

Judiciary Committee

Thursday, April 14, 2011 9:00 AM 404 HOB

Action Packet

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

Summary:

Judiciary Committee

Thursday April 14, 2011 09:00 am

CS/HB 241 Favorable	Yeas:	10	Nays:	6
HB 265 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	17	Nays:	0
CS/HB 441 Favorable	Yeas:	16	Nays:	0
CS/CS/CS/HB 479 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	15	Nays:	3
CS/HB 513 Favorable	Yeas:	15	Nays:	0
CS/HB 1261 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	11	Nays:	6
HJR 1471 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	12	Nays:	4
CS/HB 1475 Favorable	Yeas:	17	Nays:	0
HB 4035 Favorable	Yeas:	12	Nays:	4
CS/HB 4157 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	16	Nays:	0
HB 7233 Favorable With Committee Substitute	Yeas:	17	Nays:	0

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm Page 1 of 18

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm

Attendance:

	Present	Absent	Excused
William Snyder (Chair)	X		
Dennis Baxley	X		
Daphne Campbell	X		
Eric Eisnaugle	X		
Matt Gaetz	X		
Tom Goodson	Х		
Bill Hager	Х		
Shawn Harrison	X		
John Julien	X		
Charles McBurney	X		
Larry Metz	Х		
Kathleen Passidomo	X		
Ray Pilon	Х		
Ari Porth	X		
Elaine Schwartz	X		
Darren Soto	X		
Richard Steinberg	X		
W. Gregory Steube	x		
Totals:	18	0	0

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

CS/HB 241 : Wage Protection

X Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee	Absentee
				Yea	Nay
Dennis Baxley			X		
Daphne Campbell	,	X			
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	X				
Bill Hager	X				
Shawn Harrison	x				
John Julien		X			
Charles McBurney	X				
Larry Metz	· X				-
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth		X			
Elaine Schwartz	······································	X			
Darren Soto	 	X			
Richard Steinberg		X			
W. Gregory Steube	X				
William Snyder (Chair)	·		Х		
	Total Yeas: 10	Total Nays: 6	5		

Appearances:

CS/HB 241

McCarty, Jess (Lobbyist) - Waive In Opposition Miami-Dade County 111 NW 1st St Ste 2810

Miami FL 33128

Phone: (305)979-7110

CS/HB 241

Babington, Adam (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Florida Chamber of Commerce

136 S Bronough St Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)521-1200

CS/HB 241

Mattingly, Dwight (General Public) - Opponent

Florida Wage Theft Task Force

8907 SE Pine Cone Lane Hobe Sound FL 33455

Phone: 561-523-0525

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

CS/HB 241

Husband, Warren (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Florida Restaurant and Lodging Association PO Box 1779

Tallahassee FL 32302 Phone: (850)205-9000

CS/HB 241

Hebrank, Kari (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Florida Building Material Association, Inc 1303 Limit Ave Mount Dora FL 32757

Phone: (850)681-3290

CS/HB 241

Pitts, Brian - Information Only Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Ave. S. St. Petersburg FL 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

CS/HB 241

Padgett, Samantha (Lobbyist) - Proponent Florida Retail Federation PO Box 10024 Tallahassee FL 32302-2024 Phone: (850)222-4082

CS/HB 241

Dyga, Peter (Lobbyist) - Proponent Associated Builders & Contractors of Florida, Inc 2008 N Himes Ave Tampa FL 33607 Phone: (954)984-0075

CS/HB 241

Phone: 224-7173

Perdue, Tammy (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Associated Industries of Florida 516 N. Adams St. Tallahassee Florida 32301

Committee meeting was reported out: Thursday, April 14, 2011 2:53:30PM

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm Page 4 of 18

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

HB 265 : Sexual Offenders and Predators

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Total Yeas: 17	Total Nays: 0)		
William Snyder (Chair)			X		
W. Gregory Steube	X				
Richard Steinberg	X				
Darren Soto	X				
Elaine Schwartz	X				
Ari Porth	X				
Ray Pilon	X				
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Larry Metz	X				
Charles McBurney	X				
John Julien	X				
Shawn Harrison	X				
Bill Hager	X				
Tom Goodson	X				
Matt Gaetz	X			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Daphne Campbell	X				
Dennis Baxley	X				
	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay

Appearances:

HB 265
Pitts, Brian - Opponent
Justice-2-Jesus
1119 Newton Ave. S.
St. Petersburg FL 33705
Phone: 727-897-9291

HB 265

Connors, Jordan (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

City of Port St. Lucie 2145 SW Cape Cod Dr Port St. Lucie FL 34953 Phone: 772-418-6068

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N) FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee
2	Representative Baxley offered the following:
3	
4	Amendment (with title amendment)
5	Remove lines 18-23 and insert:
6	(m) Whether the defendant, other than a defendant whose
7	only criminal charge is a misdemeanor offense under chapter 316,
8	is required to register as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435;
9	and, if so, he or she is not eligible for release on bail or
10	surety bond until the first appearance on the case in order to
11	ensure the full participation of the prosecutor and the
12	protection of the public.
13	(n) Whether the defendant, other than a defendant whose
14	only criminal charge is a misdemeanor offense under chapter 316,
15	is required to register as a
16	
17	
18	TITLE AMENDMENT
19	Remove line 8 and insert:

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 265 (2011)

Amendment No.

20

case; providing an exception; providing an effective date.

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

CS/HB 441 : Scrutinized Companies

X Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Dennis Baxley	· X				
Daphne Campbell	x				
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	<u> </u>				
Bill Hager	x				
Shawn Harrison			x		
John Julien	X				
Charles McBurney	X				
Larry Metz	x				·
Kathleen Passidomo	x				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth	X				
Elaine Schwartz	X				
Darren Soto	X				
Richard Steinberg	X				
W. Gregory Steube	X			•	
William Snyder (Chair)			X	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Total Yeas: 16	Total Nays: ()		

Appearances:

CS/HB 441
Pitts, Brian - Waive In Support
Justice-2-Jesus
1119 Newton Ave. S.
St. Petersburg FL 33705

Phone: 727-897-9291

CS/HB 441

Friedman, Bernie (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Florida Association of Jewish Federations 4200 Biscayne Blvd

Miami FL

Phone: (954)985-4180

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

CS/CS/CS/HB 479 : Medicaid Malpractice

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Dennis Baxley	\mathbf{x}				
Daphne Campbell	. X				
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	X				
Bill Hager	X				
Shawn Harrison	X				
John Julien	X				
Charles McBurney	X				
Larry Metz	X				
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth	X				
Elaine Schwartz		X			
Darren Soto		X			
Richard Steinberg	_	X			
W. Gregory Steube	x				
William Snyder (Chair)	Х				
	Total Yeas: 15	Total Nays: 3	}		

Appearances:

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Large, William (Lobbyist) - Proponent Florida Justice Reform Institute 210 S Monroe St

Tallahassee FL 32301-1824 Phone: (850)222-0170

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Bell, Ricky (State Employee) - Waive In Support Leon County District Athletic Director 2757 W Pensacola St

Tallahassee FL 32304 Phone: 850-544-3499

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Wang, M.D., Andrew (General Public) - Waive In Support

Florida Orthopaedic Society 3304 Capital Medical Blvd Tallahassee FL 33334 Phone: 850-509-6005

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Michles, Marcus (General Public) - Opponent

Florida Justice Association

609 Fairpoint Dr

Gulf Breeze FL

Phone: 850-932-5102

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Guzzo, Gary (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

Florida Insurance Council 2888 Remington Green Ln

Tallahassee FL 32308

Phone: (850)681-0024

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Sobel, Ken (General Public) - Opponent

7460 NW 127 Ter

Parkland FL 33076

Phone: 954-249-1078

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Dudley, Alison (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

Florida Radiological Society, Inc

5620 W Sligh Ave

Tampa FL 33634

Phone: (850)556-6517

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Edenfield, Mary (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

Florida Dental Association

118 E Jefferson St

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850) 224-1089

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Dudley, Fred (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

Florida Society of Ophthalmology

6816 Southpoint Pky Ste 1000

Jacksonville FL 32216

Phone: (850)224-7000

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Winn, Stephen (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

Florida Osteopathic Medical Association

2007 Apalachee Pky

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850)878-3056

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Kuvin, Grant (General Public) - Opponent

2907 Lolissa Lane

Winter Park FL 32789

Phone: (407)-810-8084

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Perdue, Tammy (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

Associated Industries of Florida

516 N. Adams St.

Tallahassee Florida 32301

Phone: 224-7173

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Bell, Bill - Waive In Support

Florida Hospital Association

306 E College Ave

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850) 222-9800

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Scott, Jeffery (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

Florida Medical Association

PO Box 10269

Tallahassee FL 32302

Phone: (850)224-6496

CS/CS/CS/HB 479

Delegal, Mark (Lobbyist) - Proponent

Safety Net Hospital Alliance of Florida

101 N Gadsden St

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850)222-3533

CS/CS/CS/HB 479 Amendment #3

Henley, Debra (Lobbyist) - Waive In Opposition

Florida Justice Association

218 S Monroe St

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850)224-9403

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION ADOPTED __ (Y/N) ADOPTED AS AMENDED __ (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION __ (Y/N) FAILED TO ADOPT __ (Y/N) WITHDRAWN __ (Y/N) OTHER _____

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee Representative(s) Hager offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 464 and 465, insert:

Section 1. Section 768.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 768.135 Volunteer team physicians; immunity.— (1) A "volunteer team physician" is Any person licensed to practice medicine pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466:
- (a) (1) Who is acting in the capacity of a volunteer team physician in attendance at an athletic event sponsored by a public or private elementary or secondary school; and
- (b) (2) Who gratuitously and in good faith prior to the athletic event agrees to render emergency care or treatment to any participant in such event in connection with an emergency arising during or as the result of such event, without objection of such participant.

(2) A volunteer team physician shall not be held liable for any civil damages as a result of such care or treatment or as a result of any act or failure to act in providing or arranging further medical treatment unless when such care or treatment was rendered in a wrongful manner as a reasonably prudent person similarly licensed to practice medicine would have acted under the same or similar circumstances. As used in this section, the term "wrongful manner" means in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property, and shall be construed in conformity with the standard set forth in s. 768.28(9)(a).

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 41 and insert:
medical negligence claims; amending s. 768.135, F.S.; providing
immunity for volunteer team physicians under certain
circumstances; providing an effective date.

Amendment No. 1a

1

2

3

4

5

6

. 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMIT	TEE ACTION	
ADOPTED	(Y/N)	. 102
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)	apple
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)	Jarnable Jarnable
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)	9) A
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)	
OTHER		

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee Representative(s) Passidomo offered the following:

Amendment to Amendment (1) by Representative Hager

Remove lines 24-31 and insert:

treatment was rendered in a wrongful manner as a reasonably prudent person similarly licensed to practice medicine would have acted under the same or similar circumstances.

- (3) A practitioner licensed under the provisions of chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012 who gratuitously and in good faith conducts an evaluation pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(c) shall not be held liable for any civil damages arising from such evaluation unless the evaluation was conducted in a wrongful manner.
- (4) As used in this section, the term "wrongful manner" means in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property, and shall be construed in conformity with the standard set forth in s. 768.28(9)(a).

