties, and must also provide that no
2740 more than 15 percent of the policies so removed may exclude
2741 windstorm coverage. With the approval of the department, the
2742 association may waive these geographic criteria for a take-out
2743 plan that removes at least the lesser of 100,000 Residential
2744 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies or

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2745 15 percent of the total number of Residential Property and
2746 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies, provided the
2747 governing board of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint
2748 Underwriting Association certifies that the take-out plan will
2749 materially reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint
2750 Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from
2751 hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board may
2752 extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer
2753 guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies
2754 removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint
2755 Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the
2756 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all
2757 policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty
2758 Joint Underwriting Association.

2759 b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association under
2760 this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate factor in
2761 the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.

2762 c. The Legislature finds that the potential for unlimited
2763 deficit assessments under this subparagraph may induce insurers
2764 to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and
2765 that such actions would worsen the availability problems that
2766 the association was created to remedy. It is the intent of the
2767 Legislature that insurers remain fully responsible for paying
2768 regular assessments and collecting emergency assessments for any
2769 deficits of the association; however, it is also the intent of
2770 the Legislature to provide a means by which assessment
2771 liabilities may be amortized over a period of years.

2772 d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar

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year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the deficit.

(II) When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for member insurers. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-sub-paragraph (III).

(III) Upon a determination by the board of directors that a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to sub-sub-paragraph (I) or sub-sub-paragraph (II), the board shall levy, after verification by the department, emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and by underwriting associations created pursuant to this section which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of property insurance policies other than National Flood Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage of that year's direct written premium for property insurance for all member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding National Flood Insurance

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2801 policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and
2802 verified by the department. The department shall verify the
2803 arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination
2804 within 30 days after receipt of the information on which the
2805 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision of
2806 law, each member insurer and each underwriting association
2807 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency
2808 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being
2809 affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. The
2810 emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly
2811 to the association on a periodic basis as determined by the
2812 association. The aggregate amount of emergency assessments
2813 levied under this sub-sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may
2814 not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to
2815 cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions,
2816 required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of
2817 the original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide
2818 direct written premium for property insurance written by member
2819 insurers and underwriting associations for the prior year, plus
2820 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs
2821 associated with financing the original deficit. The board may
2822 pledge the proceeds of the emergency assessments under this sub-
2823 sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to retire
2824 any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or events
2825 giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that the board
2826 determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency
2827 assessments under this sub-sub-subparagraph shall continue as
2828 long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with

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2829 | respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain
2830 | outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the
2831 | payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the
2832 | document governing such bonds or other indebtedness. Emergency
2833 | assessments collected under this sub-sub-subparagraph are not
2834 | part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject
2835 | to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay
2836 | the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay
2837 | premium.

2838 | (IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular
2839 | assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-sub-
2840 | subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the insurer's
2841 | net direct premium for property insurance in this state, for the
2842 | year preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide
2843 | net direct premium for property insurance of all member
2844 | insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings for
2845 | that year.

2846 | (V) If regular deficit assessments are made under sub-sub-
2847 | subparagraph (I) or sub-sub-subparagraph (II), or by the
2848 | Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association
2849 | under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. ~~or sub-subparagraph~~
2850 | ~~(6)(b)3.b.~~, the association shall levy upon the association's
2851 | policyholders, as part of its next rate filing, or by a separate
2852 | rate filing solely for this purpose, a market equalization
2853 | surcharge in a percentage equal to the total amount of such
2854 | regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct
2855 | written premium for property insurance for member insurers for
2856 | the prior calendar year. Market equalization surcharges under

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2857 | this sub-sub-subparagraph are not considered premium and are not
2858 | subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure
2859 | to pay a market equalization surcharge shall be treated as
2860 | failure to pay premium.

2861 | e. The governing body of any unit of local government, any
2862 | residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds
2863 | as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an assistance
2864 | program, in conjunction with the association, for the purpose of
2865 | defraying deficits of the association. In order to avoid
2866 | needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and
2867 | fragmentation of such assistance programs, any unit of local
2868 | government, any residents of which are insured by the
2869 | association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless
2870 | of whether or not the losses occurred within or outside of the
2871 | territorial jurisdiction of the local government. Revenue bonds
2872 | may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless
2873 | a state of emergency is declared by executive order or
2874 | proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such
2875 | findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best
2876 | interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public
2877 | health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state
2878 | and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of
2879 | insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an essential
2880 | public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to
2881 | issue bonds as will provide relief to claimants and
2882 | policyholders of the association and insurers responsible for
2883 | apportionment of plan losses. Any such unit of local government
2884 | may enter into such contracts with the association and with any

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2885 other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are
2886 necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under
2887 this sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by
2888 moneys received by the association from assessments under this
2889 subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the
2890 unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of such
2891 bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the
2892 state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged
2893 for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain unsold
2894 60 days after issuance, the department shall require all
2895 insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which
2896 shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be
2897 required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of
2898 the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of
2899 assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not
2900 be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the
2901 department determines that the purchase would endanger or impair
2902 the solvency of the insurer. The authority granted by this sub-
2903 subparagraph is additional to any bonding authority granted by
2904 subparagraph 6.

2905 3. The plan shall also provide that any member with a
2906 surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25
2907 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance
2908 premiums in this state may petition the department, within the
2909 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited
2910 apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member
2911 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall not
2912 exceed its gross participation, which shall not be affected by

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the formula for voluntary writings. In no event shall a limited apportionment company be required to participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of available plan funds in any calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide that, if the department determines that any regular assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the department may direct that all or part of such assessment be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III).

4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), but not for an emergency assessment collected from policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the opinion of the commissioner, payment of such regular assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the member insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II).

5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and

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2941 rules for classification of risks and rate modifications
2942 consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining funds
2943 sufficient to pay catastrophe losses.

2944 b. It is the intent of the Legislature that the rates for
2945 coverage provided by the association be actuarially sound and
2946 not competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted
2947 voluntary market such that the association functions as a
2948 residual market mechanism to provide insurance only when the
2949 insurance cannot be procured in the voluntary market. The plan
2950 of operation shall provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning
2951 no later than January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the
2952 association for each line of business are reflective of approved
2953 rates in the voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each
2954 line of business in the various areas eligible for association
2955 coverage.

2956 c. The association shall provide for windstorm coverage on
2957 residential properties in limits up to \$10 million for
2958 commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million for
2959 personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the
2960 association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess of
2961 these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to the
2962 replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at the
2963 option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be
2964 located in the authorized market. The association must accept a
2965 commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 million
2966 or a personal lines residential risk with limits above \$1
2967 million if coverage is not available in the authorized market.
2968 The association may write coverage above the limits specified in

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2969 this subparagraph with or without facultative or other
2970 reinsurance coverage, as the association determines appropriate.

2971 d. The plan of operation must provide objective criteria
2972 and procedures, approved by the department, to be uniformly
2973 applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual
2974 risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this
2975 determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures,
2976 the following shall be considered:

2977 (I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
2978 risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
2979 class; and

2980 (II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the
2981 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be
2982 determined.

2983
2984 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association
2985 pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as
2986 the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of
2987 chapter 120 do not apply.

2988 e. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
2989 market assistance program or through a mechanism established by
2990 the association, either before the policy is issued by the
2991 association or during the first 30 days of coverage by the
2992 association, and the producing agent who submitted the
2993 application to the association is not currently appointed by the
2994 insurer, the insurer shall:

2995 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
2996 for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the

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insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the association; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, the policies issued by the association must provide that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage through the association. Upon termination of eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph.

f. When the association enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of

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the association policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the association; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the association policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).

6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the pledging of assessments or other revenues.

b. Any entity created under this subsection, or any entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and be sued,

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3053 may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt instruments;
3054 pledge or sell assessments, market equalization surcharges and
3055 other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual rights,
3056 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
3057 Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other assets as
3058 security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; enter into
3059 any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to accomplish
3060 such borrowings; and take other actions necessary to carry out
3061 the purposes of this subsection. The association may issue bonds
3062 or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf
3063 by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (6)(q)2.,
3064 in the absence of a hurricane or other weather-related event,
3065 upon a determination by the association subject to approval by
3066 the department that such action would enable it to efficiently
3067 meet the financial obligations of the association and that such
3068 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the
3069 requirements of this subsection. Any such entity may accumulate
3070 reserves and retain surpluses as of the end of any association
3071 year to provide for the payment of losses incurred by the
3072 association during that year or any future year. The association
3073 shall incorporate and continue the plan of operation and
3074 articles of agreement in effect on the effective date of chapter
3075 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the extent that it is not
3076 inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as subsequently modified
3077 consistent with chapter 76-96. The board of directors and
3078 officers currently serving shall continue to serve until their
3079 successors are duly qualified as provided under the plan. The
3080 assets and obligations of the plan in effect immediately prior

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to the effective date of chapter 76-96 shall be construed to be the assets and obligations of the successor plan created herein.

c. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred by the association or any other entity created under this subsection.

