

Finance and Tax Committee

Wednesday, March 30, 2011 2:15 p.m. Morris Hall

ACTION PACKET

Finance & Tax Committee 3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Summary:

Finance & Tax Committee

Wednesday March 30, 2011 02:15 pm

CS/HB 143 Favorable	Yeas:	21	Nays:	1
CS/CS/HJR 381 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	20	Nays:	2
HB 493 Temporarily Deferred				
HB 733 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	23	Nays:	0
CS/HB 873 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	22	Nays:	1
HB 965 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	20	Nays:	3
CS/HB 1069 Temporarily Deferred				
CS/HB 1309 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	21	Nays:	0
PCB FTC 11-02 Favorable	Yeas:	16	Nays:	6
PCB FTC 11-03 Favorable	Yeas:	22	Nays:	0

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

Attendance:

	Present	Absent	Excused
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	X		
Joseph Abruzzo	X		
Larry Ahern	X		
Lori Berman	X		
Jason Brodeur	X		
Douglas Broxson	X		
Fredrick Costello	X		
Jose Diaz	X		
Chris Dorworth	X		
Erik Fresen	X		
James Grant	X		
John Julien	X		
Debbie Mayfield	X		
George Moraltis, Jr.	X		
Scott Randolph	X		
Lake Ray	X		
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda	×		
Hazelle Rogers	X		
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X		
Perry Thurston, Jr.	X		
Carlos Trujillo	×		
Charles Van Zant	×		
James Waldman	×		
Michael Weinstein	X		
Totals:	24	0	0

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB) **CS/HB 143 : Tax Credits**

X Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Joseph Abruzzo	X				
Larry Ahern	X				
Lori Berman	X				
Jason Brodeur	X				
Douglas Broxson	X				
Fredrick Costello	X				
Jose Diaz				X	
Chris Dorworth	X				
Erik Fresen	X				
James Grant	X				
John Julien	X				
Debbie Mayfield	X				
George Moraitis, Jr.	X				
Scott Randolph	X				
Lake Ray	X				
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda		X			
Hazelle Rogers	X				
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X				
Perry Thurston, Jr.	X				
Carlos Trujillo			X		
Charles Van Zant	X				····
James Waldman	X				
Michael Weinstein	X				
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	X				
	Total Yeas: 21	Total Nays: 1			

Appearances:

CS/HB 143

Ryan West (Lobbyist) - Proponent Florida Chamber of Commercce 136 S. Bronough Street

Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: 850-521-1235

Sharkey, Jeffrey (Lobbyist) - Proponent

Space X

106 East College Avenue Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: 850-224-1660

CS/HB 143

Fraser, Towson (Lobbyist) - Proponent Associated Industries of Florida 120 South Monroe Street

Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)671-4401

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Pitts, Brian - Proponent Trustee-Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Avenue South S. Petersburg Florida 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

Snow, Christopher (Lobbyist) - Proponent Space Florida 1580 Waldo Palmer Lane Tallahassee FL

Phone: 321-474-9754

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

CS/CS/HJR 381: Property Assessment; Nonhomestead Increase Limitation, Reduction &

Continuation; New Homestead Owner's Additional Exemption

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Joseph Abruzzo				Х	
Larry Ahern	X				
Lori Berman	X				
Jason Brodeur				Х	
Douglas Broxson	X				
Fredrick Costello	X				
Jose Diaz	X				
Chris Dorworth	X				
Erik Fresen	X				
James Grant	X				
John Julien	X				
Debbie Mayfield	X				
George Moraitis, Jr.	X				
Scott Randolph	X				
Lake Ray	X				
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda	X				
Hazelle Rogers	X				
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X				
Perry Thurston, Jr.		X			
Carlos Trujillo	X				
Charles Van Zant	X				
James Waldman		X			
Michael Weinstein	X				
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	Х				
	Total Yeas: 20	Total Nays: 2	<u> </u>		

Appearances:

Suggs, Davin (Lobbyist) - Opponent Florida Association of Counties 100 South Monroe Street Tallahassee FL 32302 Phone: (850)922-4300

Pitts, Brian - Information Only Trustee-Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Avenue South S. Petersburg Florida 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

Phone: 850-224-1400

Price, Trey (Lobbyist) - Information Only Florida Realtors 200 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee Florida 32301

Finance & Tax Committee 3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Ryan West (Lobbyist) - Proponent
Florida Chamber of Commercce
136 S. Bronough Street
Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: 850-521-1235

Hughes, Amber (Lobbyist) - Opponent Florida League of Cities P.O. Box 1757

Tallahassee FL 32302 Phone: 850-701-3621

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

Leagis ®

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

HB 493 : Tax on Sales, Use & Other Transactions

X Temporarily Deferred

Appearances:

Steven Wolens - Opponent McKool Smith/Broward County 300 Cresent Court #1500 Dallas TX 75201

Bell, Doug (Lobbyist) - Opponent Volusia County 215 S. Monroe St. Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)222-3533

Bleakley, Sarah (Lobbyist) - Opponent Lee County Board of County Commissioners 1500 Mahan Drive Tallahassee FL 32308 Phone: (850)224-4070

Jeffries, Mark (Lobbyist) - Opponent Orange County Government Office of the Mayor 201 S Rosalind Ave Orlando FL 32801 Phone: (407)836-5909

Zingale, James (Lobbyist) - Opponent Orange & Broward County 101 N. Gadaden Tallahassee FL 323801 Phone: (850)201-2096

Frank Attkisson - Proponent 323 Pleasant Street Kissimmee FL

Pitts, Brian - Opponent Trustee-Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Avenue South S. Petersburg Florida 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

Weber, Victoria (Lobbyist) - Proponent Florida Chamber of Commerce & Disney 119 South Monroe Street #300 Tallahassee FL 32302 Phone: (850)222-7500

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Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Snyder, James (Lobbyist) - Opponent

Florida Association of Convention and Visitors Bureaus

PO Box 14629

Tallahassee FL 32302 Phone: (850)224-2777

Padgett, Samantha (Lobbyist) - Proponent

Florida Retail Federation 227 S. Adams Street Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)222-4082

Green, Jennifer (Lobbyist) - Proponent

Expedia, Inc P.O. Box 390 Tallahassee FL 20005 Phone: (850)841-1726

Dunbar, Peter (Lobbyist) - Opponent Marriott Corporation 215 South Monroe Street Tallahassee FL 32312 Phone: (850)222-3533

Pinsky, Richard (Lobbyist) - Opponent American Hotel & Lodging Association 106 East College Avenue Tallahassee FL

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

Leagis ®

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

HB 733 : Tax on Sales, Use, and Other Transactions

X | Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Joseph Abruzzo	X				
Larry Ahern	X				
Lori Berman	X				
Jason Brodeur	X				
Douglas Broxson	X				
Fredrick Costello	X				
Jose Diaz	X				
Chris Dorworth	X				
Erik Fresen	X				
James Grant	X				
John Julien	X				
Debbie Mayfield	X				
George Moraitis, Jr.	X				
Scott Randolph	X				
Lake Ray	X				
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda	X				
Hazelle Rogers	X				
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X				
Perry Thurston, Jr.	X				
Carlos Trujillo	X				
Charles Van Zant				X	
James Waldman	X				
Michael Weinstein	X				
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	Х				
	Total Yeas: 23	Total Nays:	0		

Appearances:

Imbrone, Paul (Lobbyist) - Proponent Macy's, Inc 22 East Flagler Street Miami FL

Phone: 768-251-3225

Miller, Randy (Lobbyist) - Proponent Florida Retail Federation 227 S Adams St Tallahassee FL 32302-2024 Phone: (850)222-4082

Jacob Burns - Proponent University of Florida Student Government 207 SW 13th Street Gainesville FL 32601

Phone: 850-376-1506

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

Finance & Tax Committee 3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Pitts, Brian - Proponent Trustee-Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Avenue South S. Petersburg Florida 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

CS/HB 873 : Corporate Tax Credits and Refunds

Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Joseph Abruzzo	X				
Larry Ahern	X				
Lori Berman	X				
Jason Brodeur	X				
Douglas Broxson	X				
Fredrick Costello	X				
Jose Diaz	X				
Chris Dorworth	X				
Erik Fresen	X				
James Grant	X				
John Julien	X				
Debbie Mayfield	X				
George Moraitis, Jr.	X				
Scott Randolph	X				
Lake Ray	X				
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda		X			
Hazelle Rogers	X				
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X				
Perry Thurston, Jr.	X				
Carlos Trujillo	X				
Charles Van Zant				X	
James Waldman	X				
Michael Weinstein	X				
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	X				
·	Total Yeas: 22	Total Nays: 1	<u></u>		

