

Finance and Tax Committee

Tuesday, April 5, 2011 11:45 a.m. Morris Hall

AMENDMENTS

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PCB Name: PCB FTC 11-04 (2011)

Amendment No. 01

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	*****************

Committee/Subcommittee hearing PCB: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Precourt offered the following:

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Amendment (with ballot amendment)

Remove lines 30-36 and insert:

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combined ad valorem tax and special assessment levies exceed 2 percent of the parcel's highest taxable value. This subsection does not apply to ad valorem taxes levied for the payment of bonds, issued before July 1, 2012, pursuant to section 12 of this article or levied for periods not longer than two years when authorized by a vote of the electors pursuant to section 9(b) of this article. This subsection does not apply to special assessments levied for the payment of bonds issued before July 1, 2012. The exclusion for ad valorem taxes and special assessments levied for the payment of bonds issued before July 1, 2012 also applies to ad valorem taxes and special assessments levied to pay for the refunding of such bonds if the refunding is accomplished at a lower net average interest cost rate. As used in

PCB Name: PCB FTC 11-04

Amendment No.

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BALLOT AMENDMENT Remove lines 60-63 and insert:

percent of the highest taxable value of the property. The proposed amendment does not apply to ad valorem taxes levied for the payment of bonds, issued before July 1, 2012, pursuant to section 12 of Article XII of the Florida Constitution or levied for periods not longer than two years when authorized by a vote of the electors pursuant to section 9(b) of Article VII of the Florida Constitution. The proposed amendment does not apply to special assessments levied for the payment of bonds issued before July 1, 2012. The exclusion of ad valorem taxes and special assessments levied for the payment of bonds issued before July 1, 2012 also applies to ad valorem taxes and special assessments levied to pay for the refunding of bonds if the refunding is at a lower net average interest cost rate. The distribution of revenues from parcels that have

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee
2	Representative(s) Frishe offered the following:
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4	Amendment (with title amendment)
5	Remove line 68 and insert:
6	Section 2. Beginning fiscal year 2011-2012, the sum of
7	\$1,000,000 in recurring funds is appropriated from the General
8	Revenue Fund to the Internal Improvement Trust Fund for purposes
9	of administration, management, and disposition of sovereignty
10	submerged lands.
11	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.
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15	TITLE AMENDMENT
16	Remove lines 12-13 and insert:
17	additional fees and requirements; providing for an annual
18	appropriation; providing an effective date.

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee
2	Representative(s) Albritton offered the following:
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4	Amendment (with title amendment)
5	Remove lines 28-33 and insert:
6	Section 2. The provisions of this act shall operate
7	prospectively. The prospective operation of this act does not
8	provide a basis for an assessment of taxes not paid, nor a basis
9	for determining any right to a refund of taxes paid, prior to
10	the effective date of the act.
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14	TITLE AMENDMENT
15	Remove lines 8-10 and insert:
16	organizations; providing for prospective operation; specifying
17	that the act does not provide a basis for assessment of taxes
18	not paid or right to a refund of taxes paid prior to the
19	effective date;

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	<u></u>	ACTION
ADOP	TED		(Y/N)
ADOP	TED AS AMENDED	_	(Y/N)
ADOP	TED W/O OBJECTION	_	(Y/N)
FAIL	ED TO ADOPT		(Y/N)
WITH	DRAWN	_	(Y/N)
OTHE	R		

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Brodeur offered the following:

Amendment

Remove lines 107-632 and insert:

amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation

except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts

charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt,

invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued

by the person facilitating the booking of the reservation. Any

amounts specifically collected as tax are county funds and shall

be remitted as tax.

Section 2. Section 125.0108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.0108 Areas of critical state concern; tourist impact tax.—

(1)(a) Subject to the provisions of this section, any county creating a land authority pursuant to s. 380.0663(1) is authorized to levy by ordinance, in the area or areas within

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said county designated as an area of critical state concern pursuant to chapter 380, a tourist impact tax on the taxable privileges described in paragraph (2)(a) (b); however, if the area or areas of critical state concern are greater than 50 percent of the land area of the county, the tax may be levied throughout the entire county. Such tax shall not be effective unless and until land development regulations and a local comprehensive plan that meet the requirements of chapter 380 have become effective and such tax is approved by referendum as provided for in subsection (6) (5).

(b) As used in this section, the terms "consideration," "rental," and "rents" mean the amount received by a person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations for the use of any living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in connection with, any hotel, apartment house, roominghouse, timeshare resort, tourist or trailer camp, mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, or condominium. The term "person operating transient accommodations" means a person conducting the daily affairs of the physical facilities furnishing transient accommodations who is responsible for providing any of the services commonly associated with operating the facilities furnishing transient accommodations, including providing physical access to such facilities, regardless of whether such commonly associated services are provided by unrelated persons. The terms "consideration," "rental," and "rents" do not include payments received by unrelated persons from the lessee, tenant, or customer for facilitating the booking of reservations for or

on behalf of the lessees, tenants, or customers at hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, timeshare resorts, tourist or trailer camps, mobile home parks, recreational vehicle parks, or condominiums in this state. The term "unrelated persons" means persons who are not related to the person operating transient accommodations or to the owner of such accommodations within the meaning of s. 1504, s. 267(b), or s. 707(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(2)(a)(b)1. It is declared to be the intent of the Legislature that every person who rents, leases, or lets for consideration any living quarters or accommodations in any hotel, apartment hotel, motel, resort motel, apartment, apartment motel, roominghouse, mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, condominium, or timeshare resort for a term of 6 months or less, unless such establishment is exempt from the tax imposed by s. 212.03, is exercising a taxable privilege on the proceeds therefrom under this section.

(b)1.2.a. Tax shall be due on the consideration paid for occupancy in the county pursuant to a regulated short-term product, as defined in s. 721.05, or occupancy in the county pursuant to a product that would be deemed a regulated short-term product if the agreement to purchase the short-term right were executed in this state. Such tax shall be collected on the last day of occupancy within the county unless such consideration is applied to the purchase of a timeshare estate. The occupancy of an accommodation of a timeshare resort pursuant to a timeshare plan, a multisite timeshare plan, or an exchange transaction in an exchange program, as defined in s. 721.05, by

the owner of a timeshare interest or such owner's guest, which guest is not paying monetary consideration to the owner or to a third party for the benefit of the owner, is not a privilege subject to taxation under this section. A membership or transaction fee paid by a timeshare owner that does not provide the timeshare owner with the right to occupy any specific timeshare unit but merely provides the timeshare owner with the opportunity to exchange a timeshare interest through an exchange program is a service charge and not subject to taxation under this section.

- 2.b. Consideration paid for the purchase of a timeshare license in a timeshare plan, as defined in s. 721.05, is rent subject to taxation under this section.
- (c) The governing board of the county may, by passage of a resolution by four-fifths vote, repeal such tax.
- (d) The tourist impact tax shall be levied at the rate of 1 percent of each dollar and major fraction thereof of the total consideration charged for such taxable privilege. When receipt of consideration is by way of property other than money, the tax shall be levied and imposed on the fair market value of such nonmonetary consideration.
- (e) The tourist impact tax shall be in addition to any other tax imposed pursuant to chapter 212 and in addition to all other taxes and fees and the consideration for the taxable privilege.
- (f) The tourist impact tax shall be charged by the person receiving the consideration for the taxable privilege, and it shall be collected from the lessee, tenant, or customer at the

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time of payment of the consideration for such taxable privilege. A person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations shall separately state the tax from the rental charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation issued with respect to charges for transient accommodations. Persons who facilitate the booking of reservations who are unrelated persons with respect to a person who operates transient accommodations with respect to which the reservation is booked are not required to separately state amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt, invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued by the person facilitating the booking of the reservation. Any amounts specifically collected as tax are county funds and shall be remitted as tax.

- authorized by this section in an area or areas designated as an area of critical state concern for at least 20 consecutive years prior to removal of the designation may continue to levy the tourist impact tax in accordance with this section for 20 years following removal of the designation. After expiration of the 20-year period, a county may continue to levy the tourist impact tax authorized by this section if the county adopts an ordinance reauthorizing levy of the tax and the continued levy of the tax is approved by referendum as provided for in subsection (6) (5).
- $\underline{(3)}$ (a) The person receiving the consideration for such taxable privilege and the person doing business within such area

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or areas of critical state concern or within the entire county, as applicable, shall receive, account for, and remit the tourist impact tax to the Department of Revenue at the time and in the manner provided for persons who collect and remit taxes under chapter 212. The same duties and privileges imposed by chapter 212 upon dealers in tangible property, respecting the collection and remission of tax; the making of returns; the keeping of books, records, and accounts; and compliance with the rules of the Department of Revenue in the administration of that chapter shall apply to and be binding upon all persons who are subject to the provisions of this section. However, the Department of Revenue may authorize a quarterly return and payment when the tax remitted by the dealer for the preceding quarter did not exceed \$25.

- (b) The Department of Revenue shall keep records showing the amount of taxes collected, which records shall also include records disclosing the amount of taxes collected for and from each county in which the tax imposed and authorized by this section is applicable. These records shall be open for inspection during the regular office hours of the Department of Revenue, subject to the provisions of s. 213.053.
- (c) Collections received by the Department of Revenue from the tax, less costs of administration of this section, shall be paid and returned monthly to the county and the land authority in accordance with the provisions of subsection (4)
- (d) The Department of Revenue is authorized to employ persons and incur other expenses for which funds are appropriated by the Legislature.

- (e) The Department of Revenue is empowered to promulgate such rules and prescribe and publish such forms as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section. The department is authorized to establish audit procedures and to assess for delinquent taxes.
- (f) The estimated tax provisions contained in s. 212.11 do not apply to the administration of any tax levied under this section.
- $\underline{(4)}$ All tax revenues received pursuant to this section, less administrative costs, shall be distributed as follows:
- (a) Fifty percent shall be transferred to the land authority to be used to purchase property in the area of critical state concern for which the revenue is generated. An amount not to exceed 5 percent may be used for administration and other costs incident to such purchases.
- (b) Fifty percent shall be distributed to the governing body of the county where the revenue was generated. Such proceeds shall be used to offset the loss of ad valorem taxes due to acquisitions provided for by this act.
- (5)(4)(a) Any person who is taxable hereunder who fails or refuses to charge and collect from the person paying for the taxable privilege the taxes herein provided, either by himself or herself or through agents or employees, is, in addition to being personally liable for the payment of the tax, guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) No person shall advertise or hold out to the public in any manner, directly or indirectly, that he or she will absorb

all or any part of the tax; that he or she will relieve the person paying for the taxable privilege of the payment of all or any part of the tax; or that the tax will not be added to the consideration for the taxable privilege or that, when added, the tax or any part thereof will be refunded or refused, either directly or indirectly, by any method whatsoever. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this paragraph is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (c) The tax authorized to be levied by this section shall constitute a lien on the property of the business, lessee, customer, or tenant in the same manner as, and shall be collectible as are, liens authorized and imposed in ss. 713.67, 713.68, and 713.69.
- (6)(5) The tourist impact tax authorized by this section shall take effect only upon express approval by a majority vote of those qualified electors in the area or areas of critical state concern in the county seeking to levy such tax, voting in a referendum to be held by the governing board of such county in conjunction with a general or special election, in accordance with the provisions of law relating to elections currently in force. However, if the area or areas of critical state concern are greater than 50 percent of the land area of the county and the tax is to be imposed throughout the entire county, the tax shall take effect only upon express approval of a majority of the qualified electors of the county voting in such a referendum.