2
 3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMM	ITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	$\begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $
FAILED TO ADOPT	— (X/N) YOU'.I'V
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	
Committee / Cubecommittee	hoaring hill. Tudiciary Committee
	hearing bill: Judiciary Committee
	en and Porth offered the following:
Representative(s) Julia	
	·
Representative(s) Julia	en and Porth offered the following:
Representative(s) Julio Amendment Remove line 100 as	en and Porth offered the following:
Representative(s) Julio Amendment Remove line 100 as	en and Porth offered the following: nd insert:
Representative(s) Julio Amendment Remove line 100 as	en and Porth offered the following: nd insert: eceptive or fraudulent expert
Representative(s) Julio Amendment Remove line 100 as (00) Providing de Remove line 190 as	en and Porth offered the following: nd insert: eceptive or fraudulent expert
Representative(s) Julio Amendment Remove line 100 as (00) Providing de Remove line 190 as	en and Porth offered the following: nd insert: eceptive or fraudulent expert nd insert:
Representative(s) Julio Amendment Remove line 100 as (00) Providing de Remove line 190 as	en and Porth offered the following: nd insert: eceptive or fraudulent expert nd insert: eceptive or fraudulent expert

ADOPTED (Y/N) Javrable 4-14-11 __ (Y/N) ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION

FAILED TO ADOPT _ (Y/N)

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION

WITHDRAWN (Y/N)

OTHER

1

2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee Representative(s) Horner offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 452 and 453, insert:

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), subsection (5), and paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 766.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.106 Notice before filing action for medical negligence; presuit screening period; offers for admission of liability and for arbitration; informal discovery; review .-

- (2) PRESUIT NOTICE.-
- (a) After completion of presuit investigation pursuant to s. 766.203(2) and prior to filing a complaint for medical negligence, a claimant shall notify each prospective defendant by certified mail, return receipt requested, of intent to initiate litigation for medical negligence. Notice to each prospective defendant must include, if available, a list of all known health care providers seen by the claimant for the

Amendment No. 3 injuries complained of subsequent to the alleged act of negligence, all known health care providers during the 2-year period prior to the alleged act of negligence who treated or evaluated the claimant, and copies of all of the medical records relied upon by the expert in signing the affidavit, and the executed authorization form provided in s. 766.1065. The requirement of providing the list of known health care providers may not serve as grounds for imposing sanctions for failure to provide presuit discovery.

- (5) DISCOVERY AND ADMISSIBILITY.— A No statement, discussion, written document, report, or other work product generated by the presuit screening process is not discoverable or admissible in any civil action for any purpose by the opposing party. All participants, including, but not limited to, physicians, investigators, witnesses, and employees or associates of the defendant, are immune from civil liability arising from participation in the presuit screening process.

 This subsection does not prevent a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or a dentist licensed under chapter 466 who submits a verified written expert medical opinion from being subject to a denial of a license or disciplinary action under s. 458.331(1)(oo), s. 459.015(1)(qq), or s. 466.028(1)(11).
 - (6) INFORMAL DISCOVERY.-
- (b) Informal discovery may be used by a party to obtain unsworn statements, the production of documents or things, and physical and mental examinations, as follows:

- 1. Unsworn statements.—Any party may require other parties to appear for the taking of an unsworn statement. Such statements may be used only for the purpose of presuit screening and are not discoverable or admissible in any civil action for any purpose by any party. A party desiring to take the unsworn statement of any party must give reasonable notice in writing to all parties. The notice must state the time and place for taking the statement and the name and address of the party to be examined. Unless otherwise impractical, the examination of any party must be done at the same time by all other parties. Any party may be represented by counsel at the taking of an unsworn statement. An unsworn statement may be recorded electronically, stenographically, or on videotape. The taking of unsworn statements is subject to the provisions of the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and may be terminated for abuses.
- 2. Documents or things.—Any party may request discovery of documents or things. The documents or things must be produced, at the expense of the requesting party, within 20 days after the date of receipt of the request. A party is required to produce discoverable documents or things within that party's possession or control. Medical records shall be produced as provided in s. 766.204.
- 3. Physical and mental examinations.—A prospective defendant may require an injured claimant to appear for examination by an appropriate health care provider. The prospective defendant shall give reasonable notice in writing to all parties as to the time and place for examination. Unless otherwise impractical, a claimant is required to submit to only

Amendment No. 3 one examination on behalf of all potential defendants. The practicality of a single examination must be determined by the nature of the claimant's condition, as it relates to the liability of each prospective defendant. Such examination report is available to the parties and their attorneys upon payment of the reasonable cost of reproduction and may be used only for the purpose of presuit screening. Otherwise, such examination report is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

- 4. Written questions.—Any party may request answers to written questions, the number of which may not exceed 30, including subparts. A response must be made within 20 days after receipt of the questions.
- 5. Ex parte interviews of treating health care providers.A prospective defendant or his or her legal representative may interview the claimant's treating health care providers, without notice to or the presence of the claimant or the claimant's legal representative.
- Medical information release. The claimant must execute a medical information release that allows a A prospective defendant or his or her legal representative may also to take unsworn statements of the claimant's treating health care providers physicians. The statements must be limited to those areas that are potentially relevant to the claim of personal injury or wrongful death. Subject to the procedural requirements of subparagraph 1., a prospective defendant may take unsworn statements from a claimant's treating physicians. Reasonable notice and

opportunity to be heard must be given to the claimant or the claimant's legal representative <u>before taking unsworn</u>

<u>statements</u>. The claimant or claimant's legal representative has the right to attend the taking of such unsworn statements.

Section 12. Section 766.1065, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

766.1065 Authorization for release of protected health information.—

- (1) Presuit notice of intent to initiate litigation for medical negligence under s. 766.106(2) must be accompanied by an authorization for release of protected health information in the form specified by this section, authorizing the disclosure of protected health information that is potentially relevant to the claim of personal injury or wrongful death. The presuit notice is void if this authorization does not accompany the presuit notice and other materials required by s. 766.106(2).
- (2) If the authorization required by this section is revoked, the presuit notice under s. 766.106(2) is deemed retroactively void from the date of issuance, and any tolling effect that the presuit notice may have had on any applicable statute-of-limitations period is retroactively rendered void.
- (3) The authorization required by this section shall be in the following form and shall be construed in accordance with the "Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information" in 45 C.F.R. parts 160 and 164:

AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASE OF PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION

- A. I, (...Name of patient or authorized representative...) [hereinafter "Patient"], authorize that (...Name of health care provider to whom the presuit notice is directed...) and his/her/its insurer(s), self-insurer(s), and attorney(s) may obtain and disclose (within the parameters set out below) the protected health information described below for the following specific purposes:
- 1. Facilitating the investigation and evaluation of the medical negligence claim described in the accompanying presuit notice; or
- 2. Defending against any litigation arising out of the medical negligence claim made on the basis of the accompanying presuit notice.
- B. The health information obtained, used, or disclosed extends to, and includes, the verbal as well as the written and is described as follows:
- 1. The health information in the custody of the following health care providers who have examined, evaluated, or treated the Patient in connection with injuries complained of after the alleged act of negligence: (List the name and current address of all health care providers). This authorization extends to any additional health care providers that may in the future evaluate, examine, or treat the Patient for the injuries complained of.
- 2. The health information in the custody of the following health care providers who have examined,

evaluated, or treated the Patient during a period
commencing 2 years before the incident that is the basis
of the accompanying presuit notice.

(List the name and current address of such health care providers, if applicable.)

C. This authorization does not apply to the following list of health care providers possessing health care information about the Patient because the Patient certifies that such health care information is not potentially relevant to the claim of personal injury or wrongful death that is the basis of the accompanying presuit notice.

(List the name of each health care provider to whom this authorization does not apply and the inclusive dates of examination, evaluation, or treatment to be withheld from disclosure. If none, specify "none.")

- D. The persons or class of persons to whom the

 Patient authorizes such health information to be disclosed

 or by whom such health information is to be used:
 - 1. Any health care provider providing care or treatment for the Patient.
 - 2. Any liability insurer or self-insurer providing liability insurance coverage, self-insurance, or defense

- to any health care provider to whom presuit notice is given regarding the care and treatment of the Patient.
- 3. Any consulting or testifying expert employed by or on behalf of (name of health care provider to whom presuit notice was given), his/her/its insurer(s), self-insurer(s), or attorney(s) regarding to the matter of the presuit notice accompanying this authorization.
- 4. Any attorney (including secretarial, clerical, or paralegal staff) employed by or on behalf of (name of health care provider to whom presuit notice was given) regarding the matter of the presuit notice accompanying this authorization.
- 5. Any trier of the law or facts relating to any suit filed seeking damages arising out of the medical care or treatment of the Patient.
- E. This authorization expires upon resolution of the claim or at the conclusion of any litigation instituted in connection with the matter of the presuit notice accompanying this authorization, whichever occurs first.
- F. The Patient understands that, without exception, the Patient has the right to revoke this authorization in writing. The Patient further understands that the consequence of any such revocation is that the presuit notice under s. 766.106(2), Florida Statutes, is deemed retroactively void from the date of issuance, and any tolling effect that the presuit notice may have had on any applicable statute-of-limitations period is retroactively rendered void.

- G. The Patient understands that signing this authorization is not a condition for continued treatment, payment, enrollment, or eligibility for health plan benefits.
- H. The Patient understands that information used or disclosed under this authorization may be subject to additional disclosure by the recipient and may not be protected by federal HIPAA privacy regulations.

- Signature of Patient/Representative:
- 224 <u>Date:</u>
- Name of Patient/Representative:
 - Description of Representative's Authority:
- Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 766.206, Florida 228 Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 766.206 Presuit investigation of medical negligence claims and defenses by court.—
 - (2) If the court finds that the notice of intent to initiate litigation mailed by the claimant does is not comply in compliance with the reasonable investigation requirements of ss. 766.201-766.212, including a review of the claim and a verified written medical expert opinion by an expert witness as defined in s. 766.202, or that the authorization accompying the notice of intent required under s. 766.1065 is not completed in good faith by the claimant, the court shall dismiss the claim, and the person who mailed such notice of intent, whether the claimant or the claimant's attorney, shall be personally liable for all attorney's fees and costs incurred during the

Amendment No. 3 investigation and evaluation of the claim, including the reasonable attorney's fees and costs of the defendant or the defendant's insurer.

_ . 0

. . . .

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 39 and insert:

negligence cases in this state; amending s. 766.106, F.S.;

requiring claimants for medical malpractice to execute an

authorization form; allowing prospective medical malpractice

defendants to interview a claimant's treating health care

provider without notice to or the presence of the claimant or

the claimant's legal representative; authorizing prospective

defendants to take unsworn statements of a claimant's health

care provider; creating s. 766.1065, F.S.; requiring that

presuit notice for medical negligence claims be accompanied by

an authorization for release of protected health information;

providing requirements for the form of such authorization;

amending s. 766.206, F.S.; requiring dismissal of a medical

malpractice claim if such authorization is not completed in good

faith; amending s. 768.0981, F.S.;

Amendment No. 3a

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N) FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N) WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee
2	Representative(s) Julien and Porth offered the following:
3	
4	Amendment to Amendment (3) by Representative Horner (with
5	title amendment)
6	Remove lines 88-92 and insert:
7	5. Ex parte interviews of treating health care providers
8	A prospective defendant or his or her legal representative may
9	interview the claimant's treating health care providers without
10	the presence of the claimant or the claimant's legal
11	representative. The prospective defendant or legal
12	representative that intends to interview a claimant's health
13	care provider must provide the claimant with notice of such
14	intent at least 10 days prior to the interview.
15	
16	
17	
18	TITLE AMENDMENT
19	Remove lines 253-254 and insert:
	l

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/CS/CS/HB 479 (2011)

	Alleric No. 3a
20	provider without the presence of the claimant or the claimant's
21	legal representatives; requiring prospective defendant to
22	provide 10 day notice before such interviews; authorizing
23	prospective

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

CS/HB 513 : Missing Adults

X	Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee
Dennis Baxley			x	rea	Nay
Daphne Campbell	X				
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	X				
Bill Hager	X				
Shawn Harrison			X		
John Julien	X				
Charles McBurney	X				
Larry Metz ,	X				
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth	X				
Elaine Schwartz	X				
Darren Soto	X				
Richard Steinberg	X				
W. Gregory Steube	Х				
William Snyder (Chair)			X		
	Total Yeas: 15	Total Nays: 0			