Appearances:

Fraser, Towson (Lobbyist) - Proponent Associated Industries of Florida 120 South Monroe Street Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)671-4401

Snow, Christopher (Lobbyist) - Proponent Space Florida 1580 Waldo Palmer Lane Tallahassee FL Phone: 321-474-9754

Sharkey, Jeffrey (Lobbyist) - Proponent Space X

106 E. College Avenue Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)224-1660

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

HB 965 : Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program

Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Joseph Abruzzo	X				
Larry Ahern	X				
Lori Berman		X			
Jason Brodeur	X				
Douglas Broxson	X				
Fredrick Costello	X				
Jose Diaz	X				
Chris Dorworth	X				
Erik Fresen	X				
James Grant	X				
John Julien	X				
Debbie Mayfield	X				
George Moraitis, Jr.	X				
Scott Randolph					Х
Lake Ray	X				
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda		X			
Hazelle Rogers	X				
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X				
Perry Thurston, Jr.		X			
Carlos Trujillo	X				
Charles Van Zant	X				
James Waldman	X				
Michael Weinstein	X				
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	Х				
	Total Yeas: 20	Total Nays: 3	}		

Appearances:

Dix, Patsy (Lobbyist) - Opponent Florida Education Association 213 S Adams St Tallahassee FL 32301

Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)224-2078

Russell, Lynda (Lobbyist) - Opponent Florida Education Association 213 S Adams St Tallahassee FL 32301

Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)224-2078

Herzog, James (Lobbyist) - Proponent

Florida Catholic Conference

201 W Park Ave Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)222-3803

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB) Lasher, Denise (Lobbyist) - Proponent

Set Up for Students P.O. Box 1440 Lutz FL 33559

Phone: (813)240-4567

LaQuinta Demous - Proponent
Parent of Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Students
128 North 14th Street
Quincy FL 32351

Phone: 850-627-0844

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

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Finance & Tax Committee 3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

CS/HB 1069 : Capital Investment Tax Credit

X Temporarily Deferred

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

CS/HB 1309 : Economic Recovery from the Deepwater Horizon Disaster

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Joseph Abruzzo	X				
Larry Ahern	X				
Lori Berman	X				
Jason Brodeur	X				
Douglas Broxson	X				
Fredrick Costello	X				
Jose Diaz	X				
Chris Dorworth	X				
Erik Fresen	X				
James Grant	X				
John Julien	X				
Debbie Mayfield	X				
George Moraitis, Jr.				Х	
Scott Randolph	X				
Lake Ray	X				
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda	X				
Hazelie Rogers	X				
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X	-			
Perry Thurston, Jr.				X	
Carlos Trujillo	X				
Charles Van Zant				X	
James Waldman	X				
Michael Weinstein	X				
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	X				
	Total Yeas: 21	Total Nays: ()		

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

PCB FTC 11-02: State Government Revenue Limitation

X Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Joseph Abruzzo		X		768	Nay
Larry Ahern	X				
Lori Berman		Х			
Jason Brodeur	X				
Douglas Broxson	Х				
Fredrick Costello	X				
Jose Diaz	X				
Chris Dorworth	X				
Erik Fresen	X				
James Grant	X				
John Julien			Х		
Debbie Mayfield	X				
George Moraitis, Jr.	X				
Scott Randolph			х		
Lake Ray	X				
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda		X			
Hazelle Rogers		X			
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X				
Perry Thurston, Jr.		X			
Carlos Trujillo	X				-
Charles Van Zant	X				
James Waldman		X			
Michael Weinstein	X				
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	X				
	Total Yeas: 16	Total Nays: 6			

Appearances:

Meiners, H. (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Associated Industries of Florida P.O. Box 1633

Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)591-0177

Wilcox, Benjamin (Lobbyist) - Opponent League of Women Voters of Florida 1719 Old Fort Drive

Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)544-4448

McRay, Jack (Lobbyist) - Opponent AARP

200 W. College Avenue, Ste. 304

Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850) 577-5187

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

Cindy Gerhardt - Opponent

Florida PTA

5430 Frand Reeder Road

Pensacola FL 32526

Phone: 850-384-0595

Ryan West (Lobbyist) - Proponent

Florida Chamber of Commercce

136 S. Bronough Street

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: 850-521-1235

Templin, Rich (Lobbyist) - Opponent

Florida AFL-CIO

135 S. Monroe

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: 850-224-6926

Ashwell, Brad (Lobbyist) - Opponent

Florida PIRG (The Public Interest Research Group)

310 North Monroe Street

Taliahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850)224-3321

Dix, Patsy (Lobbyist) - Opponent

Florida Education Association

213 S Adams St

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850)224-2078

John Ratliff - Opponent

Public Policy Coordinator - SEIU 1991

18441 NW 2nd Avenue

Miami Gardens FL 33169

Phone: 305-620-6555

Pitts, Brian - Proponent

Trustee-Justice-2-Jesus

1119 Newton Avenue South

S. Petersburg Florida 33705

Phone: 727-897-9291

Woodall, Karen (Lobbyist) - Opponent

Florida Center for Fiscal & Economic Policy

545 E. Tennessee Street

Tallahassee FL 32308

Phone: 850-321-9386

Carol Hedges - Information Only

Colorado Fiscal Policy Institute

789 Sherman Suite 300

Denver CO 80203

Phone: 303-573-5669 x 309

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB)

PCB FTC 11-03 : Economic Development

Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Joseph Abruzzo	X				
Larry Ahern	X				·
Lori Berman	X				
Jason Brodeur	X				
Douglas Broxson	X				
Fredrick Costello	X				
Jose Diaz	Х				
Chris Dorworth				X	
Erik Fresen	X				
James Grant	X				
John Julien	X				
Debbie Mayfield	X				
George Moraitis, Jr.	X				
Scott Randolph	X				
Lake Ray	X				
Michelle Rehwinkel Vasilinda	X				
Hazelle Rogers	X				
Patrick Rooney, Jr.	X				
Perry Thurston, Jr.					X
Carlos Trujillo	X				
Charles Van Zant	X				
James Waldman	X				
Michael Weinstein	X				
Stephen Precourt (Chair)	X				
	Total Yeas: 22	Total Nays:	0		

Appearances:

Meiners, H. (Lobbyist) - Information Only Associated Industries of Florida 516 N Adams St Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)591-0177

Weber, Victoria (Lobbyist) - Proponent Florida Chamber of Commerce 136 S Bronough St Tallahassee FL 32302

Phone: (850)222-7500

Gonzalez, Jose (Lobbyist) - Proponent Associated Industries of Florida 516 N. Adams Street

Tallahassee FL 32302 Phone: (850)224-7173

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

Finance & Tax Committee

3/30/2011 2:15:00PM

Location: Morris Hall (17 HOB) Kurt Wenner - Information Only

Florida TaxWatch 106 N. Bronough Street Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: 850-222-5052

Print Date: 3/30/2011 9:00 pm

Committee meeting was reported out: Wednesday, March 30, 2011 8:51:46PM

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TEE ACTION
(Y/N)
(Y/N)
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_ (Y/N)
(Y/N)

Committee/Subcommittee hearing PCB: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Metz offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 185-277 and insert:

220.153 Apportionment by sales factor.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section the following terms mean:
- (a) "Full-time employee" means an employee who works an average of at least 36 hours per week for an entire year and receives an average weekly wage greater than the lower of the state or local average weekly wages for the taxpayer's industry; however, a full-time employee does not include an employee who is hired to construct improvements to real property.
- (b) "Qualified capital expenditures" means expenditures in this state for purposes substantially related to a business's production or sale of goods or services for funding the acquisition of additional real property (land, buildings, including appurtenances, fixtures and fixed equipment,

structures, etc.), including additions, replacements, major repairs, and renovations to real property which materially extend its useful life or materially improve or change its functional use and including furniture and equipment necessary to furnish and operate a new or improved facility;

The term "qualified capital expenditures" does not include the outlay of capital to fund any passive investment intended for the accumulation of reserve or the realization of profit for distribution to any person holding an ownership interest in the business.

(2) APPORTIONMENT OF TAXES; ELIGIBILITY.—A taxpayer, not including a financial organization as defined in s. 220.15(6) or a bank, savings association, international banking facility, or banking organization as defined in s. 220.62, doing business within and without this state, who applies and demonstrates to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that, on or after July 1, 2013, it has made qualified capital expenditures equal to or exceeding \$250 million and has continuously maintained at least the number of full-time employees who were employed by the taxpayer in this state at the time it notified the office of its intent to apply for apportionment pursuant to this section, may apportion its adjusted federal income solely by the sales factor set forth in s. 220.15(5), commencing in the taxable year of such determination.