7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be that amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his or her contract with the company with which the business is placed. However, no commission will be paid on that portion of the premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that company.

8. Subject to approval by the department, the association may establish different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified eligible area or portion of an eligible area if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage from the association. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage

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3109 later than the date of the closing of the transfer as
3110 established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if
3111 applicable, the lender.

3112 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

3113 a. The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security
3114 interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the
3115 association created or purported to be created pursuant to any
3116 financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of
3117 the association shall be and remain valid and enforceable,
3118 notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation
3119 of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation,
3120 bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or
3121 similar proceeding against the association under the laws of
3122 this state or any other applicable laws.

3123 b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of its
3124 obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its
3125 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect,
3126 assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, projected
3127 recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund,
3128 reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues, or
3129 other assets of the association pledged.

3130 c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security
3131 interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or
3132 security interest, any such assessments, emergency assessments,
3133 market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries
3134 from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, reinsurance
3135 recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or other assets which
3136 are collected, or levied and collected, after the commencement

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of and during the pendency of or after any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding.

d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of any other obligation of the association related to such bonds or indebtedness.

e. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, contract rights or other rights or assets of the association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such person

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or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or other action.

f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the association, members of the board of directors of the association, or the department or its representatives, for any action taken by them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort.

(6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION.—

(b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more subject lines of business in this state are subject to assessment by the corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are referred to collectively as "assessable insurers." Insurers writing one or more subject lines of business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable insurers, but insureds who procure one or more subject lines of business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are subject to assessment by the corporation and are referred to collectively as "assessable insureds." An insurer's assessment liability begins on the first day of the calendar year following the year in which the insurer was issued a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state and terminates 1 year after the end of the first calendar year during which the insurer no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines

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of business in this state.

2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the corporation shall be divided into three separate accounts as follows:

(I) A personal lines account for personal residential policies issued by the corporation, or issued by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed by the corporation, which provides comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas;

(II) A commercial lines account for commercial residential and commercial nonresidential policies issued by the corporation, or issued by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed by the corporation, which provides coverage for basic property perils on risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas; and

(III) A coastal account for personal residential policies and commercial residential and commercial nonresidential property policies issued by the corporation, or transferred to the corporation, which provides coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in areas eligible for coverage by the

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3221 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were
3222 defined on January 1, 2002. The corporation may offer policies
3223 that provide multiperil coverage and the corporation shall
3224 continue to offer policies that provide coverage only for the
3225 peril of wind for risks located in areas eligible for coverage
3226 in the coastal account. In issuing multiperil coverage, the
3227 corporation may use its approved policy forms and rates for the
3228 personal lines account. An applicant or insured who is eligible
3229 to purchase a multiperil policy from the corporation may
3230 purchase a multiperil policy from an authorized insurer without
3231 prejudice to the applicant's or insured's eligibility to
3232 prospectively purchase a policy that provides coverage only for
3233 the peril of wind from the corporation. An applicant or insured
3234 who is eligible for a corporation policy that provides coverage
3235 only for the peril of wind may elect to purchase or retain such
3236 policy and also purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from
3237 an authorized insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or
3238 insured's eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that
3239 provides multiperil coverage from the corporation. It is the
3240 goal of the Legislature that there be an overall average savings
3241 of 10 percent or more for a policyholder who currently has a
3242 wind-only policy with the corporation, and an ex-wind policy
3243 with a voluntary insurer or the corporation, and who obtains a
3244 multiperil policy from the corporation. It is the intent of the
3245 Legislature that the offer of multiperil coverage in the coastal
3246 account be made and implemented in a manner that does not
3247 adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the corporation or
3248 creditworthiness of or security for currently outstanding

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3249 financing obligations or credit facilities of the coastal
3250 account, the personal lines account, or the commercial lines
3251 account. The coastal account must also include quota share
3252 primary insurance under subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for
3253 coverage under the coastal account also includes the area within
3254 Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the City of
3255 Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana River, and
3256 bordered on the north by Federal Government property.

3257 b. The three separate accounts must be maintained as long
3258 as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm
3259 Underwriting Association or Residential Property and Casualty
3260 Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in accordance
3261 with the terms of the corresponding financing documents. If the
3262 financing obligations are no longer outstanding, the corporation
3263 may use a single account for all revenues, assets, liabilities,
3264 losses, and expenses of the corporation. Consistent with this
3265 subparagraph and prudent investment policies that minimize the
3266 cost of carrying debt, the board shall exercise its best efforts
3267 to retire existing debt or obtain the approval of necessary
3268 parties to amend the terms of existing debt, so as to structure
3269 the most efficient plan to consolidate the three separate
3270 accounts into a single account.

3271 c. Creditors of the Residential Property and Casualty
3272 Joint Underwriting Association and the accounts specified in
3273 sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II) may have a claim against,
3274 and recourse to, those accounts and no claim against, or
3275 recourse to, the account referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph
3276 a.(III). Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting

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3277 Association have a claim against, and recourse to, the account
3278 referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) and no claim
3279 against, or recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-sub-
3280 subparagraphs a.(I) and (II).

3281 d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses not
3282 attributable to particular accounts shall be prorated among the
3283 accounts.

3284 e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the
3285 corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the
3286 requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance of
3287 bonds under this subsection.

3288 f. No part of the income of the corporation may inure to
3289 the benefit of any private person.

3290 3. With respect to a deficit in an account:

3291 a. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder
3292 surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph h., if the remaining
3293 projected deficit incurred in a particular calendar year:

3294 (I) Is not greater than 6 percent of the aggregate
3295 statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of
3296 business for the prior calendar year, the entire deficit shall
3297 be recovered through regular assessments of assessable insurers
3298 under paragraph (q) and assessable insureds.

3299 (II) Exceeds 6 percent of the aggregate statewide direct
3300 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior
3301 calendar year, the corporation shall levy regular assessments on
3302 assessable insurers under paragraph (q) and on assessable
3303 insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 6 percent of the
3304 deficit or 6 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written

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3305 premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar
3306 year. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency
3307 assessments under sub-subparagraph c.

3308 b. Each assessable insurer's share of the amount being
3309 assessed under sub-subparagraph a. must be in the proportion
3310 that the assessable insurer's direct written premium for the
3311 subject lines of business for the year preceding the assessment
3312 bears to the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the
3313 subject lines of business for that year. The assessment
3314 percentage applicable to each assessable insured is the ratio of
3315 the amount being assessed under sub-subparagraph a. to the
3316 aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines
3317 of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the
3318 corporation on assessable insurers under sub-subparagraph a.
3319 must be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation
3320 and paragraph (q). Assessments levied by the corporation on
3321 assessable insureds under sub-subparagraph a. shall be collected
3322 by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus lines agent
3323 collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932, and paid
3324 to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the
3325 surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to that office.
3326 Upon receipt of regular assessments from surplus lines agents,
3327 the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall transfer the
3328 assessments directly to the corporation as determined by the
3329 corporation.

3330 c. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a
3331 deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be recovered
3332 through regular assessments under sub-subparagraph a., plus the

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3333 amount that is expected to be recovered through surcharges under
3334 sub-subparagraph h., the board, after verification by the
3335 office, shall levy emergency assessments for as many years as
3336 necessary to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable
3337 insurers and the corporation and collected from assessable
3338 insureds upon issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines
3339 of business, excluding National Flood Insurance policies. The
3340 amount collected in a particular year must be a uniform
3341 percentage of that year's direct written premium for subject
3342 lines of business and all accounts of the corporation, excluding
3343 National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as annually
3344 determined by the board and verified by the office. The office
3345 shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the board's
3346 determination within 30 days after receipt of the information on
3347 which the determination was based. Notwithstanding any other
3348 provision of law, the corporation and each assessable insurer
3349 that writes subject lines of business shall collect emergency
3350 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being
3351 affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment.
3352 Emergency assessments levied by the corporation on assessable
3353 insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the
3354 time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax
3355 required by s. 626.932 and paid to the Florida Surplus Lines
3356 Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the
3357 surplus lines tax to that office. The emergency assessments
3358 collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation on a
3359 periodic basis as determined by the corporation and held by the
3360 corporation solely in the applicable account. The aggregate

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3361 amount of emergency assessments levied for an account under this
3362 sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may be less than but not
3363 exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to cover
3364 the deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, required
3365 reserves, and other costs associated with financing the original
3366 deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written
3367 premium for subject lines of business and all accounts of the
3368 corporation for the prior year, plus interest, fees,
3369 commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with
3370 financing the deficit.

