

Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee

Meeting Packet

March 29, 2011 1:00 PM – 3:00 PM Reed Hall



AGENDA

Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
March 29, 2011
1:00 p.m. – 3:00 p.m.
Reed Hall

- I. Call to Order/Roll Call
- II. CS/HB 293—Vessels by Harrell
- III. HB 663—State Forests by Steube
- IV. HB 901—Household Moving Services by Horner
- V. CS/HB 735—Division of Forestry by Porter
- VI. Closing Remarks/Adjournment

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #:

CS/HB 293 Vessels

SPONSOR(S): Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee, Harrell and others

TIED BILLS:

IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 512

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
1) Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee	11 Y, 0 N, As CS	Deslatte	Blalock
Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee		Massengale	Massengale SM
3) State Affairs Committee			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

Currently, any person who violates navigational rules that results in a boating accident, but whose violation did not constitute reckless operation of a vessel, is guilty of a second degree misdemeanor.

The bill amends current statute by removing the criminal penalty for individuals who violate a navigational rule that results in an accident and makes these noncriminal infractions, so long as it does not constitute reckless operation of a vessel and does not cause serious bodily injury or death. Any individual who violates navigational rules that causes serious bodily injury or death commits a second degree misdemeanor.

The bill increases the fine for all violations of navigational rules resulting in an accident not causing serious bodily injury or death to the following:

- For the first offense, up to a maximum of \$500.
- For the second offense, up to a maximum of \$750.
- For a third or subsequent offense, up to a maximum of \$1,000.

Lastly, the bill deletes a duplicative provision, makes technical changes, and reenacts s. 327.731(1), F.S., to incorporate changes for mandatory education requirements for violators.

According to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWCC) analysis, the bill appears to have a positive fiscal impact on FWCC revenues because of the increase in fines that will be collected for certain violations of navigational rules and deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund, to be used for boating education purposes. However, the exact fiscal impact is unknown. The bill also appears to have a positive fiscal impact on local governments by eliminating the criminal penalty, and thus reducing court costs and/or county jail costs.

The bill has an effective date of October 1, 2011.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0293b.ANRAS.DOCX

DATE: 3/24/2011

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Current Situation

Currently, any person who violates navigational rules that results in a boating accident, but whose violation did not constitute reckless operation of a vessel, is guilty of a second degree misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of up to \$500 and/or imprisoned for up to 60 days. In addition, a judge can order restitution to a victim for damage or loss related to the defendant's criminal act.

Any person who violates navigational rules that does not result in a boating accident and does not constitute reckless operation of a vessel, is guilty of a noncriminal violation.² Section 775.08, F.S., defines a noncriminal violation as 'any offense that is punishable under the laws of this state, or that would be punishable if committed in this state, by no other penalty than a fine, forfeiture, or other civil penalty. A noncriminal violation does not constitute a crime, and conviction for a noncriminal violation shall not give rise to any legal disability based on a criminal offense.'

Section 327.73, F.S., provides that any person charged with a noncriminal infraction will be cited and must appear before a county court or pay the civil penalty, which is \$50. If a person chooses to appear in court, he/she has waived the limitations of the civil penalty. If the court determines the person guilty, a civil penalty of up to \$500 may be imposed. Any person failing to appear for the boating citation will also be charged with failing to respond and, if convicted, will be guilty of a second degree misdemeanor.

Any person convicted of a criminal violation, a non-criminal infraction that resulted in a reportable boating accident, or two non-criminal infractions in a 12-month period is required to enroll in a boating safety course that meets minimum standards established by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWCC).³

According to the FWCC analysis, from 2007-2010, there were 452 individuals cited for second degree misdemeanor violations of navigational rules that resulted in a boating accident. During that same period, there were 303 individuals cited for noncriminal infractions for navigational rule violations that did not result in a boating accident.

Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill amends current statute by removing the criminal penalty for individuals who violate a navigational rule that results in an accident and makes these noncriminal infractions, so long as it does not constitute reckless operation of a vessel and does not cause serious bodily injury or death. Any individual who violates navigational rules that causes serious bodily injury or death commits a second degree misdemeanor.

The bill increases the fine for all violations of navigational rules resulting in an accident not causing serious bodily injury or death to the following:

- For the first offense, up to a maximum of \$500.
- For the second offense, up to a maximum of \$750.
- For a third or subsequent offense, up to a maximum of \$1,000.

STORAGE NAME: h0293b.ANRAS.DOCX

¹ s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, F.S.

²² For a complete list of noncriminal infractions relating to vessel laws, see s. 327.33, F.S.

³ Rule 68D-36.106, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)

Lastly, the bill deletes a duplicative provision, makes technical changes, and reenacts s. 327.731(1), F.S., to incorporate changes for mandatory education requirements for violators.

B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1. Amends s. 327.33, F.S., revising penalty provisions for violation of navigation rules; providing misdemeanor penalties for a violation that results in a boating accident causing serious bodily injury or death; providing that under certain circumstances a violation of navigation rules is a noncriminal violation.

Section 2. Amends s. 327.73, F.S., providing for increased penalties for certain noncriminal violations; deleting a duplicate provision.

Section 3. Reenacts and amends s. 327.72, F.S., relating to penalties, to incorporate changes made by the act in references thereto.

Section 4. Reenacts s. 327.731(1), F.S., relating to mandatory education for violators, to incorporate changes made by the act in references thereto.

Section 5. Provides an effective date of October 1, 2011.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

See Fiscal Comments Section

2. Expenditures:

None

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

By removing the criminal penalty for individuals who violate navigational rules that result in an accident and making them noncriminal infractions, there could be a reduction in court costs and/or county jail costs.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Individuals who violate navigational rules resulting in an accident not causing serious bodily injury or death may have to pay higher fines. The increase in fines, however, may deter violation of the navigational rules.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

According to the FWCC analysis, the bill appears to have a positive fiscal impact on the FWCC revenues because of the increase in fines that will be collected for certain violations of navigational rules, which are deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund, to be used for boating education purposes. However, the exact fiscal impact is unknown.

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DATE: 3/24/2011

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

Not applicable. This bill does not appear to require counties or municipalities to spend funds or take an action requiring the expenditure of funds, reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenues in the aggregate, or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

2. Other:

None

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

The bill does not provide additional rule making authority and none is required.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None

IV. AMENDMENTS/ COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

On March 22, 2011, the Subcommittee on Agriculture & Natural Resources amended HB 293 as a Committee Substitute (CS). The CS provides that any individual who violates navigational rules that causes serious bodily injury or death commits a second degree misdemeanor. The CS also provides for higher penalties for a violation of navigation rules resulting in an accident that does not cause serious bodily injury or death.

STORAGE NAME: h0293b.ANRAS.DOCX PAGE: 4

DATE: 3/24/2011

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to vessels; amending s. 327.33, F.S.; revising penalty provisions for violation of navigation rules; providing misdemeanor penalties for a violation that results in a boating accident causing serious bodily injury or death; providing that under certain circumstances a violation of navigation rules is a noncriminal violation; amending s. 327.73, F.S.; providing for increased penalties for certain noncriminal violations; deleting a duplicate provision; reenacting and amending s. 327.72, F.S., relating to penalties, to incorporate changes made by the act in references thereto; reenacting s. 327.731(1), F.S., relating to mandatory education for violators, to incorporate changes made by the act in references thereto; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 327.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.33 Reckless or careless operation of vessel. -

(3) Each person operating a vessel upon the waters of this state shall comply with the navigation rules.

(a) A person who violates whose violation of the navigation rules and the violation results in a boating accident causing serious bodily injury as defined in s. 327.353 or death, but the whose violation does did not constitute reckless

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operation of a vessel, <u>commits</u> is <u>guilty of</u> a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (b) A person who violates whose violation of the navigation rules and the violation does not result in a boating accident and does not constitute reckless operation of a vessel commits is guilty of a noncriminal violation as defined in s. 775.08, punishable as provided in s. 327.73.
- (c) Law enforcement vessels may deviate from the navigational rules when such diversion is necessary to the performance of their duties and when such deviation may be safely accomplished.
- Section 2. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 327.73, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

327.73 Noncriminal infractions. -

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- (1) Violations of the following provisions of the vessel laws of this state are noncriminal infractions:
- (a) Section 328.46, relating to operation of unregistered and unnumbered vessels.
- (b) Section 328.48(4), relating to display of number and possession of registration certificate.
 - (c) Section 328.48(5), relating to display of decal.
 - (d) Section 328.52(2), relating to display of number.
- (e) Section 328.54, relating to spacing of digits and letters of identification number.
- (f) Section 328.60, relating to military personnel and registration of vessels.
 - (g) Section 328.72(13), relating to operation with an

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- (h) Section 327.33(2), relating to careless operation.
- (i) Section 327.37, relating to water skiing, aquaplaning, parasailing, and similar activities.
- (j) Section 327.44, relating to interference with navigation.
- (k) Violations relating to boating-restricted areas and speed limits:
- 1. Established by the commission or by local governmental authorities pursuant to s. 327.46.
 - 2. Speed limits established pursuant to s. 379.2431(2).
 - (1) Section 327.48, relating to regattas and races.
- (m) Section 327.50(1) and (2), relating to required safety equipment, lights, and shapes.
 - (n) Section 327.65, relating to muffling devices.
- (o) $\underline{1}$. Section 327.33(3)(b), relating to \underline{a} violation of navigation rules not resulting in an accident.
- 2. Section 327.33(3)(b), relating to a violation of navigation rules resulting in an accident not causing serious bodily injury or death, for which the penalty is:
 - a. For a first offense, up to a maximum of \$500.
 - b. For a second offense, up to a maximum of \$750.
- c. For a third or subsequent offense, up to a maximum of \$1,000.
- (p) Section 327.39(1), (2), (3), and (5), relating to personal watercraft.
- (q) Section 327.53(1), (2), and (3), relating to marine sanitation.

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(r) Section 327.53(4), (5), and (7), relating to marine sanitation, for which the civil penalty is \$250.

- (s) Section 327.395, relating to boater safety education.
- (t) Section 327.52(3), relating to operation of overloaded or overpowered vessels.
- (u) Section 327.331, relating to divers-down flags, except for violations meeting the requirements of s. 327.33.
- (v) Section 327.391(1), relating to the requirement for an adequate muffler on an airboat.
- (w) Section 327.391(3), relating to the display of a flag on an airboat.
- (x) Section 253.04(3)(a), relating to carelessly causing seagrass scarring, for which the civil penalty upon conviction is:
 - 1. For a first offense, \$50.

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- 2. For a second offense occurring within 12 months after a prior conviction, \$250.
- 3. For a third offense occurring within 36 months after a prior conviction, \$500.
- 4. For a fourth or subsequent offense occurring within 72 months after a prior conviction, \$1,000.

Any person cited for a violation of any such provision shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for any such infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this section. Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly respond to

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a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the charge relating to the violation of the boating laws of this state, be charged with the offense of failing to respond to such citation and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A written warning to this effect shall be provided at the time such uniform boating citation is issued.

- Any person cited for a violation of any such provision shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for any such infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this section. Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly respond to a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the charge relating to the violation of the boating laws of this state, be charged with the offense of failing to respond to such citation and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A written warning to this effect shall be provided at the time such uniform boating citation is issued.

(5) Any person electing to appear before the county court or who is required so to appear shall be deemed to have waived the limitations on the civil penalty specified in subsection (1). The court, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether an infraction has been committed. If the commission of an infraction has been proven, the court may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$500 or a higher amount specified in

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141 subsection (1).

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 327.73, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 327.72, Florida Statutes, is reenacted and amended to read:

327.72 Penalties.—Any person failing to comply with the provisions of this chapter or chapter 328 not specified in s. 327.73 or not paying the civil penalty specified in <u>s. 327.73</u> said section within 30 days, except as otherwise provided in this chapter or chapter 328, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 327.73, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 327.731, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

327.731 Mandatory education for violators. -

- (1) Every person convicted of a criminal violation of this chapter, every person convicted of a noncriminal infraction under this chapter if the infraction resulted in a reportable boating accident, and every person convicted of two noncriminal infractions as defined in s. 327.73(1)(h) (k), (m), (o), (p), and (s)-(x), said infractions occurring within a 12-month period, must:
- (a) Enroll in, attend, and successfully complete, at his or her own expense, a boating safety course that meets minimum standards established by the commission by rule; however, the commission may provide by rule pursuant to chapter 120 for waivers of the attendance requirement for violators residing in

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areas where classroom presentation of the course is not available;

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- (b) File with the commission within 90 days proof of successful completion of the course;
- (c) Refrain from operating a vessel until he or she has filed the proof of successful completion of the course with the commission.

Any person who has successfully completed an approved boating course shall be exempt from these provisions upon showing proof to the commission as specified in paragraph (b).

180 Section 5. This act shall take effect October 1, 2011.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #:

HB 663

State Forests

SPONSOR(S): Steube

TIED BILLS: None IDEN./SIM. BILLS:

SB 850

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
1) Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee	15 Y, 0 N	Maurer	Blalock
2) Rulemaking & Regulation Subcommittee	13 Y, 0 N	Miller	Rubottom
Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee		Lolley	Massengale M
4) State Affairs Committee			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

The Division of Forestry (division) of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS) manages and administers all state forests in the interests of the public. The division is authorized to direct multiple-use management of forest lands owned by the state. The bill directs the Division of Forestry (division) to designate areas of state forests as "Wounded Warrior Special Hunt Areas" to honor veterans and provide outdoor recreational opportunities for eligible veterans. Admittance to these designated areas is limited to particular veterans and persons accompanying eligible veterans who require that person's assistance to use the area.

The bill authorizes the division to receive, administer, and expend funds for special accommodations for Wounded Warrior Special Hunt Areas from private sources including, but not limited to, Friends of Florida State Forests, Inc. The division is granted general rulemaking authority to administer this subsection.

It may be necessary for DACS to expend an indeterminate amount of funds for special accommodations and maintenance of the special hunt areas provided for in the bill if costs exceed the amount of any donations the division receives.

The bill provides specific guidance concerning the veterans and assisting persons eligible for admission to such areas, does not define "special outdoor recreational opportunities," and is unclear on whether the division is authorized to incur additional expense to provide specialized accommodations for use of the designated areas.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0663e.ANRAS.DOCX

DATE: 3/17/2011

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Present Situation

The Division of Forestry (division) of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS) manages and administers all state forests in the interests of the public. The division is authorized to direct multiple-use management of forest lands owned by the state. Such use includes, but is not limited to, water-resource protection, forest-ecosystems protection, natural-resource-based low-impact recreation, and sustainable timber management for forest products. Furthermore, the division cooperates with federal, state, and local government agencies, non-profit organizations, and other persons to apply for, solicit, and receive grants and funds from those agencies, organizations, firms and individuals.