(3) APPLICATION PROCESS.—

- (a) To qualify as a taxpayer who is eligible to apportion its adjusted federal income under this section:
- 1. The taxpayer must notify the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of its intent to submit an application to apportion its adjusted federal income in order to commence the 2-year period for measuring qualified capital expenditures.
- 2. The application must be submitted within 2 years after notifying the office of the taxpayer's intent to qualify. The application must be made under oath and provide such information as the office reasonably requires by rule for determining the applicant's eligibility to apportion adjusted federal income. The taxpayer is responsible for affirmatively demonstrating to the satisfaction of the office that it meets the eligibility requirements.
- (b) The taxpayer notice and application forms shall be established by the office by rule. The office shall acknowledge receipt of the notice and approve or deny the application in writing within 45 days after receipt.
- (c) Upon approval, the taxpayer, by the due date for filing its tax return for the taxable year during which its eligibility has been determined, including any extensions thereof, may elect to apportion its adjusted federal income by filing a return for the taxable year using the method provided under this chapter.
- (d) Once made, a taxpayer may not revoke the election for 4 tax years, at which time the taxpayer may renew the election by the due date, or extended due date, for filing its tax return by filing a return for the next taxable year using the method

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provided under this chapter. If the taxpayer does not renew its election, it shall apportion its adjusted federal income pursuant to s. 220.15 and must reapply to apportion its adjusted federal income pursuant to this section.

- (4) REVIEW AUTHORITY; RECAPTURE OF TAX.-
- (a) In addition to its existing audit authority, the department may perform any financial and technical review and investigation, including examining the accounts, books, and records of the taxpayer as necessary, to verify that the taxpayer's tax return correctly computes and apportions adjusted federal income and to ensure compliance with this chapter.
- (b) The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may, by order, revoke its decision to grant eligibility for apportionment, and may also order the recalculation of apportionment factors to those applicable under s. 220.15 if, as the result of an audit, investigation, or examination, it determines that information provided by the taxpayer in the application, or in a statement, representation, record, report, plan, or other document provided to the office to become eligible for apportionment, was materially false at the time it was made and that an individual acting on behalf of the taxpayer knew, or should have known, that the information submitted was false. The taxpayer shall pay such additional taxes and interest as may be due pursuant to this chapter computed as the difference between the tax that would have been due under the apportionment formula provided in s. 220.15 for such years and the tax actually paid. In addition, the department shall assess a penalty equal to 100 percent of the additional tax due.

- (c) The office shall immediately notify the department of an order affecting a taxpayer's eligibility to apportion tax pursuant to this section. A taxpayer who is liable for past tax must file an amended return with the department, or such other report as the department prescribes by rule, and pay any required tax, interest, and penalty within 60 days after the taxpayer receives notification from the office that the previously approved credits have been revoked. If the revocation is contested, the taxpayer shall file an amended return or other report within 30 days after an order becomes final. A taxpayer who fails to pay the past tax, interest, and penalty by the due date is subject to the penalties provided in s. 220.803.
- (5) RULES.—The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the department may adopt rules to administer this section.
- Section 3. Paragraph (k) of subsection (8) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 3 of chapter 2010-280, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
 - 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-
- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide:
- (k)1. Payment information relative to chapters 199, 201, 202, 212, 220, 221, and 624 to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or agents that are identified in writing by the office to the department, in the administration of the tax refund program for qualified defense contractors and space flight business contractors authorized by

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- s. 288.1045 and the tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses authorized by s. 288.106.
- 2. Information relative to tax credits taken by a business under s. 220.191 and exemptions or tax refunds received by a business under s. 212.08(5)(j) to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or agents that are identified in writing by the office to the department, in the administration and evaluation of the capital investment tax credit program authorized in s. 220.191 and the semiconductor, defense, and space tax exemption program authorized in s. 212.08(5)(j).
- 141 3. Information relative to tax credits taken by a taxpayer pursuant to the tax credit programs created in ss. 193.017; 142 143 212.08(5)(q),(h),(n),(o) and (p); 212.08(15); 212.096; 212.097; 144 212.098; 220.181; 220.182; 220.183; 220.184; 220.1845; 220.185; 145 220.1895; 220.19; 220.191; 220.192; 220.193; 288.0656; 288.99; 146 290.007; 376.30781; 420.5093; 420.5099; 550.0951; 550.26352; 550.2704; 601.155; 624.509; 624.510; 624.5105; and 624.5107 to 147 the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its 148 149 employees or agents that are identified in writing by the office 150 to the department, for use in the administration or evaluation 151 of such programs.
 - 4. Information relative to single sales factor apportionment used by a taxpayer to the Office of Tourism,

 Trade, and Economic Development or its employees or agents who are identified in writing by the office to the department for use by the office to administer s. 220.153.

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PCB Name: PCB FTC 11-03 (2011)

Amendment No.

Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 6-19 and insert:

the act; creating s. 220.153, F.S.; defining the terms "full-time employee" and "qualified capital expenditures"; providing for the apportionment of certain taxpayer's adjusted federal income solely by the sales factor provided in s. 220.15, F.S.; providing for eligibility based on the taxpayer's capital expenditures and number of full-time employees; providing an application process; authorizing the Department of Revenue to examine and verify that a taxpayer has correctly apportioned its taxes; authorizing the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to approve and revoke approval of an application; providing for the recapture of unpaid taxes, interest, and penalties; authorizing the office and the department to adopt rules; amending s. 213.053, F.S.; authorizing the department to share information with the office relating to single sales

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

PCB Name: PCB FTC 11-03 (2011)

Amendment No.

185

factor apportionment used by a taxpayer; conforming provisions

186 to changes made by the

PCB Name: PCB FTC 11-03 (2011)

Amendment No. 02

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION 🔟	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing PCB: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Grant offered the following:

Amendment (with directory and title amendments)

Remove lines 600-855 and insert:

- (k) "Qualified production facility" means a building or complex of buildings and their improvements and associated backlot facilities in which films and television productions are or are intended to be regularly produced and which contain at least one sound stage of at least 7,800 square feet, has sufficient air conditioning for shooting without the need for supplemental units, incorporates a permanent grid designed to bear the load requirements for lighting for motion picture production and sufficient built-in electric service for shooting without the need for generators.
- (1) "Regional population ratio" means the ratio of the population of a region to the population of the state of Florida. The regional population ratio applicable to a given fiscal year is the regional population ratio calculated by the

Office of Film and Entertainment using the latest official estimates of population certified pursuant to s. 186.901 available on the first day of that fiscal year.

- numerator of which is of the sum of tax credits awarded to productions in a region to date plus the tax credits certified but not yet awarded to productions currently in that region, and the denominator of which is the sum of all tax credits awarded in the state to date plus all tax credits certified but not yet awarded to productions currently in the state. The regional tax credit ratio applicable to a given year is the regional tax credit ratio calculated by the Office of Film and Entertainment using credit award and certification information available on the first day of that fiscal year.
- (n) "Underutilized region" for a given state fiscal year means a region with a regional tax credit ratio applicable to that fiscal year lower than its regional population ratio applicable to that fiscal year. The following regions are established for the purposes of making this determination:
- 1. North Region consisting of Alachua, Baker, Bay,
 Bradford, Calhoun, Clay, Columbia, Dixie, Duval, Escambia,
 Franklin, Gadsden, Gilchrist, Gulf, Hamilton, Holmes, Jackson,
 Jefferson, Lafayette, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Madison, Nassau,
 Oklaloosa, Putnam, Santa Rosa, St. Johns, Suwannee, Taylor,
 Union, Wakulla, Walton, and Washington counties.
- 2. Central East Region consisting of Brevard, Flagler,
 Indian River, Lake, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Seminole, St.
 Lucie, and Volusia counties.

- 3. Central West Region consisting of Citrus, Hernando,
 Hillsborough, Manatee, Marion, Polk, Pasco, Pinellas, Sarasota,
 and Sumter counties.
- 4. Southwest Region of Charlotte, Collier, DeSoto, Glades, Hardee, Hendry, Highlands, and Lee counties.
- 5. Southeast Region of Broward, Martin, Miami-Dade, Monroe, and Palm Beach counties.
 - (3) APPLICATION PROCEDURE; APPROVAL PROCESS.-
- (a) Program application.—A qualified production company producing a qualified production in this state may submit a program application to the Office of Film and Entertainment for the purpose of determining qualification for an award of tax credits authorized by this section no earlier than 180 days before the first day of principal photography or project start date in this state. The applicant shall provide the Office of Film and Entertainment with information required to determine whether the production is a qualified production and to determine the qualified expenditures and other information necessary for the office to determine eligibility for the tax credit.
- (b) Required documentation.—The Office of Film and Entertainment shall develop an application form for qualifying an applicant as a qualified production. The form must include, but need not be limited to, production-related information concerning employment of residents in this state, a detailed budget of planned qualified expenditures, and the applicant's signed affirmation that the information on the form has been

verified and is correct. The Office of Film and Entertainment and local film commissions shall distribute the form.