3371 d. The corporation may pledge the proceeds of assessments,
3372 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
3373 Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, policyholder
3374 surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds available to
3375 the corporation as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds
3376 issued under paragraph (q), bonds or other indebtedness issued
3377 under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing
3378 mechanisms issued or created under this subsection, or to retire
3379 any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving
3380 rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines
3381 will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines
3382 of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional
3383 resources to assist the corporation in covering claims and
3384 expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this
3385 subsection, the term "assessments" includes regular assessments
3386 under sub-subparagraph a. or subparagraph (q)1. and emergency
3387 assessments under sub-subparagraph c. ~~and~~. Emergency assessments
3388 collected under sub-subparagraph c. ~~and~~ are not part of an

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insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph c. shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such bonds or indebtedness.

e. As used in this subsection for purposes of any deficit incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject lines of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or procured by assessable insureds for all property and casualty lines of business in this state, but not including workers' compensation or medical malpractice. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of business" includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of authorized insurers under s. 624.424 and any rule adopted under this section, except for those lines identified as accident and health insurance and except for policies written under the National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop Insurance Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance.

f. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and

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3417 report that information to the corporation in a form and at a
3418 time the corporation specifies to ensure that the corporation
3419 can meet the requirements of this subsection and the
3420 corporation's financing obligations.

3421 g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify
3422 the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment
3423 percentages for regular assessments and emergency assessments
3424 levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and assist
3425 the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and
3426 payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as required by
3427 the corporation.

3428 h. If a deficit is incurred in any account in 2008 or
3429 thereafter, the board of governors shall levy a Citizens
3430 policyholder surcharge against all policyholders of the
3431 corporation.

3432 (I) The surcharge shall be levied as a uniform percentage
3433 of the premium for the policy of up to 15 percent of such
3434 premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit.

3435 (II) The surcharge is payable upon cancellation or
3436 termination of the policy, upon renewal of the policy, or upon
3437 issuance of a new policy by the corporation within the first 12
3438 months after the date of the levy or the period of time
3439 necessary to fully collect the surcharge amount.

3440 (III) The corporation may not levy any regular assessments
3441 under paragraph (q) pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or sub-
3442 subparagraph b. with respect to a particular year's deficit
3443 until the corporation has first levied the full amount of the
3444 surcharge authorized by this sub-subparagraph.

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(IV) The surcharge is not considered premium and is not subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes. However, failure to pay the surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium.

i. If the amount of any assessments or surcharges collected from corporation policyholders, assessable insurers or their policyholders, or assessable insureds exceeds the amount of the deficits, such excess amounts shall be remitted to and retained by the corporation in a reserve to be used by the corporation, as determined by the board of governors and approved by the office, to pay claims or reduce any past, present, or future plan-year deficits or to reduce outstanding debt.

(c) The corporation's plan of operation:

1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and nonresidential property insurance forms, which must be approved by the office before use. The corporation shall adopt the following policy forms:

a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.

b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy

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forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary market.

d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the coastal account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the coastal account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy forms listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. which contain more restrictive coverage.

2. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the peril of wind only.

a. As used in this subsection, the term:

(I) "Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are

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each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible risk, as set forth in the agreement, may not be altered by the inability of the other party to pay its specified percentage of losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane coverage through a quota share primary insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of the corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and conspicuously and clearly state that the authorized insurer and the corporation may not be held responsible beyond their specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses.

(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.

b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the

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3529 corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However,
3530 the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level
3531 may not exceed 90 percent.

3532 d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
3533 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must
3534 provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of
3535 hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the
3536 corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized
3537 insurer covered under the agreement.

3538 e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
3539 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is
3540 subject to review and approval by the office. However, such
3541 agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts
3542 entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is
3543 already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

3544 f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share
3545 primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels
3546 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be
3547 reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
3548 Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under such
3549 agreements, the corporation and the authorized insurer must
3550 maintain complete and accurate records for the purpose of
3551 exposure and loss reimbursement audits as required by fund
3552 rules. The corporation and the authorized insurer shall each
3553 maintain duplicate copies of policy declaration pages and
3554 supporting claims documents.

3555 g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of
3556 operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that

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3557 | there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the
3558 | terms of the agreements, pricing of the agreements, incentive
3559 | provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies
3560 | or adjusting claims.

3561 | h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between the
3562 | corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the
3563 | specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but
3564 | not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under
3565 | the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer
3566 | producing the business, the reporting of information concerning
3567 | eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and
3568 | arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims
3569 | incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel
3570 | of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing
3571 | insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized
3572 | insurer is voluntary and at the discretion of the authorized
3573 | insurer.

3574 | 3.a. May provide that the corporation may employ or
3575 | otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide
3576 | administrative or professional services that may be appropriate
3577 | to effectuate the plan. The corporation may borrow funds by
3578 | issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have
3579 | other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements
3580 | of this subsection, including, without limitation, the power to
3581 | issue bonds and incur other indebtedness in order to refinance
3582 | outstanding bonds or other indebtedness. The corporation may
3583 | seek judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness
3584 | under chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other

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3585 indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of
3586 local government pursuant to subparagraph (q)2. in the absence
3587 of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a
3588 determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the
3589 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the
3590 financial obligations of the corporation and that such
3591 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the
3592 requirements of this subsection. The corporation may take all
3593 actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for such bonds or
3594 indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other affiliated
3595 entities. The corporation may pledge assessments, projected
3596 recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other
3597 reinsurance recoverables, market equalization and other
3598 surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation as
3599 security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s.
3600 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment
3601 of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature
3602 that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond
3603 indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed
3604 by contract to such bond or other indebtedness.

3605 b. To ensure that the corporation is operating in an
3606 efficient and economic manner while providing quality service to
3607 policyholders, applicants, and agents, the board shall
3608 commission an independent third-party consultant having
3609 expertise in insurance company management or insurance company
3610 management consulting to prepare a report and make
3611 recommendations on the relative costs and benefits of
3612 outsourcing various policy issuance and service functions to

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private servicing carriers or entities performing similar functions in the private market for a fee, rather than performing such functions in-house. In making such recommendations, the consultant shall consider how other residual markets, both in this state and around the country, outsource appropriate functions or use servicing carriers to better match expenses with revenues that fluctuate based on a widely varying policy count. The report must be completed by July 1, 2012. Upon receiving the report, the board shall develop a plan to implement the report and submit the plan for review, modification, and approval to the Financial Services Commission. Upon the commission's approval of the plan, the board shall begin implementing the plan by January 1, 2013.

4. Must require that the corporation operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting of eight individuals who are residents of this state, from different geographical areas of this state.

a. The Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint two members of the board. At least one of the two members appointed by each appointing officer must have demonstrated expertise in insurance and is deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b). The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the pleasure of the appointing officer. All members of the board are subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed them. All board members, including the chair, must be appointed to

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3641 serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date designated
3642 by the plan. However, for the first term beginning on or after
3643 July 1, 2009, each appointing officer shall appoint one member
3644 of the board for a 2-year term and one member for a 3-year term.
3645 A board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the
3646 appointing officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall appoint a
3647 technical advisory group to provide information and advice to
3648 the board in connection with the board's duties under this
3649 subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the
3650 corporation shall be engaged by the board and serve at the
3651 pleasure of the board. Any executive director appointed on or
3652 after July 1, 2006, is subject to confirmation by the Senate.
3653 The executive director is responsible for employing other staff
3654 as the corporation may require, subject to review and
3655 concurrence by the board.

3656 b. The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory
3657 Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of
3658 its rates and its customer and agent service levels in
3659 relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar
3660 coverage.

3661 (I) The members of the advisory committee consist of the
3662 following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by the
3663 members of the committee: four representatives, one appointed by
3664 the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by the Florida
3665 Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one by the
3666 Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the Latin
3667 American Association of Insurance Agencies; three
3668 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest

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voluntary market share of residential property insurance business in the state; one representative from the Office of Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the committee; one representative appointed by the Florida Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the Florida Bankers Association. All members shall be appointed to 3-year terms and may serve for consecutive terms.

(II) The committee shall report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance market issues which may include rates and rate competition with the voluntary market; service, including policy issuance, claims processing, and general responsiveness to policyholders, applicants, and agents; and matters relating to depopulation.

5. Must provide a procedure for determining the eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

a. Subject to s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines residential risks, if the risk is offered coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate under a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the office, a basic policy including wind coverage, for a new application to the corporation for coverage, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 15 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain such offer, the risk is eligible for a standard policy including wind coverage or a basic policy

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including wind coverage issued by the corporation; however, if the risk could not be insured under a standard policy including wind coverage regardless of market conditions, the risk is eligible for a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected under subparagraph 8. However, a policyholder of the corporation or a policyholder removed from the corporation through an assumption agreement until the end of the assumption period remains eligible for coverage from the corporation regardless of any offer of coverage from an authorized insurer or surplus lines insurer. The corporation shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and based on generally accepted underwriting practices.

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who submitted the application to the plan or to the corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the

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corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, for a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not eligible for a policy issued by the corporation unless the

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3753 premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 15
3754 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from
3755 the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such
3756 offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage
3757 issued by the corporation. However, a policyholder of the
3758 corporation or a policyholder removed from the corporation
3759 through an assumption agreement until the end of the assumption
3760 period remains eligible for coverage from the corporation
3761 regardless of an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer or
3762 surplus lines insurer.

