A bill to be entitled
An act relating to education; amending s. 121.021, F.S.; deleting salary supplements for National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification from the definition of "compensation" under the Florida Retirement System; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; excluding charter school Merit Award Program funds from the calculation of school district administrative fees; amending s. 1007.271, F.S.; deleting dual enrollment funding provisions; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the calculation of full-time equivalent membership for dual enrollment instruction; authorizing a district school board to transfer certain categorical funds for academic classroom instruction; requiring the Department of Education to report to the Legislature the amounts transferred and the activities for which the funds were expended; requiring a district school board to report to the department if the school board transfers funds from its allocation for research-based reading instruction; providing for future expiration of certain provisions; amending s. 1011.71, F.S.; revising requirements for school district expenditure of revenue generated by the district school tax millage; providing for future expiration of such provisions; amending s. 1012.72, F.S., relating to the Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program; eliminating as authorized expenditures the fee subsidy for National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification, the portfolio preparation incentive, the
bonus for mentoring and related services, and the employer's share of Florida Retirement System contributions; revising the requirements by which a teacher may qualify for a bonus; deleting provisions to conform; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (22) of section 121.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
121.021 Definitions.--The following words and phrases as used in this chapter have the respective meanings set forth unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:
(22) "Compensation" means the monthly salary paid a member by his or her employer for work performed arising from that employment.
(a) Compensation shall include:

1. Overtime payments paid from a salary fund.
2. Accumulated annual leave payments.
3. Payments in addition to the employee's base rate of pay if all the following apply:
a. The payments are paid according to a formal written policy that applies to all eligible employees equally;
b. The policy provides that payments shall commence no later than the lith year of employment;
c. The payments are paid for as long as the employee continues his or her employment; and
d. The payments are paid at least annually.

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4. Amounts withheld for tax sheltered annuities or deferred compensation programs, or any other type of salary reduction plan authorized under the Internal Revenue Code.
5. Payments made in lieu of a permanent increase in the base rate of pay, whether made annually or in 12 or 26 equal payments within a 12 -month period, when the member's base pay is at the maximum of his or her pay range. When a portion of a member's annual increase raises his or her pay range and the excess is paid as a lump sum payment, such lump sum payment shall be compensation for retirement purposes.
6. Effective July 1,2002 , salary supplements made pursuant to s. 1012.72 requiring a valid National Board for Professional Standards certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph 3 .

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (20) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1002.33 Charter schools.--
(20) SERVICES.--
(a) A sponsor shall provide certain administrative and educational services to charter schools. These services shall include contract management services; full-time equivalent and data reporting services; exceptional student education administration services; services related to eligibility and reporting duties required to ensure that school lunch services under the federal lunch program, consistent with the needs of the charter school, are provided by the school district at the request of the charter school; test administration services, including payment of the costs of state-required or district-
required student assessments; processing of teacher certificate data services; and information services, including equal access to student information systems that are used by public schools in the district in which the charter school is located. Student performance data for each student in a charter school, including, but not limited to, FCAT scores, standardized test scores, previous public school student report cards, and student performance measures, shall be provided by the sponsor to a charter school in the same manner provided to other public schools in the district. A total administrative fee for the provision of such services shall be calculated based upon up to 5 percent of the available funds defined in paragraph (17)(b) for all students. However, a sponsor may only withhold up to a 5-percent administrative fee for enrollment for up to and including 500 students. For charter schools with a population of 501 or more students, the difference between the total administrative fee calculation and the amount of the administrative fee withheld may only be used for capital outlay purposes specified in s. 1013.62(2). Funds awarded pursuant to s. 1012.225 shall not be subject to the maximum 5-percent administrative fee withheld pursuant to this paragraph. Sponsors shall not charge charter schools any additional fees or surcharges for administrative and educational services in addition to the maximum 5-percent administrative fee withheld pursuant to this paragraph.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 1007.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.--