Appearances:

CS/HB 513

Hoza, Meghan (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Alzheimer's Community Care 10521 SW Village Center Dr Port St. Lucie FL 34987

CS/HB 513

Cantwell, Laura (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support **AARP**

200 West College Avenue Suite 304

Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)577-5163

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

CS/HB 1261 : Election Ballots

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Dennis Baxley	X				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Daphne Campbell		X			
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	x				
Bill Hager	x				
Shawn Harrison	X			,	
John Julien		X			
Charles McBurney	X				
Larry Metz	X				•
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth		X			
Elaine Schwartz		X			
Darren Soto		X			
Richard Steinberg		Х			
W. Gregory Steube	· X				
William Snyder (Chair)			Х		
	Total Yeas: 11	Total Nays: 6			

Appearances:

CS/HB 1261 Kent, Russell (State Employee) - Waive In Support Special Counsel, Attorney General's Office Capitol Tallahassee FL

CS/HB 1261
Pitts, Brian - Proponent
Justice-2-Jesus
1119 Newton Ave. S.
St. Petersburg FL 33705
Phone: 727-897-9291

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm

Leagis ®

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMM	ITTEE ACTION	
ADOPTED	(Y/N)	
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)	We will
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)	mall!
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)	70000 H.H.II
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)	
OTHER		

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee Representative(s) McBurney offered the following:

3 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

1 2

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 72-128 and insert:

(4) (a) Whenever a constitutional amendment or revision is proposed by joint resolution, the joint resolution shall include a ballot title consisting of a caption, not exceeding 15 words in length, by which the measure is commonly referred to or spoken of. The joint resolution may include a ballot summary or alternate ballot summaries, listed in order of preference, describing the chief purpose of the amendment or revision in clear and unambiguous language. The joint resolution shall specify placement on the ballot of a ballot title and either a ballot summary embodied in the joint resolution or the full text of the proposed amendment or revision. As specified by the joint resolution, the ballot title and ballot summary, or the ballot title and the full text of the proposed amendment or revision, shall be printed on the ballot, with a designating number

Amendment No. 1
assigned by the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection (2),
after the list of candidates, followed by the word "yes" and
also by the word "no," and shall be styled in such a manner that
a "yes" vote will indicate approval of the proposal and a "no"
vote will indicate rejection. The Department of State shall
furnish the designating number and, as specified by the joint
resolution proposing an amendment or revision, the ballot title
and a ballot summary or the full text of the amendment or
revision to the supervisor of elections of each county.

(b) If the court determines that each ballot summary embodied in a joint resolution is defective, the full text of the proposed amendment or revision shall appear on the ballot in lieu of a ballot summary unless the Secretary of State certifies to the court that placement of the full text on the ballot is incompatible with voting systems that must be utilized during the election at which the proposed amendment will be presented to voters and that no other available accommodation will enable persons with disabilities to vote on the proposed amendment or revision. If the Secretary of State submits such certification or the court determines that all ballot summaries in the joint resolution are deficient and that the full text of a proposed amendment or revision may not be placed on the ballot, and further appeals are declined, abandoned, or exhausted, unless otherwise provided in the joint resolution, the Attorney General shall prepare and submit within 10 days to the Secretary of State and the court a revised ballot summary that corrects ballot summary deficiencies identified by the court. That court shall retain jurisdiction over challenges to any revised ballot

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

 summary submitted by the Attorney General, and any challenge to a revised ballot summary shall be filed within 10 days after the revised ballot summary is submitted to the court by the Attorney General.

- (c)1. If the full text of a proposed amendment or revision delineates existing text in the State Constitution that will be removed or replaced if approved by the electors, the full text shall be presumed to be a clear and unambiguous statement of the substance and effect of the amendment or revision, providing fair notice to the electors of the content of the proposal and sufficiently advising electors of the issue upon which they are voting.
- 2. In determining whether a ballot summary, ballot title, or full text of a proposed amendment or revision is legally sufficient, the court shall use the same rules of construction to interpret language in a proposed constitutional amendment as it does when interpreting existing constitutional provisions.
- (d)1. Any legal action challenging placement on the ballot of a ballot title, any ballot summary, or the full text of a proposed amendment or revision embodied in a joint resolution on constitutional, statutory or other grounds must be commenced by filing a complaint or petition with the appropriate court within 30 days after the joint resolution is filed with the Secretary of State. Furthermore, in any legal action challenging placement on the ballot of any ballot summary embodied in a joint resolution, the complaint or petition shall assert all grounds for challenging the ballot title, each ballot summary embodied in the joint resolution, and the full text of the proposed

amendment or revision. Any such grounds not asserted within 30 days after the joint resolution is filed with the Secretary of State shall be deemed waived.

- 2. If a court finds the ballot title, ballot summary, or full text of a proposed amendment defective for purposes of placement on the ballot, the court shall, in its written order or judgment, describe each deficiency with specificity in order to facilitate the Attorney General's preparation of a revised ballot summary.
 - (e) Legal actions challenging ballot language specified by

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 7-19 and insert:

joint resolution may include a ballot summary or alternate ballot summaries, listed in order of preference, describing the chief purpose of the amendment or revision in clear and unambiguous language; requiring a joint resolution to specify placement on the ballot of a ballot title and either a ballot summary embodied in the joint resolution or the full text of the proposed amendment or revision; requiring placement on the ballot of the ballot title and ballot summary, or the ballot title and the full text of the proposed amendment or revision, as specified by a joint resolution; requiring placement on the ballot of the full text of an amendment or revision if the court determines that each ballot summary embodied in a joint resolution is defective unless the Secretary of State certifies to the court that placement of the full text on the ballot is

123

124

125

126

127

incompatible with voting systems that must be utilized during the election at which the proposed amendment will be presented to voters and that no other available accommodation will enable persons with disabilities to vote on the proposed amendment or revision; requiring the Attorney General to revise a ballot summary under certain circumstances; requiring the court to retain jurisdiction over challenges to any revised ballot summary submitted by the Attorney General; requiring challenges to revised ballot summaries to be filed within 10 days after the revised ballot summary is submitted to the court by the Attorney General; creating a presumption that the full text of an amendment or revision must be considered a clear and unambiguous statement of the substance and effect of an amendment or revision proposed by joint resolution and sufficient notice to electors under certain circumstances; establishing rules of construction for construing proposed ballot titles, ballot summaries, or the full text of proposed amendments or revisions; requiring legal challenges to ballot language to be filed within certain time periods; requiring complaints or petitions challenging ballot language to assert all grounds for such challenges; providing that any grounds not asserted are waived; requiring the courts to describe with specificity each deficiency in a ballot title, summary or full text of a proposed amendment or revision; requiring the courts to accord actions

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

HJR 1471: Religious Freedom

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Dennis Baxley			X		·····
Daphne Campbell		X			
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	x				
Bill Hager	X				
Shawn Harrison	X				•
John Julien	X				
Charles McBurney	X				
Larry Metz	X				
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth		Х			
Elaine Schwartz	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	X			
Darren Soto	x				
Richard Steinberg		X			
W. Gregory Steube	X				
William Snyder (Chair)			X		
	Total Yeas: 12	Total Nays: 4	ļ		

Appearances:

HJR 1471

Barkey, David (Lobbyist) - Waive In Opposition Anti-Defamation League 621 NW 53rd St # 450 Boca Raton FL 33487

Phone: (561)988-2912

HJR 1471

Sheedy, Michael (Lobbyist) - Proponent

Florida Catholic Conference

201 W Park Ave

Tallahassee FL 32301-7715

Phone: (850)222-3803

HJR 1471

Watson, Kevin (Lobbyist) - Waive In Opposition

Florida Education Association

213 S Adams St

Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850)224-2078

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

HJR 1471

Bilbao, Ron (Lobbyist) - Waive In Opposition American Civil Liberties Union of Florida 4500 Biscayne Blvd, Suite 340 Miami Florida 33137

Phone: 919-923-7288

HJR 1471

Bunkley, William (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Florida Baptist Convention 1639 Jaclif Ct Tallahassee FL 32308 Phone: (813)264-2977

HJR 1471

Barkey, David (Lobbyist) - Waive In Opposition Anti-Defamation League 621 NW 53rd St # 450 Boca Raton FL 33487 Phone: (561)988-2912

HJR 1471

Pitts, Brian - Proponent Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Ave. S. St. Petersburg FL 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm

HJR 1471

Peshek, Adam (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Foundation for Florida's Future 215 S Monroe St Ste 100 Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)391-3070

Leagis ®

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTE	E ACTION	
ADOPTED	_ (Y/N)	
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)	10 m
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)	1-250014-11
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)	$\mathcal{Y}_{\mathcal{O}_{\mathbf{A}}, \mathcal{Y}_{\mathbf{A}}}$
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)	V
OTHER		

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee Representative(s) Eisnaugle offered the following:

Amendment (with ballot amendment)

Remove lines 116-125 and insert:

respecting the establishment of religion or prohibiting or penalizing the free exercise thereof. Religious freedom shall not justify practices inconsistent with public morals, peace, or safety. Except to the extent required by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, neither the government nor any agent of the government may deny to any individual or entity the benefits of any program, funding, or other support on the basis of religious identity or belief. No revenue of the state or any political subdivision or agency thereof shall ever be taken from the public treasury directly or indirectly in aid of any church, sect, or religious denomination or in aid of any sectarian institution.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HJR 1471 (2011)

Amendment No. 1

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

32

29 30 31

HJR 1471 am 01.docx

BALLOT AMENDMENT

Constitution, that no individual or entity may be denied, on the

funding, or other support, and to delete the prohibition against

using revenues from the public treasury directly or indirectly

in aid of any church, sect, or religious denomination or in aid

basis of religious identity or belief, governmental benefits,

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.-Proposing an amendment to the State

Constitution to provide, consistent with the United States

Remove lines 130-136 and insert:

of any sectarian institution.

Page 2 of 2

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB CS/HB 1475 : Alimony

X Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Dennis Baxley	X				
Daphne Campbell	x				
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	X				
Bill Hager	X				
Shawn Harrison	X			·	
John Julien	X				
Charles McBurney	X				
Larry Metz	X				
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth	X				
Elaine Schwartz	X				
Darren Soto	X				
Richard Steinberg	X				
W. Gregory Steube	X			-	
William Snyder (Chair)			Х		
	Total Yeas: 17	Total Nays: ()		

Appearances:

CS/HB 1475
Pitts, Brian - Waive In Support
Justice-2-Jesus
1119 Newton Ave. S.
St. Petersburg FL 33705
Phone: 727-897-9291

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

HB 4035: Misdemeanor Pretrial Substance Abuse Programs

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Dennis Baxley			х		
Daphne Campbell	X				
Eric Eisnaugle		X			
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson		X			
Bill Hager		X			
Shawn Harrison		X			
John Julien	X				
Charles McBurney	х				
Larry Metz	х				
Kathleen Passidomo	х				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth	X				
Elaine Schwartz	X				
Darren Soto	X				
Richard Steinberg	x				
W. Gregory Steube	x				
William Snyder (Chair)			X		
	Total Yeas: 12	Total Nays:	4		

Appearances:

HB 4035 Pitts, Brian - Waive In Support Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Ave. S.