3763 (I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
3764 market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the
3765 corporation before a policy is issued to the risk by the
3766 corporation or during the first 30 days of coverage by the
3767 corporation, and the producing agent who submitted the
3768 application to the plan or the corporation is not currently
3769 appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

3770 (A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
3771 for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
3772 insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
3773 written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of
3774 the corporation; or

3775 (B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
3776 policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and
3777 offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the
3778 corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of
3779 policy written.

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If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record ~~policy~~, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

c. For purposes of determining comparable coverage under sub-subparagraphs a. and b., the comparison must be based on those forms and coverages that are reasonably comparable. The corporation may rely on a determination of comparable coverage and premium made by the producing agent who submits the application to the corporation, made in the agent's capacity as the corporation's agent. A comparison may be made solely of the premium with respect to the main building or structure only on

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the following basis: the same coverage A or other building limits; the same percentage hurricane deductible that applies on an annual basis or that applies to each hurricane for commercial residential property; the same percentage of ordinance and law coverage, if the same limit is offered by both the corporation and the authorized insurer; the same mitigation credits, to the extent the same types of credits are offered both by the corporation and the authorized insurer; the same method for loss payment, such as replacement cost or actual cash value, if the same method is offered both by the corporation and the authorized insurer in accordance with underwriting rules; and any other form or coverage that is reasonably comparable as determined by the board. If an application is submitted to the corporation for wind-only coverage in the coastal account, the premium for the corporation's wind-only policy plus the premium for the ex-wind policy that is offered by an authorized insurer to the applicant must be compared to the premium for multiperil coverage offered by an authorized insurer, subject to the standards for comparison specified in this subparagraph. If the corporation or the applicant requests from the authorized insurer a breakdown of the premium of the offer by types of coverage so that a comparison may be made by the corporation or its agent and the authorized insurer refuses or is unable to provide such information, the corporation may treat the offer as not being an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate.

6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and rates.

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3837 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income for
3838 an account attributable to a particular calendar year are in
3839 excess of projected losses and expenses for the account
3840 attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus
3841 in the account. Such surplus must be available to defray
3842 deficits in that account as to future years and used for that
3843 purpose before assessing assessable insurers and assessable
3844 insureds as to any calendar year.

3845 8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be
3846 uniformly applied to all applicants in determining whether an
3847 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making
3848 this determination and in establishing the criteria and
3849 procedures, the following must be considered:

3850 a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
3851 risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
3852 class; and

3853 b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual
3854 risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.

3855
3856 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall
3857 be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the
3858 provisions of chapter 120 do not apply.

3859 9. Must provide that the corporation make its best efforts
3860 to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates, to cover
3861 its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as determined by
3862 the board of governors.

3863 10. The policies issued by the corporation must provide
3864 that if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains an

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offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.

11. Corporation policies and applications must include a notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer which does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by the corporation. The notice must also specify that acceptance of corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

12. May establish, subject to approval by the office, different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or area if the board determines that such changes are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods continue to have access to coverage from the corporation. If coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, the requirements and procedures may not provide an effective date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender.

13. Must provide that, with respect to the coastal account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or more

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3893 of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this
3894 state may petition the office, within the first 90 days of each
3895 calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A
3896 regular assessment levied by the corporation on a limited
3897 apportionment company for a deficit incurred by the corporation
3898 for the coastal account may be paid to the corporation on a
3899 monthly basis as the assessments are collected by the limited
3900 apportionment company from its insureds pursuant to s. 627.3512,
3901 but the regular assessment must be paid in full within 12 months
3902 after being levied by the corporation. A limited apportionment
3903 company shall collect from its policyholders any emergency
3904 assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph (b)3.c. ~~(b)3.d.~~ The
3905 plan must provide that, if the office determines that any
3906 regular assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus
3907 of a limited apportionment company, the office may direct that
3908 all or part of such assessment be deferred as provided in
3909 subparagraph (q)4. However, an emergency assessment to be
3910 collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph (b)3.c.
3911 ~~(b)3.d.~~ may not be limited or deferred.

3912 14. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its
3913 licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment
3914 as defined in s. 626.015(3) with an insurer who at the time of
3915 the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is authorized
3916 to write and is actually writing personal lines residential
3917 property coverage, commercial residential property coverage, or
3918 commercial nonresidential property coverage within the state.

3919 15. Must provide a premium payment plan option to its
3920 policyholders which, at a minimum, allows for quarterly and

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semiannual payment of premiums. A monthly payment plan may, but is not required to, be offered.

16. Must limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured homes built before 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling rather than replacement costs of the dwelling.

17. May provide such limits of coverage as the board determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection.

18. May require commercial property to meet specified hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of eligibility for coverage.

19. Must provide that new or renewal policies issued by the corporation on or after January 1, 2012, which cover sinkhole loss do not include coverage for any loss to appurtenant structures, driveways, sidewalks, decks, or patios that are directly or indirectly caused by sinkhole activity. The corporation shall exclude such coverage using a notice of coverage change, which may be included with the policy renewal, and not by issuance of a notice of nonrenewal of the excluded coverage upon renewal of the current policy.

20. As of January 1, 2012, must require that the agent obtain from an applicant for coverage from the corporation an acknowledgement signed by the applicant, which includes, at a minimum, the following statement:

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF POTENTIAL SURCHARGE
AND ASSESSMENT LIABILITY:

1. AS A POLICYHOLDER OF CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE

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CORPORATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT IF THE CORPORATION SUSTAINS A DEFICIT AS A RESULT OF HURRICANE LOSSES OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON, MY POLICY COULD BE SUBJECT TO SURCHARGES, WHICH WILL BE DUE AND PAYABLE UPON RENEWAL, CANCELLATION, OR TERMINATION OF THE POLICY, AND THAT THE SURCHARGES COULD BE AS HIGH AS 45 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.

2. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY BE SUBJECT TO EMERGENCY ASSESSMENTS TO THE SAME EXTENT AS POLICYHOLDERS OF OTHER INSURANCE COMPANIES, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.

3. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA.

a. The corporation shall maintain, in electronic format or otherwise, a copy of the applicant's signed acknowledgement and provide a copy of the statement to the policyholder as part of the first renewal after the effective date of this subparagraph.

b. The signed acknowledgement form creates a conclusive presumption that the policyholder understood and accepted his or her potential surcharge and assessment liability as a policyholder of the corporation.

(q)1. The corporation shall certify to the office its needs for annual assessments as to a particular calendar year, and for any interim assessments that it deems to be necessary to sustain operations as to a particular year pending the receipt of annual assessments. Upon verification, the office shall

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3977 approve such certification, and the corporation shall levy such
3978 annual or interim assessments. Such assessments shall be
3979 prorated as provided in paragraph (b). The corporation shall
3980 take all reasonable and prudent steps necessary to collect the
3981 amount of assessment due from each assessable insurer,
3982 including, if prudent, filing suit to collect such assessment.
3983 If the corporation is unable to collect an assessment from any
3984 assessable insurer, the uncollected assessments shall be levied
3985 as an additional assessment against the assessable insurers and
3986 any assessable insurer required to pay an additional assessment
3987 as a result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action
3988 against such nonpaying assessable insurer. Assessments shall be
3989 included as an appropriate factor in the making of rates. The
3990 failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and remit any
3991 regular or emergency assessment levied by the corporation is
3992 considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and subjects the
3993 surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in that section.

3994 2. The governing body of any unit of local government, any
3995 residents of which are insured by the corporation, may issue
3996 bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 from time to time
3997 to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the
3998 corporation, for the purpose of defraying deficits of the
3999 corporation. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate
4000 proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance
4001 programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which
4002 are insured by the corporation, may provide for the payment of
4003 losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred within
4004 or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local

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government. Revenue bonds under this subparagraph may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state and declaring it an essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue such bonds as will permit relief to claimants and policyholders of the corporation. Any such unit of local government may enter into such contracts with the corporation and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys received by the corporation from emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.c. ~~(b)3.d.~~, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds.

3.a. The corporation shall adopt one or more programs subject to approval by the office for the reduction of both new and renewal writings in the corporation. Beginning January 1, 2008, any program the corporation adopts for the payment of bonuses to an insurer for each risk the insurer removes from the corporation shall comply with s. 627.3511(2) and may not exceed the amount referenced in s. 627.3511(2) for each risk removed. The corporation may consider any prudent and not unfairly

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discriminatory approach to reducing corporation writings, and may adopt a credit against assessment liability or other liability that provides an incentive for insurers to take risks out of the corporation and to keep risks out of the corporation by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings in counties or areas in which corporation risks are highly concentrated and a program to provide a formula under which an insurer voluntarily taking risks out of the corporation by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings will be relieved wholly or partially from assessments under sub-subparagraph (b) 3.a. ~~sub-subparagraphs (b) 3.a. and b.~~ However, any "take-out bonus" or payment to an insurer must be conditioned on the property being insured for at least 5 years by the insurer, unless canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder. If the policy is canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder before the end of the 5-year period, the amount of the take-out bonus must be prorated for the time period the policy was insured. When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on such policy, and the insurer shall either:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less

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than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).

b. Any credit or exemption from regular assessments adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the 3 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy by the corporation. With the approval of the office, the board may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies removed from the corporation, or for 2 additional years if the insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all policies so removed.

c. There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.c. ~~(b)3.d.~~

4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or in part, of the assessment of an assessable insurer, other than an emergency assessment collected from policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.c. ~~(b)3.d.~~, if the office finds that payment of the assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. In the event an assessment against an assessable insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other assessable insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in paragraph (b).