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(2) For the purpose of this section, an eligible secondary student is a student who is enrolled in a Florida public secondary school or in a Florida private secondary school which is in compliance with s. 1002.42(2) and conducts a secondary curriculum pursuant to s. 1003.43. Students enrolled in postsecondary instruction that is not creditable toward the high school diploma shall not be classified as dual enrollments. Students who are eligible for dual enrollment pursuant to this section shall be permitted to enroll in dual enrollment courses conducted during school hours, after school hours, and during the summer term. Instructional time for such enrollment may vary from 900 hours; however, the school district may only report the student for a maximum of 1.0 FTE, as provided in s. 1011.61(4). Each semester of instruction that is eligible for high school and postsecondary credit shall be reported by school districts as 75 membership hours for purposes of FTE calculation. Any student so enrolled is exempt from the payment of registration, tuition, and laboratory fees. Vocational-preparatory instruction, college-preparatory instruction, and other forms of precollegiate instruction, as well as physical education courses that focus on the physical execution of a skill rather than the intellectual attributes of the activity, are ineligible for inclusion in the dual enrollment program. Recreation and leisure studies courses shall be evaluated individually in the same manner as physical education courses for potential inclusion in the program.

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Section 4. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) and subsection (6) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-328, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:
1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.--If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:
(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.--The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
(i) Calculation of full-time equivalent membership with respect to dual enrollment instruction.--Students enrolled in dual enrollment instruction pursuant to s. 1007.271 may be included in calculations of full-time equivalent student memberships for basic programs for grades 9 through 12 by a district school board. Instructional time for dual enrollment may vary from 900 hours; however, the school district may only report the student for a maximum of 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership, as provided in s. 1011.61(4). With the exception of early admission dual enrollment as defined in s. 1007.271(7), dual enrollment full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated in an amount equal to the hours of instruction that would be necessary to earn the full-time equivalent student membership for an equivalent course if it were taught in the school district. The dual enrollment full-

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time equivalent student membership for early admission dual enrollment students as defined in s. 1007.271(7) shall be calculated by dividing the number of college credit hours by 30. Each semester of instruction that is eligible for high school and postsecondary eredit shall be reported by school districts as 75 membership hours for purposes of FTE calculation. Such Students in dual enrollment courses may also be calculated as the proportional shares of full-time equivalent enrollments they generate for a community college or university conducting the dual enrollment instruction. Early admission students shall be eonsidered dual enrollments for funding purposes. Students may be enrolled in dual enrollment instruction provided by an eligible independent college or university and may be included in calculations of full-time equivalent student memberships for basic programs for grades 9 through 12 by a district school board. However, those provisions of law which exempt dual enrolled and early admission students from payment of instructional materials and tuition and fees, including laboratory fees, shall not apply to students who select the option of enrolling in an eligible independent institution. An independent college or university which is located and chartered in Florida, is not for profit, is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools or the Accrediting Council for Independent Colleges and Schools, and wich confers degrees as defined in s. 1005.02 shall be eligible for inclusion in the dual enrollment or early admission program. Students enrolled in dual enrollment instruction shall be exempt from the payment of tuition and fees, including

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laboratory fees. No student enrolled in college credit mathematics or English dual enrollment instruction shall be funded as a dual enrollment unless the student has successfully completed the relevant section of the entry-level examination required pursuant to s. 1008.30.
(6) CATEGORICAL FUNDS.--
(a) In addition to the basic amount for current operations for the FEFP as determined in subsection (1), the Legislature may appropriate categorical funding for specified programs, activities, or purposes.
(b) If a district school board finds and declares in a resolution adopted at a regular meeting of the school board that the funds received for any of the following categorical appropriations are urgently needed to maintain school board specified academic classroom instruction, the school board may consider and approve an amendment to the school district operating budget transferring the identified amount of the categorical funds to the appropriate account for expenditure:

1. Funds for student transportation.
2. Funds for safe schools.
3. Funds for supplemental academic instruction.
4. Funds for research-based reading instruction.
5. Funds for instructional materials if all instructional material purchases have been completed for that fiscal year, but no sooner than March 1, 2009.
(c) Each district school board shall include in its annual financial report to the Department of Education the amount of funds the school board transferred from each of the categorical

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funds identified in this subsection and the specific academic classroom instruction for which the transferred funds were expended. The Department of Education shall provide instructions and specify the format to be used in submitting this required information as a part of the district annual financial report. The department shall provide to the Legislature a report that identifies by district and by categorical fund the amount transferred and the specific academic classroom activity for which the funds were expended.
(d) If a district school board transfers funds from its research-based reading instruction allocation, the school board must also submit to the Department of Education an amendment describing the changes that the district is making to its reading plan approved pursuant to paragraph (9) (d).