St. Petersburg FL 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

CS/HB 4157 : Juvenile Justice

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Dennis Baxley	x				
Daphne Campbell	X			······································	
Eric Eisnaugle	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	x				
Bill Hager	X				
Shawn Harrison	X				
John Julien	X				
Charles McBurney	X				
Larry Metz	X				
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Ray Pilon				Х	
Ari Porth	x				
Elaine Schwartz	X				
Darren Soto	X				
Richard Steinberg	X				
W. Gregory Steube	X				
William Snyder (Chair)			X		
	Total Yeas: 16	Total Nays: 0			

Appearances:

CS/HB 4157

Sanchez, Ana Maria (Lobbyist) (State Employee) - Waive In Support Legislative Affairs Director, Department of Juvenile Justice 2737 Centerview Dr

Tallahassee FL 32399 Phone: (850)410-1097

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED (Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N) FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
OTHER
Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary
Representative Baxley offered the following:
Amendment (with title amendment)
Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:
Section 1. Section 985.03(48), Florida Statutes, is
repealed.
Section 2. Section 985.03 (56), Florida Statutes, is
repealed.
Section 3. Section 985.445, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
Section 4. Section 985.47, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
Section 5. Section 985.48 (8), Florida Statutes, is
repealed.
Section 6. Section 985.483, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
Section 7. Section 985.486, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
Section 8. Section 985.636, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
Section 9. Section 985.652, Florida Statutes, is amended to
read:

985.652 Participation of certain programs in the State Risk Management Trust Fund.—Pursuant to s. 284.30, the Division of Risk Management of the Department of Financial Services is authorized to insure a private agency, or individual, or corporation operating a state-owned training school under a contract to carry out the purposes and responsibilities of any program of the department. The coverage authorized herein shall be under the same general terms and conditions as the department is insured for its responsibilities under chapter 284.

Section 10. Paragraph (i) is added to subsection (4) of section 394.492, Florida Statutes, to read:

394.492 Definitions.—As used in ss. 394.490-394.497, the term:

- (4) "Child or adolescent at risk of emotional disturbance" means a person under 18 years of age who has an increased likelihood of becoming emotionally disturbed because of risk factors that include, but are not limited to:
- (i) Being 9 years of age or younger at the time of referral for a delinquent act.

Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 984.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

984.14 Shelter placement; hearing.-

(1) Unless ordered by the court pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, or upon voluntary consent to placement by the child and the child's parent, legal guardian, or custodian, a child taken into custody may shall not be placed in a shelter prior to a court hearing unless a determination has been made that the provision of appropriate and available services will

not eliminate the need for placement and that such placement is required:

- (a) To provide an opportunity for the child and family to agree upon conditions for the child's return home, when immediate placement in the home would result in a substantial likelihood that the child and family would not reach an agreement; or
- (b) Because a parent, custodian, or guardian is unavailable to take immediate custody of the child.

Section 12. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (e), and (g) of subsection (5) of section 985.0301, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

985.0301 Jurisdiction.-

- (5) (a) Notwithstanding ss. 743.07, 985.43, 985.433, 985.435, 985.439, and 985.441, and except as provided in ss.985.465 and 985.47 and paragraph (f), when the jurisdiction of any child who is alleged to have committed a delinquent act or violation of law is obtained, the court shall retain jurisdiction, unless relinquished by its order, until the child reaches 19 years of age, with the same power over the child that 86 the court had prior to the child becoming an adult.
- (b) Notwithstanding ss. 743.07 and 985.455(3), and except as provided in s. 985.47, the term of any order placing a child in a probation program must be until the child's 19th birthday unless he or she is released by the court on the motion of an interested party or on his or her own motion.
- (c) Notwithstanding ss. 743.07 and 985.455(3), and except as provided in s. 985.47, the term of the commitment must be

- until the child is discharged by the department or until he or she reaches the age of 21 years. Notwithstanding ss. 743.07, 985.435, 985.437, 985.439, 985.441, 985.445, 985.455, and 985.513, and except as provided in this section and s. 985.47, a child may not be held under a commitment from a court under s. 985.439, s. 985.441(1)(a) or (b), s. 985.445, or s. 985.455 after becoming 21 years of age.
- (e) The court may retain jurisdiction over a child committed to the department for placement in an intensive residential treatment program for 10-year-old to 13-year-old offenders, in the residential commitment program in a juvenile prison, or in a residential sex offender program, or in a program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders as provided in s. 985.47 or s. 985.483 until the child reaches the age of 21. If the court exercises this jurisdiction retention, it shall do so solely for the purpose of the child completing the intensive residential treatment program for 10-year-old to 13-year-old offenders, in the residential commitment program in a juvenile prison, in a residential sex offender program, or the program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders. Such jurisdiction retention does not apply for other programs, other purposes, or new offenses.
- (g)1. Notwithstanding ss. 743.07 and 985.455(3), a serious or habitual juvenile offender shall not be held under commitment from a court under s. 985.441(1)(c), s. 985.47, or s. 985.565 after becoming 21 years of age. This subparagraph shall apply only for the purpose of completing the serious or habitual

- juvenile offender program under this chapter and shall be used solely for the purpose of treatment.
 - 2. The court may retain jurisdiction over a child who has been placed in a program or facility for serious or habitual juvenile offenders until the child reaches the age of 21, specifically for the purpose of the child completing the program.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), and subsection (5) of section 985.02, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsections (6) through (8) are redesignated as subsections (5) through (7), respectively, and new subsections (8) and (9) are added to that section, to read:

985.02 Legislative intent for the juvenile justice system.—

- (3) JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION.—It is the policy of the state with respect to juvenile justice and delinquency prevention to first protect the public from acts of delinquency. In addition, it is the policy of the state to:
- (b) Develop and implement effective programs to prevent delinquency, to divert children from the traditional juvenile justice system, to intervene at an early stage of delinquency, and to provide critically needed alternatives to institutionalization, and deep-end commitment, and secure detention.

The Legislature intends that detention care, in addition to providing secure and safe custody, will promote the health and well-being of the children committed thereto and provide an

environment that fosters their social, emotional, intellectual, and physical development.

- (4) DETENTION.-
- (b) The Legislature intends that a juvenile found to have committed a delinquent act understands the consequences and the serious nature of such behavior. Therefore, the Legislature finds that secure detention is appropriate to ensure public safety and guarantee court appearance provide punishment that discourages further delinquent behavior. The Legislature also finds that certain juveniles have committed a sufficient number of criminal acts, including acts involving violence to persons, to represent sufficient danger to the community to warrant sentencing and placement within the adult system. It is the intent of the Legislature to establish clear criteria in order to identify these juveniles and remove them from the juvenile justice system.
- Legislature finds that fighting crime effectively requires a multipronged effort focusing on particular classes of delinquent children and the development of particular programs. This state's juvenile justice system has an inadequate number of beds for serious or habitual juvenile offenders and an inadequate number of community and residential programs for a significant number of children whose delinquent behavior is due to or connected with illicit substance abuse. In addition, a significant number of children have been adjudicated in adult criminal court and placed in this state's prisons where programs are inadequate to meet their rehabilitative needs and where

- space is needed for adult offenders. Recidivism rates for each of these classes of offenders exceed those tolerated by the Legislature and by the citizens of this state.
- (8) CHILDREN 9 YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER.—The Legislature finds that very young children need age-appropriate services in order to prevent and reduce future acts of delinquency. Children who are 9 years of age or younger may be diverted into prearrest or postarrest programs, civil citation programs, or children—inneed—of—services and families—in—need—of—services programs, or other programs, as appropriate. If, based upon a needs assessment, the child is found to be in need of mental health services or substance abuse treatment services, the department shall cooperate with the parent or legal guardian and the Department of Children and Family Services, as appropriate, to identify the most appropriate services and supports and available funding sources to meet the needs of the child.
 - (9) RESTORATIVE JUSTICE.
- (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the juvenile justice system advance the principles of restorative justice. The department shall focus on repairing the harm to victims of delinquent behavior by ensuring that the child understands the effect of his or her delinquent behavior on the victim and the community and that the child restores the losses of his or her victim.
- (b) Offender accountability is one of the principles of restorative justice. The premise of this principle is that the juvenile justice system must respond to delinquent behavior in such a way that the offender is made aware of and takes

responsibility for repaying or restoring loss, damage, or injury perpetrated upon the victim and the community. This goal is achieved when the offender understands the consequences of delinquent behaviors in terms of harm to others, and when the offender makes amends for the harm, loss, or damage through restitution, community service, or other appropriate repayment.

Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 985.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.125 Prearrest or postarrest diversion programs.-

(1) A law enforcement agency, ex school district, county, municipality, or the department, in cooperation with the state attorney, is encouraged to may establish a prearrest or postarrest diversion programs. Youth who are taken into custody for first-time misdemeanor offenses or offenders who are 9 years of age or younger should be given an opportunity to participate in prearrest or postarrest diversion programs programs.

Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 985.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.14 Intake and case management system.-

- (3) The intake and case management system shall facilitate consistency in the recommended placement of each child, and in the assessment, classification, and placement process, with the following purposes:
- (a) An individualized, multidisciplinary assessment process that identifies the priority needs of each individual child for rehabilitation and treatment and identifies any needs of the child's parents or guardians for services that would enhance their ability to provide adequate support, guidance, and

supervision for the child. This process shall begin with the detention risk assessment instrument and decision, shall include the intake preliminary screening and comprehensive assessment for substance abuse treatment services, mental health services, retardation services, literacy services, and other educational and treatment services as components, additional assessment of the child's treatment needs, and classification regarding the child's risks to the community and, for a serious or habitual delinquent child, shall include the assessment for placement in a serious or habitual delinquent children program under s.

985.47. The completed multidisciplinary assessment process shall result in the predisposition report.

Section 16. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 985.145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.145 Responsibilities of juvenile probation officer during intake; screenings and assessments.—

- (1) The juvenile probation officer shall serve as the primary case manager for the purpose of managing, coordinating, and monitoring the services provided to the child. Each program administrator within the Department of Children and Family Services shall cooperate with the primary case manager in carrying out the duties and responsibilities described in this section. In addition to duties specified in other sections and through departmental rules, the assigned juvenile probation officer shall be responsible for the following:
- (d) Completing risk assessment instrument.—The juvenile probation officer shall ensure that a risk assessment instrument establishing the child's eligibility for detention has been

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261

262

263

264

265

- 241 accurately completed and that the appropriate recommendation was
- 242 made to the court. If, upon completion of the risk assessment
- 243 instrument, the child is ineligible for secure detention based
- 244 on the criteria in s. 985.24(2)(e), the juvenile probation
- 245 officer shall make a referral to the appropriate shelter for a
- 246 child in need of services or family in need of services.
- Section 17. Section 985.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 249 985.24 Use of detention; prohibitions.
 - (1) All determinations and court orders regarding the use of secure, nonsecure, or home detention <u>must shall</u> be based primarily upon findings that the child:
 - (a) Presents a substantial risk of not appearing at a subsequent hearing;
 - (b) Presents a substantial risk of inflicting bodily harm on others as evidenced by recent behavior;
 - (c) Presents a history of committing a property offense prior to adjudication, disposition, or placement;
 - (d) Has committed contempt of court by:
 - 1. Intentionally disrupting the administration of the court;
 - 2. Intentionally disobeying a court order; or
 - 3. Engaging in a punishable act or speech in the court's presence which shows disrespect for the authority and dignity of the court; or
 - (e) Requests protection from imminent bodily harm.

283 l

- (2) A child alleged to have committed a delinquent act or violation of law may not be placed into secure, nonsecure, or home detention care for any of the following reasons:
- (a) To allow a parent to avoid his or her legal responsibility.
- (b) To permit more convenient administrative access to the child.
 - (c) To facilitate further interrogation or investigation.
 - (d) Due to a lack of more appropriate facilities.
- (e) Due to a misdemeanor charge of domestic violence if the child lives in a family that has a history of family violence, as defined in s. 741.28, or if the child is a victim of abuse or neglect, as defined in s. 39.01, and the decision to place the child in secure detention care is mitigated by the history of trauma faced by the child, unless the child would otherwise be subject to secure detention based on his or her prior history.
- (3) A child alleged to be dependent under chapter 39 may not, under any circumstances, be placed into secure detention care.
- (4) A child 9 years of age or younger may not be placed into secure detention care unless the child is charged with a capital felony, a life felony, or a felony of the first degree.
- (5)(4) The department shall continue to identify alternatives to secure detention care and shall develop such alternatives and annually submit them to the Legislature for authorization and appropriation.

Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 985.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.245 Risk assessment instrument.-

- (2)(a) The risk assessment instrument for detention care placement determinations and <u>court</u> orders shall be developed by the department in <u>agreement consultation</u> with representatives appointed by the following associations: the Conference of Circuit Judges of Florida, the Prosecuting Attorneys Association, the Public Defenders Association, the Florida Sheriffs Association, and the Florida Association of Chiefs of Police. Each association shall appoint two individuals, one representing an urban area and one—representing a rural area. The <u>parties involved shall evaluate and revise the risk assessment instrument shall be as is considered necessary using the method for revision as agreed by the parties <u>effective at predicting risk and avoiding the unnecessary use of secure detention.</u></u>
- (b) The risk assessment instrument shall accurately predict a child's risk of rearrest or failure to appear and may take the following factors take into consideration, but need not be limited to them: prior history of failure to appear, prior offenses, offenses committed pending adjudication, any unlawful possession of a firearm, theft of a motor vehicle or possession of a stolen motor vehicle, and probation status at the time the child is taken into custody. The risk assessment instrument shall also take into consideration appropriate aggravating and mitigating circumstances, and shall be designed to target a narrower population of children than s. 985.255. The risk

322 l

323l

assessment instrument shall also include any information concerning the child's history of abuse and neglect. The risk assessment shall indicate whether detention care is warranted, and, if detention care is warranted, whether the child should be placed into secure, nonsecure, or home detention care.

Section 19. Section 985.255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.255 Detention criteria; detention hearing.-

- (1) Subject to s. 985.25(1), a child taken into custody and placed into nonsecure or home detention care or detained in secure detention care before prior to a detention hearing may continue to be detained by the court if:
- (a) The child is alleged to be an escapee from a residential commitment program; or an absconder from a nonresidential commitment program, a probation program, or conditional release supervision; or is alleged to have escaped while being lawfully transported to or from a residential commitment program.
- (b) The child is wanted in another jurisdiction for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would be a felony.
- (c) The child is charged with a delinquent act or violation of law and requests in writing through legal counsel to be detained for protection from an imminent physical threat to his or her personal safety.
- (d) The child is charged with committing \underline{a} felony \underline{a} offense of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28 and is detained as provided in subsection (2).

- (e) The child is charged with possession or discharging a firearm on school property in violation of s. 790.115.
 - (f) The child is charged with a capital felony, a life felony, a felony of the first degree, a felony of the second degree that does not involve a violation of chapter 893, or a felony of the third degree that is also a crime of violence, including any such offense involving the use or possession of a firearm.
 - (g) The child is charged with any second degree or third degree felony involving a violation of chapter 893 or any third degree felony that is not also a crime of violence, and the child:
 - 1. Has a record of failure to appear at court hearings after being properly notified in accordance with the Rules of Juvenile Procedure;
 - 2. Has a record of law violations prior to court hearings;
 - 3. Has already been detained or has been released and is awaiting final disposition of the case;
 - 4. Has a record of violent conduct resulting in physical injury to others; or
 - 5. Is found to have been in possession of a firearm.
 - (h) The child is alleged to have violated the conditions of the child's probation or conditional release supervision. However, a child detained under this paragraph may be held only in a consequence unit as provided in s. 985.439. If a consequence unit is not available, the child shall be placed on home detention with electronic monitoring.

- (i) The child is detained on a judicial order for failure to appear and has previously willfully failed to appear, after proper notice, for an adjudicatory hearing on the same case regardless of the results of the risk assessment instrument. A child may be held in secure detention for up to 72 hours in advance of the next scheduled court hearing pursuant to this paragraph. The child's failure to keep the clerk of court and defense counsel informed of a current and valid mailing address where the child will receive notice to appear at court proceedings does not provide an adequate ground for excusal of the child's nonappearance at the hearings.
- (j) The child is detained on a judicial order for failure to appear and has previously willfully failed to appear, after proper notice, at two or more court hearings of any nature on the same case regardless of the results of the risk assessment instrument. A child may be held in secure detention for up to 72 hours in advance of the next scheduled court hearing pursuant to this paragraph. The child's failure to keep the clerk of court and defense counsel informed of a current and valid mailing address where the child will receive notice to appear at court proceedings does not provide an adequate ground for excusal of the child's nonappearance at the hearings.
- (2) A child who is charged with committing <u>a felony</u> an offense of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28 and who does not meet detention criteria may be held in secure detention if the court makes specific written findings that:
 - (a) Respite care for the child is not available.

(b) It is necessary to place the child in secure detention in order to protect the victim from injury.

The child may not be held in secure detention under this subsection for more than 48 hours unless ordered by the court. After 48 hours, the court shall hold a hearing if the state attorney or victim requests that secure detention be continued. The child may continue to be held in detention care if the court makes a specific, written finding that detention care is necessary to protect the victim from injury. However, the child may not be held in detention care beyond the time limits set forth in this section or s. 985.26.

- (3) (a) A child who meets any of the criteria in subsection (1) and who is ordered to be detained under that subsection shall be given a hearing within 24 hours after being taken into custody. The purpose of the detention hearing is to determine the existence of probable cause that the child has committed the delinquent act or violation of law that he or she is charged with and the need for continued detention. Unless a child is detained under paragraph (1)(d) or paragraph (1)(e), the court shall use the results of the risk assessment performed by the juvenile probation officer and, based on the criteria in subsection (1), shall determine the need for continued detention. A child placed into secure, nonsecure, or home detention care may continue to be so detained by the court.
- (b) If the court orders a placement more restrictive than indicated by the results of the risk assessment instrument, the

430 l

court shall state, in writing, clear and convincing reasons for such placement.

- (c) Except as provided in s. 790.22(8) or in s. 985.27, when a child is placed into secure or nonsecure detention care, or into a respite home or other placement pursuant to a court order following a hearing, the court order must include specific instructions that direct the release of the child from such placement no later than 5 p.m. on the last day of the detention period specified in s. 985.26 or s. 985.27, whichever is applicable, unless the requirements of such applicable provision have been met or an order of continuance has been granted under s. 985.26(4).
- Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 985.441, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.441 Commitment.

- (1) The court that has jurisdiction of an adjudicated delinquent child may, by an order stating the facts upon which a determination of a sanction and rehabilitative program was made at the disposition hearing:
- (c) Commit the child to the department for placement in a 160 program or facility for serious or habitual juvenile offenders 161 in accordance with s. 985.47. 162
- 1. Following a delinquency adjudicatory hearing under s.
 163 985.35 and a delinquency disposition hearing under s.
 985.433 164 that results in a commitment determination, the
 court shall, on 165 its own or upon request by the state or the
 department, 166 determine whether the protection of the public
 requires that the child be placed in a program for serious or

- habitual juvenile offenders and whether the particular needs of the child would be best served by a program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders as provided in s. 985.47. The determination shall be made under ss. 985.47(1) and 985.433(7).
- 2. Any commitment of a child to a program or facility for serious or habitual juvenile offenders must be for an indeterminate period of time, but the time may not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment that an adult may serve for the same offense.
- (c) (d) Commit the child to the department for placement in a program or facility for juvenile sexual offenders in accordance with s. 985.48, subject to specific appropriation for 180 such a program or facility.
- 1. The child may only be committed for such placement pursuant to determination that the child is a juvenile sexual offender under the criteria specified in s. 985.475.
- 2. Any commitment of a juvenile sexual offender to a program or facility for juvenile sexual offenders must be for an indeterminate period of time, but the time may not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment that an adult may serve for the same offense.
- (d) Commit the child to the department for placement in a mother-infant program designed to serve the needs of juvenile mothers or expectant juvenile mothers who are committed as delinquents. The department's mother-infant program must be licensed as a child care facility in accordance with s. 402.308, and must provide the services and support necessary to enable the committed juvenile mothers to provide for the needs of their

infants who, upon agreement of the mother, may accompany them in the program.

Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 985.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.45 Liability and remuneration for work.-

(1) Whenever a child is required by the court to participate in any work program under this part or whenever a child volunteers to work in a specified state, county, municipal, or community service organization supervised work program or to work for the victim, either as an alternative to monetary restitution or as a part of the rehabilitative or probation program, the child is an employee of the state for the purposes of chapter 440 liability.

Section 22. Section 985.494, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.494 Commitment programs for juvenile felony offenders.

- (1) Notwithstanding any other law and regardless of the child's age, a child who is adjudicated delinquent, or for whom 53 adjudication is withheld, for an act that would be a felony if 54 committed by an adult, shall be committed to:
- (a) A program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders under s. 985.47 or an intensive residential treatment program for offenders less than 13 years of age under s. 985.483, if the child has participated in an early delinquency intervention program and has completed a sheriff's training and respect program.
- (b) a maximum-risk residential program, if the child has completed two different high-risk residential commitment

- programs participated in an early delinquency intervention program, has completed a sheriff's training and respect program, and has completed a program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders or an intensive residential treatment program for offenders less than 13 years of age. The commitment of a child to a maximum-risk residential program must be for an indeterminate period, but may not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment that an adult may serve for the same offense.
- (2) In committing a child to the appropriate program, the court may consider an equivalent program of similar intensity as being comparable to a program required under subsection (1).

Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 985.565, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 985.565 Sentencing powers; procedures; alternatives for juveniles prosecuted as adults.—

- (4) SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES .-
- (b) Juvenile sanctions.—For juveniles transferred to adult 195 court but who do not qualify for such transfer under s.985.556(3) or s. 985.557(2)(a) or (b), the court may impose juvenile sanctions under this paragraph. If juvenile sentences are imposed, the court shall, under this paragraph, adjudge the child to have committed a delinquent act. Adjudication of delinquency shall not be deemed a conviction, nor shall it operate to impose any of the civil disabilities ordinarily resulting from a conviction. The court shall impose an adult sanction or a juvenile sanction and may not sentence the child to a combination of adult and juvenile punishments. An adult sanction or a juvenile sanction may include enforcement of an

order of restitution or probation previously ordered in any juvenile proceeding. However, if the court imposes a juvenile sanction and the department determines that the sanction is unsuitable for the child, the department shall return custody of the child to the sentencing court for further proceedings, including the imposition of adult sanctions. Upon adjudicating a child delinguent under subsection (1), the court may:

- 1. Place the child in a probation program under the supervision of the department for an indeterminate period of time until the child reaches the age of 19 years or sooner if discharged by order of the court.
- 2. Commit the child to the department for treatment in an appropriate program for children for an indeterminate period of time until the child is 21 or sooner if discharged by the department. The department shall notify the court of its intent to discharge no later than 14 days prior to discharge. Failure of the court to timely respond to the department's notice shall be considered approval for discharge.
- 3. Order disposition under ss. 985.435, 985.437, 985.439,985.441, 985.445, 985.45, and 985.455 as an alternative to youthful offender or adult sentencing if the court determines not to impose youthful offender or adult sanctions.

It is the intent of the Legislature that the criteria and guidelines in this subsection are mandatory and that a determination of disposition under this subsection is subject to the right of the child to appellate review under s. 985.534.