5. Effective July 1, 2007, in order to evaluate the costs

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4089 and benefits of approved take-out plans, if the corporation pays
4090 a bonus or other payment to an insurer for an approved take-out
4091 plan, it shall maintain a record of the address or such other
4092 identifying information on the property or risk removed in order
4093 to track if and when the property or risk is later insured by
4094 the corporation.

4095 6. Any policy taken out, assumed, or removed from the
4096 corporation is, as of the effective date of the take-out,
4097 assumption, or removal, direct insurance issued by the insurer
4098 and not by the corporation, even if the corporation continues to
4099 service the policies. This subparagraph applies to policies of
4100 the corporation and not policies taken out, assumed, or removed
4101 from any other entity.

4102 (v)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Residential
4103 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association become
4104 policies of the corporation. All obligations, rights, assets and
4105 liabilities of the association, including bonds, note and debt
4106 obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them
4107 become those of the corporation as of July 1, 2002. The
4108 corporation is not required to issue endorsements or
4109 certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term
4110 of in-force transferred policies.

4111 2. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida
4112 Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the
4113 corporation and become policies of the corporation. All
4114 obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the association,
4115 including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing
4116 documents pertaining to them are transferred to and assumed by

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the corporation on July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies.

3. The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall take all actions necessary to further evidence the transfers and provide the documents and instruments of further assurance as may reasonably be requested by the corporation for that purpose. The corporation shall execute assumptions and instruments as the trustees or other parties to the financing documents of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association may reasonably request to further evidence the transfers and assumptions, which transfers and assumptions, however, are effective on the date provided under this paragraph whether or not, and regardless of the date on which, the assumptions or instruments are executed by the corporation. Subject to the relevant financing documents pertaining to their outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations, the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in action, and other intangibles of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association shall be credited to the coastal account of the corporation, and those of the personal lines residential coverage account and the commercial lines residential coverage account of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to the personal lines account and the commercial lines account, respectively, of the corporation.

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4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property insurance coverage who would otherwise have been eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association is eligible for coverage from the corporation as provided in this subsection.

5. The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to the corporation and the renaming of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association as the corporation does not affect the coverage with respect to covered policies as defined in s. 215.555(2)(c) provided to these entities by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The coverage provided by the fund to the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be redesignated as coverage for the coastal account of the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage provided by the fund to the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to the personal lines account and the commercial lines account of the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coastal account shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed together, for all fund purposes, as if the two accounts were one and represent a

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single, separate participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage provided by the fund to the corporation shall constitute and operate as a full transfer of coverage from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the corporation.

Reviser's note.—Paragraphs (2)(b) and (6)(q) are amended to conform to the redesignation of s.

627.351(6)(b)3.b. as a portion of sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. by s. 15, ch. 2011-39, Laws of Florida.

Paragraphs (6)(b), (c), and (q) are amended to conform to the redesignation of s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d. as sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.c. by s. 15, ch. 2011-39.

Paragraph (6)(c) is amended to confirm editorial deletion of the word "policy" to improve clarity.

Paragraph (6)(v) is amended to confirm editorial insertion of the word "Association" to conform to the complete name of the association.

Section 78. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (3) and paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (6) of section 627.3511, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.3511 Depopulation of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.—

(3) EXEMPTION FROM DEFICIT ASSESSMENTS.—

(a) The calculation of an insurer's assessment liability under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. ~~or b.~~ shall, for an insurer that in any calendar year removes 50,000 or more risks from the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, either by issuance of a policy

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upon expiration or cancellation of the corporation policy or by assumption of the corporation's obligations with respect to in-force policies, exclude such removed policies for the succeeding 3 years, as follows:

1. In the first year following removal of the risks, the risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 100 percent.

2. In the second year following removal of the risks, the risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 75 percent.

3. In the third year following removal of the risks, the risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 50 percent.

If the removal of risks is accomplished through assumption of obligations with respect to in-force policies, the corporation shall pay to the assuming insurer all unearned premium with respect to such policies less any policy acquisition costs agreed to by the corporation and assuming insurer. The term "policy acquisition costs" is defined as costs of issuance of the policy by the corporation which includes agent commissions, servicing company fees, and premium tax. This paragraph does not apply to an insurer that, at any time within 5 years before removing the risks, had a market share in excess of 0.1 percent of the statewide aggregate gross direct written premium for any line of property insurance, or to an affiliate of such an insurer. This paragraph does not apply unless either at least 40 percent of the risks removed from the corporation are located in

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Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties, or at least 30 percent of the risks removed from the corporation are located in such counties and an additional 50 percent of the risks removed from the corporation are located in other coastal counties.

(b) An insurer that first wrote personal lines residential property coverage in this state on or after July 1, 1994, is exempt from regular deficit assessments imposed pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. ~~and b.~~, but not emergency assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.c. ~~627.351(6)(b)3.d.~~, of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation until the earlier of the following:

1. The end of the calendar year in which it first wrote 0.5 percent or more of the statewide aggregate direct written premium for any line of residential property coverage; or

2. December 31, 1997, or December 31 of the third year in which it wrote such coverage in this state, whichever is later.

(c) Other than an insurer that is exempt under paragraph (b), an insurer that in any calendar year increases its total structure exposure subject to wind coverage by 25 percent or more over its exposure for the preceding calendar year is, with respect to that year, exempt from deficit assessments imposed pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. ~~and b.~~, but not emergency assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.c. ~~627.351(6)(b)3.d.~~, of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation attributable to such increase in exposure.

(6) COMMERCIAL RESIDENTIAL TAKE-OUT PLANS.—

(d) The calculation of an insurer's regular assessment liability under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. ~~and b.~~, but not emergency

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assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.c. ~~627.351(6)(b)3.d.~~, shall, with respect to commercial residential policies removed from the corporation under an approved take-out plan, exclude such removed policies for the succeeding 3 years, as follows:

1. In the first year following removal of the policies, the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 100 percent.

2. In the second year following removal of the policies, the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 75 percent.

3. In the third year following removal of the policies, the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 50 percent.

(e) An insurer that first wrote commercial residential property coverage in this state on or after June 1, 1996, is exempt from regular assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. ~~and b.~~, but not emergency assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.c. ~~627.351(6)(b)3.d.~~, with respect to commercial residential policies until the earlier of:

1. The end of the calendar year in which such insurer first wrote 0.5 percent or more of the statewide aggregate direct written premium for commercial residential property coverage; or

2. December 31 of the third year in which such insurer wrote commercial residential property coverage in this state.

(f) An insurer that is not otherwise exempt from regular assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. ~~and b.~~ with respect to

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commercial residential policies is, for any calendar year in which such insurer increased its total commercial residential hurricane exposure by 25 percent or more over its exposure for the preceding calendar year, exempt from regular assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. ~~and b.~~, but not emergency assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.c. ~~627.351(6)(b)3.d.~~, attributable to such increased exposure.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of s. 627.351(6)(b)3.b. as a portion of sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. by s. 15, ch. 2011-39, Laws of Florida, and the redesignation of s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d. as sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.c. by s. 15, ch. 2011-39.

Section 79. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 658.48, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

658.48 Loans.—A state bank may make loans and extensions of credit, with or without security, subject to the following limitations and provisions:

(1) LOANS; GENERAL LIMITATIONS.—

(c) The loan limitations stated in this section shall not be enlarged by the provisions of any other section of this chapter, except as provided in subsection (5) ~~(6)~~.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of subsection (6) as subsection (5) by s. 28, ch. 2011-194, Laws of Florida.

Section 80. Subsection (12) of section 667.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

667.003 Applicability of chapter 658.—Any state savings

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bank is subject to all the provisions, and entitled to all the privileges, of the financial institutions codes except where it appears, from the context or otherwise, that such provisions clearly apply only to banks or trust companies organized under the laws of this state or the United States. Without limiting the foregoing general provisions, it is the intent of the Legislature that the following provisions apply to a savings bank to the same extent as if the savings bank were a "bank" operating under such provisions:

~~(12) Section 658.295, relating to interstate banking.~~

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 658.295 by s. 23, ch. 2011-194, Laws of Florida.

