By the Committee on Budget

576-03556-11 20112116

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the state judicial system; creating the Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan; prescribing the purpose of the plan; providing for performance goals for each judicial circuit; authorizing financial awards to certain judges based on the performance of the circuit in meeting the goals; amending s. 27.511, F.S.; authorizing each office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel to create a direct-support organization; prescribing requirements related to the creation and operation of the direct-support organization; amending s. 27.5304, F.S.; authorizing the Office of the State Courts Administrator to pay private court-appointed counsel if a court orders payment above specified flat-fee amounts; providing for a portion of such payments to be paid from funds appropriated to the office for that purpose; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; requiring the clerk of court and the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation to submit reports on local traffic assessments in an electronic format; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan.—

(1) PURPOSE.—There is created the Judicial Caseload

Incentive Plan, the purpose of which is to resolve civil

disputes in a timely manner and reduce legal costs in the state

courts system by allowing certain judges within each judicial

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circuit meeting the established performance goals to earn a nonrecurring award.

- (2) PERFORMANCE GOALS.—The Legislature shall prescribe annual performance goals in the General Appropriations Act for specified case types in each judicial circuit. The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall calculate the performance of a circuit toward meeting its performance goal using data collected from the clerks of court. The office shall divide the annual performance goals into equal quarterly goals.
  - (3) AWARDS.-
- (a) Based on data collected from the clerks of court, the Office of the State Courts Administrator shall collect data to determine if a circuit meets all of the performance goals for a quarter. The office:
- 1. Shall evaluate performance relating to each goal separately; and
  - 2. May not consider performance data from prior quarters.
- (b) 1. If the office determines that a circuit meets all of the performance goals for a quarter, each judge assigned the types of cases specified in the General Appropriations Act as part of the Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan shall receive an award for that quarter equal to \$3,000. The office shall prorate the award of a judge who takes office during the quarter for which the circuit meets its quarterly goals or transfers into or out of the relevant divisions handling the types of cases specified in the Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan.
- 2. A judge may not receive more than one full award per quarter.
  - 3. An award under this section is contingent upon the

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appropriation of, and shall be paid from, funds in the General
Appropriations Act.

(4) REPORTS.—Within 30 days after the end of each quarter, the Office of the State Courts Administrator shall report electronically to the chairs of the appropriations committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives the progress of each circuit in meeting performance goals for the quarter and the number and amount of awards provided.

Section 2. Subsection (10) is added to section 27.511, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 27.511 Offices of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel; legislative intent; qualifications; appointment; duties.—
- (10) Each office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel may create a direct-support organization.
- (a) The direct-support organization must be registered in this state as a nonprofit corporation under chapter 617. The direct-support organization shall be exempt from the filing fees under s. 617.0122.
- (b) The direct-support organization shall be organized and operated to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of moneys; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, real or personal; and make expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel.
- (c) The direct-support organization shall operate under a written contract with the regional counsel. The written contract

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must, at a minimum, provide for:

1. Approval of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the direct-support organization by the regional counsel.

- 2. Submission of an annual budget for the approval by the regional counsel.
- 3. The reversion without penalty to the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, or to the state if the office ceases to exist, of all moneys and property held in trust by the direct-support organization for the office if the direct-support organization ceases to exist or if the contract is terminated.
- 4. The fiscal year of the direct-support organization, which must begin July 1 of each year and end June 30 of the following year.
- 5. The disclosure of material provisions of the contract and the distinction between the regional counsel and the direct-support organization to donors of gifts, contributions, or bequests, as well as on all promotional and fundraising publications.
- (d) If the regional counsel determines that the direct-support organization is operating in a manner that is inconsistent with the goals and purposes of the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel or is not acting in the best interest of the state, the regional counsel may terminate the contract, and thereafter the organization may not use the name of the office.
- (e) The regional counsel shall appoint a board of directors for the direct-support organization. The regional counsel may designate employees of the office of criminal conflict and civil

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regional counsel to serve on the board of directors. Members of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the regional counsel.

- (f) The regional counsel:
- 1. May authorize the use of facilities and property other than money which are owned by the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel to be used by the direct-support organization.
- 2. May authorize the use of personnel services provided by employees of the office.
- 3. May prescribe the conditions by which the direct-support organization may use property, facilities, or personnel services of the office.
- 4. May not authorize the use of property, facilities, or personnel services of the direct-support organization if the organization does not provide equal employment opportunities to all persons, regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.
- For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "personnel services" includes full-time personnel and part-time personnel as well as payroll processing.
- (g) Moneys of the direct-support organization may be held in a depository account in the name of the direct-support organization which is separate from the accounts of the office, but which is subject to the provisions of the contract with the regional counsel.
- (h) The direct-support organization shall provide for an annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981.
  - (i) The direct-support organization may not exercise any

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power under s. 617.0302(12) or (16). A state employee may not receive compensation from the direct-support organization for service on the board of directors or for services rendered to the direct-support organization.