There are 35 state forests in Florida, totaling more than 1,052,000 acres.⁴ Under the direction of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, many state forests are open to regulated hunting and fishing.⁵ Hunting requires a license and permit and is allowed only in designated Wildlife Management Areas (WMAs) during specific seasons.⁶ Fishing also requires a valid license.⁷

Non-profit organizations such as Wounded Warrior Outdoors, Inc.⁸ and Wounded Warriors In Action⁹ provide wounded servicemen and servicewomen with opportunities for outdoor recreational activities. In the past, such activities have included hunting and fishing excursions in various parts of the country. The organizations assert that such activities are therapeutic and an important part of physical and mental recovery.

Currently, the division provides a hunting area in Lake Wales Ridge State Forest for a nearby "Wounded Warrior" organization. The hunts typically last for a weekend or several days and include special accommodations as needed by the wounded warriors, such as turkey blinds with space for operation of a motorized wheelchair.

Effect of Bill

HB 663 amends s. 589.19, F.S., to require the division to designate one or more areas of state forests as a "Wounded Warrior Special Hunt Area" to provide special outdoor recreational opportunities for eligible veterans. Having multiple "Wounded Warrior Special Hunt Areas" throughout the state would make these areas more accessible to more eligible veterans.

Admittance to these designated areas is limited to veterans who served during a period of wartime service as defined in s. 1.01(14), F.S., or peacetime service as defined in s. 296.02, F.S., and who have a service-connected disability as determined by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or were discharged or released from military service because of a disability acquired or aggravated while serving on active duty. A person who is not an eligible veteran but accompanies an eligible veteran who requires that person's assistance to use the designated area may also be granted admittance.

¹ s. 589.21, F.S.

² s. 589.04(4), F.S.

³ s. 589.04(1)(B), F.S.

⁴ State Forests in Florida, DIVISION OF FORESTRY, http://www.fl-dof.com/state_forests/#history (last visited Feb. 25, 2011). ⁵ State Forest Recreation, DIVISION OF FORESTRY, http://www.fl-dof.com/forest_recreation/index.html (last visited Feb. 25, 2011).

⁶ Id.

⁷ Id..

⁸ ABOUT WWO INC., http://www.woundedwarrioroutdoors.com/about.html (last visited Feb. 25, 2011).

⁹ ABOUT WWIA. http://www.woundedwarriorsinaction.org/about.html (last visited Feb. 25, 2011).

The bill refers to "special outdoor recreational opportunities" without additional definition. Activities currently conducted in other areas of state forest lands, for which the division charges a fee, include camping, hunting, fishing, off-road vehicle use, and hiking.¹⁰ The bill will provide flexibility sufficient for the division to offer programs in addition to opportunities for hunting.

The bill authorizes the division to receive, administer, and expend any gift, grant, or donation to fund specialized accommodations for the designated areas from any private source. These funds could be used for construction of permanent facilities that are compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. Private sources include, but are not limited to Friends of Florida State Forests, Inc.

The division presently has general authority to adopt rules necessary for the protection, utilization, occupancy, and development of the state forest land it manages¹¹ and more narrow authority pertaining to forest management.¹² The grant of additional rulemaking authority enables the division to adopt rules furthering the legislative intent in the bill.

B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1: Amends s. 589.19, F.S., directing the Division of Forestry to designate "Wounded Warrior Special Hunt Areas"; limiting admittance to veterans with certain service-connected disabilities and persons accompanying them for assistance; authorizing receipt of funds from private sources; granting division rulemaking authority for administration.

Section 2: Provides an effective date of July 1, 2011.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None. The division presently charges different recreational use fees in state forest lands. According to the division, the areas contemplated for this designation currently are closed to public use and therefore produce no recreational use fee revenue.

2. Expenditures:

According to DACS's analysis, this bill will have no fiscal impact on the department; however, it may be necessary for DACS to expend an indeterminate amount of funds for special accommodations and maintenance of the special hunt areas provided for in the bill if costs exceed the amount of any donations the division receives. The division states it currently incurs no expense for the hunting program conducted on in the Lake Wales Ridge State Forest.

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

¹⁰ Division of Forestry web site at http://www.fl-dof.com/forest_recreation/fees.html.

¹¹ s. 589.011(4), F.S.

¹² s. 589.12, F.S.

None.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

This bill does not change any of the permitting or licensing requirements for hunting or fishing. As such, all associated fees would be paid as currently required.

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

Not applicable. This bill does not appear to require counties or municipalities to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds, reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenue in the aggregate, nor reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

2. Other:

None.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

The division presently has general authority to adopt rules necessary for the protection, utilization. occupancy, and development of the state forest land it manages¹³ and more narrow authority pertaining to forest management.¹⁴ The grant of additional rulemaking authority enables the division to adopt rules furthering the legislative intent in the bill.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

The bill language vests broad authority for administering "Wounded Warrior Special Hunt Area" in the division, under DACS. No provisions exist to clarify whether the limitations on admittance to these sites apply only during specific hunting seasons or year-round.

It is unclear in the bill whether the state forest areas designated as Wounded Warrior Special Hunt Areas must be designated by the Division of Forestry on state forests that are managed by DACS, or if they may be established on any state forests. Other agencies, including the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, are lead managers on lands within state forest boundaries. If activities allowed by the bill are established on a Commission managed WMA, then the WMA regulation will apply, if activities are on a non-Commission managed area, then the general statewide hunting regulations will apply.

IV. AMENDMENTS/ COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

¹⁴ s. 589.12, F.S.

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¹³ s. 589.011(4), F.S.

HB 663 2011

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to state forests; amending s. 589.19, 3 F.S.; requiring the designation of "Wounded Warrior 4 Special Hunt Areas" within state forests; limiting quest 5 admittance to such areas for eligible veterans and certain 6 persons; authorizing the Division of Forestry of the 7 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to expend 8 funds received from private sources for specified purposes 9 and adopt rules; providing an effective date. 10 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 12 13 Section 1. Subsection (4) is added to section 589.19, 14 Florida Statutes, to read: 15 589.19 Creation of certain state forests; naming of 16 certain state forests.-17 (4)(a) The Division of Forestry shall designate one or 18 more areas of state forests as a "Wounded Warrior Special Hunt 19 Area" to honor wounded veterans of the United States Armed 20 Forces. The purpose of such designated areas is to provide 21 special outdoor recreational opportunities for eligible 22 veterans. 23 (b) The division shall limit guest admittance to such 24 designated areas to persons who: 25 1. Are veterans who served during a period of wartime 26 service as defined in s. 1.01(14) or peacetime service as

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defined in s. 296.02; and

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HB 663 2011

2. Have a service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or were discharged or released from military service because of a disability acquired or aggravated while serving on active duty.

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- (c) The division may grant admittance to such designated areas to a person who is not an eligible veteran for purposes of accompanying an eligible veteran who requires the person's assistance to use such designated areas.
- (d) The division may receive, administer, and expend any gift, grant, or donation to fund specialized accommodations for such designated areas from any private source, including, but not limited to, Friends of Florida State Forests, Inc.
- (e) The division may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

Amendment No. 1

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION			
	ADOPTED (Y/N)			
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)			
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)			
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)			
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)			
	OTHER			
_				
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Agriculture & Natural			
2	Resources Appropriations Subcommittee			
3	Representative(s) Steube offered the following:			
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5	Amendment (with title amendment)			
6	Remove lines 36-39 and insert:			
7	(d) Funding required for specialized accommodations shall			
8	be provided through the Friends of Florida State Forests Program			
9	created in s. 589.012.			
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13	TITLE AMENDMENT			
14	Remove lines 6-9 and insert:			
15	persons; requiring funding to be obtained from certain private			
16	sources for specified purposes; authorizing the Division of			
17	Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services			
18	to adopt rules; providing an effective date.			

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 901 Household Moving Services

SPONSOR(S): Horner and others

TIED BILLS: IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 296

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
1) Business & Consumer Affairs Subcommittee	14 Y, 0 N	Morton	Creamer
Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee		Lolley	Massengale SW
3) Economic Affairs Committee			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

The bill reduces the regulatory requirements for intrastate movers. Specifically the bill:

- Extends the renewal cycle of intrastate mover registration from annually to biennially.
- Removes requirements for movers and moving brokers to obtain local licensing and pre-empts any
 applicable local regulation not enacted before January 1, 2011. Pre-existing local registration fees
 must be reasonable and may not exceed the cost of administering the regulation.
- Allows a mover to exclude liability for goods packed by the shipper, if the exclusion is disclosed and the shipper declines to allow the mover to open and inspect the packed goods.
- Allows a mover to refuse to transport or ship any goods, if it refuses to do so before transporting or shipping the goods and the shipper is notified and acknowledges the refusal in writing.

The bill has no negative impact on state trust funds as a result of a staggered expiration date for the renewal period. To the extent that current local fees under local regulation enacted before January 1, 2011, are unreasonable or exceed the cost of administering the regulation, local governments could see a decrease in revenues caused by lowering those fees to be reasonable and in line with the cost of regulation.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2011.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0901b.ANRAS.DOCX

DATE: 3/16/2011

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Current Situation

Chapter 507, F.S., establishes registration, insurance and contractual requirements for intrastate movers.

"Mover" is defined as "a person who, for compensation, loads, transports or ships, or unloads household goods as part of a household move." "Moving Broker" is defined as "a person who, for compensation, arranges for another person to load, transport or ship, or unload household goods as part of a household move or who, for compensation, refers a shipper to a mover."

Intrastate movers and moving brokers must register with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Affairs (DACS) and pay an annual fee of \$300.

Annual registration requires disclosure of contact information and copies of contracts offered to the public. Movers and moving brokers must maintain liability insurance or post a \$25,000 security. Movers must also maintain motor vehicle insurance, including combined bodily injury and property damage liability coverage in varying amounts.

The DACS has the authority to enforce the chapter by seeking civil or administrative remedies. Violations of the chapter are also deemed unfair or deceptive trade practices, triggering enforcement by the state attorney or Department of Legal Affairs. Certain prohibited acts also subject movers to criminal penalties.¹

A mover that lawfully fails to relinquish a shipper's household goods may place the goods in storage until payment is tendered. "Storage" is defined as "the warehousing of a shipper's goods while under the care, custody, and control of the mover."

A mover may not limit its liability for the loss or damage of household goods to a valuation rate that is less than 60 cents per pound per article. It must disclose any limitation and may offer valuation coverage to compensate the shipper in the event of loss or damage. If a mover offers valuation coverage, the coverage must indemnify the shipper for at least the minimum valuation rate.

Local regulation

Section 507.13, F.S., allows for local regulation and cooperative agreements between the DACS and local governments for enforcement. Currently, Miami-Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, and Pinellas Counties have relevant local ordinances.²

Proposed Changes

The bill extends the renewal cycle of intrastate mover registration from annually to biennially. The registration fee would still be calculated as \$300 per year.

The bill removes requirements for movers and moving brokers to obtain local licensing and pre-empts any applicable local regulation not enacted before January 1, 2011. Local governments may still levy local business taxes. Pre-existing local registration fees must be reasonable and may not exceed the cost of administering the regulation. Pre-existing local registration or bonding requirements may only be applied to movers and moving brokers whose principal place of business is within that county's jurisdiction.

STORAGE NAME: h0901b.ANRAS.DOCX

DATE: 3/16/2011

¹ s. 507.11, F.S.

² Miami-Dade County, Sec. 8A-325; Palm Beach County Ordinance NO. 2005-007; Pinellas County, Sec. 42-357; Broward County Moving Ordinance sec. 20-176.90 et seq.

The bill allows a mover to exclude liability for household goods packed by the shipper, if the exclusion is disclosed and the shipper declines, in writing, to allow the mover to open and inspect the goods packed by the shipper.

The bill allows a mover to refuse to transport or ship any goods, if it refuses to do so before transporting or shipping the goods and the shipper is notified and acknowledges the refusal in writing.

The bill limits the definition of "storage" to include only temporary warehousing.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2011.

B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1: Amends s. 507.01, F.S., to redefine the term "storage."

Section 2: Amends s. 507.03, F.S., to provide for the biennial renewal of mover and moving broker registrations.

Section 3: Amends s. 507.04, F.S., to authorize a mover to exclude liability for household goods packed by the shipper under certain circumstances.

Section 4: Amends s. 507.06, F.S., to authorize a mover to refuse to transport or ship household goods under certain circumstances.

Section 5: Amends s. 507.07, F.S., conforms changes to the renewal cycle.

Section 6: Amends s. 507.13, F.S., to preempt new local ordinances and regulations.

Section 7: Provides an effective date.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

Revenues:

Since the biennial fee is calculated based on the previous annual fee of \$300, revenues remain the same. Fiscal Year 2011-12 revenues represent half of the registrants paying the registration fee based on the biennial calculation (\$600) and half paying the fee based on the annual calculation (\$300). Revenues based on the biennial calculation for FY 2012-13 and thereafter would be derived from those registrants paying the annual fee (\$600).

	(FY 11-12)	(FY 12-13)	(FY 13-14)
(984 Registrants estimated) 1 st Year 492 Registrants @ \$600 biennial 492 Registrants @ \$300 annual	\$442,800		
Subsequent Years 492 Registrants @ \$600 biennial		\$295,200	\$295,200
2. Expenditures:			
Recurring	\$266,829	\$266,829	\$266,829

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

PAGE: 3

To the extent that current local fees under local regulation enacted before January 1, 2011, are unreasonable or exceed the cost of administering the regulation, local governments could see a decrease in revenues caused by lowering those fees to be reasonable and in line with the cost of regulation.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Intrastate movers will be able to register biennially, rather than annually. Applicable fees would not change. Movers may see a reduction in the cost of local regulation.

Under certain circumstances, movers may be able to avoid liability for damage to goods packed by shippers.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

The bill has no negative impact on state trust funds as a result of a staggered expiration date for the renewal period.

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

Not applicable. The bill does not appear to require counties or municipalities to spend funds or take an action requiring the expenditure of funds; reduce the authority that the counties or municipalities have to raise revenue in the aggregate; or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

2. Other:

None.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

IV. AMENDMENTS/ COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

None.