Section 81. Subsection (1) of section 681.108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

681.108 Dispute-settlement procedures.—

(1) If a manufacturer has established a procedure that the department has certified as substantially complying with the provisions of 16 C.F.R. part 703, in effect October 1, 1983, and with the provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter, and has informed the consumer how and where to file a claim with such procedure pursuant to s. 681.103(3), the provisions of s. 681.104(2) apply to the consumer only if the consumer has first resorted to such procedure. The decisionmakers for a certified procedure shall, in rendering decisions, take into account all legal and equitable factors germane to a fair and just decision, including, but not limited to, the warranty; the rights and remedies conferred under 16 C.F.R. part 703, in effect October 1, 1983; the provisions of

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4341 this chapter; and any other equitable considerations appropriate
4342 under the circumstances. Decisionmakers and staff for ~~of~~ a
4343 procedure shall be trained in the provisions of this chapter and
4344 in 16 C.F.R. part 703, in effect October 1, 1983. In an action
4345 brought by a consumer concerning an alleged nonconformity, the
4346 decision that results from a certified procedure is admissible
4347 in evidence.

4348 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial
4349 substitution of the word "for" for the word "of."

4350 Section 82. Subsection (4) of section 753.03, Florida
4351 Statutes, is amended to read:

4352 753.03 Standards for supervised visitation and supervised
4353 exchange programs.—

4354 ~~(4) The clearinghouse shall submit a preliminary report~~
4355 ~~containing its recommendations for the uniform standards by~~
4356 ~~December 31, 2007, and a final report of all recommendations,~~
4357 ~~including those related to the certification and monitoring~~
4358 ~~developed to date, by December 31, 2008, to the President of the~~
4359 ~~Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the~~
4360 ~~Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.~~

4361 Reviser's note.—Amended to delete a provision that has
4362 served its purpose.

4363 Section 83. Subsection (3) of section 766.1065, Florida
4364 Statutes, is amended to read:

4365 766.1065 Authorization for release of protected health
4366 information.—

4367 (3) The authorization required by this section shall be in
4368 the following form and shall be construed in accordance with the

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"Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information" in 45 C.F.R. parts 160 and 164:

AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASE OF
PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION

A. I, (...Name of patient or authorized representative...) [hereinafter "Patient"], authorize that (...Name of health care provider to whom the presuit notice is directed...) and his/her/its insurer(s), self-insurer(s), and attorney(s) may obtain and disclose (within the parameters set out below) the protected health information described below for the following specific purposes:

1. Facilitating the investigation and evaluation of the medical negligence claim described in the accompanying presuit notice; or
2. Defending against any litigation arising out of the medical negligence claim made on the basis of the accompanying presuit notice.

B. The health information obtained, used, or disclosed extends to, and includes, the verbal as well as the written and is described as follows:

1. The health information in the custody of the following health care providers who have examined, evaluated, or treated the Patient in connection with injuries complained of after the alleged act of negligence: (List the name and current address of all

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4397 health care providers). This authorization extends to
4398 any additional health care providers that may in the
4399 future evaluate, examine, or treat the Patient for the
4400 injuries complained of.

4401 2. The health information in the custody of the
4402 following health care providers who have examined,
4403 evaluated, or treated the Patient during a period
4404 commencing 2 years before the incident that is the
4405 basis of the accompanying presuit notice.

4406
4407 (List the name and current address of such health care
4408 providers, if applicable.)
4409

4410 C. This authorization does not apply to the following
4411 list of health care providers possessing health care
4412 information about the Patient because the Patient
4413 certifies that such health care information is not
4414 potentially relevant to the claim of personal injury
4415 or wrongful death that is the basis of the
4416 accompanying presuit notice.

4417
4418 (List the name of each health care provider to whom
4419 this authorization does not apply and the inclusive
4420 dates of examination, evaluation, or treatment to be
4421 withheld from disclosure. If none, specify "none.")
4422

4423 D. The persons or class of persons to whom the
4424 Patient authorizes such health information to be

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4425 disclosed or by whom such health information is to be
4426 used:

4427 1. Any health care provider providing care or
4428 treatment for the Patient.

4429 2. Any liability insurer or self-insurer providing
4430 liability insurance coverage, self-insurance, or
4431 defense to any health care provider to whom presuit
4432 notice is given regarding the care and treatment of
4433 the Patient.

4434 3. Any consulting or testifying expert employed by or
4435 on behalf of (name of health care provider to whom
4436 presuit notice was given) and his/her/its insurer(s),
4437 self-insurer(s), or attorney(s) regarding ~~to~~ the
4438 matter of the presuit notice accompanying this
4439 authorization.

4440 4. Any attorney (including secretarial, clerical, or
4441 paralegal staff) employed by or on behalf of (name of
4442 health care provider to whom presuit notice was given)
4443 regarding the matter of the presuit notice
4444 accompanying this authorization.

4445 5. Any trier of the law or facts relating to any suit
4446 filed seeking damages arising out of the medical care
4447 or treatment of the Patient.

4448 E. This authorization expires upon resolution of the
4449 claim or at the conclusion of any litigation
4450 instituted in connection with the matter of the
4451 presuit notice accompanying this authorization,
4452 whichever occurs first.

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F. The Patient understands that, without exception, the Patient has the right to revoke this authorization in writing. The Patient further understands that the consequence of any such revocation is that the presuit notice under s. 766.106(2), Florida Statutes, is deemed retroactively void from the date of issuance, and any tolling effect that the presuit notice may have had on any applicable statute-of-limitations period is retroactively rendered void.

G. The Patient understands that signing this authorization is not a condition for continued treatment, payment, enrollment, or eligibility for health plan benefits.

H. The Patient understands that information used or disclosed under this authorization may be subject to additional disclosure by the recipient and may not be protected by federal HIPAA privacy regulations.

Signature of Patient/Representative:

Date:

Name of Patient/Representative:

Description of Representative's Authority:

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial deletion of the word "to" following the word "regarding."

Section 84. Subsection (2) of section 794.056, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

794.056 Rape Crisis Program Trust Fund.—

(2) The Department of Health shall establish by rule

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criteria consistent with the provisions of s. 794.055(3)(b)
~~794.055(3)(a)~~ for distributing moneys from the trust fund to
rape crisis centers.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve clarity and correct
an apparent error. Section 794.055(3)(b) relates to
distribution of moneys in the Rape Crisis Program
Trust Fund. Paragraph (3)(a) of that section states
that the Department of Health is to contract with the
statewide nonprofit association, and that the
association is to receive 95 percent of the moneys
appropriated from the trust fund.

Section 85. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
847.0141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

847.0141 Sexting; prohibited acts; penalties.—

(1) A minor commits the offense of sexting if he or she
knowingly:

(b) Possesses a photograph or video of any person that was
transmitted or distributed by another minor which depicts
nudity, as defined in s. 847.001(9), and is harmful to minors,
as defined in s. 847.001(6). A minor does not violate ~~paragraph~~
this paragraph if all of the following apply:

1. The minor did not solicit the photograph or video.

2. The minor took reasonable steps to report the
photograph or video to the minor's legal guardian or to a school
or law enforcement official.

3. The minor did not transmit or distribute the photograph
or video to a third party.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial deletion

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of the word "paragraph" preceding the word "this."

Section 86. Paragraph (d) of subsection (11) of section 893.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.055 Prescription drug monitoring program.—

(11) The department may establish a direct-support organization that has a board consisting of at least five members to provide assistance, funding, and promotional support for the activities authorized for the prescription drug monitoring program.

(d) The direct-support organization shall operate under written contract with the department. The contract must, at a minimum, provide for:

1. Approval of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the direct-support organization by the department.

2. Submission of an annual budget for the approval of the department.

3. Certification by the department ~~in consultation with the department~~ that the direct-support organization is complying with the terms of the contract in a manner consistent with and in furtherance of the goals and purposes of the prescription drug monitoring program and in the best interests of the state. Such certification must be made annually and reported in the official minutes of a meeting of the direct-support organization.

4. The reversion, without penalty, to the state of all moneys and property held in trust by the direct-support organization for the benefit of the prescription drug monitoring program if the direct-support organization ceases to exist or if

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the contract is terminated.

5. The fiscal year of the direct-support organization, which must begin July 1 of each year and end June 30 of the following year.

6. The disclosure of the material provisions of the contract to donors of gifts, contributions, or bequests, including such disclosure on all promotional and fundraising publications, and an explanation to such donors of the distinction between the department and the direct-support organization.

7. The direct-support organization's collecting, expending, and providing of funds to the department for the development, implementation, and operation of the prescription drug monitoring program as described in this section and s. 2, chapter 2009-198, Laws of Florida, as long as the task force is authorized. The direct-support organization may collect and expend funds to be used for the functions of the direct-support organization's board of directors, as necessary and approved by the department. In addition, the direct-support organization may collect and provide funding to the department in furtherance of the prescription drug monitoring program by:

a. Establishing and administering the prescription drug monitoring program's electronic database, including hardware and software.

b. Conducting studies on the efficiency and effectiveness of the program to include feasibility studies as described in subsection (13).

c. Providing funds for future enhancements of the program

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within the intent of this section.

d. Providing user training of the prescription drug monitoring program, including distribution of materials to promote public awareness and education and conducting workshops or other meetings, for health care practitioners, pharmacists, and others as appropriate.

e. Providing funds for travel expenses.

f. Providing funds for administrative costs, including personnel, audits, facilities, and equipment.

g. Fulfilling all other requirements necessary to implement and operate the program as outlined in this section.