	Ame	ndm	ent.	No.	1
--	-----	-----	------	-----	---

571

572

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580

581

582

583

584

585

586

587

588

589

590

591

592

- Section 24. Section 985.632, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 985.632 Program review and reporting requirements Quality assurance and cost-effectiveness.
 - (1) <u>LEGISLATIVE INTENT.—</u>It is the intent of the Legislature that the department:
 - (a) Ensure that information be provided to decisionmakers in a timely manner so that resources are allocated to programs that of the department which achieve desired performance levels.
 - (b) Collect and analyze available statistical data for the purpose of ongoing evaluation of all programs.
 - (c) (b) Provide information about the cost of such programs and their differential effectiveness so that program the quality may of such programs can be compared and improvements made continually.
 - (d)(c) Provide information to aid in developing related policy issues and concerns.
 - (e) (d) Provide information to the public about the effectiveness of such programs in meeting established goals and objectives.
 - <u>(f)</u> (e) Provide a basis for a system of accountability so that each <u>youth</u> elient is afforded the best programs to meet his or her needs.
 - (g) (f) Improve service delivery to youth clients.
- 593 (h) (g) Modify or eliminate activities that are not effective.
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Program" means any facility, service, or program for youth which is operated by the department or by a provider under contract with the department.
- (b) (b) "Program component" means an aggregation of generally related objectives which, because of their special character, related workload, and interrelated output, can logically be considered an entity for purposes of organization, management, accounting, reporting, and budgeting.
- (c) "Program group" means a collection of programs having sufficient similarity of functions, services, and population to allow appropriate comparisons between programs within the group.
- (d) (a) "Youth" "Client" means any person who is being provided treatment or services by the department or by a provider under contract with the department.
- (c) "Program effectiveness" means the ability of the program to achieve desired client outcomes, goals, and objectives.
- shall use a standard methodology for annually measuring,
 evaluating, and reporting program outputs and youth outcomes for
 each program and program group. The department shall submit a
 report to the appropriate committees of the Legislature and the
 Governor by January 15 of each year. The department shall notify
 the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
 Accountability and each contract service provider of substantive
 changes to the methodology. The standard methodology must:

622

623

624

625

626

627

628

629

630

631

632

633

634

635

636

637

638

639

640

641

642

643

644

645

646

647

648

- (a) Define common terminology and operational definitions and methods by which the performance of program outputs and outcomes may be measured.
- (b) Specify program outputs for each program and for each program group within the juvenile justice continuum.
- Report cost data for each program operated or contracted by the department for the fiscal year corresponding to the program outputs and outcomes being reported. The department shall annually collect and report cost data for every program operated or contracted by the department. The cost data shall conform to a format approved by the department and the Legislature. Uniform cost data shall be reported and collected for state-operated and contracted programs so that comparisons can be made among programs. The department shall ensure that there is accurate cost accounting for state-operated services including market-equivalent rent and other shared cost. The cost of the educational program provided to a residential facility shall be reported and included in the cost of a program. The department shall submit an annual cost report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of each house of the Legislature, the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of each house of the Legislature, and the Governor, no later than December 1 of each year. Cost-benefit analysis for educational programs will be developed and implemented in collaboration with and in cooperation with the Department of Education, local providers, and local school districts. Cost data for the report shall include data collected by the Department of Education for the

Amendment No. 1 purposes of preparing the annual report required by s. 1003.52(19).

- (4) PROGRAM ACCOUNTABILITY MEASURES.—
- (a) The department, in consultation with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research and contract service providers, shall develop a cost-effectiveness model and apply the program accountability measures analysis model to each commitment program and include the results in the comprehensive accountability report. Program recidivism rates shall be a component of the model. The program accountability measures analysis cost-effectiveness model shall compare program costs to expected and actual youth recidivism rates client outcomes and program outputs. It is the intent of the Legislature that continual development efforts take place to improve the validity and reliability of the cost-effectiveness model program accountability measure analysis.
- (b) The department shall rank commitment programs based on the cost-effectiveness model and shall submit a report to the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of each house of the Legislature by December 31 of each year.
- (b) (c) Based on reports of the department on client outcomes and program outputs and on the department's most recent program accountability measures analysis cost-effectiveness rankings, the department may terminate its contract with or discontinue a commitment program operated by the department or a provider if the program has failed to achieve a minimum threshold of recidivism and cost-effectiveness program effectiveness. This paragraph does not preclude the department

from terminating a contract as provided under this section or as otherwise provided by law or contract, and does not limit the department's authority to enter into or terminate a contract.

- CC)(d) The department shall notify the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability and each contract service provider of substantive changes to the program accountability measures analysis. In collaboration with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, and contract service providers, the department shall develop a work plan to refine the cost-effectiveness model so that the model is consistent with the performance-based program budgeting measures approved by the Legislature to the extent the department deems appropriate. The department shall notify the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability of any meetings to refine the model.
- <u>(d) (e)</u> Contingent upon specific appropriation, the department, in consultation with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, and contract service providers, shall:
- 1. Construct a profile of each commitment program which that uses the results of the quality assurance report required by this section, the cost-effectiveness model program accountability measure analysis required in this subsection, and other reports available to the department.
- 2. Target, for a more comprehensive evaluation, any commitment program that has achieved consistently high, low, or disparate ratings in the reports required under subparagraph 1.
- 3. Identify the essential factors that contribute to the high, low, or disparate program ratings.

- 4. Use the results of these evaluations in developing or refining juvenile justice programs or program models, <u>youth</u> client outcomes and program outputs, provider contracts, quality assurance standards, and the <u>cost-effectiveness model program</u> accountability measure analysis.
 - (5) QUALITY ASSURANCE.—The department shall:
- (a) Establish a comprehensive quality assurance system for each program operated by the department or operated by a provider under contract with the department. Each contract entered into by the department must provide for quality assurance and include the results in the comprehensive accountability report.
- (b) Provide operational definitions of and criteria for quality assurance for each specific program component.
- (c) Establish quality assurance goals and objectives for each specific program component.
- (d) Establish the information and specific data elements required for the quality assurance program.
- (e) Develop a quality assurance manual of specific, standardized terminology and procedures to be followed by each program.
- (f) Evaluate each program operated by the department or a provider under a contract with the department and establish minimum thresholds for each program component. If a provider fails to meet the established minimum thresholds, such failure shall cause the department to cancel the provider's contract unless the provider achieves compliance with minimum thresholds within 6 months or unless there are documented extenuating

circumstances. In addition, the department may not contract with the same provider for the canceled service for a period of 12 months. If a department-operated program fails to meet the established minimum thresholds, the department must take necessary and sufficient steps to ensure and document program changes to achieve compliance with the established minimum thresholds. If the department-operated program fails to achieve compliance with the established minimum thresholds within 6 months and if there are no documented extenuating circumstances, the department must notify the Executive Office of the Governor and the Legislature of the corrective action taken. Appropriate corrective action may include, but is not limited to:

- 1. Contracting out for the services provided in the program;
- 2. Initiating appropriate disciplinary action against all employees whose conduct or performance is deemed to have materially contributed to the program's failure to meet established minimum thresholds;
 - 3. Redesigning the program; or
 - 4. Realigning the program.

The department shall submit an annual report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of each house of the Legislature, the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of each house of the Legislature, and the Governor, no later than February 1 of each year. The annual report must contain, at a minimum, for each specific program component: a comprehensive description of

the population served by the program; a specific description of the services provided by the program; cost; a comparison of expenditures to federal and state funding; immediate and long-range concerns; and recommendations to maintain, expand, improve, modify, or eliminate each program component so that changes in services lead to enhancement in program quality. The department shall ensure the reliability and validity of the information contained in the report.

(6) The department shall collect and analyze available statistical data for the purpose of ongoing evaluation of all programs. The department shall provide the Legislature with necessary information and reports to enable the Legislature to make informed decisions regarding the effectiveness of, and any needed changes in, services, programs, policies, and laws.

Section 25. Section 985.66, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.66 Juvenile justice training academies; staff

development and training; Juvenile Justice Standards and

Training Commission; Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund.—

(1) LEGISLATIVE PURPOSE.—In order to enable the state to provide a systematic approach to staff development and training for judges, state attorneys, public defenders, law enforcement officers, school district personnel, and juvenile justice program staff that will meet the needs of such persons in their discharge of duties while at the same time meeting the requirements for the American Correction Association accreditation by the Commission on Accreditation for Corrections, it is the purpose of the Legislature to require the

department to establish, maintain, and oversee the operation of juvenile justice training academies in the state. The purpose of the Legislature in establishing staff development and training programs is to foster better staff morale and reduce mistreatment and aggressive and abusive behavior in delinquency programs; to positively impact the recidivism of children in the juvenile justice system; and to afford greater protection of the public through an improved level of services delivered by a professionally trained juvenile justice program staff to children who are alleged to be or who have been found to be delinquent.

- (2) STAFF DEVELOPMENT JUVENILE JUSTICE STANDARDS AND
- (a) There is created under the Department of Juvenile Justice the Juvenile Justice Standards and Training Commission, hereinafter referred to as the commission. The 17-membercommission shall consist of the Attorney General or designee, the Commissioner of Education or designee, a member of the juvenile court judiciary to be appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and 14 members to be appointed by the Secretary of Juvenile Justice as follows:

1. Seven members shall be juvenile justice professionals: a superintendent or a direct care staff member from an institution; a director from a contracted community-based program; a superintendent and a direct care staff member from a regional detention center or facility; a juvenile probation officer supervisor and a juvenile probation officer; and a

	Amendment No. 1
817	director of a day treatment or conditional release program. No
818	fewer than three of these members shall be contract providers.
819	2. Two members shall be representatives of local law
820	enforcement agencies.
821	3. One member shall be an educator from the state's
822	university and community college program of criminology,
823	criminal justice administration, social work, psychology,
824	sociology, or other field of study pertinent to the training of
825	juvenile justice program staff.
826	4. One member shall be a member of the public.
827	5. One member shall be a state attorney, or assistant state
828	attorney, who has juvenile court experience.
829	6. One member shall be a public defender, or assistant
830	public defender, who has juvenile court experience.
831	7. One member shall be a representative of the business
832	community.
833	
834	All appointed members shall be appointed to serve terms of
835	2 years.
836	
837	(b) The composition of the commission shall be broadly
838	reflective of the public and shall include minorities and women.
839	The term "minorities" as used in this paragraph means a member
840	of a socially or economically disadvantaged group that includes
841	blacks, Hispanics, and American Indians.

(c) The Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide the

commission with staff necessary to assist the commission in the

performance of its duties.

842

843

- (d) The commission shall annually elect its chairperson and other officers. The commission shall hold at least four regular meetings each year at the call of the chairperson or upon the written request of three members of the commission. A majority of the members of the commission constitutes a quorum. Members of the commission shall serve without compensation but are entitled to be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses as provided by s. 112.061 and these expenses shall be paid from the Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund.
- (e) The <u>department</u> powers, duties, and functions of the 311 commission shall be to:
- (a) 1. Designate the location of the training academies; develop, implement, maintain, and update the curriculum to be used in the training of juvenile justice program staff; establish timeframes for participation in and completion of training by juvenile justice program staff; develop, implement, maintain, and update job-related examinations; develop, implement, and update the types and frequencies of evaluations of the training academies; approve, modify, or disapprove the budget for the training academies, and the contractor to be selected to organize and operate the training academies and to provide the training curriculum.
- $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ 2. Establish uniform minimum job-related training courses and examinations for juvenile justice program staff.
- $\underline{(c)}$ 3. Consult and cooperate with the state or any political subdivision; any private entity or contractor; and with private and public universities, colleges, community colleges, and other educational institutions concerning the development of juvenile

justice training and programs or courses of instruction, including, but not limited to, education and training in the areas of juvenile justice.