STORAGE NAME: h0901b.ANRAS.DOCX

DATE: 3/16/2011

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to household moving services; amending s. 507.01, F.S.; redefining the term "storage"; amending s. 507.03, F.S.; providing for the biennial renewal of mover and moving broker registrations; authorizing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to extend registration expiration dates in order to establish staggered dates; requiring the calculation of biennial registration fees based on an annual rate; deleting a provision requiring certain movers and moving brokers to obtain a local license or registration and pay the state registration fee; amending s. 507.04, F.S.; authorizing a mover to exclude liability for household goods packed by the shipper under certain circumstances; amending s. 507.06, F.S.; authorizing a mover to refuse to transport or ship household goods under certain circumstances; amending s. 507.07, F.S.; prohibiting a mover or moving broker from conducting business without being registered with the department; providing penalties; amending s. 507.13, F.S.; preempting local ordinances and regulations except in certain counties; restricting the levy or collection of local registration fees and taxes of movers and moving brokers; providing for local registration and bonding; exempting local business taxes from preemption; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (13) of section 507.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 507.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (13) "Storage" means the <u>temporary</u> warehousing of a shipper's goods while under the care, custody, and control of the mover.
- Section 2. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 507.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 507.03 Registration.-

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- Each mover and moving broker must annually register with the department, providing its legal business and trade name, mailing address, and business locations; the full names, addresses, and telephone numbers of its owners or corporate officers and directors and the Florida agent of the corporation; a statement whether it is a domestic or foreign corporation, its state and date of incorporation, its charter number, and, if a foreign corporation, the date it registered with the Department of State; the date on which the mover or broker registered its fictitious name if the mover or broker is operating under a fictitious or trade name; the name of all other corporations, business entities, and trade names through which each owner of the mover or broker operated, was known, or did business as a mover or moving broker within the preceding 5 years; and proof of the insurance or alternative coverages required under s. 507.04.
- (3) Registration fees shall be <u>calculated at the rate of</u> \$300 per year per mover or moving broker. All amounts collected shall be deposited by the Chief Financial Officer to the credit

Page 2 of 6

of the General Inspection Trust Fund of the department for the sole purpose of administration of this chapter.

- its expiration date. In order to establish staggered expiration dates, the department may extend the expiration date of a registration for a period not to exceed 12 months. Any mover or moving broker whose principal place of business is located in a county or municipality that requires, by local ordinance, a local license or registration to engage in the business of moving and storage of household goods must obtain the license or registration from the county or municipality. A mover or broker that obtains a local license or registration must also pay the state registration fee under subsection (3).
- Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 507.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 507.04 Required insurance coverages; liability limitations; valuation coverage.—
 - (4) LIABILITY LIMITATIONS; VALUATION RATES.-
- (a) A mover may not limit its liability for the loss or damage of household goods to a valuation rate that is less than 60 cents per pound per article. A provision of a contract for moving services is void if the provision limits a mover's liability to a valuation rate that is less than the minimum rate allowed under this subsection.
- (b) A mover may exclude liability for any household goods packed by the shipper if the exclusion is declared and the shipper declines, in writing, to allow the mover to open and inspect the box or crate in which the goods were packed by the

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

shipper.

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(c) If a mover limits its liability for a shipper's goods, the mover must disclose the limitation, including the valuation rate, to the shipper in writing at the time that the estimate and contract for services are executed and before any moving or accessorial services are provided. The disclosure must also inform the shipper of the opportunity to purchase valuation coverage if the mover offers that coverage under subsection (5).

Section 4. Section 507.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 507.06 <u>Transportation or shipment</u>, delivery, and storage of household goods.—
- (1) A mover, before transporting or shipping a shipper's household goods, may refuse to transport or ship any of the goods if the mover notifies the shipper and the shipper acknowledges the refusal in writing.
- (2)(1) A mover must relinquish household goods to a shipper and must place the goods inside a shipper's dwelling or, if directed by the shipper, inside a storehouse or warehouse that is owned or rented by the shipper or the shipper's agent, unless the shipper has not tendered payment in the amount specified in a written contract or estimate signed and dated by the shipper. A mover may not refuse to relinquish prescription medicines and goods for use by children, including children's furniture, clothing, or toys, under any circumstances.
- (3)(2) A mover may not refuse to relinquish household goods to a shipper or fail to place the goods inside a shipper's dwelling or, if directed by the shipper, inside a storehouse or

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warehouse that is owned or rented by the shipper or the shipper's agent, based on the mover's refusal to accept an acceptable form of payment.

- (4)(3) A mover that lawfully fails to relinquish a shipper's household goods may place the goods in storage until payment is tendered; however, the mover must notify the shipper of the location where the goods are stored and the amount due within 5 days after receipt of a written request for that information from the shipper, which request must include the address where the shipper may receive the notice. A mover may not require a prospective shipper to waive any rights or requirements under this section.
- Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 507.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 507.07 Violations.—It is a violation of this chapter to:
- (1) Conduct business as a mover or moving broker, or advertise to engage in the business of moving or offering to move, without first being registered annually with the department.
- Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 507.13, Florida

 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 134 507.13 Local regulation.—

- (1) (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), this chapter preempts a does not preempt local ordinance ordinances or regulation regulations of a county or municipality which regulates regulate transactions relating to movers of household goods or moving brokers.
 - (b) This chapter does not preempt an ordinance or

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

regulation originally enacted by a county before January 1, 2011, or a subsequent amendment to such an ordinance or regulation. However, registration fees required by such an ordinance or regulation must be reasonable and may not exceed the cost of administering the ordinance or regulation. In addition, registration and bonding may be required only of a mover or moving broker whose principal place of business is located within that county's jurisdiction.

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(c) This section does not preempt a local government's authority to levy a local business tax pursuant to chapter 205.

As provided in s. 507.03(4), counties and municipalities may require, levy, or collect any registration fee or tax or require the registration or bonding in any manner of any mover or moving broker.

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #:

CS/HB 735 Division of Forestry

SPONSOR(S): Porter

TIED BILLS: None IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 1046

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
1) Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee	15 Y, 0 N, As CS	Kaiser	Blalock
2) Rulemaking & Regulation Subcommittee	11 Y, 0 N	Jensen	Rubottom
Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee		Lolley	Massengale SW
4) State Affairs Committee			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

The Division of Forestry (division) within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (department) is responsible for managing more than one million acres of forest resources. Besides forest management, the division also provides wildfire prevention and suppression among its many other duties.

Florida has had an organized forestry service for more than 80 years. Prior to the State Governmental Reorganization Act of 1969¹ (act), the state forests fell under the jurisdiction of the Florida Forest Service (service). The service was led by the Florida Board of Forestry (board), which was appointed by, and reported directly to, the governor. The board was responsible for setting forest policy, as well as appointing state foresters, among other responsibilities.

With the passage of the act in 1969, the service became a division within the newly created Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the board was converted to the Florida Advisory Council, which reported to the Commissioner of Agriculture.

The bill changes the name of the Division of Forestry to the Florida Forest Service, as it was first designated in the early 1900s. The bill also changes the title of the director of the Division of Forestry to the State Forester.

The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (department) states that the fiscal impact of this legislation would be minimal² with the signage transition occurring over a 3-year period. The bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact on local governments.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0735d.ANRAS.DOCX

DATE: 3/17/2011

¹ In 1968, Florida voters approved a new State Constitution that called for consolidation of a number of executive offices, requiring that 159 offices, boards, and departments be reorganized into "not more than twenty-five departments."

² \$6.600 (nonrecurring)

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Current Situation

The Division of Forestry (division) within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (department) is responsible for managing more than one million acres of forest resources. Besides forest management, the division also provides wildfire prevention and suppression among its many other duties.

Florida has had an organized forestry service for more than 80 years. Prior to the State Governmental Reorganization Act of 1969³ (act), the state forests fell under the jurisdiction of the Florida Forest Service (service). The service was led by the Florida Board of Forestry (board), which was appointed by, and reported directly to, the governor. The board was responsible for setting forest policy, as well as appointing state foresters, among other responsibilities.

With the passage of the act in 1969, the service became a division within the newly created Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the board was converted to the Florida Advisory Council, which reported to the Commissioner of Agriculture.

Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill changes the name of the Division of Forestry to the Florida Forest Service, as it was first designated in the early 1900s. The bill also changes the title of the director of the Division of Forestry to the State Forester.

B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Sections 1-5: Amending ss. 20.14, 121.0515, 125.27, 253.036, and 258.501, F.S.; renaming the Division of Forestry as the Florida Forest Service.

Section 6: Amending s. 25.035, F.S.; renaming the director of the Division of Forestry as the State Forester.

Section 7: Amending s. 259.036, F.S.; renaming the Division of Forestry as the Florida Forest Service.

Section 8: Amending s. 259.037, F.S.; renaming the director of the Division of Forestry as the State Forester.

Sections 9-11: Amending ss. 259.101, 259.105, and 259.10521, F.S.; renaming the Division of Forestry as the Florida Forest Service.

Section 12: Amending s. 260.0142, F.S.; renaming the director of the Division of Forestry as the State Forester.

Sections 13-67: Amending ss. 261.03, 261.04, 261.06, 261.12, 317.0010, 317.0016, 373.591, 379.226, 403.7071, 479.16, 570.29, 570.548, 570.549, 570.903, 581.1843, 589.01, 589.011, 589.012, 589.04, 589.06, 589.07, 589.071, 589.08, 589.081, 589.09, 589.10, 589.101, 589.11, 589.12, 589.13, 589.14, 589.18, 589.19, 589.20, 589.21, 589.26, 589.27, 589.275, 589.277, 589.28, 589.29, 589.30, 589.31, 589.32, 589.33, 589.34, 590.01, 590.015, 590.02, 590.081, 590.091, 590.125, 590.14, 590.16, and 590.25, F.S.; renaming the Division of Forestry as the Florida Forest Service.

Sections 68-69: Amending ss. 590.33 and 590.34, F.S.; renaming the director of the Division of Forestry as the State Forester.

DATE: 3/17/2011

³ In 1968, Florida voters approved a new State Constitution that called for consolidation of a number of executive offices, requiring that 159 offices, boards, and departments be reorganized into "not more than twenty-five departments."

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Sections 70-71: Amending ss. 590.35 and 590.42, F.S.; renaming the Division of Forestry as the Florida Forest Service.

Section 72: Amending chapter 591, F.S.; amending the name of Chapter 591, F.S., from "Forest Development" to "Community Forests."

Sections 73-84: Amending ss. 591.15, 591.16, 591.17, 591.18, 591.19, 591.20, 591.21, 591.22, 591.23, 591.24, 591.25, and 591.26, F.S.; revising terminology used in provisions relating to community forests, transferring and renumbering statute sections, and renaming the Division of Forestry as the Florida Forest Service.

Sections 85-87: Amending ss. 633.115, 633.821, and 790.15, F.S.; renaming the Division of Forestry as the Florida Forest Service.

Section 88: Providing an effective date of July 1, 2011.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

See Fiscal Comments section.

- B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
 - 1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

None

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

None

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (department) states that the fiscal impact of this legislation would be minimal⁴ with the signage transition occurring over a 3-year period.

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

Not applicable. This bill does not appear to require counties or municipalities to spend funds or take an action requiring the expenditure of funds, reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenues in the aggregate, or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

STORAGE NAME: h0735d.ANRAS.DOCX

DATE: 3/17/2011

⁴ \$6,600 (nonrecurring)

2. Other:

None

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None

IV. AMENDMENTS/ COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

On March 8, 2011, the Agriculture and Natural Resources Subcommittee adopted one amendment to HB 735. The amendment was technical in nature, changing a reference to the "division" to the Florida Forest Service.

STORAGE NAME: h0735d.ANRAS.DOCX

DATE: 3/17/2011

A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to the Division of Forestry; amending s. 20.14, F.S.; renaming the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services as the Florida Forest Service; amending ss. 121.0515, 125.27, 253.036, and 258.501, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 259.035, F.S.; redesignating the director of the division as the State Forester; amending ss. 259.036, 259.037, 259.101, 259.105, 259.10521, 260.0142, 261.03, 261.04, 261.06, 261.12, 317.0010, 317.0016, 373.591, 379.226, 403.7071, 479.16, 570.29, and 570.548, F.S.; conforming provisions; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 570.549, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending ss. 570.903, 581.1843, 589.01, 589.011, 589.012, 589.04, 589.06, and 589.07, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 589.071, F.S.; clarifying what constitutes a violation of certain rules regulating traffic control in state forests for which penalties apply; conforming provisions; amending ss. 589.08, 589.081, 589.09, and 589.10, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 589.101, F.S.; clarifying requirements for leases of the state's interest in oil, gas, and minerals in the Blackwater River State Forest; conforming provisions; amending s. 589.11, F.S.;

provisions; amending ss. 589.12, 589.13, 589.14, 589.18, Page 1 of 74

the repeal of certain federal provisions; conforming

clarifying an authorization for the state's cooperation

with the United States Secretary of Agriculture under the

federal Clarke-McNary Act; conforming a cross-reference to

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589.19, 589.20, and 589.21, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 589.26, F.S.; clarifying requirements for the dedication of state park lands for public use; conforming provisions; amending ss. 589.27, 589.275, and 589.277, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending ss. 589.28, 589.29, 589.30, 589.31, 589.32, 589.33, and 589.34, F.S.; clarifying requirements for assistance provided to counties and municipalities by the Florida Forest Service under cooperative agreements; conforming cross-references; conforming provisions; amending ss. 590.01, 590.015, 590.02, 590.081, 590.091, 590.125, 590.14, 590.16, 590.25, 590.33, 590.34, and 590.35, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 590.42, F.S.; clarifying that funds received or contributed by counties under a certain federal fire assistance program are supplementary to certain county fire control funds and assessments; conforming provisions; redesignating the title of chapter 591, F.S.; amending s. 591.15, F.S.; conforming a short title; amending ss. 591.16, 591.17, 591.18, 591.19, and 591.20, F.S.; revising terminology used in provisions relating to community forests; conforming provisions; transferring, renumbering, and amending ss. 591.21 and 591.22, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending ss. 591.23, 591.24, and 591.25, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 591.26, F.S.; clarifying provisions authorizing sale of community forests upon referendum election; amending ss. 633.115, 633.821, and 790.15, F.S.; conforming provisions; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (h) of subsection (2) of section 20.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 20.14 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. —
 There is created a Department of Agriculture and Consumer
 Services.
- (2) The following divisions of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services are established:
 - (h) Florida Forest Service Forestry.
- Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 121.0515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 121.0515 Special risk membership. -
- (2) CRITERIA.—A member, to be designated as a special risk member, must meet the following criteria:
- (b) The member must be employed as a firefighter and be certified, or required to be certified, in compliance with s. 633.35 and be employed solely within the fire department of a local government employer or an agency of state government with firefighting responsibilities. In addition, the member's duties and responsibilities must include on-the-scene fighting of fires, fire prevention, or firefighter training; direct supervision of firefighting units, fire prevention, or firefighter training; or aerial firefighting surveillance performed by fixed-wing aircraft pilots employed by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; or the member must be the