Reviser's note.—Amended to remove redundant language and improve clarity.

Section 87. Subsections (6) and (7) of section 893.138, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

893.138 Local administrative action to abate drug-related, prostitution-related, or stolen-property-related public nuisances and criminal gang activity.—

(6) An order entered under subsection (5) ~~(4)~~ shall expire after 1 year or at such earlier time as is stated in the order.

(7) An order entered under subsection (5) ~~(4)~~ may be enforced pursuant to the procedures contained in s. 120.69. This subsection does not subject a municipality that creates a board under this section, or the board so created, to any other provision of chapter 120.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of subsection (4) as subsection (5) by s. 27, ch. 2011-141, Laws of Florida.

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4593 Section 88. Subsection (3) and paragraph (d) of subsection
4594 (4) of section 943.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

4595 943.25 Criminal justice trust funds; source of funds; use
4596 of funds.—

4597 (3) The commission shall, by rule, establish, implement,
4598 supervise, and evaluate the expenditures of the Criminal Justice
4599 Standards and Training Trust Fund for approved advanced and
4600 specialized training program courses. Criminal justice training
4601 school enhancements may be authorized by the commission subject
4602 to the provisions of subsection (6) ~~(7)~~. The commission may
4603 approve the training of appropriate support personnel when it
4604 can be demonstrated that these personnel directly support the
4605 criminal justice function.

4606 (4) The commission shall authorize the establishment of
4607 regional training councils to advise and assist the commission
4608 in developing and maintaining a plan assessing regional criminal
4609 justice training needs and to act as an extension of the
4610 commission in the planning, programming, and budgeting for
4611 expenditures of the moneys in the Criminal Justice Standards and
4612 Training Trust Fund.

4613 (d) A public criminal justice training school must be
4614 designated by the commission to receive and distribute the
4615 disbursements authorized under subsection (8) ~~(9)~~.

4616 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the renumbering
4617 of subunits within the section as a result of the
4618 repeal of subsection (3) by s. 8, ch. 2011-52, Laws of
4619 Florida.

4620 Section 89. Subsection (48) of section 984.03, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

984.03 Definitions.—When used in this chapter, the term:
~~(48) "Serious or habitual juvenile offender program" means~~
~~the program established in s. 985.47.~~

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s.
 985.47 by s. 4, ch. 2011-70, Laws of Florida.

Section 90. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g) of
 subsection (5) of section 985.0301, Florida Statutes, are
 amended to read:

985.0301 Jurisdiction.—

(5) (a) Notwithstanding ss. 743.07, 985.43, 985.433,
 985.435, 985.439, and 985.441, and except as provided in ss.
 985.461, and 985.465, ~~and 985.47~~ and paragraph (f), when the
 jurisdiction of any child who is alleged to have committed a
 delinquent act or violation of law is obtained, the court shall
 retain jurisdiction, unless relinquished by its order, until the
 child reaches 19 years of age, with the same power over the
 child which the court had before the child became an adult. For
 the purposes of s. 985.461, the court may retain jurisdiction
 for an additional 365 days following the child's 19th birthday
 if the child is participating in transition-to-adulthood
 services. The additional services do not extend involuntary
 court-sanctioned residential commitment and therefore require
 voluntary participation by the affected youth.

(b) Notwithstanding ss. 743.07 and 985.455(3), ~~and except~~
~~as provided in s. 985.47~~, the term of any order placing a child
 in a probation program must be until the child's 19th birthday
 unless he or she is released by the court on the motion of an

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interested party or on his or her own motion.

(c) Notwithstanding ss. 743.07 and 985.455(3), ~~and except as provided in s. 985.47,~~ the term of the commitment must be until the child is discharged by the department or until he or she reaches the age of 21 years. Notwithstanding ss. 743.07, 985.435, 985.437, 985.439, 985.441, 985.455, and 985.513, and except as provided in this section ~~and s. 985.47,~~ a child may not be held under a commitment from a court under s. 985.439, s. 985.441(1)(a) or (b), or s. 985.455 after becoming 21 years of age.

(d) The court may retain jurisdiction over a child committed to the department for placement in a juvenile prison or in a high-risk or maximum-risk residential commitment program to allow the child to participate in a juvenile conditional release program pursuant to s. 985.46. The jurisdiction of the court may not be retained after ~~beyond~~ the child's 22nd birthday. However, if the child is not successful in the conditional release program, the department may use the transfer procedure under s. 985.441(4).

(e) The court may retain jurisdiction over a child committed to the department for placement in an intensive residential treatment program for 10-year-old to 13-year-old offenders, in the residential commitment program in a juvenile prison, in a residential sex offender program, or in a program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders ~~as provided in s. 985.47 or s. 985.483~~ until the child reaches the age of 21. If the court exercises this jurisdiction retention, it shall do so solely for the purpose of the child completing the intensive

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residential treatment program for 10-year-old to 13-year-old offenders, in the residential commitment program in a juvenile prison, in a residential sex offender program, or the program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders. Such jurisdiction retention does not apply for other programs, other purposes, or new offenses.

(g)1. Notwithstanding ss. 743.07 and 985.455(3), a serious or habitual juvenile offender shall not be held under commitment from a court under s. 985.441(1)(c), ~~s. 985.47~~, or s. 985.565 after becoming 21 years of age. This subparagraph shall apply only for the purpose of completing the serious or habitual juvenile offender program under this chapter and shall be used solely for the purpose of treatment.

2. The court may retain jurisdiction over a child who has been placed in a program or facility for serious or habitual juvenile offenders until the child reaches the age of 21, specifically for the purpose of the child completing the program.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 985.47 by s. 4, ch. 2011-70, Laws of Florida, and the repeal of s. 985.483 by s. 5, ch. 2011-70. Paragraph (5)(d) is amended to confirm editorial deletion of the word "beyond" following the word "after."

Section 91. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 985.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.14 Intake and case management system.—

(3) The intake and case management system shall facilitate consistency in the recommended placement of each child, and in

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the assessment, classification, and placement process, with the following purposes:

(a) An individualized, multidisciplinary assessment process that identifies the priority needs of each individual child for rehabilitation and treatment and identifies any needs of the child's parents or guardians for services that would enhance their ability to provide adequate support, guidance, and supervision for the child. This process shall begin with the detention risk assessment instrument and decision, shall include the intake preliminary screening and comprehensive assessment for substance abuse treatment services, mental health services, retardation services, literacy services, and other educational and treatment services as components, additional assessment of the child's treatment needs, and classification regarding the child's risks to the community and, for a serious or habitual delinquent child, shall include the assessment for placement in a serious or habitual delinquent children program ~~under s.~~

~~985.47~~. The completed multidisciplinary assessment process shall result in the predisposition report.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 985.47 by s. 4, ch. 2011-70, Laws of Florida.

Section 92. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 985.441, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.441 Commitment.—

(1) The court that has jurisdiction of an adjudicated delinquent child may, by an order stating the facts upon which a determination of a sanction and rehabilitative program was made at the disposition hearing:

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(c) Commit the child to the department for placement in a program or facility for serious or habitual juvenile offenders ~~in accordance with s. 985.47.~~

1. Following a delinquency adjudicatory hearing under s. 985.35 and a delinquency disposition hearing under s. 985.433 that results in a commitment determination, the court shall, on its own or upon request by the state or the department, determine whether the protection of the public requires that the child be placed in a program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders and whether the particular needs of the child would be best served by a program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders ~~as provided in s. 985.47.~~ The determination shall be made under s. ss. 985.47(1) and 985.433(7).

2. Any commitment of a child to a program or facility for serious or habitual juvenile offenders must be for an indeterminate period of time, but the time may not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment that an adult may serve for the same offense.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 985.47 by s. 4, ch. 2011-70, Laws of Florida.

Section 93. Subsection (1) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.—

(1) AUTHORIZATION.—Charter schools shall be part of the state's program of public education. All charter schools in Florida are public schools. A charter school may be formed by creating a new school or converting an existing public school to charter status. A charter school may operate a virtual charter

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4761 school pursuant to s. 1002.45(1)(d) to provide full-time online
4762 instruction to eligible students, pursuant to s. 1002.455, in
4763 kindergarten through grade 12. A charter school must amend its
4764 charter or submit a new application pursuant to subsection (6)
4765 to become a virtual charter school. A virtual charter school is
4766 subject to the requirements of this section; however, a virtual
4767 charter school is exempt from subsections (18) and (19),
4768 subparagraphs (20)(a)2., 4., 5., and 7. ~~(20)(a)2.-5.~~, paragraph
4769 (20)(c), and s. 1003.03. A public school may not use the term
4770 charter in its name unless it has been approved under this
4771 section.

4772 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the
4773 redesignation of subparagraphs (20)(a)2.-5. as
4774 subparagraphs (20)(a)2., 4., 5., and 7. by s. 8, ch.
4775 2011-55, Laws of Florida.