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(7) The effective date of the levy and imposition of the tourist impact tax authorized under this section shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of the ordinance shall include the time period and the effective date of the tax levy and shall be furnished by the county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after passing an ordinance levying such tax and again within 10 days after approval by referendum of such tax. If applicable, the county levying the tax shall provide the Department of Revenue with a list of the businesses in the area of critical state concern where the tourist impact tax is levied by zip code or other means of identification. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 213.053, the Department of Revenue shall assist the county in compiling such list of businesses. The tourist impact tax, if not repealed sooner pursuant to paragraph (1)(c), shall be repealed 10 years after the date the area of critical state concern designation is removed.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 212.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
212.03 Transient rentals tax; rate, procedure, enforcement, exemptions.—

(1)

(b)1. Tax shall be due on the consideration paid for occupancy in the county pursuant to a regulated short-term product, as defined in s. 721.05, or occupancy in the county pursuant to a product that would be deemed a regulated short-

- 243 term product if the agreement to purchase the short-term right 244 was executed in this state. Such tax shall be collected on the 245 last day of occupancy within the county unless such 246 consideration is applied to the purchase of a timeshare estate. 247 The occupancy of an accommodation of a timeshare resort pursuant 248 to a timeshare plan, a multisite timeshare plan, or an exchange 249 transaction in an exchange program, as defined in s. 721.05, by 250 the owner of a timeshare interest or such owner's guest, which 251 quest is not paying monetary consideration to the owner or to a 252 third party for the benefit of the owner, is not a privilege 253 subject to taxation under this section. A membership or 254 transaction fee paid by a timeshare owner that does not provide 255 the timeshare owner with the right to occupy any specific 256 timeshare unit but merely provides the timeshare owner with the 257 opportunity to exchange a timeshare interest through an exchange 258 program is a service charge and not subject to taxation under 259 this section.
 - 2. Consideration paid for the purchase of a timeshare license in a timeshare plan, as defined in s. 721.05, is rent subject to taxation under this section.
 - 3. As used in this section, the terms "rent," "rental,"
 "rentals," and "rental payments" mean the amount received by a
 person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such
 accommodations for the use of any living quarters or sleeping or
 housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in
 connection with, any hotel, apartment house, roominghouse,
 mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, condominium,
 timeshare resort, or tourist or trailer camp. The term "person

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271 operating transient accommodations" means a person conducting 272 the daily affairs of the physical facilities furnishing 273 transient accommodations who is responsible for providing any of 274 the services commonly associated with operating the facilities 275 furnishing transient accommodations, including providing 276 physical access to such facilities, regardless of whether such 277 commonly associated services are provided by unrelated persons. 278 The terms "rent," "rental," "rentals," and "rental payments" do 279 not include payments received by unrelated persons from the 280 lessee, tenant, customer, or licensee for facilitating the booking of reservations for or on behalf of the lessees, 281 282 tenants, customers, or licensees at hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, mobile home parks, recreational vehicle parks, 283 284 condominiums, timeshare resorts, or tourist or trailer camps in 285 this state. The term "unrelated persons" means persons who are 286 not related to the person operating transient accommodations or 287 to the owner of such accommodations within the meaning of s. 288 1504, s. 267(b), or s. 707(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 289 1986, as amended. 290 The tax provided for in this section herein shall be 291 in addition to the total amount of the rental, shall be charged 292

in addition to the total amount of the rental, shall be charged by any the lessor or person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations subject to the tax imposed under this chapter receiving the rent in and by such said rental arrangement to the lessee or person paying the rental, and shall be due and payable at the time of the receipt of such rental payment by the lessor or person operating the transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations, as defined

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299	in this chapter, who receives said rental or payment. The owner,
300	lessor, or person operating the transient accommodations or the
301	owner of such accommodations receiving the rent shall remit the
302	tax to the department the tax on the amount of the rent received
303	by the person operating the transient accommodations or the
304	owner of such accommodations at the times and in the manner
305	hereinafter provided for dealers to remit taxes under this
306	chapter. The same duties imposed by this chapter upon dealers in
307	tangible personal property respecting the collection and
308	remission of the tax; the making of returns; the keeping of
309	books, records, and accounts; and the compliance with the rules
310	and regulations of the department in the administration of this
311	chapter shall apply to and be binding upon all persons who
312	manage or operate hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses,
313	tourist and trailer camps, and the rental of condominium units,
314	and to all persons who collect or receive such rents on behalf
315	of such owner or lessor taxable under this chapter. A person
316	operating transient accommodations or the owner of such
317	accommodations shall separately state the tax from the rental
318	charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation issued
319	with respect to charges for transient accommodations. Persons
320	facilitating the booking of reservations who are unrelated to
321	the person operating the transient accommodations in which the
322	reservation is booked are not required to separately state
323	amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation
3,24	except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts
325	charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt,
326	invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued

- by the person facilitating the booking of the reservation. Any amounts specifically collected as a tax are state funds and must be remitted as tax.
 - Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 212.0305, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 212.0305 Convention development taxes; intent; administration; authorization; use of proceeds.—
 - (3) APPLICATION; ADMINISTRATION; PENALTIES.-
 - (a)1. The convention development tax on transient rentals imposed by the governing body of any county authorized to so levy shall apply to the amount of any payment made by any person to rent, lease, or use for a period of 6 months or less any living quarters or accommodations in a hotel, apartment hotel, motel, resort motel, apartment, apartment motel, roominghouse, tourist or trailer camp, mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, condominium, or timeshare resort. When receipt of consideration is by way of property other than money, the tax shall be levied and imposed on the fair market value of such nonmonetary consideration. Any payment made by a person to rent, lease, or use any living quarters or accommodations which are exempt from the tax imposed under s. 212.03 shall likewise be exempt from any tax imposed under this section.
 - 2.a. Tax shall be due on the consideration paid for occupancy in the county pursuant to a regulated short-term product, as defined in s. 721.05, or occupancy in the county pursuant to a product that would be deemed a regulated short-term product if the agreement to purchase the short-term right was executed in this state. Such tax shall be collected on the

last day of occupancy within the county unless such consideration is applied to the purchase of a timeshare estate. The occupancy of an accommodation of a timeshare resort pursuant to a timeshare plan, a multisite timeshare plan, or an exchange transaction in an exchange program, as defined in s. 721.05, by the owner of a timeshare interest or such owner's guest, which guest is not paying monetary consideration to the owner or to a third party for the benefit of the owner, is not a privilege subject to taxation under this section. A membership or transaction fee paid by a timeshare owner that does not provide the timeshare owner with the right to occupy any specific timeshare unit but merely provides the timeshare owner with the opportunity to exchange a timeshare interest through an exchange program is a service charge and not subject to taxation under this section.

- 3.b. Consideration paid for the purchase of a timeshare license in a timeshare plan, as defined in s. 721.05, is rent subject to taxation under this section.
- 4. As used in this section, the terms "consideration," "rental," and "rents" mean the amount received by a person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations for the use of any living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in connection with, any hotel, apartment house, roominghouse, timeshare resort, tourist or trailer camp, mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, or condominium. The term "person operating transient accommodations" means a person conducting the daily affairs of the physical facilities furnishing

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transient accommodations who is responsible for providing any of the services commonly associated with operating the facilities furnishing transient accommodations, including providing physical access to such facilities, regardless of whether such commonly associated services are provided by unrelated persons. The terms "consideration," "rental," and "rents" do not include payments received by unrelated persons from the lessee, tenant, or customer for facilitating the booking of reservations for or on behalf of the lessees, tenants, or customers at hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, timeshare resorts, tourist or trailer camps, mobile home parks, recreational vehicle parks, or condominiums in this state. The term "unrelated persons" means persons who are not related to the person operating transient accommodations or to the owner of such accommodations within the meaning of s. 1504, s. 267(b), or s. 707(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(b) The tax shall be charged by the person receiving the consideration for the lease or rental, and the tax shall be collected from the lessee, tenant, or customer at the time of payment of the consideration for such lease or rental. A person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations shall separately state the tax from the rental charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation issued with respect to charges for transient accommodations. Persons facilitating the booking of reservations who are unrelated to the person operating the transient accommodations in which the reservation is booked are not required to separately state amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation

- 411 except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts
- 412 charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt,
- 413 invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued
- 414 by the person facilitating the booking of the reservation. Any
- 415 amounts specifically collected as a tax are county funds and
- 416 must be remitted as tax.
- Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 213.30, Florida
- 418 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 419 213.30 Compensation for information relating to a
- 420 violation of the tax laws.-
- (1) The executive director of the department, pursuant to
- 422 rules adopted by the department, is authorized to compensate:
 - (a) A county government providing information to the
- 424 department leading to:

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- 1. The punishment of, or collection of taxes, penalties,
- 426 or interest from, any person with respect to the tax imposed by
- 427 s. 212.03. The amount of any payment made under this
- 428 subparagraph may not exceed 10 percent of any tax, penalties, or
- 429 interest collected as a result of such information.
- 2. The identification and registration of a taxpayer who
- 431 is not in compliance with the registration requirements of s.
- 432 212.03. The amount of the payment made to any person who
- provides information to the department which results in the
- registration of a noncompliant taxpayer shall be \$100. The
- reward authorized in this subparagraph shall be paid only if the
- 436 noncompliant taxpayer:
 - a. Is engaged in a bona fide taxable activity.