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supervisor or command officer of a member or members who have such responsibilities; provided, however, administrative support personnel, including, but not limited to, those whose primary duties and responsibilities are in accounting, purchasing, legal, and personnel, shall not be included and further provided that all periods of creditable service in fire prevention or firefighter training, or as the supervisor or command officer of a member or members who have such responsibilities, and for which the employer paid the special risk contribution rate, shall be included;

- Section 3. Section 125.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 125.27 Countywide forest fire protection; authority of Florida Forest Service the Division of Forestry; state funding; county fire control assessments; disposition; equipment donations.—
- (1) The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the board of county commissioners of each county in this state shall enter into agreements for the establishment and maintenance of countywide fire protection of all forest and wild lands within the said county, with the total cost of such fire protection being funded by state and federal funds. Each county shall, under the terms of such agreements, be assessed each fiscal year, as its share of the cost of providing such fire protection, a sum in dollars equal to the total forest and wild land acreage of the county, as determined by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, multiplied by 7 cents. The forest

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and wild lands acreage included in such agreements shall be reviewed each year by the contracting parties and the number of forest and wild land acres and the annual fire control assessment adjusted so as to reflect the current forest acreage of the county. If In the event the Florida Forest Service division and the county commissioners do not agree, the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall make such acreage determination. All fire control assessments received by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry from the several counties under agreements made under pursuant to this section shall be deposited as follows:

- (a) An amount equal to the total forest land and wild land acreage of the counties, multiplied by 4 cents, shall be distributed to the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry; and
- (b) An amount equal to the total forest land and wild land acreage of the counties, multiplied by 3 cents, shall be distributed to the General Revenue Fund.
- (2) The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry may include provisions in the agreements authorized in this section, or execute separate or supplemental agreements with the several counties, county agencies, or municipalities, to provide communication services and other services directly related to fire protection within the county, other than forest fire control, on a cost reimbursable basis only, but provided the rendering of such services may does not hinder or impede in any way the Florida Forest Service's division's ability to accomplish its primary function with respect to forest fire

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may lease, loan, or otherwise make available, without charge, to state, county, and local governmental entities that have <u>fire-rescue fire/rescue</u> responsibilities, new or used fire protection equipment, vehicles, or supplies, <u>including which shall include</u> all such items received from public or private entities. The department, and those private or public entities providing at no cost, or de minimis cost, such items for loan or lease through the department <u>are</u>, <u>shall</u> not <u>be held</u> liable for civil damages resulting from use or possession of such items. Private or public entities that donate <u>fire-rescue fire/rescue</u> equipment, vehicles, or supplies directly to state, county, or local governmental entities having <u>fire-rescue fire/rescue</u> responsibilities <u>are shall</u> not <u>be held</u> liable for civil damages resulting from use or possession of such items.

Section 4. Section 253.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

253.036 Forest management.—All land management plans described in s. 253.034(5) that which are prepared for parcels larger than 1,000 acres shall contain an analysis of the multiple-use potential of the parcel, which analysis shall include the potential of the parcel to generate revenues to enhance the management of the parcel. The lead agency shall prepare the analysis, which shall contain a component or section prepared by a qualified professional forester that which assesses the feasibility of managing timber resources on the parcel for resource conservation and revenue generation purposes

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through a stewardship ethic that embraces sustainable forest management practices if the lead management agency determines that the timber resource management is not in conflict with the primary management objectives of the parcel. For purposes of this section, practicing sustainable forest management means meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs by practicing a land stewardship ethic that which integrates the reforestation, managing, growing, nurturing, and harvesting of trees for useful products with the conservation of soil, air and water quality, wildlife and fish habitat, and aesthetics. The Legislature intends that each lead management agency, whenever practicable and cost effective, use the services of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or other qualified private sector professional forester in completing such feasibility assessments and implementing timber resource management. The Legislature further intends that the lead management agency develop a memorandum of agreement with the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry to provide for full reimbursement for any services provided for the feasibility assessments or timber resource management. All additional revenues generated through multiple-use management or compatible secondary use management shall be returned to the lead agency responsible for such management and shall be used to pay for management activities on all conservation, preservation, and recreation lands under the agency's jurisdiction. In addition, such revenue shall be segregated in an agency trust fund and shall remain

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available to the agency in subsequent fiscal years to support land management appropriations.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 258.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

258.501 Myakka River; wild and scenic segment.-

(7) MANAGEMENT COORDINATING COUNCIL. -

- (a) Upon designation, the department shall create a permanent council to provide interagency and intergovernmental coordination in the management of the river. The coordinating council shall be composed of one representative appointed from each of the following: the department, the Department of Transportation, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Department of Community Affairs, the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State, the Tampa Bay Regional Planning Council, the Southwest Florida Water Management District, the Southwest Florida Regional Planning Council, Manatee County, Sarasota County, Charlotte County, the City of Sarasota, the City of North Port, agricultural interests, environmental organizations, and any others deemed advisable by the department.
- Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 259.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 259.035 Acquisition and Restoration Council. -
- (1) There is created the Acquisition and Restoration Council.
- (b) The five remaining appointees shall be composed of the Secretary of Environmental Protection, the State Forester

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director of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the director of the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State, and the secretary of the Department of Community Affairs, or their respective designees.

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 259.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

259.036 Management review teams. -

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- (1) To determine whether conservation, preservation, and recreation lands titled in the name of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund are being managed for the purposes for which they were acquired and in accordance with a land management plan adopted pursuant to s. 259.032, the board of trustees, acting through the Department of Environmental Protection, shall cause periodic management reviews to be conducted as follows:
- (a) The department shall establish a regional land management review team composed of the following members:
- 1. One individual who is from the county or local community in which the parcel or project is located and who is selected by the county commission in the county which is most impacted by the acquisition.
- 2. One individual from the Division of Recreation and Parks of the department.
- 3. One individual from the <u>Florida Forest Service</u> Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

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4. One individual from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

- 5. One individual from the department's district office in which the parcel is located.
- 6. A private land manager mutually agreeable to the state agency representatives.
- 7. A member of the local soil and water conservation district board of supervisors.
 - 8. A member of a conservation organization.

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- Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 259.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 259.037 Land Management Uniform Accounting Council. -
- The Land Management Uniform Accounting Council is created within the Department of Environmental Protection and shall consist of the director of the Division of State Lands, the director of the Division of Recreation and Parks, the director of the Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas, and the director of the Office of Greenways and Trails of the Department of Environmental Protection; the State Forester director of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; the executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; and the director of the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State, or their respective designees. Each state agency represented on the council has shall have one vote. The chair of the council shall rotate annually in the foregoing order of state agencies. The agency of the representative serving as chair of the council shall provide staff support for the council. The Division of

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State Lands shall serve as the recipient of and repository for the council's documents. The council shall meet at the request of the chair.

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- Section 9. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) and subsection (5) of section 259.101, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

 259.101 Florida Preservation 2000 Act.—
- LAND ACQUISITION PROGRAMS SUPPLEMENTED. -Less the costs of issuance, the costs of funding reserve accounts, and other costs with respect to the bonds, the proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to this act shall be deposited into the Florida Preservation 2000 Trust Fund created by s. 375.045. In fiscal year 2000-2001, for each Florida Preservation 2000 program described in paragraphs (a)-(g), that portion of each program's total remaining cash balance which, as of June 30, 2000, is in excess of that program's total remaining appropriation balances shall be redistributed by the department and deposited into the Save Our Everglades Trust Fund for land acquisition. For purposes of calculating the total remaining cash balances for this redistribution, the Florida Preservation 2000 Series 2000 bond proceeds, including interest thereon, and the fiscal year 1999-2000 General Appropriations Act amounts shall be deducted from the remaining cash and appropriation balances, respectively. The remaining proceeds shall be distributed by the Department of Environmental Protection in the following manner:
- (e) Two and nine-tenths percent to the <u>Florida Forest</u>

 <u>Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services</u> to fund the acquisition of state forest inholdings and additions pursuant to s. 589.07.

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Local governments may use federal grants or loans, private donations, or environmental mitigation funds, including environmental mitigation funds required pursuant to s. 338.250, for any part or all of any local match required for the purposes described in this subsection. Bond proceeds allocated pursuant to paragraph (c) may be used to purchase lands on the priority lists developed pursuant to s. 259.035. Title to lands purchased pursuant to paragraphs (a), (d), (e), (f), and (g) shall be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. Title to lands purchased pursuant to paragraph (c) may be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. The board of trustees shall hold title to land protection agreements and conservation easements that were or will be acquired pursuant to s. 380.0677, and the Southwest Florida Water Management District and the St. Johns River Water Management District shall monitor such agreements and easements within their respective districts until the state assumes this responsibility.

Oivision of Forestry from the Preservation 2000 Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (3)(e) may only shall be used only to pay the cost of the acquisition of lands in furtherance of outdoor recreation and natural resources conservation in this state. The administration and use of any funds received by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry from the Preservation 2000 Trust Fund are will be subject to such terms and conditions imposed thereon by the agency of the state responsible for the

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issuance of the revenue bonds, the proceeds of which are deposited in the Preservation 2000 Trust Fund, including restrictions imposed to ensure that the interest on any such revenue bonds issued by the state as tax-exempt revenue bonds are will not be included in the gross income of the holders of such bonds for federal income tax purposes. All deeds for or leases of with respect to any real property acquired with funds received by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry from the Preservation 2000 Trust Fund shall contain such covenants and restrictions as are sufficient to ensure that the use of such real property at all times complies with s. 375.051 and s. 9, Art. XII of the 1968 Constitution of Florida; and shall contain reverter clauses providing for the reversion of title to such property to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or, in the case of a lease of such property, providing for termination of the lease upon a failure to use the property conveyed thereby for such purposes.

Section 10. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 259.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

259.105 The Florida Forever Act. -

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- (3) Less the costs of issuing and the costs of funding reserve accounts and other costs associated with bonds, the proceeds of cash payments or bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Florida Forever Trust Fund created by s. 259.1051. The proceeds shall be distributed by the Department of Environmental Protection in the following manner:
- (f) One and five-tenths percent to the <u>Florida Forest</u>

 <u>Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture</u>

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and Consumer Services to fund the acquisition of state forest inholdings and additions pursuant to s. 589.07, the implementation of reforestation plans or sustainable forestry management practices, and for capital project expenditures as described in this section. At a minimum, 1 percent, but and no more than 10 percent, of the funds allocated for the acquisition of inholdings and additions pursuant to this paragraph may shall be spent on capital project expenditures identified during the time of acquisition which meet land management planning activities necessary for public access.

Section 11. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 259.10521, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

259.10521 Citizen support organization; use of property.-

- (1) <u>DEFINITION</u> <u>DEFINITIONS</u>. As used in <u>For the purpose of</u> this section, the <u>term</u> "citizen support organization" means an <u>organization that is:</u>
- (a) a Florida corporation not for profit incorporated under the provisions of chapter 617 and approved by the Department of State that is: $\dot{\tau}$
- (a) (b) Organized and operated to conduct programs and activities in the best interest of the state; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, real or personal; and make expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the Babcock Crescent B Ranch;
 - (b) (c) Determined by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation

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Commission and the <u>Florida Forest Service</u> <u>Division of Forestry</u> within the <u>Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services</u> to be consistent with the goals of the state in acquiring the ranch and in the best interests of the state; and

- (c) (d) Approved in writing by the Fish and Wildlife
 Conservation Commission and the Florida Forest Service Division
 of Forestry to operate for the direct or indirect benefit of the
 ranch and in the best interest of the state. Such approval must
 shall be given in a letter of agreement from the Fish and
 Wildlife Conservation Commission and the Florida Forest Service
 Division of Forestry. Only one citizen support organization may
 be created to operate for the direct or indirect benefit of the
 Babcock Crescent B Ranch.
 - (2) USE OF PROPERTY. -

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- (a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry may permit, without charge, appropriate use of fixed property and facilities of the Babcock Crescent B Ranch by a citizen support organization, subject to the provisions of this section. Such use must be directly in keeping with the approved purposes of the citizen support organization and may not be made at times or places that would unreasonably interfere with recreational opportunities for the general public.
- (b) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry may adopt rules prescribing the conditions prescribe by rule any condition with which the citizen support organization must shall comply in order to use fixed property or facilities of the ranch.

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(c) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the Florida Forest Service may Division of Forestry shall not permit the use of any fixed property or facilities of the ranch by a citizen support organization that does not provide equal membership and employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.

(3) PARTNERSHIPS. -

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(b) The Legislature may annually appropriate funds from the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for use only as state matching funds, in conjunction with private donations in aggregates of at least \$60,000, matched by \$40,000 of state funds, for a total minimum project amount of \$100,000 for capital improvement facility development at the ranch at either individually designated locations or for priority projects within the overall ranch system. The citizen support organization may acquire private donations under pursuant to this section, and matching state funds for approved projects may be provided in accordance with this subsection. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the Florida Forest Service may Division of Forestry are authorized to properly recognize and honor a private donor by placing a plaque or other appropriate designation noting the contribution on project facilities or by naming project facilities after the person or organization that provided matching funds. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the Florida Forest Service may Division of Forestry are authorized to adopt necessary administrative rules to administer carry out the purposes of this subsection.

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Section 12. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 450 260.0142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

260.0142 Florida Greenways and Trails Council; composition; powers and duties.—

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- (1) There is created within the department the Florida Greenways and Trails Council which shall advise the department in the execution of the department's powers and duties under this chapter. The council shall be composed of 21 members, consisting of:
 - (d) The following 10 remaining members shall include:
- 1. The Secretary of Environmental Protection or a designee.
- 2. The executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or a designee.
 - 3. The Secretary of Community Affairs or a designee.
 - 4. The Secretary of Transportation or a designee.
- 5. The <u>State Forester</u> <u>Director of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services</u> or a designee.
- 6. The director of the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State or a designee.
- 7. A representative of the water management districts.

 Membership on the council shall rotate among the five districts.

 The districts shall determine the order of rotation.
- 8. A representative of a federal land management agency. The Secretary of Environmental Protection shall identify the appropriate federal agency and request designation of a representative from the agency to serve on the council.

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9. A representative of the regional planning councils to be appointed by the Secretary of Environmental Protection in consultation with the Secretary of Community Affairs. Membership on the council shall rotate among the seven regional planning councils. The regional planning councils shall determine the order of rotation.

- 10. A representative of local governments to be appointed by the Secretary of Environmental Protection in consultation with the Secretary of Community Affairs. Membership shall alternate between a county representative and a municipal representative.
- Section 13. Subsections (5) through (12) of section 261.03, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through (11), respectively, and present subsections (4) and (11) of that section are amended to read:
 - 261.03 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (4) "Division" means the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (10)(11) "Trust fund" means the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 261.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 261.04 Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Advisory Committee; members; appointment.—
- (1) Effective July 1, 2003, the Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Advisory Committee is created within the <u>Florida</u>

 <u>Forest Service Division of Forestry</u> and consists of nine

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members, all of whom are appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture. The appointees shall include one representative of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, one representative of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, one representative of the Department of Environmental Protection's Office of Greenways and Trails, one representative of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, one citizen with scientific expertise in disciplines relating to ecology, wildlife biology, or other environmental sciences, one representative of a licensed off-highway vehicle dealer, and three representatives of off-highway vehicle recreation groups. In making these appointments, the commissioner shall consider the places of residence of the members to ensure statewide representation.