4776 Section 94. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
4777 1003.498, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

4778 1003.498 School district virtual course offerings.—

4779 (2) School districts may offer virtual courses for
4780 students enrolled in the school district. These courses must be
4781 identified in the course code directory. Students who meet the
4782 eligibility requirements of s. 1002.455 may participate in these
4783 virtual course offerings.

4784 (b) Any eligible student who is enrolled in a school
4785 district may register and enroll in an online course offered by
4786 any other school district in the state, except as limited by the
4787 following:

4788 1. A student may not enroll in a course offered through a

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virtual instruction program provided pursuant to s. 1002.45.

2. A student may not enroll in a virtual course offered by another school district if:

a. The course is offered online by the school district in which the student resides; or

b. The course is offered in the school in which the student is enrolled. However, a student may enroll in an online course offered by another school district if the school in which the student is enrolled offers the course but the student is unable to schedule the course in his or her school.

3. The school district in which the student completes the course shall report the student's completion of that course for funding pursuant to s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(VI) ~~1011.61(1)(c)b.(VI)~~, and the home school district shall not report the student for funding for that course.

For purposes of this paragraph, the combined total of all school district reported FTE may not be reported as more than 1.0 full-time equivalent student in any given school year. The Department of Education shall establish procedures to enable interdistrict coordination for the delivery and funding of this online option.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial substitution of the reference to s.

1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(VI) for a reference to s.

1011.61(1)(c)b.(VI) to conform to the complete citation for the provision created by s. 9, ch. 2011-137, relating to FTE calculation for funding for completion of an online course in a district other

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4817 than the student's home district.

4818 Section 95. Paragraph (d) of subsection (5) of section
4819 1004.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

4820 1004.41 University of Florida; J. Hillis Miller Health
4821 Center.—

4822 (5)

4823 (d) For purposes of sovereign immunity pursuant to s.
4824 768.28(2), Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., Shands
4825 Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., and any not-for-profit subsidiary
4826 which directly delivers health care services and whose governing
4827 board is chaired by the President of the University of Florida
4828 or his or her designee and is controlled by the University of
4829 Florida Board of Trustees, which may act through the president
4830 of the university or his or her designee and whose primary
4831 purpose is the support of the University of Florida Board of
4832 Trustees' health affairs mission, shall be conclusively deemed
4833 corporations primarily acting as instrumentalities of the state.

4834 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertion
4835 of the word "her."

4836 Section 96. Subsection (5) of section 1007.28, Florida
4837 Statutes, is amended to read:

4838 1007.28 Computer-assisted student advising system.—The
4839 Department of Education, in conjunction with the Board of
4840 Governors, shall establish and maintain a single, statewide
4841 computer-assisted student advising system, which must be an
4842 integral part of the process of advising, registering, and
4843 certifying students for graduation and must be accessible to all
4844 Florida students. The state universities and Florida College

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System institutions shall interface institutional systems with the computer-assisted advising system required by this section. The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors shall specify in the statewide articulation agreement required by s. 1007.23(1) the roles and responsibilities of the department, the state universities, and the Florida College System institutions in the design, implementation, promotion, development, and analysis of the system. The system shall consist of a degree audit and an articulation component that includes the following characteristics:

(5) The system must provide the admissions application for transient students who are undergraduate students currently enrolled and pursuing a degree at a public postsecondary educational institution and who want to enroll in a course listed in the Florida Higher Education Distance Learning ~~Leaning~~ Catalog which is offered by a public postsecondary educational institution that is not the student's degree-granting institution. This system must include the electronic transfer and receipt of information and records for the following functions:

(a) Admissions and readmissions;

(b) Financial aid; and

(c) Transfer of credit awarded by the institution offering the distance learning course to the transient student's degree-granting institution.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial substitution of the word "Learning" for the word "Leaning" to conform to the correct name of the

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4873 catalog.

4874 Section 97. Section 1010.82, Florida Statutes, is amended
4875 to read:

4876 1010.82 Textbook Bid Trust Fund.—Chapter 99-36, Laws of
4877 Florida, re-created the Textbook Bid Trust Fund to record the
4878 revenue and disbursements of textbook bid performance deposits
4879 submitted to the Department of Education as required in s.
4880 1006.33 ~~1006.32~~.

4881 Reviser's note.—Amended to correct an apparent error
4882 and facilitate correct interpretation. Section 233.15,
4883 2001 Florida Statutes, which related to the deposit of
4884 funds required to be paid by each publisher or
4885 manufacturer of instructional materials upon
4886 submission of a bid or proposal to the Department of
4887 Education into the Textbook Bid Trust Fund, was
4888 repealed by s. 1058, ch. 2002-387, Laws of Florida.
4889 That language was recreated as s. 1006.33(3) by s.
4890 308, ch. 2002-387. Similar language was not recreated
4891 in s. 1006.32, which relates to prohibited acts with
4892 regard to instructional materials.

4893 Section 98. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
4894 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

4895 1011.71 District school tax.—

4896 (3)

4897 (b) Local funds generated by the additional 0.25 mills
4898 authorized in paragraph (b) and state funds provided pursuant to
4899 s. 1011.62(5) may not be included in the calculation of the
4900 Florida Education Finance Program in 2011-2012 or any subsequent

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year and may not be incorporated in the calculation of any hold-harmless or other component of the Florida Education Finance Program in any year, except as provided in paragraph (c) ~~(d)~~.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of paragraph (d) as paragraph (c) as a result of the repeal of former paragraph (b) by s. 36, ch. 2011-55, Laws of Florida.

Section 99. Subsection (3) of section 1011.81, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.81 Florida College System Program Fund.—

(3) State funds provided for the Florida College System ~~Community College~~ Program Fund may not be expended for the education of state or federal inmates.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial substitution of the words "Florida College System" for the words "Community College" to conform to the renaming of the fund by s. 176, ch. 2011-5, Laws of Florida.

Section 100. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) and subsection (5) of section 1013.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1013.33 Coordination of planning with local governing bodies.—

(4)

(c) If the state land planning agency enters a final order that finds that the interlocal agreement is inconsistent with the requirements of subsection (3) or this subsection, the state land planning agency shall forward it to the Administration

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Commission, which may impose sanctions against the local government pursuant to s. 163.3184(8) ~~163.3184(11)~~ and may impose sanctions against the district school board by directing the Department of Education to withhold an equivalent amount of funds for school construction available pursuant to ss. 1013.65, 1013.68, 1013.70, and 1013.72.

(5) If an executed interlocal agreement is not timely submitted to the state land planning agency for review, the state land planning agency shall, within 15 working days after the deadline for submittal, issue to the local government and the district school board a notice to show cause why sanctions should not be imposed for failure to submit an executed interlocal agreement by the deadline established by the agency. The agency shall forward the notice and the responses to the Administration Commission, which may enter a final order citing the failure to comply and imposing sanctions against the local government and district school board by directing the appropriate agencies to withhold at least 5 percent of state funds pursuant to s. 163.3184(8) ~~163.3184(11)~~ and by directing the Department of Education to withhold from the district school board at least 5 percent of funds for school construction available pursuant to ss. 1013.65, 1013.68, 1013.70, and 1013.72.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the redesignation of s. 163.3184(11) as s. 163.3184(8) by s. 17, ch. 2011-139, Laws of Florida.

Section 101. Subsection (6) of section 1013.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1013.36 Site planning and selection.—

(6) If the school board and local government have entered into an interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 1013.33(2) and ~~either s. 163.3177(6)(h)4. or~~ s. 163.31777 or have developed a process to ensure consistency between the local government comprehensive plan and the school district educational facilities plan, site planning and selection must be consistent with the interlocal agreements and the plans.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the repeal of s. 163.3177(6)(h)4. by s. 12, ch. 2011-139, Laws of Florida.

Section 102. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1013.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.51 Expenditures authorized for certain infrastructure.—

(1)(a) Subject to exemption from the assessment of fees pursuant to s. 1013.371(1) ~~1013.37(1)~~, education boards, boards of county commissioners, municipal boards, and other agencies and boards of the state may expend funds, separately or collectively, by contract or agreement, for the placement, paving, or maintaining of any road, byway, or sidewalk if the road, byway, or sidewalk is contiguous to or runs through the property of any educational plant or for the maintenance or improvement of the property of any educational plant or of any facility on such property. Expenditures may also be made for sanitary sewer, water, stormwater, and utility improvements upon, or contiguous to, and for the installation, operation, and maintenance of traffic control and safety devices upon, or

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4985 contiguous to, any existing or proposed educational plant.
4986 Reviser's note.—Amended to correct an apparent error
4987 and facilitate correct interpretation. There is no
4988 reference to fees in s. 1013.37(1); it relates to the
4989 adoption and standards of a uniform statewide building
4990 code for the planning and construction of public
4991 educational facilities. Section 1013.37(1) provides
4992 that public and ancillary plans constructed by a board
4993 are exempt from the assessment of certain fees.
4994 Section 103. This act shall take effect on the 60th day
4995 after adjournment sine die of the session of the Legislature in
4996 which enacted.