

By Senator Hays

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1                   A bill to be entitled  
2       An act relating to parental notice of abortion;  
3       amending s. 390.01114, F.S.; revising the definition  
4       of the term "constructive notice"; revising notice  
5       requirements relating to the termination of a  
6       pregnancy of a minor; providing exceptions to the  
7       notice requirements; revising procedure for judicial  
8       waiver of notice; providing for the minor to petition  
9       for a hearing within a specified time; providing that  
10      in a hearing relating to waiving the requirement for  
11      parental notice, the court consider certain additional  
12      factors, including whether the minor's decision to  
13      terminate her pregnancy was due to undue influence;  
14      providing a procedure for appeal if judicial waiver of  
15      notice is not granted; requiring that the court order  
16      contain factual findings and legal conclusions;  
17      requiring Supreme Court reports to the Governor and  
18      Legislature to include additional information;  
19      providing for severability; providing an effective  
20      date.

21  
22   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

23  
24       Section 1. Section 390.01114, Florida Statutes, is amended  
25   to read:

26       390.01114 Parental Notice of Abortion Act.—

27       (1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Parental  
28   Notice of Abortion Act."

29       (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

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(a) "Actual notice" means notice that is given directly, in person or by telephone, to a parent or legal guardian of a minor, by a physician, at least 48 hours before the inducement or performance of a termination of pregnancy, and documented in the minor's files.

(b) "Child abuse" has the same meaning as s. 39.0015(3).

(c) "Constructive notice" means notice that is given in writing, signed by the physician, and mailed at least 72 hours before the inducement or performance of the termination of pregnancy, to the last known address of the parent or legal guardian of the minor, by first-class mail and by certified mail, return receipt requested, and delivery restricted to the parent or legal guardian. After the 72 hours have passed, delivery is deemed to have occurred.

(d) "Medical emergency" means a condition that, on the basis of a physician's good faith clinical judgment, so complicates the medical condition of a pregnant woman as to necessitate the immediate termination of her pregnancy to avert her death, or for which a delay in the termination of her pregnancy will create serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function.

(e) "Sexual abuse" has the meaning ascribed in s. 39.01.

(f) "Minor" means a person under the age of 18 years.

(3) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—

(a) Actual notice shall be provided by the physician performing or inducing the termination of pregnancy before the performance or inducement of the termination of the pregnancy of a minor. The notice may be given by a referring physician. The physician who performs or induces the termination of pregnancy

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59 must receive the written statement of the referring physician  
60 certifying that the referring physician has given notice. If  
61 actual notice is not possible after a reasonable effort has been  
62 made, the physician performing or inducing the termination of  
63 pregnancy or the referring physician must give constructive  
64 notice. Notice given under this subsection by the physician  
65 performing or inducing the termination of pregnancy must include  
66 the name and address of the facility providing the termination  
67 of pregnancy and the name of the physician providing notice.  
68 Notice given under this subsection by a referring physician must  
69 include the name and address of the facility where he or she is  
70 referring the minor and the name of the physician providing  
71 notice. If actual notice is provided by telephone, the physician  
72 must actually speak with the parent or guardian, and must record  
73 in the minor's medical file the name of the parent or guardian  
74 provided notice, the phone number dialed, and the date and time  
75 of the call. If constructive notice is given, the physician must  
76 document that notice by placing copies of any document related  
77 to the constructive notice, including, but not limited to, a  
78 copy of the letter and the return receipt, in the minor's  
79 medical file. Actual notice given by telephone shall be  
80 confirmed in writing, signed by the physician, and mailed to the  
81 last known address of the parent or legal guardian of the minor,  
82 by first-class mail and by certified mail, return receipt  
83 requested, with delivery restricted to the parent or legal  
84 guardian.

85 (b) Notice is not required if:

86 1. In the physician's good faith clinical judgment, a  
87 medical emergency exists and there is insufficient time for the

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88 attending physician to comply with the notification  
89 requirements. If a medical emergency exists, the physician shall  
90 make reasonable attempts, whenever possible, without endangering  
91 the minor, to contact the parent or legal guardian, and may  
92 proceed, but must document reasons for the medical necessity in  
93 the patient's medical records. The physician shall provide  
94 notice directly, in person or by telephone, to the parent or  
95 legal guardian, including details of the medical emergency and  
96 any additional risks to the minor. If the parent or legal  
97 guardian has not been notified within 24 hours after the  
98 termination of the pregnancy, the physician shall provide notice  
99 in writing, including details of the medical emergency and any  
100 additional risks to the minor, signed by the physician, to the  
101 last known address of the parent or legal guardian of the minor,  
102 by first-class mail and by certified mail, return receipt  
103 requested, with delivery restricted to the parent or legal  
104 guardian;

105       2. Notice is waived in writing by the person who is  
106 entitled to notice and such waiver is notarized, dated not more  
107 than 30 days before the termination of pregnancy, and contains a  
108 specific waiver of the right of the parent or legal guardian to  
109 notice of the minor's termination of pregnancy;

110       3. Notice is waived by the minor who is or has been married  
111 or has had the disability of nonage removed under s. 743.015 or  
112 a similar statute of another state;

113       4. Notice is waived by the patient because the patient has  
114 a minor child dependent on her; or

115       5. Notice is waived under subsection (4).

116       (c) Violation of this subsection by a physician constitutes

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117 grounds for disciplinary action under s. 458.331 or s. 459.015.