- <u>(d)</u>4. Enter into With the approval of the department, make and enter into such contracts and agreements with other agencies, organizations, associations, corporations, individuals, or federal agencies as the commission determines are necessary in the execution of the its powers of the department or the performance of its duties.
- 5. Make recommendations to the Department of Juvenile Justice concerning any matter within the purview of this section.
- (3) JUVENILE JUSTICE TRAINING PROGRAM.— The <u>department</u> commission shall establish a certifiable program for juvenile justice training pursuant to this section, and all department program staff and providers who deliver direct care services pursuant to contract with the department shall be required to participate in and successfully complete the <u>department-approved</u> commission—approved program of training pertinent to their areas of responsibility. Judges, state attorneys, and public defenders, law enforcement officers, and school district personnel may participate in such training program. For the juvenile justice program staff, the <u>department commission</u> shall, based on a job-task analysis:
- (a) Design, implement, maintain, evaluate, and revise a basic training program, including a competency-based examination, for the purpose of providing minimum employment training qualifications for all juvenile justice personnel. All

901

902

903

904

905

906

907

908

909

910

911 912

913

914

915

916

917

918

919

920

921

922

923

924

925

926

- program staff of the department and providers who deliver direct-care services who are hired after October 1, 1999, must meet the following minimum requirements:
 - 1. Be at least 19 years of age.
- 2. Be a high school graduate or its equivalent as determined by the department commission.
- 3. Not have been convicted of any felony or a misdemeanor involving perjury or a false statement, or have received a dishonorable discharge from any of the Armed Forces of the United States. Any person who, after September 30, 1999, pleads quilty or nolo contendere to or is found quilty of any felony or a misdemeanor involving perjury or false statement is not eligible for employment, notwithstanding suspension of sentence or withholding of adjudication. Notwithstanding this subparagraph, any person who pled nolo contendere to a misdemeanor involving a false statement before October 1, 1999, and who has had such record of that plea sealed or expunged is not ineligible for employment for that reason.
- 4. Abide by all the provisions of s. 985.644(1) regarding fingerprinting and background investigations and other screening requirements for personnel.
- 5. Execute and submit to the department an affidavit-ofapplication form, adopted by the department, attesting to his or her compliance with subparagraphs 1.-4. The affidavit must be executed under oath and constitutes an official statement under s. 837.06. The affidavit must include conspicuous language that the intentional false execution of the affidavit constitutes a

928 929

Amendment No. 1 misdemeanor of the second degree. The employing agency shall retain the affidavit.

930 931

932 933

934

935 936

937

938 939

940 941

942 943

944 945

946 947

948 949

950

951 952

- (b) Design, implement, maintain, evaluate, and revise an advanced training program, including a competency-based examination for each training course, which is intended to enhance knowledge, skills, and abilities related to job performance.
- (c) Design, implement, maintain, evaluate, and revise a career development training program, including a competencybased examination for each training course. Career development courses are intended to prepare personnel for promotion.
- (d) The department commission is encouraged to design, implement, maintain, evaluate, and revise juvenile justice training courses, or to enter into contracts for such training courses, that are intended to provide for the safety and well being of both citizens and juvenile offenders.
 - (4) JUVENILE JUSTICE TRAINING TRUST FUND.-
- (a) There is created within the State Treasury a Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund to be used by the department of Juvenile Justice for the purpose of funding the development and updating of a job-task analysis of juvenile justice personnel; the development, implementation, and updating of job-related training courses and examinations; and the cost of commissionapproved juvenile justice training courses; and reimbursement for expenses as provided in s. 112.061 for members of the commission and staff.

- (b) One dollar from every noncriminal traffic infraction collected pursuant to ss. 318.14(10)(b) and 318.18 shall be deposited into the Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund.
- (c) In addition to the funds generated by paragraph (b), the trust fund may receive funds from any other public or private source.
- (d) Funds that are not expended by the end of the budget cycle or through a supplemental budget approved by the department shall revert to the trust fund.
- (5) ESTABLISHMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE TRAINING ACADEMIES.—
 The number, location, and establishment of juvenile justice
 training academies shall be determined by the <u>department</u>
 commission.
 - (6) SCHOLARSHIPS AND STIPENDS.-
- (a) By rule, the <u>department commission</u> shall establish criteria to award scholarships or stipends to qualified juvenile justice personnel who are residents of the state who want to pursue a bachelor's or associate in arts degree in juvenile justice or a related field. The department shall handle the administration of the scholarship or stipend. The Department of Education shall handle the notes issued for the payment of the scholarships or stipends. All scholarship and stipend awards shall be paid from the Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund upon vouchers approved by the Department of Education and properly certified by the Chief Financial Officer. Prior to the award of a scholarship or stipend, the juvenile justice employee must agree in writing to practice her or his profession in juvenile justice or a related field for 1 month for each month of grant

or to repay the full amount of the scholarship or stipend together with interest at the rate of 5 percent per annum over a period not to exceed 10 years. Repayment shall be made payable to the state for deposit into the Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund.

- (b) The <u>department</u> commission may establish the scholarship program by rule and implement the program on or after July 1_r 1996.
- (7) ADOPTION OF RULES.—The <u>department</u> commission shall adopt rules as necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (8) PARTICIPATION OF CERTAIN PROGRAMS IN THE STATE RISK MANAGEMENT TRUST FUND.—Pursuant to s. 284.30, the Division of Risk Management of the Department of Financial Services is authorized to insure a private agency, individual, or corporation operating a state-owned training school under a contract to carry out the purposes and responsibilities of any program of the department. The coverage authorized herein shall be under the same general terms and conditions as the department is insured for its responsibilities under chapter 284.
- (9) The Juvenile Justice Standards and Training Commission is terminated on June 30, 2001, and such termination shall be reviewed by the Legislature prior to that date.

Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 984.14, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 984.13, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

984.13 Taking into custody a child alleged to be from a family in need of services or to be a child in need of services.—

- (3) If the child is taken into custody by, or is delivered to, the department, the appropriate representative of the department shall review the facts and make such further inquiry as necessary to determine whether the child shall remain in custody or be released. Unless shelter is required as provided in s. 984.14(1), the department shall:
- (a) Release the child to his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, to a responsible adult relative, to a responsible adult approved by the department, or to a department-approved family-in-need-of-services and child-in-need-of-services provider; or
- (b) Authorize temporary services and treatment that would allow the child alleged to be from a family in need of services to remain at home.

Section 27. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

1027

1029

1036

1026

1009

1010

1011

1012

1013

1014

1015

1016

1017

1018

1019

1020

1021

1022

1023

1024

1025

1028

TITLE AMENDMENT

1030 Remove the entire title and insert:

1031 An act relating to juvenile justice; repealing ss.

1032 985.03(48), 985.03(56), 985.445, 985.47, 985.48(8),

1033 985.483, 985.486, and 985.636, F.S., relating to,

1034 respectively, definitions of terms for a training school

and the serious or habitual juvenile offender program, the

serious or habitual juvenile offender program in the

1037

1038

1039

1040

1041

1042

1043

1045

1046

1047

1048

1049

1050

1051

1052

1053

1054

1055

1056

1057

1058

1059

1060

1061

1062

1063

1064

juvenile justice system, cases involving grand theft of a motor vehicle committed by a child, the serious or habitual juvenile offender program in the juvenile justice system, activities of the Juvenile Justice Standards and Training Commission with respect to training and treatment services for juvenile sexual offenders, the intensive residential treatment program for offenders less than 13 years of age, and the designation of persons holding law enforcement certification within the Office of the Inspector General to act as law enforcement officers; amending s. 985.652, F.S.; relating to participation of certain programs in the State Risk Management Trust Fund; amending s. 394.492, F.S.; including children 9 years of age or younger at the time of referral for a delinquent act within the definition of those children who are eligible to receive comprehensive mental health services; amending s. 984.14, F.S.; prohibiting placement of a child into a shelter before a court hearing unless the child is taken into custody for a misdemeanor domestic violence charge and is ineligible to be held in secure detention; amending ss. 985.0301, 985.14, and 985.565, F.S.; conforming references to changes made by the act; amending s. 985.02, F.S.; revising legislative intent concerning delinquency prevention and detention; deleting provisions relating to serious and habitual juvenile offenders; providing legislative intent concerning children 9 years of age or younger and restorative justice; amending s. 985.125, F.S.; encouraging law enforcement agencies,

1065

1066

1067

1068

1069

1070

1071

1072

1073

1074

1075

1076

1077

1078

1079

1080

1081

1082

1083 1084

1085

1086

1087

1088

1089 1090

1091

1092

school districts, counties, municipalities, and the department to establish prearrest or postarrest diversion programs and to give first-time misdemeanor offenders and offenders who are 9 years of age or younger an opportunity to participate in the programs; amending s. 985.145, F.S.; requiring a juvenile probation officer to make a referral to the appropriate shelter if the completed risk assessment instrument shows that the child is ineligible for secure detention; amending s. 985.24, F.S.; prohibiting a child alleged to have committed a delinquent act or violation of law from being placed into secure, nonsecure, or home detention care because of a misdemeanor charge of domestic violence if the child lives in a family that has a history of family violence or if the child is a victim of abuse or neglect unless the child would otherwise be subject to secure detention based on prior history; prohibiting a child 9 years of age or younger from being placed into secure detention care unless the child is charged with a capital felony, a life felony, or a felony of the first degree; amending s. 985.245, F.S.; revising the development process for the risk assessment instrument; revising factors to be considered in assessing a child's risk of rearrest or failure to appear; amending s. 985.255, F.S.; providing that a child may be placed in home detention care or detained in secure detention care under certain circumstances; providing that a child who is charged with committing a felony offense of domestic violence and who does not meet detention criteria may

1093

1094

1095

1096

1097

1098

1099

1100

1101

1102

1103

1104

1105

1106

1107

1108

1109

1110

11111112

1113

1114

1115

1116

1117

1118

1119

1120

nevertheless be held in secure detention care if the court makes certain specific written findings; amending s. 985.441, F.S.; conforming references to changes made by the act; authorizing a court to commit a female child adjudicated as delinquent to the department for placement in a mother-infant program designed to serve the needs of juvenile mothers or expectant juvenile mothers who are committed as delinquents; amending s. 985.45, F.S.; providing that whenever a child is required by the court to participate in any juvenile justice work program, the child is considered an employee of the state for the purpose of workers' compensation; amending s. 985.494, F.S.; requiring a child who is adjudicated delinquent, or for whom adjudication is withheld, to be committed to a maximum-risk residential program for an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult if the child has completed two different high-risk residential commitment programs; amending s. 985.632, F.S.; establishing legislative intent that the Department of Juvenile Justice collect and analyze available statistical data for the purpose of ongoing evaluation of all juvenile justice programs; redefining terms; requiring the department to use a standard methodology to annually measure, evaluate, and report program outputs and youth outcomes for each program and program group; requiring that the department submit an annual report to the appropriate committees of the Legislature and the Governor; requiring that the department notify specified parties of substantive changes

1121

1122

1123

1124

11251126

1127

1128

1129

1130

1131

1132

1133

1134

1135

1136

1137

1138

1139

to the standard methodology used in its evaluation; requiring that the department apply a program accountability measures analysis to each commitment program; deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 985.66, F.S.; removing all references to the Juvenile Justice Standards and Training Commission; requiring the Department of Juvenile Justice to be responsible for staff development and training; specifying the duties and responsibilities of the department for staff development and training; removing obsolete provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 984.14, F.S.; prohibiting placement of a child into a shelter before a court hearing unless the child is taken into custody for a misdemeanor domestic violence charge and is ineligible to be held in secure detention; reenacting s. 984.13(3), F.S., relating to taking a child into custody, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 984.14, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.