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- b. Is found by the department to have an unpaid tax liability.
 - (b) Persons providing information to the department leading to:
 - 1.(a) The punishment of, or collection of taxes, penalties, or interest from, any person with respect to the taxes enumerated in s. 213.05. The amount of any payment made under this subparagraph paragraph may not exceed 10 percent of any tax, penalties, or interest collected as a result of such information.
 - 2.(b) The identification and registration of a taxpayer who is not in compliance with the registration requirements of any tax statute that is listed in s. 213.05. The amount of the payment made to any person who provides information to the department which results in the registration of a noncompliant taxpayer shall be \$100. The reward authorized in this subparagraph paragraph shall be paid only if the noncompliant taxpayer:
 - $\underline{a.1.}$ Conducts business from a permanent, fixed location $\underline{\cdot +}$
 - b.2. Is engaged in a bona fide taxable activity.; and
- 458 c.3. Is found by the department to have an unpaid tax 459 liability.
- Section 6. Sections 1 and 3 of chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida, as amended, are amended to read:
- Section 1. All cities and towns, in counties of the state having a population of not less than three hundred thirty thousand (330,000) and not more than three hundred forty thousand (340,000) and in counties having a population of more

than nine hundred thousand (900,000), according to the latest 466 467 official decennial census, whose charter specifically provides 468 now or whose charter is so amended prior to January 1, 1968, for 469 the levy of the exact tax as herein set forth, are hereby given 470 the right, power and authority by ordinance or impose, levy and collect a tax within their corporate limits, to be known as a 471 472 municipal resort tax, upon the rent of every occupancy of a room 473 or rooms in any hotel, motel, apartment house, rooming house, 474 tourist or trailer camp, as the same are defined in part I, chapter 212, Florida Statutes, and upon the retail sale price of 475 476 all items of food or beverages sold at retail, and of alcoholic 477 beverages sold at retail for consumption on the premises, at any 478 place of business required by law to be licensed by the state 479 hotel and restaurant commission or by the state beverage 480 department; provided, however, this tax shall not apply to those 481 sales the amount of which is less than fifty cents (50¢) nor to 482 sales of food or beverages delivered to a person's home under a 483 contract providing for deliveries on a regular schedule when the 484 price of each meal is less than \$10 ten dollars. As used in this 485 section, the term "rent" means the amount received by a person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such 486 487 accommodations for the use of any living quarters or sleeping or 488 housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in 489 connection with, any hotel, apartment hotel, motel, resort 490 motel, apartment, roominghouse, timeshare resort, tourist or 491 trailer camp, mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, or 492 condominium. The term "person operating transient 493 accommodations" means a person conducting the daily affairs of

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the physical facilities furnishing transient accommodations who is responsible for providing any of the services commonly associated with operating the facilities furnishing transient accommodations, including providing physical access to such facilities, regardless of whether such commonly associated services are provided by unrelated persons. The term "rent" does not include payments received by unrelated persons from the lessee, tenant, or customer for facilitating the booking of reservations for or on behalf of the lessees, tenants, or customers at hotels, apartment hotels, motels, resort motels, apartments, roominghouses, timeshare resorts, tourist or trailer camps, mobile home parks, recreational vehicle parks, or condominiums in this state. The term "unrelated persons" means persons who are not related to the person operating transient accommodations or to the owner of such accommodations, within the meaning of s. 1504, s. 267(b), or s. 707(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Section 3. The tax imposed by this act shall be collected from the person paying said rent of said retail sales price and shall be paid by such person for the use of the city or town to the person operating transient accommodations or to the owner of such accommodations collecting and receiving the rent or the retail sales price at the time of the payment thereof. It shall be the duty of every person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations renting a room or rooms, as herein provided, and of every person selling at retail food or beverages, or alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises, as herein provided, in acting as the tax collection

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medium or agency of the city or town, to collect from the person paying the rent or the retail sales price, for the use of the city or town, the tax imposed and levied pursuant to this act, and to report and pay over to the city or town all such taxes imposed, levied and collected, in accordance with the accounting and other provisions of the enacted ordinance. All cities and towns collecting a resort tax pursuant to the provisions of this act shall have the same duties and privileges as the Department of Revenue under part I of chapter 212, Florida Statutes, and may use any power granted to the Department of Revenue under part I of chapter 212, Florida Statutes, including enforcement and collection procedures and penalties imposed by part I of chapter 212, Florida Statutes, which shall be binding upon all persons and entities that are subject to the provisions of this act with regard to the municipal resort tax. A person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations shall separately state the tax from the rental charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation issued with respect to charges for transient accommodations. Persons who facilitate the booking of reservations who are unrelated persons with respect to a person who operates the transient accommodations with respect to which the reservation is booked are not required to separately state amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt, invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued by the person facilitating the

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMM	ITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Brodeur offered the following:

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Substitute Amendment for Amendment () by Representative Brodeur (with directory and title amendments)

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Remove lines 107-634 and insert: amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation

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charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt, invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued by the person facilitating the booking of the reservation. Any amounts specifically collected as tax are county funds and shall

except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts

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(12) PROOF OF COMPLIANCE.-

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services for rent-by-owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state and local lodging and accommodation taxes.

(a) All online vacation rental listing and advertising

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Such proof shall come in the form of a statement affirming that

19 the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity

be remitted as tax.

 include the exact name of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity registered with the department and a toll free number established by the department for verification that a certificate of registration has been issued. Failure to require such information by the vacation rental listing and advertising service shall result in such service being liable for any and all outstanding state and local accommodation taxes due on the subject property.

(b) All advertisements or listings of rent-by-owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state and local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come in the form of a statement affirming that the property owner, agent, property manager or business entity is registered with the department. The statement shall also include the exact name of the property owner, agent, property manager or business entity registered with the department and a toll free number established by the department for verification that a certificate of registration has been issued. Failure of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity to comply with this section shall serve as prima facie evidence of intent to defraud the state of such taxes and subject them to penalties of law.

Section 2. Section 125.0108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.0108 Areas of critical state concern; tourist impact tax.—

(1) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, any county creating a land authority pursuant to s. 380.0663(1) is authorized to levy by ordinance, in the area or areas within said county designated as an area of critical state concern pursuant to chapter 380, a tourist impact tax on the taxable privileges described in paragraph (2)(a) (b); however, if the area or areas of critical state concern are greater than 50 percent of the land area of the county, the tax may be levied throughout the entire county. Such tax shall not be effective unless and until land development regulations and a local comprehensive plan that meet the requirements of chapter 380 have become effective and such tax is approved by referendum as provided for in subsection (6) (5).

(b) As used in this section, the terms "consideration,"
"rental," and "rents" mean the amount received by a person
operating transient accommodations or the owner of such
accommodations for the use of any living quarters or sleeping or
housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in
connection with, any hotel, apartment house, roominghouse,
timeshare resort, tourist or trailer camp, mobile home park,
recreational vehicle park, or condominium. The term "person
operating transient accommodations" means a person conducting
the daily affairs of the physical facilities furnishing
transient accommodations who is responsible for providing any of
the services commonly associated with operating the facilities
furnishing transient accommodations, including providing
physical access to such facilities, regardless of whether such
commonly associated services are provided by unrelated persons.

The terms "consideration," "rental," and "rents" do not include payments received by unrelated persons from the lessee, tenant, or customer for facilitating the booking of reservations for or on behalf of the lessees, tenants, or customers at hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, timeshare resorts, tourist or trailer camps, mobile home parks, recreational vehicle parks, or condominiums in this state. The term "unrelated persons" means persons who are not related to the person operating transient accommodations or to the owner of such accommodations within the meaning of s. 1504, s. 267(b), or s. 707(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(2) (a) (b) 1. It is declared to be the intent of the Legislature that every person who rents, leases, or lets for consideration any living quarters or accommodations in any hotel, apartment hotel, motel, resort motel, apartment, apartment motel, roominghouse, mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, condominium, or timeshare resort for a term of 6 months or less, unless such establishment is exempt from the tax imposed by s. 212.03, is exercising a taxable privilege on the proceeds therefrom under this section.

(b)1.2.a. Tax shall be due on the consideration paid for occupancy in the county pursuant to a regulated short-term product, as defined in s. 721.05, or occupancy in the county pursuant to a product that would be deemed a regulated short-term product if the agreement to purchase the short-term right were executed in this state. Such tax shall be collected on the last day of occupancy within the county unless such consideration is applied to the purchase of a timeshare estate.

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103 The occupancy of an accommodation of a timeshare resort pursuant 104 to a timeshare plan, a multisite timeshare plan, or an exchange 105 transaction in an exchange program, as defined in s. 721.05, by 106 the owner of a timeshare interest or such owner's guest, which 107 quest is not paying monetary consideration to the owner or to a 108 third party for the benefit of the owner, is not a privilege 109 subject to taxation under this section. A membership or 110 transaction fee paid by a timeshare owner that does not provide 111 the timeshare owner with the right to occupy any specific 112 timeshare unit but merely provides the timeshare owner with the 113 opportunity to exchange a timeshare interest through an exchange 114 program is a service charge and not subject to taxation under 115 this section.

- 2.b. Consideration paid for the purchase of a timeshare license in a timeshare plan, as defined in s. 721.05, is rent subject to taxation under this section.
- (c) The governing board of the county may, by passage of a resolution by four-fifths vote, repeal such tax.
- (d) The tourist impact tax shall be levied at the rate of 1 percent of each dollar and major fraction thereof of the total consideration charged for such taxable privilege. When receipt of consideration is by way of property other than money, the tax shall be levied and imposed on the fair market value of such nonmonetary consideration.
- (e) The tourist impact tax shall be in addition to any other tax imposed pursuant to chapter 212 and in addition to all other taxes and fees and the consideration for the taxable privilege.

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- The tourist impact tax shall be charged by the person receiving the consideration for the taxable privilege, and it shall be collected from the lessee, tenant, or customer at the time of payment of the consideration for such taxable privilege. A person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations shall separately state the tax from the rental charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation issued with respect to charges for transient accommodations. Persons who facilitate the booking of reservations who are unrelated persons with respect to a person who operates transient accommodations with respect to which the reservation is booked are not required to separately state amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt, invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued by the person facilitating the booking of the reservation. Any amounts specifically collected as tax are county funds and shall be remitted as tax.
- authorized by this section in an area or areas designated as an area of critical state concern for at least 20 consecutive years prior to removal of the designation may continue to levy the tourist impact tax in accordance with this section for 20 years following removal of the designation. After expiration of the 20-year period, a county may continue to levy the tourist impact tax authorized by this section if the county adopts an ordinance

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reauthorizing levy of the tax and the continued levy of the tax is approved by referendum as provided for in subsection (6) (5).

- The person receiving the consideration for such taxable privilege and the person doing business within such area or areas of critical state concern or within the entire county, as applicable, shall receive, account for, and remit the tourist impact tax to the Department of Revenue at the time and in the manner provided for persons who collect and remit taxes under chapter 212. The same duties and privileges imposed by chapter 212 upon dealers in tangible property, respecting the collection and remission of tax; the making of returns; the keeping of books, records, and accounts; and compliance with the rules of the Department of Revenue in the administration of that chapter shall apply to and be binding upon all persons who are subject to the provisions of this section. However, the Department of Revenue may authorize a quarterly return and payment when the tax remitted by the dealer for the preceding quarter did not exceed \$25.
- (b) The Department of Revenue shall keep records showing the amount of taxes collected, which records shall also include records disclosing the amount of taxes collected for and from each county in which the tax imposed and authorized by this section is applicable. These records shall be open for inspection during the regular office hours of the Department of Revenue, subject to the provisions of s. 213.053.
- (c) Collections received by the Department of Revenue from the tax, less costs of administration of this section, shall be

paid and returned monthly to the county and the land authority in accordance with the provisions of subsection (4)

- (d) The Department of Revenue is authorized to employ persons and incur other expenses for which funds are appropriated by the Legislature.
- (e) The Department of Revenue is empowered to promulgate such rules and prescribe and publish such forms as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section. The department is authorized to establish audit procedures and to assess for delinquent taxes.
- (f) The estimated tax provisions contained in s. 212.11 do not apply to the administration of any tax levied under this section.
- $\underline{(4)}$ All tax revenues received pursuant to this section, less administrative costs, shall be distributed as follows:
- (a) Fifty percent shall be transferred to the land authority to be used to purchase property in the area of critical state concern for which the revenue is generated. An amount not to exceed 5 percent may be used for administration and other costs incident to such purchases.
- (b) Fifty percent shall be distributed to the governing body of the county where the revenue was generated. Such proceeds shall be used to offset the loss of ad valorem taxes due to acquisitions provided for by this act.
- (5)(4)(a) Any person who is taxable hereunder who fails or refuses to charge and collect from the person paying for the taxable privilege the taxes herein provided, either by himself or herself or through agents or employees, is, in addition to

- being personally liable for the payment of the tax, guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) No person shall advertise or hold out to the public in any manner, directly or indirectly, that he or she will absorb all or any part of the tax; that he or she will relieve the person paying for the taxable privilege of the payment of all or any part of the tax; or that the tax will not be added to the consideration for the taxable privilege or that, when added, the tax or any part thereof will be refunded or refused, either directly or indirectly, by any method whatsoever. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this paragraph is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (c) The tax authorized to be levied by this section shall constitute a lien on the property of the business, lessee, customer, or tenant in the same manner as, and shall be collectible as are, liens authorized and imposed in ss. 713.67, 713.68, and 713.69.
- (6)(5) The tourist impact tax authorized by this section shall take effect only upon express approval by a majority vote of those qualified electors in the area or areas of critical state concern in the county seeking to levy such tax, voting in a referendum to be held by the governing board of such county in conjunction with a general or special election, in accordance with the provisions of law relating to elections currently in force. However, if the area or areas of critical state concern are greater than 50 percent of the land area of the county and

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the tax is to be imposed throughout the entire county, the tax shall take effect only upon express approval of a majority of the qualified electors of the county voting in such a referendum.