- Entertainment shall establish a process by which an application is accepted and reviewed and by which tax credit eligibility and award amount are determined. The Office of Film and Entertainment may request assistance from a duly appointed local film commission in determining compliance with this section. A high-impact television series may submit an application for no more than two successive seasons, notwithstanding the fact the successive season has not been ordered. The successive season qualified expenditure amounts shall be based on the current season's estimated qualified expenditures.
- (d) Certification.—The Office of Film and Entertainment shall review the application within 15 business days after receipt. Upon its determination that the application contains all the information required by this subsection and meets the criteria set out in this section, the Office of Film and Entertainment shall qualify the applicant and recommend to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that the applicant be certified for the maximum tax credit award amount. Within 5 business days after receipt of the recommendation, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall reject the recommendation or certify the maximum recommended tax credit award, if any, to the applicant and to the executive director of the Department of Revenue.
- (e) Grounds for denial.—The Office of Film and Entertainment shall deny an application if it determines that

the application is not complete or the production or application does not meet the requirements of this section. Within 90 days of submitting a program application, except with respect to applications in the independent Florida filmmaker queue, a production must establish verification of project financing to the Office of Film and Entertainment, otherwise such project shall be deemed denied and removed from the respective queue. Such deemed denied project shall be eligible for resubmittal upon proof of financing.

- (f) Verification of actual qualified expenditures.-
- 1. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall develop a process to verify the actual qualified expenditures of a certified production. The process must require:
- a. A certified production to submit, in a timely manner after production ends in this state and after making all of its qualified expenditures in this state, data substantiating each qualified expenditure, including documentation on the net expenditure on equipment and other tangible personal property by the qualified production, to an independent certified public accountant licensed in this state;
- b. Such accountant to conduct a compliance audit, at the certified production's expense, to substantiate each qualified expenditure and submit the results as a report, along with the required substantiating data, to the Office of Film and Entertainment; and
- c. The Office of Film and Entertainment to review the accountant's submittal and report to the Office of Tourism,

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Trade, and Economic Development the final verified amount of actual qualified expenditures made by the certified production.

- 2. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall determine and approve the final tax credit award amount to each certified applicant based on the final verified amount of actual qualified expenditures and shall notify the executive director of the Department of Revenue in writing that the certified production has met the requirements of the incentive program and of the final amount of the tax credit award. The final tax credit award amount may not exceed the maximum tax credit award amount certified under paragraph (d).
- Promoting Florida.—The Office of Film and Entertainment shall ensure that, as a condition of receiving a tax credit under this section, marketing materials promoting this state as a tourist destination or film and entertainment production destination are included, when appropriate, at no cost to the state, which must, at a minimum, include placement of a "Filmed in Florida" or "Produced in Florida" logo in the end credits. The placement of a "Filmed in Florida" or "Produced in Florida" logo on all packaging material and hard media is also required, unless such placement is prohibited by licensing or other contractual obligations. The size and placement of such logo shall be commensurate to other logos used. If no logos are used, the statement "Filmed in Florida using Florida's Entertainment Industry Financial Incentive," or a similar statement approved by the Office of Film and Entertainment, shall be used. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall provide a logo and supply it for the purposes specified in this

paragraph. A 30-second "Visit Florida" promotional video must also be included on all optical disc formats of a film, unless such placement is prohibited by licensing or other contractual obligations. The 30-second promotional video shall be approved and provided by the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation in consultation with the Commissioner of Film and Entertainment.

- (4) TAX CREDIT ELIGIBILITY; TAX CREDIT AWARDS; QUEUES; ELECTION AND DISTRIBUTION; CARRYFORWARD; CONSOLIDATED RETURNS; PARTNERSHIP AND NONCORPORATE DISTRIBUTIONS; MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS.—
- (a) Priority for tax credit award.—The priority of a qualified production for tax credit awards must be determined on a first-come, first-served basis within its appropriate queue. Each qualified production must be placed into the appropriate queue and is subject to the requirements of that queue.
 - (b) Tax credit eligibility.-
- 1. General production queue.—Ninety-four percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the general production queue. The general production queue consists of all qualified productions other than those eligible for the commercial and music video queue or the independent and emerging media production queue. A qualified production that demonstrates a minimum of \$625,000 in qualified expenditures is eligible for tax credits equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures, up to a maximum of \$8 million. A qualified production that incurs qualified expenditures during multiple

state fiscal years may combine those expenditures to satisfy the \$625,000 minimum threshold.

- a. An off-season certified production that is a feature film, independent film, or television series or pilot is eligible for an additional 5-percent tax credit on actual qualified expenditures. An off-season certified production that does not complete 75 percent of principal photography due to a disruption caused by a hurricane or tropical storm may not be disqualified from eligibility for the additional 5-percent credit as a result of the disruption.
- b. The calculations required by this sub-subparagraph, shall use only credits available to be certified and awarded on or after July 1, 2011.
- I. If less than 35% of the sum of total tax credits awarded to productions and total tax credits certified but not yet awarded to productions currently in this state has been to high-impact television series, any qualified high-impact television series shall be allowed first position in this queue for tax credit awards not yet certified.
- II. If less than 20% of the sum of total tax credits awarded to productions and total tax credits certified but not yet awarded to productions currently in the state has been to digital media projects, any digital media project shall be allowed first position in this queue for tax credit awards not yet certified.
- III. For the purposes of determining position between a high-impact television series allowed first position and a digital media project allowed first position pursuant to this

- 214 sub-subparagraph, tax credits shall be awarded on a first-come,
 215 first-serve basis.
 - c. A qualified production which incurs at least 85 percent of its qualified expenditures within a region designated as an underutilized region at the time the production is certified is eligible for an additional 5 percent tax credit.
 - d. Any qualified production which employs students enrolled full-time in a film-and-entertainment-related or digital-media-related course of study at an institution of higher education in this state is eligible for an additional 15 percent credit on those qualified expenditures that are wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to such students.
 - e. A qualified production for which fifty percent or more of its principal photography occurs at a qualified production facility is eligible for an additional 5 percent tax credit on actual qualified expenditures.
 - 2. Commercial and music video queue.—Three percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the commercial and music video queue. A qualified production company that produces national or regional commercials or music videos may be eligible for a tax credit award if it demonstrates a minimum of \$100,000 in qualified expenditures per national or regional commercial or music video and exceeds a combined threshold of \$500,000 after combining actual qualified expenditures from qualified commercials and music videos during a single state fiscal year. After a qualified production company that produces commercials, music videos, or both reaches the threshold of \$500,000, it is

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eligible to apply for certification for a tax credit award. The maximum credit award shall be equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures up to a maximum of \$500,000. If there is a surplus at the end of a fiscal year after the Office of Film and Entertainment certifies and determines the tax credits for all qualified commercial and video projects, such surplus tax credits shall be carried forward to the following fiscal year and be available to any eligible qualified productions under the general production queue.

- Independent and emerging media production queue. Three 3. percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the independent and emerging media production queue. This queue is intended to encourage Florida independent film and emerging media production. Any qualified production, excluding commercials, infomercials, or music videos, that demonstrates at least \$100,000, but not more than \$625,000, in total qualified expenditures is eligible for tax credits equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures. If a surplus exists at the end of a fiscal year after the Office of Film and Entertainment certifies and determines the tax credits for all qualified independent and emerging media production projects, such surplus tax credits shall be carried forward to the following fiscal year and be available to any eligible qualified productions under the general production queue.
- 4. Family-friendly productions.—A certified theatrical or direct-to-video motion picture production or video game determined by the Commissioner of Film and Entertainment, with

- the advice of the Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council, to be family-friendly, based on the review of the script and the review of the final release version, is eligible for an additional tax credit equal to 5 percent of its actual qualified expenditures. Family-friendly productions are those that have cross-generational appeal; would be considered suitable for viewing by children age 5 or older; are appropriate in theme, content, and language for a broad family audience; embody a responsible resolution of issues; and do not exhibit or imply any act of smoking, sex, nudity, or vulgar or profane language.
 - (c) Withdrawal of tax credit eligibility.—A qualified or certified production must continue on a reasonable schedule, which includes beginning principal photography or the production project in this state no more than 45 calendar days before or after the principal photography or project start date provided in the production's program application. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall withdraw the eligibility of a qualified or certified production that does not continue on a reasonable schedule.
 - (d) Election and distribution of tax credits.-
 - 1. A certified production company receiving a tax credit award under this section shall, at the time the credit is awarded by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development after production is completed and all requirements to receive a credit award have been met, make an irrevocable election to apply the credit against taxes due under chapter 220, against state taxes collected or accrued under chapter 212,

or against a stated combination of the two taxes. The election is binding upon any distributee, successor, transferee, or purchaser. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall notify the Department of Revenue of any election made pursuant to this paragraph.