COMMITTEE MEETING REPORT

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

HB 7233 : Background Screening

X | Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Dennis Baxley	X				,
Daphne Campbell	X				
Eric Eisnaugle	х				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Tom Goodson	X				
Bill Hager	X				
Shawn Harrison	X				
John Julien	X				
Charles McBurney	x				
Larry Metz	X				
Kathleen Passidomo	X				
Ray Pilon	X				
Ari Porth	X				
Elaine Schwartz	x				
Darren Soto	X	,			
Richard Steinberg	X				
W. Gregory Steube	X				
William Snyder (Chair)	***		X		
	Total Yeas: 17	Total Nays: (0		

Appearances:

HB 7233

Granger, Theodore (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support United Way of Florida 307 E 7th Ave Tallahassee FL 32303

Phone: (850)488-8276

HB 7233

Beck, Robert (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Florida Association of Area Agencies on Aging, Inc 2414 Mahan Dr Tallahassee FL 32308

Phone: (850)766-1410

HB 7233

Croteau, Jim (General Public) - Waive In Support President/CEO Eldercare Services

2518 W Tennessee St Tallahassee FL 32309 Phone: 850-921-5554

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm

COMMITTEE MEETING REPORT

Judiciary Committee

4/14/2011 9:00:00AM

Location: 404 HOB

HB 7233

Rigsby, Peggy (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Florida Health Care Association 307 W Park Ave Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)224-3907

HB 7233

Cantwell, Laura (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support AARP 200 West College Avenue Suite 304 Tallahassee FL 32301

Phone: (850)577-5163

Print Date: 4/14/2011 2:53 pm

HB 7233

McCarron, Mike (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Executive Director, Florida Catholic Conference 201 W Park Ave Tallahassee FL 32301-7715 Phone: (850)205-6820

Leagis ®

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITT	EE	ACTION	
ADOPTED		(Y/N)	
ADOPTED AS AMENDED		(Y/N)	De
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION		(Y/N)	Journal.11
FAILED TO ADOPT		(Y/N)	1007.14.
WITHDRAWN		(Y/N)	V
OTHER -	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee Representative(s) Holder offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 25 and 26, insert:

Section 1. Section 409.1757, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1757 Persons not required to be refingerprinted or rescreened.—Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, human resource personnel who have been fingerprinted or screened pursuant to chapters 393, 394, 397, 402, and this chapter, and teachers who have been fingerprinted pursuant to chapter 1012, who have not been unemployed for more than 90 days thereafter, or is a law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10 (1) with an active certification under the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission pursuant to s. 943.13 (7), and who under the penalty of perjury attest to the completion of such fingerprinting or screening and to compliance with the provisions of this section and the standards

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 7233 (2011)

70	7	t	37	-
Amen	ama	יד ת	No.	
THICH	June.	110	TAO.	

for good moral character as contained in such provisions as ss. 20

21 110.1127(3), 393.0655(1), 394.457(6), 397.451, 402.305(2), and

TITLE AMENDMENT

409.1757, F.S.; adding certain law enforcement officers to the

screening exemption for purposes of ch. 409, F.S.; amending s.

409.175(6), and 943.13(7), shall not be required to be 22

23 refingerprinted or rescreened in order to comply with any

caretaker screening or fingerprinting requirements.

430.0402, F.S.; revising the definition of the term

Remove line 3 and insert:

25

24

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

HB 7233 am 01.docx

Page 2 of 2

Bill No. HB 7233 (2011)

Amendment No. 2

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N) FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N) HITHDRAFTN (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee
2	Representative(s) Holder offered the following:
3	
4	Amendment (with title amendment)
5	Between lines 25 and 26, insert:
6	Section 1. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of
7	section 394.4572, Florida Statutes, to read:
8	394.4572 Screening of mental health personnel
9	(1) (d) Mental health personnel employed by a facility
10	licensed under chapter 395 who have less than 15 hours per week
11	of direct contact with patients are exempt from the
12	fingerprinting and screening requirements.
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	TITLE AMENDMENT
18	Remove line 3 and insert:

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 7233 (2011)

Amendment No. 2

- 19 394.4572, F.S.; providing an exemption from background screening
- 20 for certain personnel; amending s. 430.0402, F.S.; revising the
- 21 definition of the term

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	TTEE ACTION	
ADOPTED	(Y/N)	
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)	W W
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)	mar.11
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)	7007.14
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)	V
OTHER	·	.

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee
Representative(s) Holder offered the following:

Amendment

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

Remove lines 46-49 and insert:

(2) Licensed physicians <u>or</u> nurses, or other professionals licensed by the Department of Health, or attorneys in good <u>standing with The Florida Bar</u> are not subject to background screening if they are providing a service that is within the scope of their licensed practice.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED (Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
ADOPTED (Y/N) ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N) FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N) WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
OTHER
Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee
Representative(s) Holder offered the following:
Amendment (with title amendment)
Between lines 112 and 113, insert:
Section 2. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of
section 435.04, Florida Statutes, to read:
435.04 Level 2 screening standards
(1) (e) Vendors submitting fingerprints on behalf of
employers must:
1. Use technology that is compliant with systems used by
the Florida Department of Law Enforcement;
2. Have the ability to communicate electronically with the
state agency accepting screening results from the Florida
Department of Law Enforcement;
3. Capture two sets of fingerprint images for each
individual. One set of fingerprints is to be sent to the Florida
Department of Law Enforcement and the second set is to be
retained by the vendor for at least 60 days. In the event the

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 7233 (2011)

	Amendment No. 4
20	first set of prints are deemed illegible by the Florida
21	Department of Law Enforcement or Federal Bureau of
22	Investigation, the vendor will submit the second set of prints
23	upon notification from the agency.
24	

TITLE AMENDMENT

background screening; amending s. 435.04, F.S.; providing

employers; amending s. 464.203, F.S.; requiring

requirements for vendors who submit fingerprints on behalf of

Remove line 19 and insert:

25 26

27

28

29

32

30

31

33

HB 7233 am 04.docx

Page 2 of 2

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION	
ADOPTED	(Y/N)	. 5.7
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)	bl
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)	Jonera 14.11
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)	70,17.10
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)	V
OTHER		

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee
Representative(s) Holder offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 112 and 113, insert:

Section 2. Subsections (6) and (7) are added to section 435.07, Florida Statutes, to read:

435.07 Exemptions from disqualification.—Unless otherwise provided by law, the provisions of this section apply to exemptions from disqualification for disqualifying offenses revealed pursuant to background screenings required under this chapter, regardless of whether those disqualifying offenses are listed in this chapter or other laws.

(6) Exemptions granted by agencies remain valid through subsequent Level 1 or Level 2 screenings with the same agency that granted the exemption provided the person has no new or additional offenses identified through subsequent screenings and is otherwise qualified for the exemption. The issuing agency is

Amendment No	· 5					
responsible	for	communicating	the	continued	eligibility	of
employment.						

(7) Personnel of a qualified entity under s. 943.0542 that are required to be screened pursuant to the provisions of s. 435.04 may apply for an exemption pursuant to this section and this chapter.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 19 and insert:

background screening; amending s. 435.07, F.S.; preserving exemptions under certain circumstances; authorizing personnel of qualified entities to apply for an exemption; amending s. 464.203, F.S.; requiring

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	$(\lambda \backslash N) \qquad \qquad \lambda \gamma \gamma$
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	$(A \setminus N)$ $O \setminus O \setminus V_{\theta} \cap V_{\theta}$
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	-
Committee/Subcommittee hear	ing bill: Judiciary Committee
Representative(s) Holder of	fered the following:
Amendment (with title	amendment)
Between lines 151 and	152, insert:
Section 3. The Agency	for Health Care Administration, the
Florida Department of Law E	nforcement, the Department of
Children and Families, the	Department of Elder Affairs, and the
Agency for Persons with Dis	abilities shall evaluate state and
federal regulations that po	se barriers to efficient screening
for persons working or volu	nteering with vulnerable populations
and issue recommendations r	egarding findings and possible
statutory amendments necess	ary to eliminate duplicative
screening and improve proce	ssing time for screening requests.
These agencies shall work i	n consultation and coordination with
each other on this effort.	

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 7233 (2011)

Amendment No. 6

20	TITLE AMENDMENT
21	Remove line 22 and insert:
22	requiring certain state agencies to evaluate barriers to
23	efficient screening; providing an effective date.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

TEE	ACTION	
	(Y/N)	
	(Y/N)	ble
	(Y/N)	11.1900
	(Y/N)	Janorg11.11
-	(Y/N)	V
	·	
		(Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N)

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee Representative(s) Snyder offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 25 and 26, insert:

Section 1. Subsections (5) through (8) of section 408.809, Florida Statutes are renumbered as subsections (6) through (9), respectively, and subsection (4) of that section is amended to read:

408.809 Background screening; prohibited offenses.-

(4) In addition to the offenses listed in s. 435.04, all persons required to undergo background screening pursuant to this part or authorizing statutes must not have an arrest awaiting final disposition for, must not have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, and must not have been adjudicated delinquent and the record not have been sealed or expunged for any of the following offenses or any similar offense of another jurisdiction:

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

- (a) Any authorizing statutes, if the offense was a felony.
 - (b) This chapter, if the offense was a felony.
 - (c) Section 409.920, relating to Medicaid provider fraud.
 - (d) Section 409.9201, relating to Medicaid fraud.
 - (e) Section 741.28, relating to domestic violence.
- (f) Section 817.034, relating to fraudulent acts through mail, wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or photooptical systems.
- (g) Section 817.234, relating to false and fraudulent insurance claims.
 - (h) Section 817.505, relating to patient brokering.
- (i) Section 817.568, relating to criminal use of personal identification information.
- (j) Section 817.60, relating to obtaining a credit card through fraudulent means.
- (k) Section 817.61, relating to fraudulent use of credit cards, if the offense was a felony.
 - (1) Section 831.01, relating to forgery.
- (m) Section 831.02, relating to uttering forged instruments.
- (n) Section 831.07, relating to forging bank bills, checks, drafts, or promissory notes.
- (o) Section 831.09, relating to uttering forged bank bills, checks, drafts, or promissory notes.
- (p) Section 831.30, relating to fraud in obtaining medicinal drugs.
- (q) Section 831.31, relating to the sale, manufacture, delivery, or possession with the intent to sell, manufacture, or

49

50

51 52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

deliver any counterfeit controlled substance, if the offense was a felony.

- (5) A person who serves as a controlling interest of, is employed by, or contracts with a licensee on July 31, 2010, who has been screened and qualified according to standards specified in s. 435.03 or s. 435.04 must be rescreened by July 31, 2015, in accordance with the schedule provided in paragraphs (a)-(c). The agency may adopt rules to establish a schedule to stagger the implementation of the required rescreening over the 5-year period, beginning July 31, 2010, through July 31, 2015. If, upon rescreening, such person has a disqualifying offense that was not a disqualifying offense at the time of the last screening, but is a current disqualifying offense and was committed before the last screening, he or she may apply for an exemption from the appropriate licensing agency and, if agreed to by the employer, may continue to perform his or her duties until the licensing agency renders a decision on the application for exemption if the person is eligible to apply for an exemption and the exemption request is received by the agency within 30 days after receipt of the rescreening results by the person. The rescreening schedule shall be:
- Individuals whose last screening was conducted before (a) December 31, 2003, must be rescreened by July 31, 2013.
- (b) Individuals whose last screening was conducted between January 1, 2004, through December 31, 2007, must be rescreened by July 31, 2014.

(c) Individuals whose last screening was conducted between January 1, 2008, through July 31, 2010, must be rescreened by July 31, 2015.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 3 and insert:

408.809, F.S., relating to background screening of specified employees of health care providers; revising provisions for required rescreening; removing provisions authorizing the agency to adopt rules establishing a rescreening schedule; establishing a rescreening schedule; amending s. 430.0402, F.S.; revising the definition of the term