Section 15. Section 261.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 261.06 <u>Florida Forest Service</u>; functions, duties, and responsibilities of the department.—The following are functions, duties, and responsibilities of the <u>Florida Forest Service</u> department through the division:
- (1) <u>Coordinating Coordination of</u> the planning, development, conservation, and rehabilitation of state lands in and for the system.
- (2) <u>Coordinating</u> Coordination of the management, maintenance, administration, and operation of state lands in the system and <u>providing</u> the <u>provision of</u> law enforcement and appropriate public safety activities.
 - (3) <u>Managing</u> <u>Management of</u> the trust fund and <u>approving</u>
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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533 approval of the advisory committee's budget recommendations.

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- (4) <u>Implementing Implementation of</u> the program, including the ultimate approval of grant applications submitted by governmental agencies or entities or nongovernmental entities.
- (5) Coordinating the program Coordination to help ensure compliance with environmental laws and regulations $\underline{\text{for of}}$ the $\underline{\text{public}}$ $\underline{\text{program and}}$ lands in the system.
- (6) <u>Implementing</u> Implementation of the policies established by the advisory committee.
- (7) <u>Providing Provision of staff assistance to the advisory committee.</u>
- (8) <u>Preparing Preparation of plans for public</u> lands in, or proposed to be included in, the system.
- (9) Conducting surveys and <u>preparing</u> the <u>preparation of</u> studies as are necessary or desirable for implementing the program.
- (10) Recruiting Recruitment and using utilization of volunteers to further the program.
- (11) Adopting rules Rulemaking authority to administer implement the provisions of ss. 261.01-261.10.
- Section 16. Section 261.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 261.12 Designated off-highway vehicle funds within the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (1) The designated off-highway vehicle funds of the trust fund shall consist of deposits from the following sources:

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(a) Fees paid to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for the titling of off-highway vehicles.

- (b) Revenues and income from any other sources required by law or as appropriated by the Legislature for deposit to be deposited into the trust fund as designated off-highway vehicle funds.
- (c) Donations from private sources that are designated as off-highway vehicle funds.
- (d) Interest earned on designated off-highway vehicle funds on deposit in the trust fund.
- (2) Designated off-highway vehicle funds in the trust fund shall be available for recommended allocation by the Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Advisory Committee and the department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and upon annual appropriation by the Legislature, exclusively for the following:
- (a) Implementation of the Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Program by the department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, including which includes personnel and other related expenses **, administrative and operating expenses **, and** expenses related to safety, training, and rider education programs **; managing, maintaining, and rehabilitating management, maintenance, and rehabilitation of lands in the Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Program's system of lands and trails; and, if funds are available, acquiring acquisition of lands for inclusion to be included in the system and managing, maintaining, and rehabilitating the management, maintenance, and rehabilitation of such lands.
 - (b) Approved grants to governmental agencies or entities

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or nongovernmental entities that wish to provide or improve off-highway vehicle recreation areas or trails for public use on public lands, provide environmental protection and restoration to affected natural areas in the system, provide enforcement of applicable regulations related to the system and off-highway vehicle activities, or provide education in the operation of off-highway vehicles.

(c) Matching funds to be used to match grant funds available from other sources.

(3) Notwithstanding s. 216.301 and pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance of designated off-highway vehicle funds in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the trust fund therein and shall be available for the purposes set out in this section and as otherwise provided by law.

Section 17. Section 317.0010, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0010 Disposition of fees.—The department shall deposit all funds received under this chapter, less administrative costs of \$2 per title transaction, into the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

Section 18. Section 317.0016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0016 Expedited service; applications; fees.—The department shall provide, through its agents and for use by the public, expedited service on title transfers, title issuances, duplicate titles, recordation of liens, and certificates of repossession. A fee of \$7 shall be charged for this service,

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which is in addition to the fees imposed by ss. 317.0007 and 317.0008, and \$3.50 of this fee shall be retained by the processing agency. All remaining fees shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Application for expedited service may be made by mail or in person. The department shall issue each title applied for under pursuant to this section within 5 working days after receipt of the application except for an application for a duplicate title certificate covered by s. 317.0008(3), in which case the title must be issued within 5 working days after compliance with the department's verification requirements.

Section 19. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 373.591, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.591 Management review teams. -

- (1) To determine whether conservation, preservation, and recreation lands titled in the names of the water management districts are being managed for the purposes for which they were acquired and in accordance with land management objectives, the water management districts shall establish land management review teams to conduct periodic management reviews. The land management review teams shall be composed of the following members:
- (h) One individual from the <u>Florida Forest Service</u>

 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' Division of Forestry.
- Section 20. Subsection (10) of section 379.226, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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379.226 Florida Territorial Waters Act; alien-owned commercial fishing vessels; prohibited acts; enforcement.

- (10) Harbormasters and law enforcement agencies <u>may are authorized to</u> request assistance from the Civil Air Patrol in the surveillance of suspect vessels. Aircraft of the <u>Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services</u> or other state or county agencies which are conveniently located and not otherwise occupied may be similarly <u>used utilized</u>.
- Section 21. Subsection (6) of section 403.7071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 403.7071 Management of storm-generated debris.—Solid waste generated as a result of a storm event that is the subject of an emergency order issued by the department may be managed as follows:
- (6) Local governments or their agents may conduct the burning of storm-generated yard trash, other storm-generated vegetative debris, or untreated wood from construction and demolition debris in air-curtain incinerators without prior notice to the department. Within 10 days after commencing such burning, the local government shall notify the department in writing describing the general nature of the materials burned; the location and method of burning; and the name, address, and telephone number of the representative of the local government to contact concerning the work. The operator of the air-curtain incinerator is subject to any requirement of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry or of any other agency concerning authorization to conduct open burning. Any person conducting

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open burning of vegetative debris is also subject to such requirements.

Section 22. Subsection (5) of section 479.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 479.16 Signs for which permits are not required.—The following signs are exempt from the requirement that a permit for a sign be obtained under the provisions of this chapter but are required to comply with the provisions of s. 479.11(4) (8):
- (5) Danger or precautionary signs relating to the premises on which they are located; forest fire warning signs erected under the authority of the <u>Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services</u>; and signs, notices, or symbols erected by the United States Government under the direction of the United States Forestry Service.
- Section 23. Subsection (8) of section 570.29, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 570.29 Departmental divisions.—The department shall include the following divisions:
 - (8) Florida Forest Service Forestry.
- Section 24. Section 570.548, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 570.548 <u>Florida Forest Service; State Forester</u> Division of Forestry; powers and duties.—
- (1) The duties of the <u>Florida Forest Service</u> Division of

 Forestry include, but are not limited to, administering and enforcing those powers and responsibilities of the <u>Florida</u>

 <u>Forest Service</u> <u>division</u> prescribed in chapters 589, 590, and 591

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and the rules adopted <u>under those chapters</u> pursuant thereto and in other forest fire, forest protection, and forest management laws of this state.

Section 25. Section 570.549, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as subsection (2) of section 570.548, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

570.549 Director; duties. -

- (2)(a)(1) The head director of the Florida Forest Service shall be the State Forester, who Division of Forestry shall be appointed by the commissioner and shall serve at the commissioner's pleasure.
- (b)(2) It shall be the duty of The State Forester shall director of this division to direct and supervise the overall operation of the Florida Forest Service division and to exercise such other powers and duties as authorized by the department.
- Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 570.903, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.903 Direct-support organization.

- (1) When the Legislature authorizes the establishment of a direct-support organization to provide assistance for the museums, the Florida Agriculture in the Classroom Program, the Florida State Collection of Arthropods, the Friends of the Florida State Forests Program of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, and the Forestry Arson Alert Program, and other programs of the department, the following provisions shall govern the creation, use, powers, and duties of the direct-support organization:
 - (a) The department shall enter into a memorandum or letter

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of agreement with the direct-support organization, which shall specify the approval of the department, the powers and duties of the direct-support organization, and rules with which the direct-support organization must shall comply.

- (b) The department may permit, without charge, appropriate use of property, facilities, and personnel of the department by a direct-support organization, subject to the provisions of ss. 570.902 and 570.903. The use shall be directly in keeping with the approved purposes of the direct-support organization and may shall not be made at times or places that would unreasonably interfere with opportunities for the general public to use department facilities for established purposes.
- (c) The department shall prescribe by contract or by rule conditions with which a direct-support organization <u>must shall</u> comply in order to use property, facilities, or personnel of the department or museum. Such rules shall provide for budget and audit review and oversight by the department.
- (d) The department <u>may shall</u> not permit the use of property, facilities, or personnel of the museum, department, or designated program by a direct-support organization <u>that</u> which does not provide equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.

Section 27. Subsection (7) of section 581.1843, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

581.1843 Citrus nursery stock propagation and production and the establishment of regulated areas around citrus nurseries.—

(7) The department shall relocate foundation source trees maintained by the Division of Plant Industry from various locations, including those in Dundee and Winter Haven, to protective structures at the <u>Florida Forest Service's Division of Forestry</u> nursery in Chiefland or to other protective sites located a minimum of 10 miles from any commercial citrus grove.

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Section 28. Section 589.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 589.01 Florida Forestry Council.—The Florida Forestry Council, hereinafter called the "council," is hereby created within the Florida Forest Service in the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. The council shall be composed of five members appointed by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for terms of 4 years.
- (1) There shall be one member of the council from each of the following areas of forestry:
 - (a) The pulp and paper manufacturing industry.
- (b) A forest products industry other than that described in paragraph (a).
 - (c) A timber or timber products dealer.
 - (d) An individual forest landowner.
- (e) An active member of a statewide conservation organization having as one of its principal objectives the conservation and development of the forest resource.
- (2) At least Not fewer than two but not or more than three nominations must shall be made for each appointment to membership on the council, and any statewide organization representing an area of forestry represented on the council may

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785 make nominations.

(3) The council shall meet at the call of its chair, at the request of a majority of its membership or of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or at such times as the department may prescribe be prescribed by rule its rules.

- (4) A majority of the members of the council <u>constitutes</u> shall constitute a quorum for all purposes, and an act by a majority of such quorum at any meeting <u>constitutes</u> shall constitute an official act of the council.
- (5) The powers and duties of the council <u>are to shall be</u> as follows:
 - (a) To Consider and study the entire field of forestry . +
- (b) To Advise, counsel, and consult, upon request, with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the State Forester director of the Division of Forestry upon requesting connection with the adoption promulgation, administration, and enforcement of all laws and rules relating to forestry.
- (c) To Consider all matters submitted to the council it by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or the State Forester. director of the Division of Forestry;
- (d) To Offer suggestions and recommendations to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the State

 Forester director of the Division of Forestry on the council's its own initiative with in regard to changes in the laws and rules relating to forestry for as may be deemed advisable to secure the effective administration and enforcement of such laws and rules relating to the work of the Florida Forest Service.

 division; and

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(e) To Keep a complete record of all of the council's its proceedings, showing the names of the members present at each meeting and any action taken by the council, and to file and maintain such records in the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry as a public record.

Section 29. Section 589.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.011 Use of state forest lands; fees; rules.—<u>The</u> Florida Forest Service may:

- (1) The Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may Grant privileges, permits, leases, and concessions for the use of state forest lands, timber, and forest products for purposes not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.
- easements for rights-of-way, over, across, and upon state forest lands for the construction and maintenance of <u>public roads</u>, poles and lines for the transmission and distribution of electrical power, pipelines for the distribution and transportation of oils and gases, and <u>poles and lines</u> for telephone and telegraphic purposes and for <u>public roads</u>, under such conditions and limitations as the <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division may impose.
- (3) The Division of Forestry shall have the power to Set and charge reasonable fees or rent for the use or operation of facilities on state forests or any lands leased by or otherwise assigned to the Florida Forest Service division for management purposes. Moneys collected from such fees and rent shall be

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deposited into the Incidental Trust Fund of the $\[\frac{\text{Florida Forest}}{\text{Service }}\]$

- (4) The Division of Forestry may Adopt and enforce rules necessary for the protection, use utilization, occupancy, and development of state forest lands or any lands leased by or otherwise assigned to the Florida Forest Service division for management purposes. Any person who violates violating or otherwise fails failing to comply with any provision of this subsection or any rule adopted under this subsection commits a noncriminal violation as defined in s. 775.08(3), punishable only by a fine, not to exceed \$500 per violation. Jurisdiction shall be with The appropriate county court has jurisdiction.
- (5) The Division of Forestry may Prohibit on state forest lands, or any lands leased by or otherwise assigned to the Florida Forest Service division for management purposes, activities that interfere with management objectives, create a nuisance, or pose a threat to public safety. Such prohibited activities must be posted with signs not more than 500 feet apart along, and at each corner of, the boundaries of the land. The signs must be placed along the boundary line of posted land in a manner and in such position as to be clearly noticeable from outside the boundary line. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (6) The Division of Forestry may Enter into contracts or agreements, with or without competitive bidding or procurement, to make available, on a fair, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory

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basis, property and other structures under the Florida Forest Service's division control for the placement of new facilities by any wireless provider of mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 153(27) or 47 U.S.C. s. 332(d) or any telecommunications company as defined in s. 364.02 when it is determined to be practical and feasible to make such property or other structures available. The Florida Forest Service division may, without adopting a rule, charge a just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory fee for the placement of the facilities, payable annually, based on the fair market value of space used by comparable communications facilities in the state. The Florida Forest Service division and a wireless provider or telecommunications company may negotiate the reduction or elimination of a fee in consideration of services provided to the Florida Forest Service division by the wireless provider or telecommunications company. All such fees collected by the Florida Forest Service division shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund.

Section 30. Section 589.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.012 Friends of Florida State Forests Program.—The Friends of Florida State Forests Program is established within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Its purpose is to provide support and assistance for existing and future programs of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry.

These programs must be consistent with the division's mission statement which is incorporated by reference. The purpose of the program is to:

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(1) Conduct programs and activities related to environmental education, fire prevention, recreation, and forest management.

- (2) Identify and pursue methods to provide resources and materials for these programs.
- (3) Establish a statewide method to integrate these resources and materials.