- (7) (6) The effective date of the levy and imposition of the tourist impact tax authorized under this section shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of the ordinance shall include the time period and the effective date of the tax levy and shall be furnished by the county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after passing an ordinance levying such tax and again within 10 days after approval by referendum of such tax. If applicable, the county levying the tax shall provide the Department of Revenue with a list of the businesses in the area of critical state concern where the tourist impact tax is levied by zip code or other means of identification. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 213.053, the Department of Revenue shall assist the county in compiling such list of businesses. The tourist impact tax, if not repealed sooner pursuant to paragraph (1)(c), shall be repealed 10 years after the date the area of critical state concern designation is removed.
- (8) (a) All online vacation rental listing and advertising services for rent-by-owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state and local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come in the form of a statement affirming that the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity

is registered with the department. The statement shall also include the exact name of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity registered with the department and a toll free number established by the department for verification that a certificate of registration has been issued. Failure to require such information by the vacation rental listing and advertising service shall result in such service being liable for any and all outstanding state and local accommodation taxes due on the subject property.

(b) All advertisements or listings of rent-by-owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state and local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come in the form of a statement affirming that the property owner, agent, property manager or business entity is registered with the department. The statement shall also include the exact name of the property owner, agent, property manager or business entity registered with the department and a toll free number established by the department for verification that a certificate of registration has been issued. Failure of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity to comply with this section shall serve as prima facie evidence of intent to defraud the state of such taxes and subject them to penalties of law.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 212.03, Florida Statutes, are amended and subsection (8) of that section is created, to read:

295 212.03 Transient rentals tax; rate, procedure, enforcement, exemptions.—

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- Tax shall be due on the consideration paid for (b) 1. occupancy in the county pursuant to a regulated short-term product, as defined in s. 721.05, or occupancy in the county pursuant to a product that would be deemed a regulated shortterm product if the agreement to purchase the short-term right was executed in this state. Such tax shall be collected on the last day of occupancy within the county unless such consideration is applied to the purchase of a timeshare estate. The occupancy of an accommodation of a timeshare resort pursuant to a timeshare plan, a multisite timeshare plan, or an exchange transaction in an exchange program, as defined in s. 721.05, by the owner of a timeshare interest or such owner's quest, which quest is not paying monetary consideration to the owner or to a third party for the benefit of the owner, is not a privilege subject to taxation under this section. A membership or transaction fee paid by a timeshare owner that does not provide the timeshare owner with the right to occupy any specific timeshare unit but merely provides the timeshare owner with the opportunity to exchange a timeshare interest through an exchange program is a service charge and not subject to taxation under this section.
- 2. Consideration paid for the purchase of a timeshare license in a timeshare plan, as defined in s. 721.05, is rent subject to taxation under this section.
- 3. As used in this section, the terms "rent," "rental," "rentals," and "rental payments" mean the amount received by a person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such

325	accommodations for the use of any living quarters or sleeping or
326	housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in
327	connection with, any hotel, apartment house, roominghouse,
328	mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, condominium,
329	timeshare resort, or tourist or trailer camp. The term "person
330	operating transient accommodations" means a person conducting
331	the daily affairs of the physical facilities furnishing
332	transient accommodations who is responsible for providing any of
333	the services commonly associated with operating the facilities
334	furnishing transient accommodations, including providing
335	physical access to such facilities, regardless of whether such
336	commonly associated services are provided by unrelated persons.
337	The terms "rent," "rental," "rentals," and "rental payments" do
338	not include payments received by unrelated persons from the
339	lessee, tenant, customer, or licensee for facilitating the
340	booking of reservations for or on behalf of the lessees,
341	tenants, customers, or licensees at hotels, apartment houses,
342	roominghouses, mobile home parks, recreational vehicle parks,
343	condominiums, timeshare resorts, or tourist or trailer camps in
344	this state. The term "unrelated persons" means persons who are
345	not related to the person operating transient accommodations or
346	to the owner of such accommodations within the meaning of s.
347	1504, s. 267(b), or s. 707(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of
348	1986, as amended.
349	(2) The tax provided for in this section herein shall be
350	in addition to the total amount of the rental, shall be charged
351	by any the lessor or person operating transient accommodations
352	or the owner of such accommodations subject to the tax imposed

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under this chapter receiving the rent in and by such said rental arrangement to the lessee or person paying the rental, and shall be due and payable at the time of the receipt of such rental payment by the lessor or person operating the transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations, as defined in this chapter, who receives said rental or payment. The owner, lessor, or person operating the transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations receiving the rent shall remit the tax to the department the tax on the amount of the rent received by the person operating the transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations at the times and in the manner hereinafter provided for dealers to remit taxes under this chapter. The same duties imposed by this chapter upon dealers in tangible personal property respecting the collection and remission of the tax; the making of returns; the keeping of books, records, and accounts; and the compliance with the rules and regulations of the department in the administration of this chapter shall apply to and be binding upon all persons who manage or operate hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, tourist and trailer camps, and the rental of condominium units, and to all persons who collect or receive such rents on behalf of such owner or lessor taxable under this chapter. A person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations shall separately state the tax from the rental charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation issued with respect to charges for transient accommodations. Persons facilitating the booking of reservations who are unrelated to the person operating the transient accommodations in which the

reservation is booked are not required to separately state
amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation
except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts
charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt,
invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued
by the person facilitating the booking of the reservation. Any
amounts specifically collected as a tax are state funds and must
be remitted as tax.

- (8) (a) All online vacation rental listing and advertising services for rent-by-owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state and local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come in the form of a statement affirming that the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity is registered with the department. The statement shall also include the exact name of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity registered with the department and a toll free number established by the department for verification that a certificate of registration has been issued. Failure to require such information by the vacation rental listing and advertising service shall result in such service being liable for any and all outstanding state and local accommodation taxes due on the subject property.
- (b) All advertisements or listings of rent-by-owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state and local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come in the form of a statement affirming that the property owner, agent, property manager or business entity is registered with the department. The statement shall also include the exact name

- of the property owner, agent, property manager or business entity registered with the department and a toll free number established by the department for verification that a certificate of registration has been issued. Failure of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity to comply with this section shall serve as prima facie evidence of intent to defraud the state of such taxes and subject them to penalties of law.
 - Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 212.0305, Florida Statutes, are amended and subsection (5) of that section is created, to read:
 - 212.0305 Convention development taxes; intent; administration; authorization; use of proceeds.—
 - (3) APPLICATION; ADMINISTRATION; PENALTIES.-
 - (a)1. The convention development tax on transient rentals imposed by the governing body of any county authorized to so levy shall apply to the amount of any payment made by any person to rent, lease, or use for a period of 6 months or less any living quarters or accommodations in a hotel, apartment hotel, motel, resort motel, apartment, apartment motel, roominghouse, tourist or trailer camp, mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, condominium, or timeshare resort. When receipt of consideration is by way of property other than money, the tax shall be levied and imposed on the fair market value of such nonmonetary consideration. Any payment made by a person to rent, lease, or use any living quarters or accommodations which are exempt from the tax imposed under s. 212.03 shall likewise be exempt from any tax imposed under this section.

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- 2.a. Tax shall be due on the consideration paid for occupancy in the county pursuant to a regulated short-term product, as defined in s. 721.05, or occupancy in the county pursuant to a product that would be deemed a regulated shortterm product if the agreement to purchase the short-term right was executed in this state. Such tax shall be collected on the last day of occupancy within the county unless such consideration is applied to the purchase of a timeshare estate. The occupancy of an accommodation of a timeshare resort pursuant to a timeshare plan, a multisite timeshare plan, or an exchange transaction in an exchange program, as defined in s. 721.05, by the owner of a timeshare interest or such owner's quest, which guest is not paying monetary consideration to the owner or to a third party for the benefit of the owner, is not a privilege subject to taxation under this section. A membership or transaction fee paid by a timeshare owner that does not provide the timeshare owner with the right to occupy any specific timeshare unit but merely provides the timeshare owner with the opportunity to exchange a timeshare interest through an exchange program is a service charge and not subject to taxation under this section.
 - 3.b. Consideration paid for the purchase of a timeshare license in a timeshare plan, as defined in s. 721.05, is rent subject to taxation under this section.
 - 4. As used in this section, the terms "consideration,"
 "rental," and "rents" mean the amount received by a person
 operating transient accommodations or the owner of such
 accommodations for the use of any living quarters or sleeping or

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465	housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in									
466	connection with, any hotel, apartment house, roominghouse,									
467	timeshare resort, tourist or trailer camp, mobile home park,									
468	recreational vehicle park, or condominium. The term "person									
469	operating transient accommodations" means a person conducting									
470	the daily affairs of the physical facilities furnishing									
471	transient accommodations who is responsible for providing any of									
472	the services commonly associated with operating the facilities									
473	furnishing transient accommodations, including providing									
474	physical access to such facilities, regardless of whether such									
475	commonly associated services are provided by unrelated persons.									
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477	payments received by unrelated persons from the lessee, tenant,									
478	or customer for facilitating the booking of reservations for or									
479	on behalf of the lessees, tenants, or customers at hotels,									
480	apartment houses, roominghouses, timeshare resorts, tourist or									
481	trailer camps, mobile home parks, recreational vehicle parks, or									
482	condominiums in this state. The term "unrelated persons" means									
483	persons who are not related to the person operating transient									
484	accommodations or to the owner of such accommodations within the									
485	meaning of s. 1504, s. 267(b), or s. 707(b) of the Internal									
486	Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.									
487	(b) The tax shall be charged by the person receiving the									
488	consideration for the lease or rental, and the tax shall be									

collected from the lessee, tenant, or customer at the time of payment of the consideration for such lease or rental. A person operating transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations shall separately state the tax from the rental

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(2011)

Amendment No.

with respect to charges for transient accommodations. Persons facilitating the booking of reservations who are unrelated to the person operating the transient accommodations in which the reservation is booked are not required to separately state amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or other documentation except such persons shall be required to disclose all amounts charged or expected to be charged as taxes on the final receipt, invoice, or other documentation provided to the customer issued by the person facilitating the booking of the reservation. Any amounts specifically collected as a tax are county funds and must be remitted as tax.