118 (4) PROCEDURE FOR JUDICIAL WAIVER OF NOTICE.—

119 (a) A minor may petition any circuit court ~~in a judicial~~  
120 ~~circuit within the jurisdiction of the District Court of Appeal~~  
121 in which the minor ~~she~~ resides for a waiver of the notice  
122 requirements of subsection (3) and may participate in  
123 proceedings on her own behalf. The petition may be filed under a  
124 pseudonym or through the use of initials, as provided by court  
125 rule. The petition must include a statement that the petitioner  
126 is pregnant and notice has not been waived. The court shall  
127 advise the minor that she has a right to court-appointed counsel  
128 and shall provide her with counsel upon her request at no cost  
129 to the minor.

130 (b) 1. Court proceedings under this subsection must be given  
131 precedence over other pending matters to the extent necessary to  
132 ensure that the court reaches a decision promptly. The court  
133 shall rule, and issue written findings of fact and conclusions  
134 of law, within 3 business days ~~48 hours~~ after the petition is  
135 filed, except that the 3-business-day ~~48-hour~~ limitation may be  
136 extended at the request of the minor. If the court fails to rule  
137 within the 3-business-day ~~48-hour~~ period and an extension has  
138 not been requested, the minor may immediately petition for a  
139 hearing upon the expiration of the 3-business-day period to the  
140 chief judge of the circuit, who must ensure a hearing is held  
141 within 48 hours after receipt of the minor's petition and an  
142 order is entered within 24 hours after the hearing ~~the petition~~  
143 ~~is granted, and the notice requirement is waived.~~

144 2. If the circuit court does not grant judicial waiver of  
145 notice, the minor has the right to appeal. An appellate court

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146 must rule within 7 days after receipt of appeal, but a ruling  
147 may be remanded with further instruction for a ruling within 3  
148 business days after the remand. The reason for overturning a  
149 ruling on appeal must be based on abuse of discretion by the  
150 court and may not be based on the weight of the evidence  
151 presented to the circuit court since the proceeding is a  
152 nonadversarial proceeding.

153 (c) If the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence,  
154 that the minor is sufficiently mature to decide whether to  
155 terminate her pregnancy, the court shall issue an order  
156 authorizing the minor to consent to the performance or  
157 inducement of a termination of pregnancy without the  
158 notification of a parent or guardian. If the court does not make  
159 the finding specified in this paragraph or paragraph (d), it  
160 must dismiss the petition. Factors the court shall consider  
161 include:

162 1. The minor's:

163 a. Age.

164 b. Overall intelligence.

165 c. Emotional development and stability.

166 d. Credibility and demeanor as a witness.

167 e. Ability to accept responsibility.

168 f. Ability to assess both the immediate and long-range  
169 consequences of the minor's choices.

170 g. Ability to understand and explain the medical risks of  
171 terminating her pregnancy and to apply that understanding to her  
172 decision.

173 2. Whether there may be any undue influence by another on  
174 the minor's decision to have an abortion.

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175 (d) If the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence,  
176 that the petitioner is the victim ~~there is evidence~~ of child  
177 abuse or sexual abuse inflicted of the petitioner by one or both  
178 of her parents or her guardian, or by clear and convincing  
179 evidence that the notification of a parent or guardian is not in  
180 the best interest of the petitioner, the court shall issue an  
181 order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance or  
182 inducement of a termination of pregnancy without the  
183 notification of a parent or guardian. The best-interest standard  
184 does not include financial best interest or financial  
185 considerations or the potential financial impact on the minor or  
186 the minor's family if the minor does not terminate the  
187 pregnancy. If the court finds evidence of child abuse or sexual  
188 abuse of the minor petitioner by any person, the court shall  
189 report the evidence of child abuse or sexual abuse of the  
190 petitioner, as provided in s. 39.201. If the court does not make  
191 the finding specified in this paragraph or paragraph (c), it  
192 must dismiss the petition.

193 (e) A court that conducts proceedings under this section  
194 shall:

195 1. Provide for a written transcript of all testimony and  
196 proceedings; and

197 2. Issue a final written order containing and specific  
198 factual findings and legal conclusions supporting its decision,  
199 including factual findings and legal conclusions relating to the  
200 maturity of the minor as provided under paragraph (c); and shall

201 3. Order that a confidential record be maintained, as  
202 required under s. 390.01116. At the hearing, the court shall  
203 hear evidence relating to the emotional development, maturity,

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intellect, and understanding of the minor, and all other  
relevant evidence.

(f) All hearings under this section, including appeals,  
shall remain confidential and closed to the public, as provided  
by court rule.

(g) ~~(f)~~ An expedited appeal shall be made available, as the  
Supreme Court provides by rule, to any minor to whom the circuit  
court denies a waiver of notice. An order authorizing a  
termination of pregnancy without notice is not subject to  
appeal.

(h) ~~(g)~~ No Filing fees or court costs may not ~~shall~~ be  
required of any pregnant minor who petitions a court for a  
waiver of parental notification under this subsection at either  
the trial or the appellate level.

(i) ~~(h)~~ A No county is not ~~shall be~~ obligated to pay the  
salaries, costs, or expenses of any counsel appointed by the  
court under this subsection.

(5) PROCEEDINGS.—The Supreme Court is requested to adopt  
rules and forms for petitions to ensure that proceedings under  
subsection (4) are handled expeditiously and in a manner  
consistent with this act. The Supreme Court is also requested to  
adopt rules to ensure that the hearings protect the minor's  
confidentiality and the confidentiality of the proceedings.

(6) REPORT.—The Supreme Court, through the Office of the  
State Courts Administrator, shall report by February 1 of each  
year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the  
Speaker of the House of Representatives on the number of  
petitions filed under subsection (4) for the preceding year, and  
the timing and manner of disposal of such petitions by each



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233 circuit court. For each petition resulting in a waiver of  
234 notice, the reason for the waiver shall be included in the  
235 report.

236 Section 2. If any provision of this act or its application  
237 to any individual or circumstance is held invalid, the  
238 invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of  
239 the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision  
240 or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are  
241 severable.

242 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.