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Section 31. Section 589.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.04 Florida Forest Service; duties of division.-

- (1) The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> <u>Division of Forestry</u> shall cooperate with federal, state, and local governmental agencies, nonprofit organizations, and other persons to:
- (a) Promote and encourage forest fire protection, forest environmental education, forest land stewardship, good forest management, tree planting and care, forest recreation, and the proper management of public lands.
- (b) Apply for, solicit, and receive grants, funds, services, equipment, and supplies from those agencies, organizations, firms, and individuals.
- (2) All grant proceeds and funds received for these purposes shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida Forest Service. Expenditures of these funds shall be for the purposes established in this section.
- (3) The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry shall provide direction for the multiple-use management of forest lands owned by the state; serve as the lead management agency for state-owned land primarily suited for forest resource

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management; and provide to other state agencies having land management responsibilities technical guidance and management plan development for managing the forest resources on state - owned lands managed for other objectives. Multiple-use management includes Multiple-purpose use shall include, but is not limited to, water-resource protection, forest-ecosystems protection, natural-resource-based low-impact recreation, and sustainable timber management for forest products.

(4) The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry shall begin immediately an aggressive program to reforest and afforest, with appropriate tree species, lands over which the Florida Forest Service division has forest resource management responsibility.

Section 32. Section 589.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.06 Warrants for payment of accounts.—Upon the presentation to the Chief Financial Officer of any accounts duly approved by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, accompanied by such itemized vouchers or accounts as shall be required by her or him, the Chief Financial Officer shall audit the same and draw a warrant for the amount for which the account is audited, payable out of funds to the credit of the Florida Forest Service division.

Section 33. Section 589.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.07 <u>Florida Forest Service</u> <u>Division</u> may acquire lands for forest purposes.—The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> <u>Division of</u>
<u>Forestry</u>, on behalf of the state and subject to the restrictions

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mentioned in s. 589.08, may acquire lands, suitable for state forest purposes, by gift, donation, contribution, purchase, or otherwise and may enter into agreements with the Federal Government, or any other agency, for acquiring by gift, purchase, or otherwise, such lands as are, in the judgment of the Florida Forest Service division, suitable and desirable for state forests. The acquisition procedures for state lands provided in s. 259.041 do not apply to acquisition of land by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry.

Section 34. Section 589.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.071 Traffic control within state forest or divisionassigned lands assigned to Florida Forest Service. - The Florida Forest Service, Division of Forestry on behalf of the state, may adopt rules to control ingress, egress, and all other mo vement of motor vehicles, bicycles, horses, and pedestrians, as well as all other types of traffic, within a state forest or any lands leased by or otherwise assigned to the Florida Forest Service division for management purposes, outside of the designated right-of-way of state or county-maintained roads, and may designate special areas off the roadways for the operation of recreational type vehicles that which need not be licensed or operated by licensed drivers. Any person who violates violating or otherwise fails failing to comply with any of the provisions of this section or any rule rules adopted under this section commits pursuant hereto is guilty of a noncriminal violation as defined in s. 775.08(3), punishable only by \underline{a} fine not to exceed \$500. Jurisdiction shall be with The appropriate county court

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981 has jurisdiction.

Section 35. Section 589.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.08 Land acquisition restrictions. -

- (1) The Florida Forest Service may not Division of Forestry shall enter into an no agreement for the acquisition, lease, or purchase of any land or for any other purpose that pledges whatsoever which shall pledge the credit of, or obligates obligate in any manner whatsoever, the state to pay any sum of money or other thing of value for such purpose, and the Florida Forest Service may said division shall not in any manner or for any purpose pledge the credit of or obligate the state to pay any sum of money.
- (2) The Florida Forest Service division may receive, hold the custody of, and exercise the control of any lands, and set aside into a separate, distinct, and inviolable fund, any proceeds derived from the sales of the products of such lands, the use thereof in any manner, or the sale of such lands, except for save the 25 percent of the proceeds to be paid into the State School Fund as provided by law. The Florida Forest Service division may use and apply such funds for the acquisition, use, custody, management, development, or improvement of any lands vested in or subject to the control of the Florida Forest Service division. After full payment is has been made for the purchase of a state forest to the Federal Government or other grantor, 15 percent of the gross receipts from a state forest shall be paid to the fiscally constrained county or counties, as described in s. 218.67(1), in which it is located in proportion

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to the acreage located in each county for use by the county or counties for school purposes.

Section 36. Section 589.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.081 Withlacoochee State Forest and Goethe State Forest; payment of portion of gross receipts.—The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry shall pay 15 percent of the gross receipts from Withlacoochee State Forest and the Goethe State Forest to each fiscally constrained county, as described in s. 218.67(1), in which a portion of the respective forest is located in proportion to the forest acreage located in such county. The funds must be equally divided between the board of county commissioners and the school board of each fiscally constrained county.

Section 37. Section 589.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.09 Use of lands acquired.—All lands acquired by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry on behalf of the state shall be in the custody of and subject to the jurisdiction, management, and control of the Florida Forest Service said division, and, for such purposes and the use utilization and development of such land, the Florida Forest Service said division may use the proceeds of the sale of any products therefrom, the proceeds of the sale of any such lands, except for save the 25 percent of such proceeds which shall be paid into the State School Fund as required by s. 1010.71(1), and such other funds as may be appropriated for use by the Florida Forest Service division, and in the opinion of the

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1037 <u>Florida Forest Service</u> such division, available for such uses and purposes.

Section 38. Section 589.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Division of Forestry, with the concurrence of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and the Governor, may sell, exchange, lease, or otherwise dispose of any lands under its jurisdiction by the provisions of this chapter when in its judgment it is advantageous to the state to do so in the interest of the highest orderly development, improvement, and management of the state forests and state parks. All such sales, exchanges, leases, or dispositions of such lands require, shall be at least 30 days' upon a 30-day public notice, to be given in the manner deemed reasonable by the Florida Forest Service division.

Section 39. Section 589.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.101 Blackwater River State Forest; lease of board's interest in gas, oil, and other minerals.—Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 253.51-253.61, the Florida Forest Service may Division of Forestry is hereby expressly granted the authority to lease its 25-percent interest in oil, gas, and other minerals within the boundaries of the Blackwater River State Forest; provided, however, such leases may only that grants shall be made only to the lessee or lessees holding the 75-percent interest in such said minerals retained by the United States in its conveyance to this state. The concurrence of the Board of

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Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund required by s. 589.10 <u>is shall</u> not be necessary under the provisions of this section.

Section 40. Section 589.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 589.11 Duties of <u>Florida Forest Service under federal</u> division as to Clarke-McNary Act Law.
- (1) The Florida Forest Service may, Division of Forestry is designated and authorized as an the agent of the state, to cooperate with the United States Secretary of Agriculture under s. 5 of the federal the provisions of "ss. 4 and 5, Chapter 348, 43 Statutes 654, Acts of Congress, June 7, 1924, known as the Clarke-McNary Act, 16 U.S.C. s. 568, Law," to assist owners of farms in establishing, improving, and renewing woodlots, shelterbelts, windbreaks, and other valuable forest growth; in growing and renewing useful timber crops; and in cooperating to cooperate with the wood-using industries or other agencies, governmental or otherwise, interested in proper land use, forest management, and conservative forest utilization.
- (2) As a means of providing seedling trees for the purposes of this section, the <u>Florida Forest Service may</u> division is authorized to operate a seedling tree nursery program and to set reasonable prices for the sale to the public of seedling trees. Receipts from the sale of seedling trees shall be deposited into the Incidental Trust Fund of the <u>Florida</u> Forest Service division.
- Section 41. Section 589.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1093 (Substantial rewording of section. See 1094 s. 589.12, F.S., for present text.) 1095 589.12 Rulemaking.—The Florida Forest Service may adopt 1096 rules and take other reasonable and necessary actions to 1097 administer ss. 589.07-589.11. 1098 Section 42. Section 589.13, Florida Statutes, is amended 1099 to read: 589.13 Lien of Florida Forest Service division and other 1100 1101 parties, for forestry work, etc.-Liens prior in dignity to all 1102 others accruing thereafter shall exist in favor of the following 1103 persons, boards, firms, or corporations upon the following 1104 described real estate, under the following circumstances 1105 hereinafter mentioned: 1106 The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, the 1107 United States Government, or other governmental authority, upon 1108 all lands covered in any cooperative or other agreement entered 1109 into between the landowner and the Florida Forest Service 1110 division (which term shall embrace and include agreements with 1111 the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry). + (2) The United States Government or other governmental 1112 1113 authority, for the prevention and control of woods fires and other forestry work to the extent of the amounts expended by the 1114 1115 Florida Forest Service such division, service, or other 1116 governmental authority for and on behalf of the landowner and 1117 not paid by the landowner under the terms of such said 1118 agreement. 1119 Section 43. Section 589.14, Florida Statutes, is amended

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to read:

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589.14 Enforcement of lien; notice.—The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, United States Government, or other governmental authority is shall be entitled to the subject said real estate in equity for the value of such expenditures made by it in pursuance of any such agreement, and may, at any time after the expenditure thereof and after default in payment thereof by the landowner in accordance with the terms of such agreement, file in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the property is located, and have recorded in the record of liens kept by such clerk, a notice of the expenditures made in pursuance of such agreement and of default of the landowner in the payment of same in accordance with the terms thereof (the form of notice being provided in s. 589.15), and from the date of the filing of such notice, the rights of purchasers or creditors of such landowner shall be subject and subordinate to the claim set out in the notice.

Section 44. Section 589.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

investigations.—The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry shall conduct investigations and make surveys to determine the areas of land in the state that which are available and suitable for reforestation projects and state forests, and may make recommendations recommend to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, any state agency, or any agency created by state law that which is authorized to accept lands in the name of the state, concerning their acquisition. The Florida Forest Service is division shall be considered as a state agency

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1149 for purposes of under this section law.

Section 45. Section 589.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.19 Creation of certain state forests; naming of certain state forests.—

- (1) When the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, any state agency, or any agency created by state law that is, authorized to accept reforestation lands in the name of the state, approves the recommendations of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry in reference to the acquisition of land and acquires acquire such land, such the said board, state agency, or agency created by state law, may formally designate and dedicate any area as a reforestation project, or state forest, and where so designated and dedicated, such area shall be under the administration of the Florida Forest Service, division which may shall be authorized to manage and administer such said area according to the purpose for which it was designated and dedicated.
- (2) The first state forest acquired by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund in Baker County is designated as to be named the John M. Bethea State Forest. This designation honors is to honor Mr. John M. Bethea, who was Florida's fourth State Forester and a native of Baker County, and whose distinguished career in state government spanned 46 years and who is a native of Baker County.
- (3) The state forest managed by the <u>Florida Forest Service</u>

 Division of Forestry in Seminole County is <u>designated as</u> to be named the Charles H. Bronson State Forest <u>This designation</u>

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honors to honor Charles H. Bronson, the tenth Commissioner of Agriculture, for his distinguished contribution to this state's agriculture and natural resources.

Section 46. Section 589.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.20 Cooperation by Florida Forest Service division.—The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry may cooperate with other state agencies that, who are custodians of lands that which are suitable for forestry purposes, in the designation and dedication of such lands for forestry purposes when, in the opinion of the state agencies concerned, such lands are suitable for these purposes and can be so administered. Upon the designation and dedication of such said lands for these purposes by the agencies concerned, such said lands shall be administered by the Florida Forest Service division.

Section 47. Section 589.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.21 Management to be for public interest.—All state forests and reforestation projects mentioned in this chapter shall be managed and administered by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry in the interests of the public. If the public interests are not already safeguarded and clearly defined by law or by regulations adopted by the state agencies authorized by law to administer such lands, or in the papers formally transferring such said projects to the Florida Forest Service division for administration, then, and in that event, the Florida Forest Service division may define the purposes purpose of such projects said project. Such definition of

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1205 purposes shall be construed to have the authority of law.

Section 48. Section 589.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.26 Dedication of state park lands for public use.—The Florida Forest Service may periodically Division of Forestry is authorized and empowered, from time to time, to dedicate and reserve for the use of the public all or any part of the lands heretofore or hereafter acquired by the Florida Forest Service said Division of Forestry for park purposes, regardless of when such lands are acquired; provided, however, such that said dedication and reservation are shall be subject to such rules and regulations, as to reasonable use by the public, as may be adopted by the Division of Recreation and Parks of the Department of Environmental Protection.

Section 49. Section 589.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.27 Power of eminent domain; procedure.—Whenever the Florida Forest Service finds Division of Forestry shall find it necessary to acquire private property for state forests, for exrights-of-way for state forest roads, or for exercising any of the powers and duties assigned authorized and prescribed by law to be exercised and performed by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, the Florida Forest Service may Division of Forestry is hereby empowered and authorized to exercise the right of eminent domain and to proceed to condemn such said property in the same manner as provided by law for the condemnation of private property by counties.

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Section 50. Section 589.275, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

It is the intent of the Legislature intends to partially restore the character of the state's original domain of Florida by planting native trees on state lands, and to this end all state lands shall have a portion of such lands designated for indigenous trees, to be established and maintained by the using agency with the assistance of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. If the Florida Forest Service division, or primary managing agency, determines that any state lands are unsuitable for this purpose, such lands are shall be exempt from this requirement.

Section 51. Section 589.277, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.277 Tree planting programs. -

- (1) The Division of Forestry of the Florida Forest Service Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall administer federal, state, and privately sponsored tree planting programs designed to assist private rural landowners and urban communities.
- (2) Contributions from governmental and private sources for tree planting programs may be accepted into the Federal Grants Trust Fund.
- (3) The Florida Forest Service shall Division of Forestry is authorized and directed to develop and implement guidelines and procedures under which the financial resources of the fund

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allocated for tree planting programs may be $\underline{\text{used}}$ $\underline{\text{utilized}}$ for urban and rural reforestation.

- (4) Grants to municipalities, counties, nonprofit organizations, and qualifying private landowners may be made from allocated moneys in the fund for the purpose of purchasing, planting, and maintaining native tree species.
- (5) The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> <u>Division of Forestry</u> shall assist the Department of Education in developing programs that teach the importance of trees in the urban, rural, and global environment.

Section 52. Section 589.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.28 County commissions or municipalities authorized to cooperate with Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry.—
County commissions or municipalities may are authorized to cooperate with the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in providing assistance in forestry and forest-related knowledge and skills to stimulate the production of timber wealth through the proper use of forest land and to protect and improve the beauty of urban and suburban areas by helping to create in them an attractive and healthy environment through the proper use of trees and related plant associations. County commissions or municipalities may are hereby authorized to appropriate funds and enter into cooperative agreements with the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry under the terms and conditions set forth in ss. 589.28-589.34.