(5) PROOF OF COMPLIANCE.-

(a) All online vacation rental listing and advertising services for rent-by-owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state and local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come in the form of a statement affirming that the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity is registered with the department. The statement shall also include the exact name of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity registered with the department and a toll free number established by the department for verification that a certificate of registration has been issued. Failure to require such information by the vacation rental listing and advertising service shall result in such service being liable for any and all outstanding state and local accommodation taxes due on the subject property.

(b) All advertisements or listings of rent-by-owner
properties shall contain proof of compliance with state and
local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come in
the form of a statement affirming that the property owner,
agent, property manager or business entity is registered with
the department. The statement shall also include the exact name
of the property owner, agent, property manager or business
entity registered with the department and a toll free number
established by the department for verification that a
certificate of registration has been issued. Failure of the
property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity to
comply with this section shall serve as prima facie evidence or
intent to defraud the state of such taxes and subject them to
penalties of law.

- Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 213.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 213.30 Compensation for information relating to a violation of the tax laws.—
- (1) The executive director of the department, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, is authorized to compensate:
- (a) A county government providing information to the department leading to:
- 1. The punishment of, or collection of taxes, penalties, or interest from, any person with respect to the tax imposed by s. 212.03. The amount of any payment made under this subparagraph may not exceed 10 percent of any tax, penalties, or interest collected as a result of such information.

- 2. The identification and registration of a taxpayer who is not in compliance with the registration requirements of s.

 212.03. The amount of the payment made to any person who provides information to the department which results in the registration of a noncompliant taxpayer shall be \$100. The reward authorized in this subparagraph shall be paid only if the noncompliant taxpayer:
 - a. Is engaged in a bona fide taxable activity.
- b. Is found by the department to have an unpaid tax liability.
- (b) Persons providing information to the department leading to:
- 1.(a) The punishment of, or collection of taxes, penalties, or interest from, any person with respect to the taxes enumerated in s. 213.05. The amount of any payment made under this subparagraph paragraph may not exceed 10 percent of any tax, penalties, or interest collected as a result of such information.
- 2.(b) The identification and registration of a taxpayer who is not in compliance with the registration requirements of any tax statute that is listed in s. 213.05. The amount of the payment made to any person who provides information to the department which results in the registration of a noncompliant taxpayer shall be \$100. The reward authorized in this subparagraph paragraph shall be paid only if the noncompliant taxpayer:
 - $\underline{a.1.}$ Conducts business from a permanent, fixed location $\underline{\cdot \div}$
- b.2. Is engaged in a bona fide taxable activity.; and

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 $\underline{\text{c.3.}}$ Is found by the department to have an unpaid tax liability.

Section 6. Sections 1 and 3 of chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida, as amended, are amended to read:

Section 1. All cities and towns, in counties of the state having a population of not less than three hundred thirty thousand (330,000) and not more than three hundred forty thousand (340,000) and in counties having a population of more than nine hundred thousand (900,000), according to the latest official decennial census, whose charter specifically provides now or whose charter is so amended prior to January 1, 1968, for the levy of the exact tax as herein set forth, are hereby given the right, power and authority by ordinance or impose, levy and collect a tax within their corporate limits, to be known as a municipal resort tax, upon the rent of every occupancy of a room or rooms in any hotel, motel, apartment house, rooming house, tourist or trailer camp, as the same are defined in part I, chapter 212, Florida Statutes, and upon the retail sale price of all items of food or beverages sold at retail, and of alcoholic beverages sold at retail for consumption on the premises, at any place of business required by law to be licensed by the state hotel and restaurant commission or by the state beverage department; provided, however, this tax shall not apply to those sales the amount of which is less than fifty cents (50¢) nor to sales of food or beverages delivered to a person's home under a contract providing for deliveries on a regular schedule when the price of each meal is less than \$10 ten dollars. As used in this section, the term "rent" means the amount received by a person

	Amendment No.									
603	operating transient accommodations or the owner of such									
604	accommodations for the use of any living quarters or sleeping or									
605	housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in									
606	connection with, any hotel, apartment hotel, motel, resort									
607	motel, apartment, roominghouse, timeshare resort, tourist or									
608	trailer camp, mobile home park, recreational vehicle park, or									
609	condominium. The term "person operating transient									
610	accommodations" means a person conducting the daily affairs of									
611	the physical facilities furnishing transient accommodations who									
612	is responsible for providing any of the services commonly									
613	associated with operating the facilities furnishing transient									
614	accommodations, including providing physical access to such									
615	facilities, regardless of whether such commonly associated									
616	services are provided by unrelated persons. The term "rent" does									
617	not include payments received by unrelated persons from the									
618	lessee, tenant, or customer for facilitating the booking of									
619	reservations for or on behalf of the lessees, tenants, or									
620	customers at hotels, apartment hotels, motels, resort motels,									
621	apartments, roominghouses, timeshare resorts, tourist or trailer									
622	camps, mobile home parks, recreational vehicle parks, or									
623	condominiums in this state. The term "unrelated persons" means									
624	persons who are not related to the person operating transient									
625	accommodations or to the owner of such accommodations, within									
626	the meaning of s. 1504, s. 267(b), or s. 707(b) of the Internal									
627	Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.									
628	Section 3. The tax imposed by this act shall be collected									
629	from the person paying said rent of said retail sales price and									
630	shall be paid by such person for the use of the city or town to									

631 the person operating transient accommodations or to the owner of 632 such accommodations collecting and receiving the rent or the 633 retail sales price at the time of the payment thereof. It shall 634 be the duty of every person operating transient accommodations 635 or the owner of such accommodations renting a room or rooms, as 636 herein provided, and of every person selling at retail food or 637 beverages, or alcoholic beverages for consumption on the 638 premises, as herein provided, in acting as the tax collection 639 medium or agency of the city or town, to collect from the person 640 paying the rent or the retail sales price, for the use of the city or town, the tax imposed and levied pursuant to this act, 641 642 and to report and pay over to the city or town all such taxes 643 imposed, levied and collected, in accordance with the accounting and other provisions of the enacted ordinance. All cities and 644 645 towns collecting a resort tax pursuant to the provisions of this 646 act shall have the same duties and privileges as the Department 647 of Revenue under part I of chapter 212, Florida Statutes, and 648 may use any power granted to the Department of Revenue under 649 part I of chapter 212, Florida Statutes, including enforcement 650 and collection procedures and penalties imposed by part I of 651 chapter 212, Florida Statutes, which shall be binding upon all 652 persons and entities that are subject to the provisions of this 653 act with regard to the municipal resort tax. A person operating 654 transient accommodations or the owner of such accommodations 655 shall separately state the tax from the rental charged on the 656 receipt, invoice, or other documentation issued with respect to 657 charges for transient accommodations. Persons who facilitate the 658 booking of reservations who are unrelated persons with respect

659 to a person who operates the transient accommodations with 660 respect to which the reservation is booked are not required to 661 separately state amounts charged on the receipt, invoice, or 662 other documentation except such persons shall be required to 663 disclose all amounts charged or expected to be charged as taxes 664 on the final receipt, invoice, or other documentation provided 665 to the customer issued by the person facilitating the booking of 666 the reservation. Any amounts specifically collected as a tax are 667 city or town funds and shall be remitted as tax. All online 668 vacation rental listing and advertising services for rent-by-669 owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state 670 and local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come 671 in the form of a statement affirming that the property owner, 672 agent, property manager, or business entity is registered with 673 the department. The statement shall also include the exact name 674 of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business 675 entity registered with the department and a toll free number 676 established by the department for verification that a 677 certificate of registration has been issued. Failure to require 678 such information by the vacation rental listing and advertising 679 service shall result in such service being liable for any and 680 all outstanding state and local accommodation taxes due on the 681 subject property. All advertisements or listings of rent-by-682 owner properties shall contain proof of compliance with state 683 and local lodging and accommodation taxes. Such proof shall come 684 in the form of a statement affirming that the property owner, 685 agent, property manager or business entity is registered with 686 the department. The statement shall also include the exact name

of the property owner, agent, property manager or business entity registered with the department and a toll free number established by the department for verification that a certificate of registration has been issued. Failure of the property owner, agent, property manager, or business entity to comply with this section shall serve as prima facie evidence of intent to defraud the state of such taxes and subject them to penalties of law.

DIRECTORY AMENDMENT

Remove lines 30-31 and insert:

Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (f) of subsection (3) of section 125.0104, Florida Statutes, are amended and subsection (12) of that section is created, to read:

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 6-26 and insert:

providing an exception; providing construction; providing proof
of compliance with state and local lodging tax requirements;
amending s. 125.0108, F.S.; providing definitions relating to
the tourist impact tax; providing separate statement of tax
requirements; providing an exception; providing construction;
providing proof of compliance with state and local lodging tax
requirements; amending s. 212.03, F.S.; providing definitions

Bill No. HB 493 (2011)

Amendment No.

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relating to the transient rentals tax; revising requirements for charging, collecting, and remitting the tax; providing requirements for separate statement of the tax on rental documents; providing proof of compliance with state and local lodging tax requirements; amending s. 212.0305, F.S.; providing definitions relating to the convention development tax; revising requirements for charging, collecting, and remitting the tax; providing requirements for separate statement of the tax on rental documents; providing proof of compliance with state and local lodging tax requirements; amending s. 213.30, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to compensate county governments for providing certain information to the department; specifying a payment amount; amending ss. 1 and 3, ch. 67-930, Laws of Florida, as amended; providing definitions relating to a municipal resort tax; providing separate statement of tax requirements; providing an exception; providing construction; providing proof of compliance with state and local lodging tax requirements; providing an effective date.

Bill No. CS/HB 713

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE	ACTION	
ADOPTED	(Y/N)	
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)	
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)	
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)	
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)	
OTHER		

Council/Committee hearing bill: Finance and Tax Committee Representative(s) Pafford offered the following:

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Amendment (with directory and title amendments)

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Section 189.4042, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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189.4042 Merger and dissolution procedures.-

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(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

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(a) "Component independent special district" means an independent special district that proposes to be merged into a merged independent district, or an independent special district as it existed before its merger into the merged independent

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district of which it is now a part.

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19 20 of two or more independent special districts, a majority of whose qualified electors have elected to merge, which outlines the terms and agreements for the official merger of the districts, and is finalized and approved by the governing bodies of the districts pursuant to this section.