Section 3. Subsections (1) and (12) of section 27.5304, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 27.5304 Private court-appointed counsel; compensation.-
- (1) Private court-appointed counsel shall be compensated by the Justice Administrative Commission and the Office of the State Courts Administrator as provided in this section and the General Appropriations Act. The flat fees prescribed in this section are limitations on compensation. The specific flat fee amounts for compensation shall be established annually in the General Appropriations Act. The attorney also shall be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses in accordance with s. 29.007. If the attorney is representing a defendant charged with more than one offense in the same case, the attorney shall be compensated at the rate provided for the most serious offense for which he or she represented the defendant. This section does not allow stacking of the fee limits established by this section.
- (12) The Legislature recognizes that on rare occasions an attorney may receive a case that requires extraordinary and unusual effort.
- (a) If counsel seeks compensation that exceeds the limits prescribed under this section and the General Appropriations Act, he or she must file a motion with the chief judge for an order approving payment of attorney's fees in excess of these limits.

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1. Prior to filing the motion, the counsel shall deliver a copy of the intended billing, together with supporting affidavits and all other necessary documentation, to the Justice Administrative Commission.

- 2. The Office of the State Courts Administrator Justice Administrative Commission shall review the billings, affidavit, and documentation for completeness and compliance with contractual and statutory requirements. If the State Courts Administrator Justice Administrative Commission objects to any portion of the proposed billing, the objection and reasons therefor shall be communicated in writing to the private courtappointed counsel. The counsel may thereafter file his or her motion, which must specify whether the State Courts Administrator commission objects to any portion of the billing or the sufficiency of documentation, and shall attach the commission's letter stating its objection.
- (b) Following receipt of the motion to exceed the fee limits, the chief judge or a designee shall hold an evidentiary hearing.
- 1. At the hearing, the attorney seeking compensation must prove by competent and substantial evidence that the case required extraordinary and unusual efforts. The chief judge or designee shall consider criteria such as the number of witnesses, the complexity of the factual and legal issues, and the length of trial. The fact that a trial was conducted in a case does not, by itself, constitute competent substantial evidence of an extraordinary and unusual effort. In a criminal case, relief under this section may not be granted if the number of work hours does not exceed 75 or the number of the state's

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204 witnesses deposed does not exceed 20.

2. The chief judge or designee shall enter a written order detailing his or her findings and identifying the extraordinary nature of the time and efforts of the attorney in the case which warrant exceeding the flat fee established by this section and the General Appropriations Act.

(c) A copy of the motion and attachments shall be served on the Justice Administrative Commission at least 5 business days prior to the date of a hearing. The Justice Administrative Commission shall have standing to appear before the court, including at the hearing under paragraph (b), to contest any motion for an order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses and may participate in a hearing on the motion by use of telephonic or other communication equipment unless ordered otherwise. The Justice Administrative Commission may contract with other public or private entities or individuals to appear before the court for the purpose of contesting any motion for an order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses. The fact that the Justice Administrative Commission has not objected to any portion of the billing or to the sufficiency of the documentation is not binding on the court.

(c) (d) If the chief judge or designee finds that counsel has proved by competent and substantial evidence that the case required extraordinary and unusual efforts, the chief judge or designee shall order the compensation to be paid to the attorney at a percentage above the flat fee rate, depending on the extent of the unusual and extraordinary effort required. The percentage shall be only the rate necessary to ensure that the fees paid

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are not confiscatory under common law. The percentage may not exceed 200 percent of the established flat fee, absent a specific finding that 200 percent of the flat fee in the case would be confiscatory. If the chief judge or designee determines that 200 percent of the flat fee would be confiscatory, he or she shall order the amount of compensation using an hourly rate not to exceed \$75 per hour for a noncapital case and \$100 per hour for a capital case. However, the compensation calculated by using the hourly rate shall be only that amount necessary to ensure that the total fees paid are not confiscatory.

- (d) (e) Any order granting relief under this subsection must be attached to the final request for a payment submitted to the Office of the State Courts Administrator Justice Administrative Commission.
- (e) (f) The Justice Administrative Commission shall provide to the Office of the State Courts Administrator data concerning the number of cases approved for compensation in excess of the limitation and the amount of these awards by circuit and by judge. The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall report the number of cases paid and the amount paid per case by circuit data quarterly to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and the chief judge of each circuit.
- (f) The portion of compensation paid to private courtappointed counsel under this subsection which exceeds the compensation limits prescribed elsewhere under this section and the General Appropriations Act shall be paid from funds appropriated to the Office of the State Courts Administrator for this purpose.

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Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (13) of section 318.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:

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(b) A county may impose a surcharge under subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph(a)2., or subparagraph(a)3., but may not impose more than one surcharge under this subsection. A county may elect to impose a different authorized surcharge but may not impose more than one surcharge at a time. The clerk of court shall report, no later than 30 days after the end of the quarter, the amount of funds collected under this subsection during each quarter of the fiscal year. The clerk shall submit the report, in an electronic a format developed by the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation Office of State Courts Administrator, to the chief judge of the circuit and the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation. The corporation shall submit the report in an electronic format tor the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the board of county commissioners.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.