Section 53. Section 589.29, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.29 Quality of assistance.—Any advice and assistance provided under ss. 589.28-589.34 <u>is shall be</u> the responsibility of the State Forester and the <u>Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry</u> and shall be conducted under the supervision of a professional forester in an efficient and competent manner by personnel who have the required education, training, and experience to accomplish the objectives of these sections.

Section 54. Section 589.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

The district forester shall to direct all work in accordance with the law and with rules adopted by regulations of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry; gather and disseminate information in the management of commercial timber, including establishment, protection, and use utilization; and assist in the development and use of forest lands for outdoor recreation, watershed protection, and wildlife habitat. The district forester or his or her representative shall provide encouragement and technical assistance to individuals and urban and county officials in the planning, establishment, and management of trees and plant associations to enhance the beauty of the urban and suburban environment and meet outdoor recreational needs.

Section 55. Section 589.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.31 Cooperative agreement.—Before any assistance is

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1315 provided under ss. 589.28-589.34 this law, the county or 1316 municipality and the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, through their duly constituted representatives, shall 1317 1318 enter into a mutually satisfactory cooperative agreement 1319 covering the specific duties, and set up a budget for any fiscal 1320 period beginning July 1 and ending June 30.7 and The county's or 1321 municipality's share of the budget provided shall be remitted 1322 turned over to the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, 1323 one-half on or before July 1_{7} and the remainder on or before 1324 January 1, and deposited placed in the Incidental Trust Fund of 1325 the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry. 1326 Section 56. Section 589.32, Florida Statutes, is amended 1327 to read: 1328 589.32 Cost of providing county or municipal forestry 1329 assistance. - The cost of county or municipal forestry assistance 1330 provided under the provisions of ss. 589.28-589.34 shall be 1331 jointly determined and paid by the Florida Forest Service 1332 Division of Forestry and the county commission or municipality. 1333 Such cost must and shall be at least not less than 40 percent of the cost of the equivalent of 1 person-year of assistance. 1334 However, the county or municipality share may shall not exceed 1335 the sum of \$3,000 per annum for each person-year of assistance 1336 1337 provided. 1338 Section 57. Section 589.33, Florida Statutes, is amended 1339 to read: 589.33 Expenditure of budgeted funds.—The Florida Forest 1340

shall be expended by the Division of Forestry during the period Page 48 of 74

Service shall expend any money budgeted for a fiscal period

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for which it was budgeted, and amounts not expended or specifically obligated by contract or other legal procedure during that period shall be available for the next fiscal period or shall be returned to the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry and the county or municipality in the same proportions as appropriated. However, if when 40 percent of the cost of 1 person-year of assistance equals or exceeds \$3,000, then in that event all of the budget balance reverts will revert to the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry.

Section 58. Section 589.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

589.34 Revocation of agreement.—Any agreement or revision thereof entered into by the <u>Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry</u> and a county or municipality under <u>ss. 589.28-589.34</u> the provisions of this law shall continue from year to year, unless written notice is given to the other party 30 days <u>before prior to July 1</u> of any year of the intention to discontinue the work and cancel the agreement.

Section 59. Section 590.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

590.01 Wildfire protection.—The Florida Forest Service division has the primary responsibility for preventing, detecting, and suppressing prevention, detection, and suppression of wildfires wherever they may occur. The Florida Forest Service division shall provide leadership and direction in evaluating, coordinating, allocating the evaluation, coordination, allocation of resources for, and monitoring of wildfire management and protection. The Florida Forest Service

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division shall promote natural resource management and fuel reduction through the use of prescribed fire and other fuel reduction measures.

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Section 60. Subsections (2) through (5) of section 590.015, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (1) through (4), respectively, and present subsection (1) of that section is amended to read:

590.015 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(1) "Division" means the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

Section 61. Section 590.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 590.02 <u>Florida Forest Service;</u> Division powers, authority, and duties; liability; building structures; Florida Center for Wildfire and Forest Resources Management Training.—
- (1) The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division has the following powers, authority, and duties:
 - (a) To enforce the provisions of this chapter . +
- (b) To prevent, detect, suppress, and extinguish wildfires wherever they may occur on public or private land in this state and to do all things necessary in the exercise of such powers, authority, and duties.
- (c) To provide firefighting crews, who shall be under the control and direction of the Florida Forest Service division and its designated agents :
- (d) To appoint center managers, forest area supervisors, forestry program administrators, a forest protection bureau chief, a forest protection assistant bureau chief, a field

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operations bureau chief, deputy chiefs of field operations, district managers, senior forest rangers, investigators, forest rangers, firefighter rotorcraft pilots, and other employees who may, at the division's discretion of the Florida Forest Service, be certified as forestry firefighters under pursuant to s. 633.35(4). Notwithstanding any other provisions of law notwithstanding, center managers, district managers, the forest protection assistant bureau chief, and deputy chiefs of field operations shall have Selected Exempt Service status in the state personnel designation.;

- (e) To develop a training curriculum for forestry firefighters that contains which must contain the basic volunteer structural fire training course approved by the Florida State Fire College of the Division of State Fire Marshal and a minimum of 250 hours of wildfire training.
- (f) To adopt make rules to administer accomplish the purposes of this chapter.
- (g) To provide fire management services and emergency response assistance and to set and charge reasonable fees for performance of those services. Moneys collected from such fees shall be deposited into the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida Forest Service. division; and
- (h) To require all state, regional, and local government agencies operating aircraft in the vicinity of an ongoing wildfire to operate in compliance with the applicable state Wildfire Aviation Plan.
- (2) Division Employees of the Florida Forest Service, and the firefighting crews under their control and direction, may

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enter upon any lands for the purpose of preventing and suppressing wildfires and investigating smoke complaints or open burning not in compliance with authorization and to enforce the provisions of this chapter.

- of federal, state, and local agencies, and all other persons and entities that are under contract or agreement with the <u>Florida</u> <u>Forest Service division</u> to assist in firefighting operations as well as those entities, called upon by the <u>Florida Forest</u> <u>Service division</u> to assist in firefighting may, in the performance of their duties, set counterfires, remove fences and other obstacles, dig trenches, cut firelines, use water from public and private sources, and carry on all other customary activities in the fighting of wildfires without incurring liability to any person or entity.
- (4) The department may build structures, notwithstanding chapters 216 and 255, not to exceed a cost of \$50,000 per structure from existing resources on forest lands, federal excess property, and unneeded existing structures. These structures must meet all applicable building codes.
- (5) The Florida Forest Service division shall organize its operational units to most effectively prevent, detect, and suppress wildfires, and, to that end, may employ the necessary personnel to manage its activities in each unit. The Florida Forest Service division may construct lookout towers, roads, bridges, firelines, and other facilities and may purchase or fabricate tools, supplies, and equipment for firefighting. The Florida Forest Service division may reimburse the public and

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private entities that it engages to assist in the suppression of wildfires for their personnel and equipment, including aircraft.

- (6) The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division shall undertake privatization alternatives for fire prevention activities including constructing fire lines and conducting prescribed burns and, where appropriate, entering into agreements or contracts with the private sector to perform such activities.
- (7) The Florida Forest Service division may organize, staff, equip, and operate the Florida Center for Wildfire and Forest Resources Management Training. The center shall serve as a site where fire and forest resource managers can obtain current knowledge, techniques, skills, and theory as they relate to their respective disciplines.
- (a) The center may establish cooperative efforts involving federal, state, and local entities; hire appropriate personnel; and engage others by contract or agreement with or without compensation to assist in carrying out the training and operations of the center.
- (b) The center shall provide wildfire suppression training opportunities for rural fire departments, volunteer fire departments, and other local fire response units.
- (c) The center <u>shall</u> will focus on curriculum related to, but not limited to, fuel reduction, an incident management system, prescribed burning certification, multiple-use land management, water quality, forest health, environmental education, and wildfire suppression training for structural firefighters.
 - (d) The center may assess appropriate fees for food,

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lodging, travel, course materials, and supplies in order to meet its operational costs and may grant free meals, room, and scholarships to persons and other entities in exchange for instructional assistance.

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- (e) An advisory committee consisting of the following individuals or their designees must review program curriculum, course content, and scheduling:
- 1. The State Forester or his or her designee. Director of the Florida Division of Forestry; the assistant director of the Florida Division of Forestry;
- $\underline{2.}$ The director of the School of Forest Resources and Conservation of the University of Florida.
- 3. The director of the Division of Recreation and Parks of the Department of Environmental Protection \div
- $\underline{4.}$ The director of the Division of the State Fire Marshal.÷
- $\underline{5.}$ The director of the Florida Chapter of The Nature Conservancy.
- $\underline{6.}$ The executive vice president of the Florida Forestry Association.
 - 7. The president of the Florida Farm Bureau Federation \div
- $\underline{8.}$ The executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.
- 9. The executive director of a water management district as appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture $\cdot \dot{\tau}$
 - 10. The supervisor of the National Forests in Florida .+
- 1509 <u>11.</u> The president of the Florida Fire Chief's 1510 Association.; and

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 $\underline{12.}$ The executive director of the Tall Timbers Research Station.

- (8) The Cross City Work Center is designated as shall be named the L. Earl Peterson Forestry Station. This designation honors is to honor Mr. L. Earl Peterson, Florida's sixth State Forester and a native of Dixie County, whose distinguished career in state government has spanned 44 years, and who is a native of Dixie County.
- Section 62. Subsection (3) of section 590.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 590.081 Severe drought conditions; burning prohibited. -
- (3) It is unlawful for any person to set fire to, or cause fire to be set to, any wild lands or to build a campfire or bonfire or to burn trash or other debris within the designated area of a severe drought emergency unless a written permit is obtained from the <u>Florida Forest Service division</u> or its designated agent.
- Section 63. Section 590.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 590.091 Designation of railroad rights-of-way as wildfire hazard areas.—
- (1) The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division may annually designate, on or before October 1, those railroad rights -of-way in this state that which are known wildfire hazard areas.
- (2) It shall be the duty of all railroad companies operating in this state to maintain their rights-of-way designated as provided in subsection (1), as known wildfire hazard areas, in an approved condition as shall be prescribed by

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rule of the <u>Florida Forest Service division</u> and to provide adequate firebreaks where needed, so as to prevent fire from igniting or spreading from rights-of-way to adjacent property.

Section 64. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 590.125, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

590.125 Open burning authorized by the <u>Florida Forest</u> Service <u>division</u>.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Certified prescribed burn manager" means an individual who successfully completes the certification program of the Florida Forest Service division and possesses a valid certification number.
 - (2) NONCERTIFIED BURNING. -

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- (a) Persons may be authorized to burn wild land or vegetative land-clearing debris in accordance with this subsection if:
- 1. There is specific consent of the landowner or his or her designee;
- 2. Authorization has been obtained from the Florida Forest Service division or its designated agent before starting the burn;
- 3. There are adequate firebreaks at the burn site and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment for the control of the fire:
- 4. The fire remains within the boundary of the authorized area;

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5. Someone is present at the burn site until the fire is extinguished;

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- 6. The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division does not cancel the authorization; and
- 7. The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division determines that air quality and fire danger are favorable for safe burning.
- (3) CERTIFIED PRESCRIBED BURNING; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.—
- (a) The application of prescribed burning is a land management tool that benefits the safety of the public, the environment, and the economy of the state. The Legislature finds that:
- 1. Prescribed burning reduces vegetative fuels within wild land areas. Reduction of the fuel load reduces the risk and severity of wildfire, thereby reducing the threat of loss of life and property, particularly in urban areas.
- 2. Most of Florida's natural communities require periodic fire for maintenance of their ecological integrity. Prescribed burning is essential to the perpetuation, restoration, and management of many plant and animal communities. Significant loss of the state's biological diversity will occur if fire is excluded from fire-dependent systems.
- 3. Forestland and rangeland constitute significant economic, biological, and aesthetic resources of statewide importance. Prescribed burning on forestland prepares sites for reforestation, removes undesirable competing vegetation, expedites nutrient cycling, and controls or eliminates certain forest pathogens. On rangeland, prescribed burning improves the

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quality and quantity of herbaceous vegetation necessary for livestock production.

- 4. The state purchased hundreds of thousands of acres of land for parks, preserves, wildlife management areas, forests, and other public purposes. The use of prescribed burning for management of public lands is essential to maintain the specific resource values for which these lands were acquired.
- 5. A public education program is necessary to make citizens and visitors aware of the public safety, resource, and economic benefits of prescribed burning.
- 6. Proper training in the use of prescribed burning is necessary to ensure maximum benefits and protection for the public.
- 7. As Florida's population continues to grow, pressures from liability issues and nuisance complaints inhibit the use of prescribed burning. Therefore, the <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division is urged to maximize the opportunities for prescribed burning conducted during its daytime and nighttime authorization process.
- (b) Certified prescribed burning pertains only to broadcast burning. It must be conducted in accordance with this subsection and:
- 1. May be accomplished only when a certified prescribed burn manager is present on site with a copy of the prescription from ignition of the burn to its completion.
- 2. Requires that a written prescription be prepared before receiving authorization to burn from the <u>Florida Forest Service division</u>.

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3. Requires that the specific consent of the landowner or his or her designee be obtained before requesting an authorization.

- 4. Requires that an authorization to burn be obtained from the Florida Forest Service division before igniting the burn.
- 5. Requires that there be adequate firebreaks at the burn site and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment for the control of the fire.
- 6. Is considered to be in the public interest and does not constitute a public or private nuisance when conducted under applicable state air pollution statutes and rules.
- 7. Is considered to be a property right of the property owner if vegetative fuels are burned as required in this subsection.
- (e) The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division shall adopt rules for the use of prescribed burning and for certifying and decertifying certified prescribed burn managers based on their past experience, training, and record of compliance with this section.
- (4) WILDFIRE HAZARD REDUCTION TREATMENT BY THE FLORIDA FOREST SERVICE DIVISION.—The Florida Forest Service division may conduct fuel reduction initiatives, including, but not limited to, burning and mechanical and chemical treatment, on any area of wild land within the state which is reasonably determined to be in danger of wildfire in accordance with the following procedures:
- (a) Describe the areas that will receive fuels treatment to the affected local governmental entity.

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(b) Publish a treatment notice, including a description of the area to be treated, in a conspicuous manner in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the area of the treatment not less than 10 days before the treatment.

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- (c) Prepare, and the county tax collector shall include with the annual tax statement, a notice to be sent to all landowners in each township designated by the <u>Florida Forest</u>

 <u>Service division</u> as a wildfire hazard area. The notice must describe particularly the area to be treated and the tentative date or dates of the treatment and must list the reasons for and the expected benefits from the wildfire hazard reduction.
- (d) Consider any landowner objections to the fuels treatment of his or her property. The landowner may apply to the State Forester director of the division for a review of alternative methods of fuel reduction on the property. If the State Forester director or his or her designee does not resolve the landowner objection, the State Forester director shall convene a panel made up of the local forestry unit man ager, the fire chief of the jurisdiction, and the affected county or city manager, or any of their designees. If the panel's recommendation is not acceptable to the landowner, the landowner may request further consideration by the Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee and shall thereafter be entitled to an administrative hearing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120.