(b) "Elector-initiated merger plan" means the merger plan

- (c) "Governing body" means the governing body of the independent special district in which the general legislative, governmental, or public powers of the district are vested and by authority of which the official business of the district is conducted.
- (d) "Initiative" means the filing of a petition containing a proposal for a referendum to be placed on the ballot for election.
- (e) "Joint merger plan" means the merger plan that is adopted by resolution of the governing bodies of two or more independent special districts, that outlines the terms and agreements for the official merger of the districts, and that is finalized and approved by the governing bodies pursuant to this section.
- (f) "Merged independent district" means a single independent special district that results from a successful merger of two or more independent special districts pursuant to this section.
- (g) "Merger" means the combination of two or more contiguous independent special districts that combine to become a newly created merged independent district that assumes jurisdiction over all of the component independent special districts.
- (h) "Merger plan" means a written document that contains the terms, agreements, and information regarding the merger of two or more independent special districts.
- (i) "Proposed elector-initiated merger plan" means a written document that contains the terms and information regarding the merger of two or more independent special districts and that accompanies the petition initiated by the

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- qualified electors of the districts, but that is not yet finalized and approved by the governing bodies of each component independent special district pursuant to this section.
- (j) "Proposed joint merger plan" means a written document that contains the terms and information regarding the merger of two or more independent special districts and that has been prepared pursuant to a resolution of the governing bodies of the districts, but that is not yet finalized and approved by the governing bodies of each component independent special district pursuant to this section.
- (k) "Qualified elector" means an individual at least 18 years of age who is a citizen of the United States, a permanent resident of this state, and a resident of the district who registers with the supervisor of elections of a county within which the district lands are located when the registration books are open.
- (2) MERGER OR DISSOLUTION OF A DEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT.—
- (a) The merger or dissolution of <u>a</u> dependent special <u>district</u> <u>districts</u> may be effectuated by an ordinance of the general-purpose local governmental entity wherein the geographical area of the district or districts is located. However, a county may not dissolve a special district that is dependent to a municipality or vice versa, or a dependent district created by special act.
- (b) The merger or dissolution of a dependent district created and operating pursuant to a special act may be effectuated only by further act of the Legislature unless otherwise provided by general law.

- (c) Dependent special districts that meet any criteria for being declared inactive, or that have already been declared inactive, pursuant to s. 189.4044 may be dissolved or merged by special act without a referendum.
- (d)(b) A copy of any ordinance and of any changes to a charter affecting the status or boundaries of one or more special districts shall be filed with the Special District Information Program within 30 days after of such activity.
 - (3) (2) DISSOLUTION OF AN INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT.-
- (a) Voluntary Dissolution.—The voluntary merger or dissolution of an independent special district or a dependent district created and operating pursuant to a special act may only be effectuated only by the Legislature unless otherwise provided by general law.
- (b) Involuntary Dissolution.—If a local general—purpose government seeks to dissolve an active independent special district created and operating pursuant to a special act whose board objects by resolution to the dissolution, the dissolution of the active independent special district is not effective until a special act of the Legislature is approved by a majority of the resident electors of the district or landowners voting in the same manner by which the independent special district's governing board is elected. This paragraph also applies if an independent special district's governing board elects to dissolve the district by less than a supermajority vote of the board.
- (c) The political subdivisions proposing the involuntary dissolution of an active independent special district shall be responsible for payment of any expenses associated with the referendum required under paragraph (b).

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- (d) Independent special districts that meet any criteria for being declared inactive, or that have already been declared inactive, pursuant to s. 189.4044 may be dissolved by special act without a referendum.
- (e) Financial allocations of the assets and indebtedness of a dissolved independent special district shall be pursuant to s. 189.4045.
- (f) If an inactive independent <u>special</u> district was created by a county or municipality through a referendum, the county or municipality that created the district may dissolve the district after publishing notice as described in s.

 189.4044. If an independent <u>special</u> district was created by a county or municipality by referendum or any other procedure, the county or municipality that created the district may merge or dissolve the district pursuant to <u>a referendum or any other the same</u> procedure by which the independent district was created. However, <u>if the for any</u> independent <u>special</u> district that has ad valorem taxation powers, the same procedure required to grant the <u>such</u> independent district ad valorem taxation powers <u>is</u> shall also be required to dissolve or merge the district.
- (4) LEGISLATIVE MERGER OF INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICTS.

 The Legislature may merge independent special districts created and operating pursuant to special act.
- or more contiguous independent special districts created by special act which have similar functions and elected governing bodies may elect to merge into a single independent district through the act of merging the component independent special districts.
 - (a) Initiation.—Merger proceedings may commence by:

140	1. A joint resolution of the governing bodies of each
141	independent special district which endorses a proposed joint
142	merger plan; or
143	2. A joint resolution of the governing bodies of each
144	independent special district which endorses a proposed joint
145	merger plan.
146	(b) Joint merger plan by resolution.—The governing bodies
147	of two or more contiguous independent special districts may, by
148	joint resolution, endorse a proposed joint merger plan to
149	commence proceedings to merge the districts pursuant to this
150	subsection.
151	1. The proposed joint merger plan must specify:
152	a. The name of each component independent special district
153	to be merged;
154	b. The name of the proposed merged independent district;
155	c. The rights, duties, and obligations of the proposed
156	merged independent district;
157	d. The territorial boundaries of the proposed merged
158	independent district;
159	e. The governmental organization of the proposed merged
160	independent district insofar as it concerns elected and
161	appointed officials and public employees, along with a
162	transitional plan and schedule for elections and appointments of
163	officials;
164	f. A fiscal estimate of the potential cost or savings as a
165	result of the merger;
166	g. Each component independent special district's assets,
167	including, but not limited to, real and personal property, and

the current value thereof;

h. Each component independent special district's

liabilities and indebtedness, bonded and otherwise, and the
current value thereof;

- <u>i. Terms for the assumption and disposition of existing</u>
 assets, liabilities, and indebtedness of each component
 independent special district jointly, separately, or in defined
 proportions;
- j. Terms for the common administration and uniform enforcement of existing laws within the proposed merged independent district;
- k. The times and places for public hearings on the proposed joint merger plan;
- 1. The times and places for a referendum in each component independent special district on the proposed joint merger plan, along with the referendum language to be presented for approval; and
 - m. The effective date of the proposed merger.
- 2. The resolution endorsing the proposed joint merger plan must be approved by a majority vote of the governing bodies of each component independent special district and adopted at least business days before any general or special election on the proposed joint merger plan.
- 3. Within 5 business days after the governing bodies approve the resolution endorsing the proposed joint merger plan, the governing bodies must:
- a. Cause a copy of the proposed joint merger plan, along with a descriptive summary of the plan, to be displayed and be readily accessible to the public for inspection in at least three public places within the territorial limits of each component independent special district, unless a component

district has fewer than three public places, in which case the plan must be accessible for inspection in all public places within the component independent special district;

- b. If applicable, cause the proposed joint merger plan, along with a descriptive summary of the plan and a reference to the public places within each component independent special district where a copy of the merger plan may be examined, to be displayed on a website maintained by each district or on a website maintained by the county or municipality in which the districts are located; and
- c. Arrange for a descriptive summary of the proposed joint merger plan and a reference to the public places within the district where a copy may be examined, to be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the component independent special districts at least once each week for 4 successive weeks.
- 4. The governing body of each component independent special district shall set a time and place for one or more public hearings on the proposed joint merger plan. The public hearing shall be held on a weekday at least 7 business days after the day the first advertisement is published on the proposed joint merger plan. The hearings may be held jointly or separately by the governing bodies of each component district. Any interested person residing in the respective district shall be given a reasonable opportunity to be heard on any aspect of the proposed merger at the public hearing.
- a. Notice of the public hearing addressing the resolution for the proposed joint merger plan must be published pursuant to the notice requirements under s. 189.417 and must provide a descriptive summary of the proposed joint merger plan and a

reference to the public places within the component independent special districts where a copy of the plan may be examined.

- b. After the final public hearing, the governing bodies of each component independent special district may amend the proposed joint merger plan if the amended version complies with the notice and public hearing requirements provided in this subsection. Thereafter, the governing bodies may approve a final version of the joint merger plan or decline to proceed further with the merger. Approval by the governing bodies of the final version of the joint merger plan must occur within business days after the final hearing.
- 5. After the final public hearing, the governing bodies shall notify the supervisors of elections of the applicable counties in which district lands are located of the adoption of the resolution by each governing body. The supervisors of elections shall schedule separate referendums for each component independent special district. The referendums may be held in each district on the same day, or on different days, but no more than 20 days apart.
- a. Notice of a referendum on the merger of independent special districts must be provided pursuant to the notice requirements in s. 100.342. At a minimum, the notice must include:
- (I) A brief summary of the resolution and joint merger plan;
- (II) A statement as to where a copy of the resolution and joint merger plan may be examined;
- (III) The names of the component independent special districts and a description of their territory;

258 l (IV) The times and places at which the referendum will be 259 held; and 260 (V) Such other matters as may be necessary to call, 261 provide for, and give notice of the referendum and to provide 262 for the conduct thereof and the canvass of the returns. 263 b. The referendums must be held in accordance with the 264 Florida Election Code and may be held pursuant to ss. 101.6101-265 101.6107. All costs associated with the referendums shall be 266 borne by the respective component independent special district. 267 c. The ballot question in such referendum placed before 268 the qualified electors of each component independent special 269 district to be merged must be in substantially the following 270 form: 271 "Shall (...name of component independent special 272 273 district...) and (...name of component independent special 274 district or districts...) be merged into (...name of new merged 275 independent district...)? 276 YES NO" 277 278 279 d. If the component independent special districts have 280 disparate millage rates, the ballot question in the referendum 281 placed before the qualified electors of each component district 282 must be in substantially the following form: 283 "Shall (...name of component independent special 284 285 district...) and (...name of component independent special 286 district or districts...) be merged into (...name of new merged 287 independent district...), if the voter-approved maximum millage

288 rate within each independent special district will not increase 289 absent a subsequent referendum? 290 YES 291 NO" 292 293 e. In any referendum held pursuant to this subsection, the 294 ballots shall be counted, returns made and canvassed, and 295 results certified in the same manner as other elections or 296 referendums for the component independent special districts. 297 f. The merger may not take effect unless a majority of the 298 votes cast in each component independent special district are in 299 favor of the merger. If one of the component districts does not obtain a majority vote, the referendum fails, and merger does 300 301 not take effect. 302 g. If merger is approved by a majority of the votes cast 303 in each component independent special district, the merged 304 independent district is created. Upon approval, the merged 305 district shall notify the Special District Information Program 306 pursuant to s. 189.418(2) and the local general-purpose 307 governments in which any part of the component districts is 308 situated pursuant to s. 189.418(7). 309 h. If the referendum fails, the merger process under this 310 paragraph may not be initiated for the same purpose within 2 311 years after the date of the referendum. 312 6. Component independent special districts merged pursuant 313 to a joint merger plan by resolution shall continue to be 314 governed as before the merger until the effective date specified 315 in the adopted joint merger plan. 316 (c) Qualified elector-initiated merger plan.—The qualified 317 electors of two or more contiguous independent special districts

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES Amendment No.