Section 5. The amendments to s. 1011.62(6), Florida Statutes, as carried forward by this act from chapter 2007-328, Laws of Florida, and made by this act shall expire July 1, 2009, and the text of that section shall revert to that in existence on the day before the effective date of chapter 2007-328, Laws of Florida, except that any amendments to such text enacted other than by this act shall be preserved and continue to operate to the extent that such amendments are not dependent upon the portions of such text that expire pursuant to this section.

Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapters 2007-328 and 2008-2, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
1011.71 District school tax.--

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(3) A school district that has met the reduction requirements regarding class size for the 2008-2009 fiscal eurrent year pursuant to s. 1003.03 for $\mathrm{K}-12$ students for whom the school district provides the educational facilities, has received an unqualified opinion on its financial statements fox the preceding 3 years, has no matexial weaknesses or instances of material noncompliance noted in an audit for the preceding 3 years, and certifies to the Commissioner of Education that the district does not need all of its discretionary 2-mill capital improvement revenue for capital outlay purposes and all of the district's instructional space needs for the next 5 years can be met from capital outlay sources that the district reasonably expects to receive during the next 5 years from local revenues and from currently appropriated state facilities funding or from alternative scheduling or construction, leasing, rezoning, or technological methodologies that exhibit sound management may expend, subject to the provisions of s. 200.065, up to $\$ 65$ per unweighted full-time equivalent student from the revenue generated by the 2008-2009 millage levy authorized by subsection (2) to fund, in addition to expenditures authorized in paragraphs (2)(a)-(j), 2008-2009 expenses for the following:
(a) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of driver's education vehicles; motor vehicles used for the maintenance or operation of plants and equipment; security vehicles; or vehicles used in storing or distributing materials and equipment.
(b) Payment of the cost of premiums for property and casualty insurance necessary to insure school district

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educational and ancillary plants. Operating revenues that are made available through the payment of property and casualty insurance premiums from revenues generated under this subsection may be expended only for nonrecurring operational expenditures of the school district.

Section 7. The amendments to s. 1011.71(3), Florida Statutes, as carried forward by this act from chapters 2007-328 and 2008-2, Laws of Florida, and made by this act shall expire July 1, 2009, and the text of that section shall revert to that in existence on the day before the effective date of chapter 2007-328, Laws of Florida, except that any amendments to such text enacted other than by this act shall be preserved and continue to operate to the extent that such amendments are not dependent upon the portions of such text that expire pursuant to this section.

Section 8. Section 1012.72, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-328, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
1012.72 Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program.--
(1) The Legislature recognizes that teachers play a exitical role in preparing students to achieve the high levels of academic performance expected by the Sunshine State Standards. The Legislature further recognizes the importance of identifying and rewarding teaching excellence and of encouraging good teachers to become excellent teachers. The Legislature finds that the National Boaxd of Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) has established high and rigorous standards for accomplished teaching and has developed a national voluntary system for assessing and certifying teachers who demonstrate

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teaching excellence by mecting those standards. It is therefore the Legislature's intent to provide incentives for teachers to seek NBPTS certification and to reward teachers who demonstrate teaching excellence by attaining NBPTS certification and sharing their expertise with othex teachers.
(1)(2) The Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program is created to provide categorical funding for monetary incentives and bonuses for teaching excellence. The Department of Education shall distribute to each school district or to the NBPTS an amount as prescribed annually by the Legislature for the Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program. For purposes of this section, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind shall be considered a school district. Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, each distribution shall be the sum of the amounts earned for the following incentives and bonuses:
(a) A fee subsidy to be paid by the Department of Education to the NBPTS on behalf of each individual who is an employec of a district school board or a public school within the school district, who is certified by the district to have demonstrated satisfactory teaching performance pursuant to s. 1012. 34 and who satisfies the prerequisites for participating in the NBPTS certification program, and who agrees, in writing, to pay 10 percent of the NBPTS participation fee and to participate in the NBPTS certification program during the school year for which the fee subsidy is provided. The fee subsidy for each eligible participant shall be an amount equal to 90 percent of the fee charged for participating in the NBPTS certification