- 2. A qualified production company is eligible for tax credits against its sales and use tax liabilities and corporate income tax liabilities as provided in this section. However, tax credits awarded under this section may not be claimed against sales and use tax liabilities or corporate income tax liabilities for any tax period beginning before July 1, 2011, regardless of when the credits are applied for or awarded.
- (e) Tax credit carryforward.—If the certified production company cannot use the entire tax credit in the taxable year or reporting period in which the credit is awarded, any excess amount may be carried forward to a succeeding taxable year or reporting period. A tax credit applied against taxes imposed under chapter 212 may be carried forward for a maximum of 5 years after the date the credit is awarded. A tax credit applied against taxes imposed under chapter 220 may be carried forward for a maximum of 5 years after the date the credit is awarded, after which the credit expires and may not be used.
- (f) Consolidated returns.—A certified production company that files a Florida consolidated return as a member of an affiliated group under s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis up to the amount of the tax imposed upon the consolidated group under chapter 220.

- (g) Partnership and noncorporate distributions.—A qualified production company that is not a corporation as defined in s. 220.03 may elect to distribute tax credits awarded under this section to its partners or members in proportion to their respective distributive income or loss in the taxable year in which the tax credits were awarded.
- (h) Mergers or acquisitions.—Tax credits available under this section to a certified production company may succeed to a surviving or acquiring entity subject to the same conditions and limitations as described in this section; however, they may not be transferred again by the surviving or acquiring entity.
- (7) ANNUAL ALLOCATION OF TAX CREDITS.-
- (a) The aggregate amount of the tax credits that may be certified pursuant to paragraph (3)(d) may not exceed:
 - 1. For fiscal year 2010-2011, \$53.5 million.
 - 2. For fiscal year 2011-2012, \$74.5 million.
- 3. For fiscal years 2012-2013, 2013-2014, and 2014-2015, \$38 \$50 million per fiscal year.
- (b) Any portion of the maximum amount of tax credits established per fiscal year in paragraph (a) that is not certified as of the end of a fiscal year shall be carried forward and made available for certification during the following 2 fiscal years in addition to the amounts available for certification under paragraph (a) for those fiscal years.
- (c) Upon approval of the final tax credit award amount pursuant to subparagraph (3)(f)2., an amount equal to the difference between the maximum tax credit award amount previously certified under paragraph (3)(d) and the approved

final tax credit award amount shall immediately be available for recertification during the current and following fiscal years in addition to the amounts available for certification under paragraph (a) for those fiscal years.

(d) If during a fiscal year, the total amount of credits applied for, pursuant to paragraph (3)(a), exceeds the amount of credits available for certification in that fiscal year, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the first day of the next fiscal year in which credits remain available for certification.

Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 288.1258, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1258 Entertainment industry qualified production companies; application procedure; categories; duties of the Department of Revenue; records and reports.—

(5) RELATIONSHIP OF TAX EXEMPTIONS AND INCENTIVES TO INDUSTRY GROWTH; REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.—The Office of Film and Entertainment shall keep annual records from the information provided on taxpayer applications for tax exemption certificates beginning January 1, 2001. These records shall reflect a ratio of the annual amount of sales and use tax exemptions under this section and incentives awarded pursuant to s. 288.1254 to the estimated amount of funds expended by certified productions, including productions that received incentives pursuant to s. 288.1254. These records also shall reflect a separate ratio of the annual amount of sales and use tax exemptions under this section, plus the incentives awarded pursuant to s. 288.1254 to the estimated amount of funds expended by certified productions.

PCB Name: PCB FTC 11-03 (2011)

Amendment No. In addition, the office shall maintain data showing annual 381 382 growth in Florida-based entertainment industry companies and 383 entertainment industry employment and wages. The employment 384 information shall include an estimate of the full time 385 equivalent positions created by each production that received 386 tax credits pursuant to s. 288.1254. The Office of Film and 387 388 389 390 391 DIRECTORY AMENDMENT 392 Remove lines 462-463 and insert: 393 Section 15. Subsections (1), (3), (4), and (7) of section 394 288.1254, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 395 396 397 398 TITLE AMENDMENT 399 Remove lines 27-28 and insert: 400 F.S.; providing definitions, revising criteria for awarding tax 401 credits, revising application procedures; and increasing the

Page 15 of 15

amount of credits

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION			
ADOPTED	(Y/N)		
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	<u>(Y</u> /N)		
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	\checkmark $(\stackrel{\frown}{\mathbf{Y}}_{\mathbf{N}})$		
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)		
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)		
OTHER			

Committee/Subcommittee hearing PCB: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Dorworth offered the following:

Amendment

Remove line 979 and insert:

Section 23. Effective July 1, 2011, there is appropriated for the 2011-2012 state fiscal year to the Office of Tourism,

Trade, and Economic Development within the Executive Office of the Governor:

- (1) The sum of \$44,500,000 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund to the State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund for the purposes set forth in this section.
- (2) The sum of \$44,500,000 from the State Economic
 Enhancement and Development Trust Fund to the Governor's Office
 of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development for business
 expansion and creation opportunities utilizing any one or
 combination of the following incentive programs:

	Amendment No.		
19	(a) Quick-response training for economic development		
20	pursuant to s. 288.047;		
21	(b) Incumbent Worker Training Program pursuant to s.		
22	445.003;		
23	(c) Contracts for transportation projects pursuant to s.		
24	<u>288.063;</u>		
25	(d) Qualified defense contractor and space flight business		
26	tax refund program pursuant to s. 288.1045;		
27	(e) Tax refund program for qualified target industry		
28	businesses pursuant to s. 288.106;		
29	(f) Brownfield redevelopment bonus refunds pursuant to s.		
30	<u>288.107;</u>		
31	(g) High-impact business pursuant to s. 288.108;		
32	(h) Quick Action Closing Fund pursuant to s. 288.1088;		
33	(i) Innovation Incentive Program pursuant to s. 288.1089;		

(j) Space Florida for business development.

Section 24. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011,

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMIT	TTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	$\mathcal{L}(\mathfrak{D}^{\prime}N)$
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Workman offered the following:

Amendment

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Remove lines 181-183 and insert:

(5) ANNUAL LIMIT ON TAX CREDITS.—The total amount of credits that may be granted under this section is \$2 million. A credit that is claimed after the \$2 million

Amendment No. 0-2

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
withdrawn <u>✓</u>	(Y)N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Workman offered the following:

Amendment

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Remove line 237 and insert:

and (3)(c) and subsection (8), expires December 31, 2013. An

Page 1 of 1

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE ACT	ION
ADOPTED (Y/N)	
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	_ (Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	_ (Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	_ (Y/N)
withdrawn $\sqrt{(y/n)}$	
OTHER	

Council/Committee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Dorworth offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the resolving clause and insert:
That the following amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of Article VII
and the creation of Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the
State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the
electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next
general election or at an earlier special election specifically
authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE VII

FINANCE AND TAXATION

SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.—By general law regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:

(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for

noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

- (b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.
- (c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.
- (d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on January $\underline{1}$ 1st of each year; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed the lower of the following:
- a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year.
- b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
 - (2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

- (3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January $\underline{1}$ 1st of the year following the establishment of the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That assessment shall only change as provided in this subsection.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; provided, however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the property shall be assessed as provided by general law.
- (7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any of the provisions of this amendment shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this amendment.
- (8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this Article as of January 1 of either of the 2 two years immediately preceding the establishment of the new homestead is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this

revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead shall be determined as follows:

- 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- 2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. However, if the difference between the just value of the new homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that the difference between the just value and the assessed value equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

- b. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this paragraph to property owned by more than one person.
- (e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The requirements for eligible properties must be specified by general law.
- (f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of that property which results from the construction or reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:
- (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from construction or reconstruction of the property.
- (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the property as improved.
- (g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject

to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed 3 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.
 - (2) No assessment shall exceed just value.
- (3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (h) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed 3ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.
 - (2) No assessment shall exceed just value.
- (3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a

qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

- (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (i) The legislature, by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of the following in the determination of the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes:
- (1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage.
 - (2) The installation of a renewable energy source device.
- (j)(1) The assessment of the following working waterfront properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:
- a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing purposes.
- b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for vessel launches into waters that are navigable.
 - c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.