318	may commence a merger proceeding by each filing a petition with
319	the governing bodies of each independent special district
320	proposing to be merged. The petition must contain the signatures
321	of at least 40 percent of the qualified electors of each
322	component independent special district, and must be submitted to
323	the appropriate component independent special district governing
324	board no later than one year from the start of the qualified
325	elector-initiated merger process.
326	1. The petition must comply with, and be circulated in,
327	the following form:
328	
329	PETITION FOR INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT MERGER
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331	We, the undersigned electors and legal voters of (name
332	of independent special district), qualified to vote at the
333	next general or special election, respectfully petition that
334	there be submitted to the electors and legal voters of (name
335	of independent special district or districts proposed to be
336	merged), for their approval or rejection at a referendum held
337	for that purpose, a proposal to merge (name of component
338	independent special district) and (name of component
339	independent special district or districts)
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341	In witness thereof, we have signed our names on the date
342	indicated next to our signatures.
343	
344	Date Name (print under signature) Home Address
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350	2. The petition must be validated by a signed statement by								
351	a witness who is a duly qualified elector of one of the								
352	component independent special districts, a notary public, or								
353	another person authorized to take acknowledgements.								
354	a. A statement that is signed by a witness who is a duly								
355	qualified elector of the respective district shall be accepted								
356	for all purposes as the equivalent of an affidavit. Such								
357	statement must be in substantially the following form:								
358									
359	"I, (name of witness), state that I am a								
360	duly qualified voter of (name of independent special								
361	district). Each of the (insert number) persons who have								
362	signed this petition sheet has signed his or her name in my								
363	presence on the dates indicated above and identified himself or								
364	herself to be the same person who signed the sheet. I understand								
365	that this statement will be accepted for all purposes as the								
366	equivalent of an affidavit, and if it contains a materially								
367	false statement, shall subject me to the penalties of perjury."								
368									
369	<u>Date</u> <u>Signature of Witness</u>								
370									
371	b. A statement that is signed be a notary public or another								
372	person authorized to take acknowledgements must be in								
373	substantially the following form:								
374									
375	"On the date indicated above before me personally came each								
376	of the (insert number) electors and legal voters whose								

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES Amendment No.

signatures appear on this petition sheet, who signed the petition in my presence and who, being by me duly sworn, each for himself or herself, identified himself or herself as the same person who signed the petition, and I declare that the foregoing information they provided was true."

Date

Signature of Witness

- c. An alteration or correction of information appearing on a petition's signature line, other than an uninitialed signature and date, does not invalidate such signature. In matters of form, this paragraph shall be liberally construed, not inconsistent with substantial compliance thereto and the prevention of fraud.
- d. The appropriately signed petition must be filed with the governing board of each component independent special district. The petition must be submitted to the supervisors of elections of the counties in which the district lands are located. The supervisors shall, within 30 business days after receipt of the petitions, certify to the governing boards the number of signatures of qualified electors contained on the petitions.
- 3. Upon verification by the supervisors of election of the counties within which component independent special district lands are located that 40 percent of the qualified electors have petitioned for merger and that all such petitions have been executed within one year from the date of the initiation of the qualified-elector merger process, the governing bodies of each component district shall meet within 30 business days to prepare

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406	and	approve	by	resolution	a	proposed	elector-	-initiated	merger
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- 408 The proposed plan must include:
- a. The name of each component independent special district to be merged;
 - b. The name of the proposed merged independent district;
- c. The rights, duties, and obligations of the merged independent district;
- d. The territorial boundaries of the proposed merged independent district;
 - e. The governmental organization of the proposed merged independent district insofar as it concerns elected and appointed officials and public employees, along with a transitional plan and schedule for elections and appointments of officials;
- f. A fiscal estimate of the potential cost or savings as a result of the merger;
 - g. Each component independent special district's assets, including, but not limited to, real and personal property, and the current value thereof;
 - h. Each component independent special district's
 liabilities and indebtedness, bonded and otherwise, and the
 current value thereof;
 - i. Terms for the assumption and disposition of existing assets, liabilities, and indebtedness of each component independent special district, jointly, separately, or in defined proportions;
- j. Terms for the common administration and uniform
 enforcement of existing laws within the proposed merged
 independent district;

436 <u>k. The times and places for public hearings on the</u>
437 proposed joint merger plan; and

- 1. The effective date of the proposed merger.
- 4. The resolution endorsing the proposed elector-initiated merger plan must be approved by a majority vote of the governing bodies of each component independent special district and must be adopted at least 60 business days before any general or special election on the proposed elector-initiated plan.
- 5. Within 5 business days after the governing bodies of each component independent special district approve the proposed elector-initiated merger plan, the governing bodies shall:
- a. Cause a copy of the proposed elector-initiated merger plan, along with a descriptive summary of the plan, to be displayed and be readily accessible to the public for inspection in at least three public places within the territorial limits of each component independent special district, unless a component district has fewer than three public places, in which case the plan must be accessible for inspection in all public places within the component independent special district;
- b. If applicable, cause the proposed elector-initiated merger plan, along with a descriptive summary of the plan and a reference to the public places within each component independent special district where a copy of the merger plan may be examined, to be displayed on a website maintained by each district or otherwise on a website maintained by the county or municipality in which the districts are located; and
- c. Arrange a descriptive summary of the proposed electorinitiated merger plan and a reference to the public places
 within the district where a copy may be examined, to be
 published in a newspaper of general circulation within the

component independent special districts at least once each week for 4 successive weeks.

- 6. The governing body of each component independent special district shall set the time and place for one or more public hearings on the proposed elector-initiated merger plan. The public hearing shall be held on a weekday at least 7 business days after the day the first advertisement is published on the proposed elector-initiated merger plan. The hearing or hearings may be held jointly or separately by the governing bodies of each component independent special district. Any interested person residing in the respective district shall be given a reasonable opportunity to be heard on any aspect of the proposed merger at the public hearing.
- a. Notice of the public hearing on the proposed elector initiated merger plan must be published pursuant to the notice requirements provided in s. 189.417 and must provide a descriptive summary of the elector-initiated merger plan and a reference to the places within the component independent special districts where a copy of the plan may be examined.
- b. After the final public hearing, the governing bodies of each component independent special district may amend the proposed elector-initiated merger plan if the amended version complies with the notice and public hearing requirements provided in this subsection. The governing bodies must approve a final version of the merger plan within 60 business days after the final hearing.
- 7. After the final public hearing, the governing bodies shall notify the supervisors of elections of the applicable counties in which district lands are located of the adoption of the resolution by each component independent special district.

496	The supervisors of elections shall schedule a date for the
497	separate referendums for each district. The referendums may be
498	held in each district on the same day, or on different days, but
499	no more than 20 days apart.
500	a. Notice of a referendum on the merger of the component
501	independent special districts must be provided pursuant to the
502	notice requirements in s. 100.342. At a minimum, the notice must
503	include:
504	(I) A brief summary of the resolution and elector-
505	initiated merger plan;
506	(II) A statement as to where a copy of the resolution and
507	petition for merger may be examined;
508	(III) The names of the component independent special
509	districts to be merged and a description of their territory;
510	(IV) The times and places at which the referendum will be
511	held; and
512	(V) Such other matters as may be necessary to call,
513	provide for, and give notice of the referendum and to provide
514	for the conduct thereof and the canvass of the returns.
515	b. The referendums must be held in accordance to the
516	Florida Election Code and may be held pursuant to ss. 101.6101-
517	101.6107. All costs associated with the referendums shall be
518	borne by the respective component independent special district.
519	c. The ballot question in such referendum placed before
520	the qualified electors of each component independent special
521	district must be in substantially the following form:
522	
523	"Shall (name of component independent special

district...) and (...name of component independent special

525	district or districts) be merged into (name of new merged
526	<pre>independent district)?</pre>
527	YES
528	NO"
529	
530	d. If the component independent special districts
531	proposing to merge have disparate millage rates, the ballot
532	question in such referendum placed before the qualified electors
533	of each component special district must be in substantially the
534	following form:
535	
536	"Shall (name of component independent special
537	district) and (name of component independent special
538	district or districts) be merged into (name of new merged
539	independent district), if the voter-approved maximum millage
540	rate within each independent special district will not increase
541	absent a subsequent referendum?
542	
543	YES
544	NO"
545	
546	e. In any referendum held pursuant to this subsection, the
547	ballots shall be counted, returns made and canvassed, and
548	results certified in the same manner as other elections or
549	referendums for the component independent special districts.
550	f. The merger may not take effect unless a majority of the
551	votes cast in each component independent special district are in
552	favor of the merger. If one of the component independent special
553	districts does not obtain a majority vote, the referendum fails,
554	and merger does not take effect.

- g. If merger is approved by a majority of the votes cast in each component independent special district, the merged district shall notify the Special District Information Program pursuant to s. 189.418(2) and the local general-purpose governments in which any part of the component independent special districts is situated pursuant to s. 189.418(7).
- h. If the referendum fails, the merger process specified by this paragraph may not be initiated for the same purpose within 2 years after the date of the referendum.
- 8. Component independent special districts merged pursuant to an elector-initiated merger plan shall continue to be governed as before the merger until the effective date specified in the adopted elector-initiated merger plan.
- (d) Effective date.—The effective date of the merger shall be as provided in the joint merger plan or elector—initiated merger plan, as appropriate, and is not contingent upon the future act of the Legislature.
- 1. However, as soon as practicable, the merged independent district shall, at its own expense, submit a unified charter for the merged district to the Legislature for approval. The unified charter must make the powers of the district consistent within the merged independent district and repeal the special acts of the districts which existed before the merger.
- 2. Within 30 business days after the effective date of the merger, the merged independent district's governing board, as indicated in this subsection, shall hold an organizational meeting to implement the provisions of the joint merger plan or elector-initiated merger plan, as appropriate.
- (e) Restrictions during transition period.—Until the Legislature formally approves the unified charter pursuant to a

special act, each component independent special district is considered a subunit of the merged independent district subject to the following restrictions:

- 1. During the transition period, the merged independent district is limited in its powers and financing capabilities within each subunit to those powers that existed within the boundaries of each subunit which were previously granted to the component independent special district in its existing charter before the merger. The merged independent district may not, solely by reason of the merger, increase its powers or financing capability.
- 2. During the transition period, the merged independent district shall exercise only the legislative authority to levy and collect revenues within the boundaries of each subunit which was previously granted to the component independent special district by its existing charter before the merger, including the authority to levy ad valorem taxes, non-ad valorem assessments, impact fees, and charges.
- a. The merged independent district may not, solely by reason of the merger, increase ad valorem taxes on property within the original limits of a subunit beyond the maximum ad valorem rate approved by the electors of the component independent special district. For purposes of s. 2, Art. VII of the State Constitution, each subunit may be considered a separate taxing unit. The merged independent district may levy an ad valorem millage rate within a subunit, if applicable, only up to the millage rate that was previously approved by the electors of the component independent special district unless an increase in the millage rate is approved pursuant to state law.
 - b. The merged independent district may not, solely by

- reason of the merger, charge non-ad valorem assessments, impact
 fees, or other new fees within a subunit which were not
 otherwise previously authorized to be charged.
 - 3. During the transition period, each component independent special district of the merged independent district must continue to file all information and reports required under this chapter as subunits until the Legislature formally approves the unified charter pursuant to a special act.
 - 4. The intent of this section is to preserve and transfer all authority to the merged independent district which exists within each subunit and was previously granted by the Legislature and, if applicable, by referendum.
 - (f) Effect of merger, generally.—On and after the effective date of the merger, the merged independent district shall be treated and considered for all purposes as one entity under the name and on the terms and conditions set for in the joint merger plan or elector-initiated merger plan, as appropriate.
 - 1. All rights, privileges, and franchises of each component independent special district and all assets, real and personal property, books, records, papers, seals and equipment, as well as other things in action, belonging to each component independent special district before merger, shall be deemed as transferred to and vested in the merged independent district without further act or deed.
 - 2. All property, rights-of-way, and other interests are as effectually the property of the merged independent district as they were of the component independent special district before the merger. The title to real estate, by deed or otherwise, under the laws of this state vested in any component independent