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program. The fee subsidy is a one time award and may not be duplicated for any individual.
(b) A portfolio-preparation incentive of $\$ 150$ paid by the Department of Education to each teacher employed by a district school board or a public school within a school district who is participating in the NBPTS certification program. The portfolio preparation incentive is a one-time award paid during the school year for which the NBPTS fee subsidy is provided.
(a) (c) An annual bonus equal to 10 percent of the prior fiscal year's statewide average salary for classroom teachers to be distributed to the school district to be paid to each individual who holds National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) NBPTS certification and is employed by the district school board or by a public school within the school district. The district school board shall distribute the annual bonus to each individual who meets the requirements of this paragraph and who is certified annually by the district to have demonstrated satisfactory teaching performance pursuant to s. 1012.225 or $s .1012 .34$. The annual bonus may be paid as a single payment or divided into not more than three payments.
(d) An annual bonus equal to 10 percent of the priox fiscal year's statewide average salary for classroom teachers to be distributed to the school district to be paid to each individual who meets the requirements of paragraph (c) and agrees, in writing, to provide the equivalent of 12 workdays of mentoring and related sexvices to public school teachers within the state who do not hold NBPTS certification. Related services must include instruction in helping teachers work more

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effectively with the families of their students. The district school board shall distribute the annual bonus in a single payment following the completion of all required mentoring and related services for the year. It is not the intent of the fegislature to remeve exeellent teachexs from their assigned elassrooms; therefore, credit may not be granted by a school district or public school for mentoring or related services provided during student contact time during the 196 days of required service for the school year.
(b) (e) The employer's share of social security and Medicare taxes and Florida Retirement System contributions for those teachers who qualify for NBPTS certification and receive bonus amounts.

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A teacher for whom the state pays the certification fee and whe
does not complete the certification program or does not teach in
a public school of this state for at least 1 year aftex
eompleting the certification program must repay the amount of
the certification fee to the state. However, a teacher who
empletes the eextification program but fails to be awarded
NBPTS certification is not required to repay the amount of the
eertification fee if the teacher meets the 1-year teaching
requirement. Repayment is not required of a teacher who does not
eomplete the certification program or fails to fulfill the
teaching requirement because of the teachex's death-ox
disability or because of other extenuating circumstances as
determined by the State Board of Education.
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(3) (a) In addition to any other remedy available undex the law, any person who is a recipient of a certification fee subsidy paid to the NBPTS and who is an employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions is considered to have eonsented, as a condition of employment, to the voluntary or involuntary withholding of wages to repay to the state the amount of such a cextification fee subsidy awarded under this section. Any such employee who defaults on the repayment of such a certification fee subsidy must, within 60 days after service of a notice of default by the Department of Education to the employec, establish a repayment schedule which must be agreed to by the department and the employee, for repaying the defaulted sum through payroll deductions. The department may not require the employee to pay more than 10 percent of the employee's pay per pay period under such a repayment schedule or plan. If the employee fails to establish a repayment schedule within the specified period of time or fails to meet the terms and eonditions of the agreed upon or approved repayment schedule as authorized by this subsection, the employee has breached an essential condition of employment and is considexed to have eonsented to the involuntary withholding of wages or salary for the repayment of the certification fee subsidy.
(b) A person who is employed by the state, or any of its political subdivisions, may not be dismissed for having defaulted on the repayment of the cextification fee subsidy to the state.
(4) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536 and 120.54 as necessary to administer the
provisions fox payment of the fee subsidies, incentives, and bonuses and for the repayment of defaulted certification fee subsidies under this section.
(2)(5) If the funds available in any fiscal year are insufficient to pay in full the annual bonus under subsection (1) bonuses for certification and for providing mentoring and related services, payments for providing mentoring and related services shall be prorated among the eligible recipients.

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.