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- d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities, commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction and repair facilities and their support activities.
- (2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions as specified by the legislature by general law.

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-

Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars and up to \$75,000 seventy-five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 98 ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of Section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.

- (b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.
- (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.
- (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner and who has attained age 65 sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed \$20,000 twenty thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living.

(e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially
or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from
the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead
property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was
combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the
time of entering the military service of the United States, and
the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from
military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to
the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected
disability as determined by the United States Department of
Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this
subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property
appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of
entering military service, an official letter from the United
States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of
the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence
that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and
a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property
appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must
notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial,
and the veteran may reapply. The legislature may, by general
law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent
years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is
self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.
(f) As provided by general law and subject to conditions

(f) As provided by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, every person who establishes the right to receive the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who

269 has not owned property in the previous 3 years to which the 270 homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) applied is 271 entitled to an additional homestead exemption in an amount equal 272 to 50 percent of the homestead property's just value on January 273 1 of the year the homestead is established for all levies other 274 than school district levies. The additional exemption shall 275 apply for a period of 5 years or until the year the property is 276 sold, whichever occurs first. The amount of the additional 277 exemption shall not exceed \$200,000 and shall be reduced in each 278 subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount 279 of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead 280 was established or by an amount equal to the difference between the just value of the property and the assessed value of the 281 282 property determined under Section 4(d), whichever is greater. 283 Not more than one exemption provided under this subsection shall 284 be allowed per homestead property. The additional exemption 285 shall apply to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, 286 but shall not be available in the sixth and subsequent years 287 after the additional exemption is first received. 288 ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

SECTION 32. Property tax limit for nonhomestead property.—
This section and the amendment to Section 4 of Article VII
reducing the limit on the maximum annual increase in the
assessed value of nonhomestead property from 10 percent to 3
percent shall take effect January 1, 2012.

SECTION 33. Additional homestead exemption for new owners of homestead property.—This section and the amendment to Section

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6 of Article VII providing for an additional homestead exemption for new owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property during the immediately preceding 3 years shall take effect January 1, 2012, and the additional homestead exemption shall be available for properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 4, 6

ARTICLE XII, SECTIONS 32, 33

PROPERTY ASSESSMENT; NONHOMESTEAD INCREASE LIMITATION REDUCTION; NEW HOMESTEAD OWNERS' ADDITIONAL EXEMPTION.

- (1) This amendment reduces from 10 percent to 3 percent the limitation on annual increases in assessments of nonhomestead real property and provides an effective date of January 1, 2012
- (2) This amendment also provides new owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property during the immediately preceding 3 years with an additional homestead exemption equal to 50 percent of the property's just value in the first year for all levies other than school district levies, limited to \$200,000; applies the additional exemption for the shorter of 5 years or the year of sale of the property; reduces the amount of the additional exemption in each succeeding year for 5 years by the greater of 20 percent of the amount of the initial additional exemption or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the property; limits the

(2011)

Bill No. HJR 381

Amendment No.

additional exemption to one per homestead property; limits the additional exemption to properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011; prohibits availability of the additional exemption in the sixth and subsequent years after the additional exemption is granted; and provides for the amendment to take effect January 1, 2012, and apply to properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove the entire title and insert:

A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of Article VII and the creation of Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution to reduce the limitation on annual assessment increases applicable to nonhomestead real property, provide an additional homestead exemption for new owners of homestead property and application and limitations with respect thereto, and provide effective dates.

Amendment No. 🖒 🚬

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTI	LON	
ADOPTED (Y/N)		
ADOPTED AS AMENDED (S	Y/N)	
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION((/N)	
FAILED TO ADOPT	7/N)	
$\text{WITHDRAWN} \qquad \qquad ((Y))$		
OTHER		
Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Economic Affairs Committee		
Representative Dorworth offered the following:		

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the resolving clause and insert:

That the following amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of
Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the creation of
Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution are
agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state
for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an
earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that
purpose:

ARTICLE VII

FINANCE AND TAXATION

- SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.—By general law regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:
- (a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for

noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

- (b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.
- (c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.
- (d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall <u>change</u> be changed annually on January <u>1</u> 1st of each year; but those changes in assessments <u>may shall</u> not exceed the lower of the following:
- a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year.
- b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or a successor index reports for the preceding calendar year as initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
 - (2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.

- (3) After <u>a</u> any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January <u>1</u> 1st of the year following the establishment of the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That assessment shall only change <u>only</u> as provided in this subsection.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.; provided, However, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the property shall be assessed as provided by general law.
- (7) The provisions of this <u>subsection</u> amendment are severable. If <u>a provision</u> any of the provisions of this <u>subsection</u> is <u>amendment shall be</u> held unconstitutional by <u>a any</u> court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of <u>the</u> such court <u>does shall</u> not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this <u>subsection</u> amendment.
- (8) a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this Article as of January 1 of either of the 2 two years immediately preceding the establishment of a the new homestead is entitled

to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead shall be determined as follows:

- 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- 2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead.

 However, if the difference between the just value of the new homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that the difference between the just value and the assessed value

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equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

- b. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this paragraph to property owned by more than one person.
- (e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The requirements for eligible properties must be specified by general law.
- (f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of that property which results from the construction or reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:
- (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from construction or reconstruction of the property.
- (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the property as improved.

- (g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law.

 However,; but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed 3 tem percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.
 - (2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.
- (3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law_+.

 However, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (h) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law.

 However, ; but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.

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- (2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.
- (3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law_+
 However, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
 reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (i) The legislature, by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of the following in the determination of the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes:
- (1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage.
 - (2) The installation of a renewable energy source device.
- (j) (1) The assessment of the following working waterfront properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:
- a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing purposes.

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- b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for vessel launches into waters that are navigable.
 - c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.
- d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities, commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction and repair facilities and their support activities.
- (2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions as specified by the legislature by general law.

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-

Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars and up to \$75,000 seventy five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 98 ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of Section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is

repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.

- (b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.
- (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.
- (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner and who has attained age 65 sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed \$20,000 twenty thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income

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limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living.

- Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially (e) or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the time of entering the military service of the United States, and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of entering military service, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The legislature may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.
- (f) As provided by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, every person who establishes the right to

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receive the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who has not owned property in the previous 3 calendar years to which the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) applied is entitled to an additional homestead exemption in an amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established for all levies other than school district levies. The additional exemption shall apply for a period of 5 years or until the year the property is sold, whichever occurs first. The amount of the additional exemption shall not exceed \$200,000 and shall be reduced in each subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead was established or by an amount equal to the difference between the just value of the property and the assessed value of the property determined under Section 4(d), whichever is greater. Not more than one exemption provided under this subsection shall be allowed per homestead property. The additional exemption shall apply to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if this amendment is approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on or after January 1, 2012, if approved at the 2012 general election, but shall not be available in the sixth and subsequent years after the additional exemption is first received.

ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

SECTION 27. Property tax exemptions and limitations on property tax assessments.—The amendments to Sections 3, 4, and 6

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of Article VII, providing a \$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property, providing an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption, authorizing transfer of the accrued benefit from the limitations on the assessment of homestead property, and this section, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held on January 29, 2008, shall take effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2008, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election, shall take effect January 1 of the year following such general election. The amendments to Section 4 of Article VII creating subsections (f) and (q) of that section, creating a limitation on annual assessment increases for specified real property, shall take effect upon approval of the electors and shall first limit assessments beginning January 1, 2009, if approved at a special election held on January 29, 2008, or shall first limit assessments beginning January 1, 2010, if approved at the general election held in November of 2008. Subsections (f) and (g) of Section 4 of Article VII are repealed effective January 1, 2019; however, the legislature shall by joint resolution propose an amendment abrogating the repeal of subsections (f) and (q), which shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the general election of 2018 and, if approved, shall take effect January 1, 2019. SECTION 32. Property assessments.—This section and the amendment of Section 4 of Article VII reducing the limit on the

maximum annual increase in the assessed value of nonhomestead

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property from 10 percent to 3 percent, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, shall take effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take effect January 1, 2013.