Section 65. Section 590.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

590.14 Notice of violation; penalties. -

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(1) If a Florida Forest Service division employee determines that a person has violated chapter 589 or this chapter, he or she may issue a notice of violation indicating the statute violated. This notice shall will be filed with the Florida Forest Service division and a copy forwarded to the appropriate law enforcement entity for further action if necessary.

- (2) In addition to any penalties provided by law, any person who causes a wildfire or permits any authorized fire to escape the boundaries of the authorization or to burn past the time of the authorization is liable for the payment of all reasonable costs and expenses incurred in suppressing the fire or \$150, whichever is greater. All costs and expenses incurred by the Florida Forest Service division shall be payable to the Florida Forest Service division. When such costs and expenses are not paid within 30 days after demand, the Florida Forest Service division may take proper legal proceedings for the collection of the costs and expenses. Those costs incurred by an agency acting at the division's direction of the Florida Forest Service are recoverable by that agency.
- (3) The department may also impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$1,000 per violation of any section of chapter 589 or this chapter. The fine shall be based upon the degree of damage, the prior violation record of the person, and whether the person knowingly provided false information to obtain an authorization. The fines shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida Forest Service division.

1706 (4) The penalties provided in this section shall extend to
1707 both the actual violator and the person or persons, firm, or
1708 corporation causing, directing, or permitting the violation.

Section 66. Section 590.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

590.16 Rewards.—The <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division, in its discretion, may offer and pay rewards for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person who violates any provision of this chapter.

Section 67. Section 590.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

extinguishment of wildfires.—Any person who interferes Whoever shall interfere with, obstructs, obstruct or commits commit any act aimed to obstruct the extinguishment of wildfires by the employees of the Florida Forest Service division or any other person engaged in the extinguishment of a wildfire, or who damages or destroys any equipment being used for such purpose, commits shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 68. Section 590.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

590.33 State compact administrator; compact advisory committee.—In pursuance of art. III of the compact, the <u>State</u>

<u>Forester director of the division</u> shall act as compact administrator for Florida of the Southeastern Interstate Forest Fire Protection Compact during his or her term of office as <u>State Forester director</u>, and his or her successor as compact

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administrator shall be his or her successor as State Forester director of the division. As compact administrator, he or she shall be an ex officio member of the advisory committee of the Southeastern Interstate Forest Fire Protection Compact τ and chair ex officio of the Florida members of the advisory committee. There shall be four members of the Southeastern Interstate Forest Fire Protection Compact Advisory Committee from Florida. Two of the members from Florida shall be members of the Legislature of Florida, one from the Senate and one from the House of Representatives, and the terms of any such members shall terminate at the time they cease to hold legislative office, and their successors as members shall be named in like manner. The Governor shall appoint the other two members from Florida, one of whom shall be associated with forestry or forest products industries. The terms of such members shall be 3 years and such members shall hold office until their respective successors are shall be appointed and qualified. Vacancies occurring in the office of such members for from any reason or cause shall be filled by appointment by the Governor for the unexpired term. The State Forester, director of the division as compact administrator for Florida, may delegate, from time to time, to any deputy or other subordinate in his or her department or office, the power to be present and participate, including voting, as his or her representative or substitute at any meeting of or hearing by or other proceeding of the compact administrators or of the advisory committee. The terms of each of the initial four memberships, whether appointed at said time or not, shall begin upon the date upon which the compact becomes

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shall become effective in accordance with art. II of said
compact. Any member of the advisory committee may be removed
from office by the Governor upon charges and after a hearing.
 Section 69. Section 590.34, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:
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590.34 State compact administrator and compact advisory committee members; powers; aid from other state agencies. - There is hereby granted to the State Forester director of the division, as compact administrator and chair ex officio of the Florida members of the advisory committee, and to the members from Florida of the advisory committee all the powers provided for in the compact and all the powers necessary or incidental to the carrying out of the compact in every particular. All officers of Florida are hereby authorized and directed to do all things falling within their respective provinces and jurisdiction necessary or incidental to the carrying out of the compact in every particular; it being hereby declared to be the policy of the state to perform and carry out the said compact and to accomplish the purposes thereof. All officers, bureaus, departments, and persons of and in the state government or administration of the state are hereby authorized and directed at convenient times and upon request of the compact administrator or of the advisory committee to furnish information data relating to the purposes of the compact possessed by them or any of them to the compact administrator of the advisory committee. They are further authorized to aid the compact administrator or the advisory committee by loan of

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personnel, equipment, or other means in carrying out the purposes of the compact.

Section 70. Section 590.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

590.35 Construction of ss. 590.31-590.34.—Any powers herein granted to the <u>Florida Forest Service</u> division shall be regarded as in aid of and supplemental to and in no case a limitation upon any of the powers vested in the <u>Florida Forest Service division</u> by other laws of Florida or by the laws of the States of Alabama, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia or by the Congress or the terms of the compact.

Section 71. Section 590.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

590.42 Federally funded fire protection assistance programs.—

- (1) The Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may enter into agreements with the United States Secretary of Agriculture of the United States in order to participate in the federal Volunteer Rural Community Fire Assistance Protection Program authorized by 16 U.S.C. s. 2106 Pub. L. No. 92-419, whereby the Federal Government provides financial assistance to the states on a matching basis of up to 50 percent of expenditures for such purposes.
- (2) With respect to the formulation of projects relating to fire protection of livestock, wildlife, crops, pastures, orchards, rangeland, woodland, farmsteads, or other

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improvements, and other values in rural areas, for which such federal matching funds are available, any participating county or fire department may contribute to the nonfederal matching share and may also contribute such other nonfederal cooperation as may be deemed necessary by the Florida Forest Service
division.

(3) Any financial assistance received by, or contributions

- (3) Any financial assistance received by, or contributions to the nonfederal matching share provided by, a participating county under The provisions of this section are supplementary to any county fire control funds or assessments under the provisions of s. 125.27.
- Section 72. The title of chapter 591, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as "COMMUNITY FORESTS."
- Section 73. Section 591.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

1833 s. 591.15, F.S., for present text.)

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- 1834 <u>591.15</u> Short title.—This chapter may be cited as the 1835 "Florida Community Forest Law."
- Section 74. Subsection (1) of section 591.16, Florida 1837 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1838 591.16 Community forests; purposes.—The general purposes 1839 of this law are:
- 1840 (1) To encourage counties, <u>municipalities</u> cities, towns,
 1841 and school districts to utilize idle lands for productive forest
 1842 purposes.
- Section 75. Section 591.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1845l 591.17 Community forests; Definitions.—As used in this 1846 chapter, the term terms hereinafter used, unless the text 1847 clearly indicates a different meaning, shall be as follows: 1848 (1) (2) The term "Community forest" means shall mean any 1849 forest area established under this chapter law by a county, 1850 municipality city, town, or school district. 1851 (2) (8) The term "Contiguous sale" means shall mean sale of 1852 like forest products from adjoining areas that normally would be 1853 in the same sale area as determined by the forester on the 1854 forestry committee. 1855 (3) (4) "County" or "municipality" includes The term "counties, cities, towns" shall mean any recognized political 1856 1857 subdivision of the state government. (4) (7) The term "Forest products" means shall mean any 1858 1859 product produced from trees. 1860 (5) (3) The term "Forestry committee" means shall mean the 1861 appointed committee for directing the activities of community 1862 forests. (6) (1) The term "Governing board" means a board of shall 1863 1864 mean county commissioners, city commission commissioners, town council councils, school board boards, or any other governing 1865 1866 body of a county, municipality counties, cities, towns, or 1867 school district districts. 1868 (6) The term "division" shall mean the Division of 1869 Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. 1870 (7) (5) The term "School district" means an shall mean 1871 individual school district districts of a county or a vocational agricultural department departments located in such a district 1872

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Section 76. Section 591.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

591.18 Community forests; Purchase or establishment.—All counties, municipalities eities, towns, or school districts, through their governing boards, may are hereby empowered to establish, from lands owned by such county, municipality city, town, or school district in fee simple, or to acquire by purchase or gift, lands at present covered with forest or tree growth, or suitable for the growth of trees, and to administer the same under the direction of the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, in accordance with the practice and principles of scientific forestry, for the benefit of such the said counties, municipalities cities, towns, or school districts. Such tracts may be of any size suitable for the purpose but must be located within the county embracing the county, municipality city, town, or school district., provided that it shall be requisite for The governing board availing itself of the provisions of this chapter shall law to submit to the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry, and secure its approval of the area and location of any lands proposed to be acquired or used for the purposes of county, municipality city, town, or school district forests.

Section 77. Section 591.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

591.19 Community forests; Tax delinquent lands.—The Department of Revenue, the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, and counties, municipalities eities,

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towns, school districts, or any other public agency holding fee simple or tax certificate lands are hereby empowered to, and may, upon application to them, transfer title of fee simple lands not in other public use to any county, municipality eity, town, or school district for forest purposes as described under this chapter if law, provided such lands are approved by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry for this purpose.

Section 78. Section 591.20, Florida Statutes, is amended

Section 78. Section 591.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

591.20 Community forests; Forestry committee; duties; appropriations.—

(1)The governing board of any county, municipality city, town, or school district desiring to establish community forests after enactment of this law shall appoint a forestry committee, consisting of three members, as follows: one member of governing board, one member from the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry to be designated by the Florida Forest Service division, and one taxpayer of the county, municipality city, town, or school district who is not a member of the governing board. The first two members of such committee shall hold office until replaced in their respective official positions. The third member shall hold office for 3 years. Any vacancy shall be filled at the first regular session of the governing board after the vacancy occurs. The president of the committee shall be selected by the three members for a 1-year term at their first regular meeting. The representative of the Florida Forest Service may Division of Forestry shall not serve as an officer of the committee or nor be responsible for making reports. All

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members shall serve without compensation, but <u>are entitled to</u>

reimbursement shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as

provided in s. 112.061.

Section 79. Section 591.21, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as subsections (2) and (3) of section 591.20, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

591.21 Community forests; duties of forestry committee.

(2)(1) It shall be the duty of The forestry committee shall to advise the governing board in acquiring, developing, and managing the forest, and in making contracts, agreements, and permits for and with the forest, and, if desirable, in hiring a qualified forester and laborers and in making rules and regulations for operating the forest.

<u>(3) (2)</u> For any sale in excess of \$100, the governing body <u>must shall</u> ask for and receive open competitive bids and purchase from the lowest and best bidder. For sale of forest products in excess of \$500 for the total contract, the sale shall be advertised in one issue each of 2 consecutive weeks in a county newspaper of general circulation, and the highest and best bid <u>shall</u> be accepted. Contiguous sales <u>may shall</u> not be made.

Section 80. Section 591.22, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as subsection (4) of section 591.20, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

591.22 Community forests; appropriations. -

(4) Counties, <u>municipalities</u> cities, towns, or school districts in which forestry committees <u>are have been</u> appointed may appropriate money from available funds to be used by <u>such</u>

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<u>committees</u> said committee to carry out the purposes of this <u>chapter law. Each The</u> forestry committee shall <u>annually adopt each year make</u> a budget of recommendation for acquisition and operation and management of the forest for approval by the governing board.

Section 81. Section 591.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

591.23 Community forests; Revenues; use.—Revenue from the forests shall be credited to the general fund of counties, municipalities eities, towns, or school districts; provided, however, revenues from lands under land use agreements with youth organizations such as chapters of the Future Farmers of America must, shall be disposed of subject to the terms of such agreements. When the revenue from any forest other than these under such land use agreements, exceeds the necessary expenses of the forest, including desirable acquisition, the excess shall will be used by the governing board for regular purposes and in reduction of taxation.

Section 82. Section 591.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

591.24 Community forests; Fiscal reports.—A fiscal year report of expenditures, income, sales, development, and management shall be made by the forestry committee to the governing board of the county, municipality city, town, or school district, and a copy shall be sent to the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry. All reports shall be audited by the regular auditor of the county, municipality city, town, or school district.

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Section 83. Section 591.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

entered or acquired under the provisions of this chapter law shall be protected at all times from wildfire and shall be kept and maintained as a permanent public forest except as hereinafter provided. The timber growing on such forest lands thereon shall be cut in accordance with forestry methods approved by the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry and in such a manner as to perpetuate succeeding stands of trees. All such forest lands shall be open to the use of the public for recreational purposes so far as such recreational purposes do not interfere with, or prevent the use of, such lands to the best advantage as a public forest as determined by the forestry committee.

Section 84. Section 591.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

If it becomes desirable to sell any community forest or portion thereof may be sold if such sale is as determined jointly proposed by the governing board and forestry committee and approved by a majority, it shall be put to a vote of those electors voting the people at any regular election and a majority of those voting must approve the action. If such sale is approved by the electors, any funds received from the such sale shall be deposited in the general fund of the county, municipality city, town, or school district making the sale and used in consolidating existing community forests or in

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2013 establishing another community forest.

Section 85. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 633.115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

633.115 Fire and Emergency Incident Information Reporting Program; duties; fire reports.—

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- (b) The Division of State Fire Marshal shall consult with the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services of the Department of Health to coordinate data, ensure accuracy of the data, and limit duplication of efforts in data collection, analysis, and reporting.
- (2) The Fire and Emergency Incident Information System
 Technical Advisory Panel is created within the Division of State
 Fire Marshal. The panel shall advise, review, and recommend to
 the State Fire Marshal with respect to the requirements of this
 section. The membership of the panel shall consist of the
 following 15 members:
- (b) One member from the <u>Florida Forest Service</u> Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, appointed by the <u>State Forester</u> division director.

Section 86. Paragraph (e) of subsection (6) of section 633.821, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.821 Workplace safety.-

2039 (6)

(e) This subsection does not apply to wildland or

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prescribed live fire training exercises sanctioned by the

Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry of the Department of

Agriculture and Consumer Services or the National Wildfire

Coordinating Group.

Section 87. Subsection (1) of section 790.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

790.15 Discharging firearm in public. -

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(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) or subsection (3), any person who knowingly discharges a firearm in any public place or on the right-of-way of any paved public road, highway, or street or who whosever knowingly discharges any firearm over the right-of-way of any paved public road, highway, or street or over any occupied premises commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. This section does not apply to a person lawfully defending life or property or performing official duties requiring the discharge of a firearm or to a person discharging a firearm on public roads or properties expressly approved for hunting by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or the Florida Forest Service Division of Forestry.

Section 88. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.