- special district before the merger, may not be deemed to revert or be in any way impaired by reason of the merger.
 - 3. The merged independent district is in all respects subject to all obligations and liabilities imposed and possess all the rights, powers, and privileges vested by law in other similar entities.
 - 4. Upon the effective date of the merger, the joint merger plan or elector-initiated merger plan, as appropriate is subordinate in all respects to the contract rights of all holders of any securities or obligations of the component independent special districts outstanding at the effective date of the merger.
 - 5. The new registration of electors is not necessary as a result of the merger, but all elector registrations of the component independent special districts shall be transferred to the proper registration books of the merged independent district, and new registrations shall be made as provided by law as if no merger had taken place.
 - (g) Governing board of merged independent district.-
 - 1. From the effective date of the merger until the next general election, the governing board of the merged independent district shall be comprised of the governing board members of each component independent special district, with such members serving until the governing board members elected at the next general election take office.
 - 2. Beginning with the next general election following the effective date of merger, the governing board of the merged independent district shall be comprised of five members. The office of each governing board member shall be designated by seat, which shall be distinguished from other board member seats

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- 675 by an assigned numeral: 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. The governing board members that are elected in this initial election following the merger shall serve unequal terms of 2 and 4 years in order to create staggered membership of the governing board, with:
 - a. Board member seats 1, 3, and 5 being designated for 4 year terms; and
 - b. Board member seats 2 and 4 being designated for 2-year terms.
 - 3. In general elections thereafter, all governing board members shall serve 4-year terms.
 - (h) Effect on employees.—Except as otherwise provided by law and except for those officials and employees protected by tenure of office, civil service provisions, or a collective bargaining agreement, upon the effective date of merger, all appointive offices and positions existing in all component independent special districts involved in the merger are subject to the terms of the joint merger plan or elector-initiated merger plan, as appropriate. Such plan may provide for instances in which there are duplications of positions, and for other matters such as varying lengths of employee contracts, varying pay levels or benefits, different civil service regulations in the constituent entities, and differing ranks and position classifications for similar positions. For those employees who are members of a bargaining unit certified by the Public Employees Relations Commission, the requirements of chapter 447 apply.
 - (i) Debts, liabilities, and obligations.-
 - 1. All valid and lawful debts and liabilities existing against a merged independent district, or which may arise or accrue against the merged independent district, which but for

merger would be valid and lawful debts or liabilities against one or more of the component independent special districts, are debts against or liabilities of the merged independent district and accordingly shall be defrayed and answered to by the merged independent district to the same extent, and no further than, the component independent special districts would have been bound if a merger had not taken place.

- 2. The rights of creditors and all liens upon the property of any of the component independent special districts shall be preserved unimpaired. The respective component districts shall be deemed to continue in existence to preserve such rights and liens, and all debts, liabilities, and duties of any of the component districts attach to the merged independent district.
- 3. All bonds, contracts, and obligations of the component independent special districts which exist as legal obligations are obligations of the merged independent district, and all such obligations shall be issued or entered into by and in the name of the merged independent district.
- (j) Effect on actions and proceedings.—In any action or proceeding pending on the effective date of merger to which a component independent special district is a party, the merged independent district may be substituted in its place, and the action or proceeding may be prosecuted to judgment as if merger had not taken place. Suits may be brought and maintained against a merged independent district in any state court in the same manner as against any other independent special district.
- (k) Annexation.—Chapter 171 continues to apply to all annexations by a city within the component independent special districts' boundaries after merger occurs. Any moneys owed to a component district pursuant to s. 171.093, or any interlocal

- service boundary agreement as a result of annexation predating
 the merger, shall be paid to the merged independent district
 after merger.
 - (1) Determination of rights.—If any right, title, interest, or claim arises out of a merger or by reason thereof which is not determinable by reference to the provisions in this subsection, the joint merger plan or elector-initiated merger plan, as appropriate or otherwise under the laws of this state, the governing body of the merged independent district may provided therefor in a manner conforming to law.
 - (m) Exemption.—This subsection does not apply to independent special districts whose governing bodies are elected by district landowners voting the acreage owned within the district.
 - (n) Preemption.—This subsection preempts any special act to the contrary.
 - If a local general-purpose government seeks to merge an active independent special district or districts created and operating pursuant to a special act whose board or boards object by resolution to the merger, the merger of the active independent special district or districts is not effective until the special act of the Legislature is approved at separate referenda of the impacted local governments by a majority of the resident electors or landowners voting in the same manner by which each independent special district's governing board is elected. The special act shall include a plan of merger that addresses transition issues such as the effective date of the merger, governance, administration, powers, pensions, and assumption of all assets and liabilities.

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- (a) The political subdivisions proposing the involuntary merger of an active independent special district shall be responsible for payment of any expenses associated with the referendum required under this subsection.
- (b) Independent special districts that meet any criteria for being declared inactive, or that have already been declared inactive, pursuant to s. 189.4044 may by merged by special act without a referendum.
- (7)(3) EXEMPTIONS.—The provisions of This section does shall not apply to community development districts implemented pursuant to chapter 190 or to water management districts created and operated pursuant to chapter 373.
- Section 2. Section 191.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 191.014 District creation and, expansion, and merger.
- (1) New districts may be created only by the Legislature under s. 189.404.
- (2) The boundaries of a district may be modified, extended, or enlarged upon approval or ratification by the Legislature.
- (3) The merger of a district with all or portions of other independent special districts or dependent fire control districts is effective only upon ratification by the Legislature. A district may not, solely by reason of a merger with another governmental entity, increase ad valorem taxes on property within the original limits of the district beyond the maximum established by the district's enabling legislation, unless approved by the electors of the district by referendum.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (4) of section 189.4044, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 189.4044 Special procedures for inactive districts.-
- (1) The department shall declare inactive any special district in this state by documenting that:
- (a) The special district meets one of the following criteria:
- 1. The registered agent of the district, the chair of the governing body of the district, or the governing body of the appropriate local general-purpose government notifies the department in writing that the district has taken no action for 2 or more years;
- 2. Following an inquiry from the department, the registered agent of the district, the chair of the governing body of the district, or the governing body of the appropriate local general-purpose government notifies the department in writing that the district has not had a governing board or a sufficient number of governing board members to constitute a quorum for 2 or more years or the registered agent of the district, the chair of the governing body of the district, or the governing body of the appropriate local general-purpose government fails to respond to the department's inquiry within 21 days; or
- 3. The department determines, pursuant to s. 189.421, that the district has failed to file any of the reports listed in s. 189.419.
- 4. The governing body of a special district provides documentation to the Department that it has unanimously adopted a resolution declaring the special district inactive. The special district shall be responsible for payment of any expenses associated with its dissolution.

(4) The entity that created a special district declared inactive under this section must dissolve the special district by repealing its enabling laws or by other appropriate means.

Any special district declared inactive pursuant to paragraph

(1) (a) 4., may be dissolved without a referendum.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T==========

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to special districts; amending s. 189.4042, F.S.; providing for the merger of contiguous special districts; providing definitions; providing that the merger or dissolution of dependent districts created by special act may be effectuated only by the Legislature; providing certain exemptions for inactive dependent and independent special districts; requiring involuntary dissolution procedures for independent special districts to include referenda; providing that the Legislature may merge independent special districts created by special act; providing for the voluntary merger of contiguous independent special districts pursuant to a joint resolution of the governing bodies of the districts or upon initiative of the district electors; providing the procedures that must be adhered to, including notice and public hearings; requiring the development and adoption of a merger plan; requiring a referendum; providing for the effective date of the merger; providing that legislative approval of the merger is not required but that the charter of the new district must be submitted for approval; providing restrictions on the merged district until the charter is approved; providing that the ad

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES Amendment No.

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valorem millage rate in each component independent special district is levied only up to the millage rate previously approved by the electors of the district; providing for the effect of the merger on the property, employees, legal liabilities, and annexations of the component districts; providing for the election of the governing board of the merged district; providing an exemption for independent special districts whose governing bodies are elected by district landowners voting the acreage owned within the district; requiring involuntary merger procedures for independent special districts to include referenda; amending s. 191.014, F.S.; deleting a provision relating to the merger of independent special districts or dependent fire control districts; amending s. 189.4044, F.S.; revising dissolution procedures for special districts declared inactive by a governing body; providing an effective date.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMM	ITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Finance & Tax Committee Representative(s) Eisnaugle offered the following:

Amendment (with directory and title amendments)

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Between lines 82 and 83, insert:

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(4) APPLICATION AND APPROVAL PROCESS.-

8 9 (b) To qualify for review by the office, the application of a target industry business must, at a minimum, establish the following to the satisfaction of the office:

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1.a. The jobs proposed to be created under the application, pursuant to subparagraph (a)4., must pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 115 percent of the average private sector wage in the area where the business is to be located or the statewide private sector average wage. The governing board of the local government entity providing the

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local financial support county where the qualified target

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industry business is to be located shall notify the office and

private sector wage in the area must be used as the basis for

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Enterprise Florida, Inc., which calculation of the average

Bill No. HB 879

(2011)

Amendment No.

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the business's wage commitment. In determining the average annual wage, the office shall include only new proposed jobs, and wages for existing jobs shall be excluded from this calculation.

- b. The office may waive the average wage requirement at the request of the local governing body recommending the project and Enterprise Florida, Inc. The office may waive the wage requirement for a project located in a brownfield area designated under s. 376.80, in a rural city, in a rural community, in an enterprise zone, or for a manufacturing project at any location in the state if the jobs proposed to be created pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 100 percent of the average private sector wage in the area where the business is to be located, only if the merits of the individual project or the specific circumstances in the community in relationship to the project warrant such action. If the local governing body and Enterprise Florida, Inc., make such a recommendation, it must be transmitted in writing, and the specific justification for the waiver recommendation must be explained. If the office elects to waive the wage requirement, the waiver must be stated in writing, and the reasons for granting the waiver must be explained.
- 2. The target industry business's project must result in the creation of at least 10 jobs at the project and, in the case of an expansion of an existing business, must result in a net increase in employment of at least 10 percent at the business. At the request of the local governing body recommending the project and Enterprise Florida, Inc., the office may waive this

requirement for a business in a rural community or enterprise zone if the merits of the individual project or the specific circumstances in the community in relationship to the project warrant such action. If the local governing body and Enterprise Florida, Inc., make such a request, the request must be transmitted in writing, and the specific justification for the request must be explained. If the office elects to grant the request, the grant must be stated in writing, and the reason for granting the request must be explained.

The business activity or product for the applicant's project must be within an industry identified by the office as a target industry business that contributes to the economic growth of the state and the area in which the business is located, that produces a higher standard of living for residents of this state in the new global economy, or that can be shown to make an equivalent contribution to the area's and state's economic progress.

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DIRECTORY AMENDMENT

Remove line 10 and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (t) of subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 879 (2011)

Amendment No.

	Amendment	TA C
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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 6 and insert:

program; providing for notification by a local governing board

of private-sector wage calculation; providing an effective date.

Page 4 of 4