SECTION 33. Additional homestead exemption for owners of homestead property who recently have not owned homestead property.-This section and the amendment to Section 6 of Article VII providing for an additional homestead exemption for owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property during the 3 calendar years immediately preceding purchase of the current homestead property, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, shall take effect upon approval by the electors and operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, and the additional homestead exemption shall be available for properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011, or if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take effect January 1, 2013, and the additional homestead exemption shall be available for properties purchased on or after January 1, 2012.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

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ARTICLE	VII,	SECTIONS	4,	6

ARTICLE XII, SECTIONS 27, 32, 33

PROPERTY ASSESSMENT; NONHOMESTEAD INCREASE LIMITATION REDUCTION; ADDITIONAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION; SCHEDULED REPEAL DELETION.—

- (1) This amendment reduces from 10 percent to 3 percent the limitation on annual increases in assessments of nonhomestead real property. This amendment takes effect upon approval of the voters, if approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary and operates retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved by the voters at the general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.
- (2) This amendment also provides owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property during the 3 calendar years immediately preceding purchase of the current homestead property with an additional homestead exemption equal to 50 percent of the property's just value in the first year for all levies other than school district levies, limited to \$200,000; applies the additional exemption for the shorter of 5 years or the year of sale of the property; reduces the amount of the additional exemption in each succeeding year for 5 years by the greater of 20 percent of the amount of the initial additional exemption or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the property; limits the additional exemption to one per homestead property; limits the additional exemption to properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if approved by the voters at a special election held on the date

of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on or after January 1, 2012, if approved by the voters at the 2012 general election; prohibits availability of the additional exemption in the sixth and subsequent years after the additional exemption is granted; and provides for the amendment to take effect upon approval of the voters and operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, if approved at the special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on January 1, 2013, if approved by the voters at the 2012 general election.

(3) This amendment also removes from the State Constitution a repeal, scheduled to take effect in 2019, of constitutional amendments adopted in 2008 that limit annual assessment increases for specified nonhomestead real property.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove the entire title and insert:

House Joint Resolution

A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the creation of Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution to reduce the limitation on annual assessment increases applicable to nonhomestead real property, provide an additional homestead exemption for owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property for a specified time before purchase of the current homestead property, and application and limitations with

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/CS/HJR 381 (2011)

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respect thereto, delete a future repeal of provisions limiting annual assessment increases for specified nonhomestead real property, and provide effective dates.



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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION	
ADOPTED (Y/N)	
ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)	
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y)N)	
FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)	
WITHDRAWN (Y/N)	
OTHER	
Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill	: Finance and Tax Committee

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance and Tax Committee Representative Dorworth offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the resolving clause and insert:

That the following amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of

Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the creation of

Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution are

agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state

for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an

earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that

purpose:

ARTICLE VII

FINANCE AND TAXATION

- SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.—By general law regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:
- (a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for

noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

- (b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.
- (c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.
- (d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall <u>change</u> be changed annually on January 1 1st of each year. but those changes in assessments
- <u>a. A change in an assessment may shall</u> not exceed the lower of the following:
- 1.a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year.
- 2.b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or a successor index reports for the preceding calendar year as initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

- b. The Legislature may provide by general law that except for changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property assessed as provided in subsection (d)(5), an assessment may not increase if the just value of the property is less than the just value of the property on the preceding January 1.
 - (2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.
- (3) After <u>a</u> any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January $\underline{1}$ 1st of the year following the establishment of the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That assessment shall only change only as provided in this subsection.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.; provided, However, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the property shall be assessed as provided by general law.
- (7) The provisions of this <u>subsection</u> amendment are severable. If <u>a provision</u> any of the provisions of this <u>subsection is</u> amendment shall be held unconstitutional by <u>a any</u> court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of the <u>such</u> court

does shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this
subsection amendment.

- (8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this Article as of January 1 of either of the 2 two years immediately preceding the establishment of a the new homestead is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who establishes a new homestead assessed at less than just value only if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead shall be determined as follows:
- 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- 2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and

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multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. However, if the difference between the just value of the new homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that the difference between the just value and the assessed value equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

- b. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this paragraph to property owned by more than one person.
- (e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The requirements for eligible properties must be specified by general law.
- (f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of that property which results from the construction or reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the

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living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:

- (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from construction or reconstruction of the property.
- (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the property as improved.
- (g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law.

 However,; but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed 3 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The Legislature may provide by general law that an assessment may not increase if the just value of the property is less than the just value of the property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.
 - (2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.
- (3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.+
 However, after the adjustment for any change, addition,

reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

- (h) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law.

 However, but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed 3 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The Legislature may provide by general law that an assessment may not increase if the just value of the property is less than the just value of the property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.
 - (2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.
- (3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law. +

However, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

- (i) The legislature, by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of the following in the determination of the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes:
- (1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage.
 - (2) The installation of a renewable energy source device.
- (j) (1) The assessment of the following working waterfront properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:
- a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing purposes.
- b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for vessel launches into waters that are navigable.
 - c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.
- d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities, commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction and repair facilities and their support activities.
- (2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions as specified by the legislature by general law.
 - SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-
- (a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for

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special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars and up to \$75,000 seventy-five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 98 ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of Section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.

- (b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.
- (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax

levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.

- (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner and who has attained age 65 sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed \$20,000 twenty thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living.
- (e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the time of entering the military service of the United States, and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this

subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of entering military service, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The legislature may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.

specified therein, every person who establishes the right to receive the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who has not owned property in the previous 3 calendar years to which the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) applied is entitled to an additional homestead exemption in an amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established for all levies other than school district levies. The additional exemption shall apply for a period of 5 years or until the year the property is sold, whichever occurs first. The amount of the additional exemption shall not exceed \$200,000 and shall be reduced in each subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead

was established or by an amount equal to the difference between the just value of the property and the assessed value of the property determined under Section 4(d), whichever is greater.

Not more than one exemption provided under this subsection shall be allowed per homestead property. The additional exemption shall apply to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if this amendment is approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on or after January 1, 2012, if approved at the 2012 general election, but shall not be available in the sixth and subsequent years after the additional exemption is first received.

ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

SECTION 27. Property tax exemptions and limitations on property tax assessments.—The amendments to Sections 3, 4, and 6 of Article VII, providing a \$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property, providing an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption, authorizing transfer of the accrued benefit from the limitations on the assessment of homestead property, and this section, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held on January 29, 2008, shall take effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2008, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election, shall take effect January 1 of the year following such general election. The amendments to Section 4 of Article VII creating subsections (f) and (g) of that section, creating a limitation on annual

assessment increases for specified real property, shall take effect upon approval of the electors and shall first limit assessments beginning January 1, 2009, if approved at a special election held on January 29, 2008, or shall first limit assessments beginning January 1, 2010, if approved at the general election held in November of 2008. Subsections (f) and (g) of Section 4 of Article VII are repealed effective January 1, 2019; however, the legislature shall by joint resolution propose an amendment abrogating the repeal of subsections (f) and (g), which shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the general election of 2018 and, if approved, shall take effect January 1, 2019.

SECTION 32. Property assessments.—This section and the amendment of Section 4 of Article VII protecting homestead and specified nonhomestead property having a declining just value and reducing the limit on the maximum annual increase in the assessed value of nonhomestead property from 10 percent to 3 percent, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, shall take effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take effect January 1, 2013.

SECTION 33. Additional homestead exemption for owners of homestead property who recently have not owned homestead property.—This section and the amendment to Section 6 of Article VII providing for an additional homestead exemption for owners

of homestead property who have not owned homestead property
during the 3 calendar years immediately preceding purchase of
the current homestead property, if submitted to the electors of
this state for approval or rejection at a special election
authorized by law to be held on the date of the 2012
presidential preference primary, shall take effect upon approval
by the electors and operate retroactively to January 1, 2012,
and the additional homestead exemption shall be available for
properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011, or if
submitted to the electors of this state for approval or
rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take effect
January 1, 2013, and the additional homestead exemption shall be
available for properties purchased on or after January 1, 2012.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 4, 6

ARTICLE XII, SECTIONS 27, 32, 33

PROPERTY ASSESSMENT; HOMESTEAD AND SPECIFIED NONHOMESTEAD VALUE DECLINE; NONHOMESTEAD INCREASE LIMITATION REDUCTION; ADDITIONAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION; SCHEDULED REPEAL DELETION.—

(1) In certain circumstances, the law requires the assessed value of homestead and specified nonhomestead property to increase when the just value of the property decreases. Therefore, this amendment provides that the Legislature may, by general law, provide that the assessed value of homestead and specified nonhomestead property will not increase if the just value of that property decreases. This amendment takes effect

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upon approval by the voters, if approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary and operates retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved by the voters at the general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.

- (2) This amendment reduces from 10 percent to 3 percent the limitation on annual increases in assessments of nonhomestead real property. This amendment takes effect upon approval of the voters, if approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary and operates retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved by the voters at the general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.
- (3) This amendment also provides owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property during the 3 calendar years immediately preceding purchase of the current homestead property with an additional homestead exemption equal to 50 percent of the property's just value in the first year for all levies other than school district levies, limited to \$200,000; applies the additional exemption for the shorter of 5 years or the year of sale of the property; reduces the amount of the additional exemption in each succeeding year for 5 years by the greater of 20 percent of the amount of the initial additional exemption or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the property; limits the additional exemption to one per homestead property; limits the additional exemption to properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if approved by the voters at a special election held on the date

of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on or after January 1, 2012, if approved by the voters at the 2012 general election; prohibits availability of the additional exemption in the sixth and subsequent years after the additional exemption is granted; and provides for the amendment to take effect upon approval of the voters and operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, if approved at the special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on January 1, 2013, if approved by the voters at the 2012 general election.

(4) This amendment also removes from the State Constitution a repeal, scheduled to take effect in 2019, of constitutional amendments adopted in 2008 that limit annual assessment increases for specified nonhomestead real property.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove the entire title and insert:

House Joint Resolution

A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the creation of Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution to allow the Legislature by general law to prohibit increases in the assessed value of homestead and specified nonhomestead property if the just value of the property decreases, reduce the limitation on annual assessment increases applicable to nonhomestead real property, provide an additional homestead exemption for

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/CS/HJR 381 (2011)

Amendment No.

owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property for a specified time before purchase of the current homestead property, and application and limitations with respect thereto, delete a future repeal of provisions limiting annual assessment increases for specified nonhomestead real property, and provide effective dates.

COMMITTEE/SUBCO	MMITTEE ACTIO
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
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ADOPTED W/O OBJECTIO	$\Lambda \qquad \Lambda \qquad (\Lambda) $ Λ
FAILED TO ADOPT	_ (Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Porter offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida

Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on August 12, 2011, through 11:59 p.m. on August 14, 2011, on the sale of:

- (a) Clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags, backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags, having a sales price of \$75 or less per item. As used in this section, the term "clothing" means:
- 1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry, umbrellas, or handkerchiefs; and
- 2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades, and skates.

- (b) School supplies having a sales price of \$15 or less per item. As used in this section, the term "school supplies" means pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers, computer disks, protractors, compasses, and calculators.
- (c) Textbooks having a sales price of \$75 or less. The term "textbooks" means any required manual of instruction in any branch of study, including materials for homeschooling or postsecondary education.
- (2) The tax exemptions in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), or an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2).
- (3) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
- Section 2. For fiscal year 2010-2011, the sum of \$218,905 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for purposes of administering section 1. Funds remaining unexpended or unencumbered from this appropriation as of June 30, 2011, shall revert and be reappropriated for the same purpose in fiscal year 2011-2012.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove the entire title and insert: An act relating to the tax on sales, use, and other transactions; specifying a period during which the sale of clothing, textbooks, and school supplies are exempt from the tax; providing definitions; providing exceptions; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing an appropriation; providing an effective date.

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMM	ITTEE ACTION
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FAILED TO ADOPT	_ (Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Crisafulli offered the following:

Amendment

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Remove lines 385-395 and insert:

credits that may be approved pursuant to this subparagraph may
not exceed \$5 million. No credit may be approved after October
1, 2017.

2. A certified spaceflight business may transfer, in whole or in part, its Florida net operating loss that would otherwise be available to be taken on a return filed under this chapter.

The maximum transferable tax credit amount that may be approved per taxpayer for a taxable year is \$2.5 million; the total tax credits that may be approved pursuant to this subparagraph may not exceed \$15 million. However, any outstanding credit that is carried forward by a transferee may not be used to calculate the annual limit. No credit may be approved after October 1, 2017.

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMM	ITTEE ACTION
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FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N')
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Crisafulli offered the following:

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Remove line 467 and insert:

approved for all applicants does not exceed the

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ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	$\underline{\checkmark}$	$(X)^{N}$
FAILED TO ADOPT		(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN		(Y/N)
OTHER		

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Horner offered the following:

Amendment

Remove lines 26-33 and insert:

greatest tax liabilities after all tax credits are applied

during the most recent calendar year for which information is

available for each tax identified in subparagraphs 1., 2., and

4., and names and addresses of the 100 taxpayers with the

greatest tax liability after all tax credits are applied for

the most recent taxable years for which information is

available for the tax identified in subparagraph 3., to an

eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s.

1002.395 for which the department approved at least \$10

million of tax credit allocations in the prior year. An

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FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Horner offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 75 and 76, insert:

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 624.51055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

624.51055 Credit for contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.—

(1) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s. 1002.395 against any tax due for a taxable year under s. 624.509(1). However, such a credit may not exceed 75 percent of the tax due under s. 624.509(1) after deducting from such tax deductions for assessments made pursuant to s. 440.51; credits for taxes paid under ss. 175.101 and 185.08; credits for income taxes paid under chapter 220; credits for the emergency excise tax paid under chapter 221; and the credit allowed under s. 624.509(5), as such credit is limited by s.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 965 (2011)

Amendment No.

624.509(6). An insurer claiming a credit against premium tax liability under this section shall not be required to pay any additional retaliatory tax levied pursuant to s. 624.5091 as a result of claiming such credit. Section 624.5091 does not limit such credit in any manner.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 8 and insert: amending ss. 220.187 and 624.51055, F.S.; revising provisions relating

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	TTEE ACTION
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Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Coley offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 55-102 and insert:

paragraph (7)(a), except for the rural job tax credit program

under ss. 212.098 and 220.1895, and is exempt from the

requirements of paragraph (7)(b).

(c) Between July 1, 2011, and June 29, 2014, if the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development determines it is in the best interest of the public for reasons of facilitating economic development, growth, or new employment in the area designated under this subsection, the office may allow a qualified target industry business that relocates all or a portion of its business to the area from another state to receive a tax refund payment of up to \$6,000 multiplied by the number of jobs specified in the tax refund agreement pursuant to s. 288.106(5)(a)1. The business is eligible for an additional tax refund payment pursuant to s. 288.106(3)(b)4. if the

business meets the criteria provided in that subparagraph. A project pursuant to this paragraph must meet all of the criteria provided in s. 288.106 unless such requirement is expressly waived by the Governor.

(d) This subsection expires on June 30, 2014.

Section 2. (1) For fiscal year 2011-2012, the sum of \$10 million in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to assist in diversifying the regional economy for Bay, Escambia, Franklin, Gulf, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Wakulla, and Walton counties. The funds may be used to recruit or expand targeted industries or businesses in the region, promote research and development, promote commercialization of research, support job creation, and provide funding for matching grant opportunities with federal and private grants. The funds may not be used to pay for administrative costs.

(2) The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall consult with local educational entities, economic development organizations, local governments, and Florida's Great Northwest to create a framework and strategy for the use of funds and shall consider local support from these entities prior to approval for any project. In order to promote research and development, commercialization of research, economic diversification, and job creation, the criteria for the expenditure of funds shall, at a minimum, require local match, job creation, return on investment, or capital investment, and expedited permitting where appropriate and feasible by the

- (a) Universities and other institutions to conduct research for existing and prospective businesses, particularly in Science, Technology, Engineering and Math disciplines, as well as providing funding for the commercialization of research that will result in the creation of new jobs.
- (b) Direct recruiting of new businesses to Northwest

 Florida, including prospect visits, the development of economic development information and materials needed to compete with other states, and for events that showcase the region to prospective industry sectors.
- (c) Supplementing existing state and local incentives for the direct recruitment, and expansion of companies in Northwest Florida, including funding for bridging the gap between incentives available in Florida and those available in competing jurisdictions.
- (d) Matching grant opportunities for job creation, job training, or university research needed to develop new products.
 - (3) This section expires on June 30, 2014.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 15-20 and insert:
appropriated funds; authorizing the Office of Tourism, Trade,
and Economic Development to develop and implement an economic

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT, Bill No. 1309(2011)

development program in the Counties of Bay, Escambia, Franklin,
Gulf, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Wakulla, and Walton; providing for