

## Criminal Justice Subcommittee Tuesday January 11, 2011 9:00 am 404 HOB

Dean Cannon Speaker Dennis Baxley Chair

#### Committee Meeting Notice HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### **Criminal Justice Subcommittee**

Start Date and Time:	Tuesday, January 11, 2011 09:00 am
End Date and Time:	Tuesday, January 11, 2011 11:00 am
Location: Duration:	404 HOB 2.00 hrs

Member and staff introductions.

Overview of subcommittee jurisdiction.

Agency Overviews:

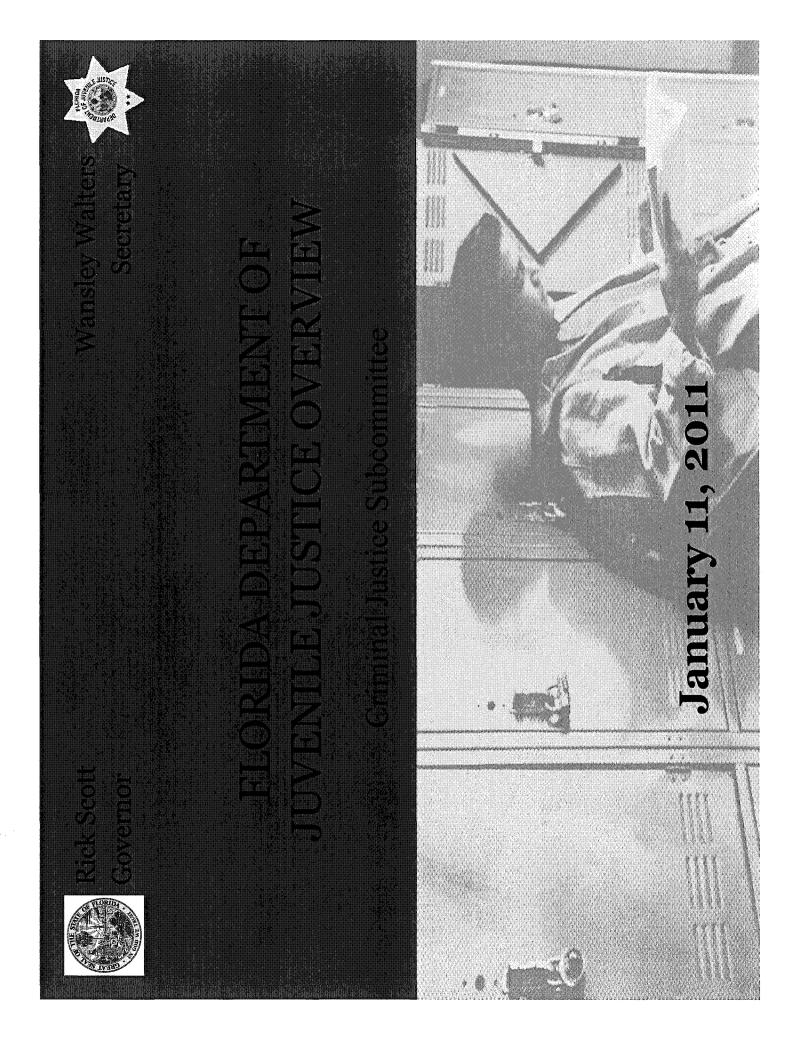
Florida Department of Law Enforcement Florida Department of Juvenile Justice Florida Department of Corrections Florida Parole Commission

Presentation by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research on prison population and trends related to prison admissions.

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#### NOTICE FINALIZED on 01/04/2011 16:16 by hudson.jessica

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## Our Mission

To increase public safety by reducing juvenile delinquency through effective prevention, intervention and treatment services that strengthen families and turn around the lives of troubled youth



## **Our Core Values:**

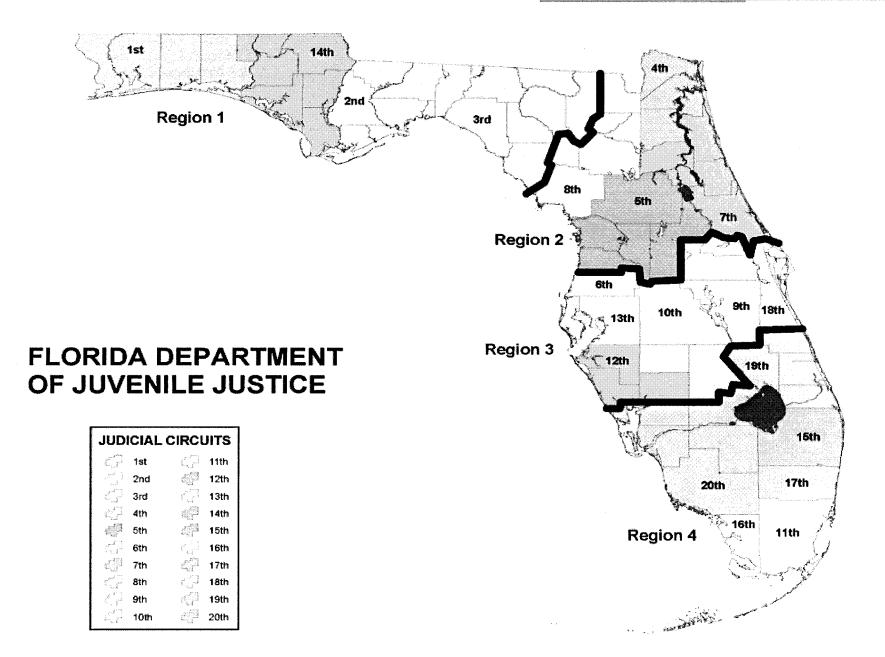
Prevention and education are paramount

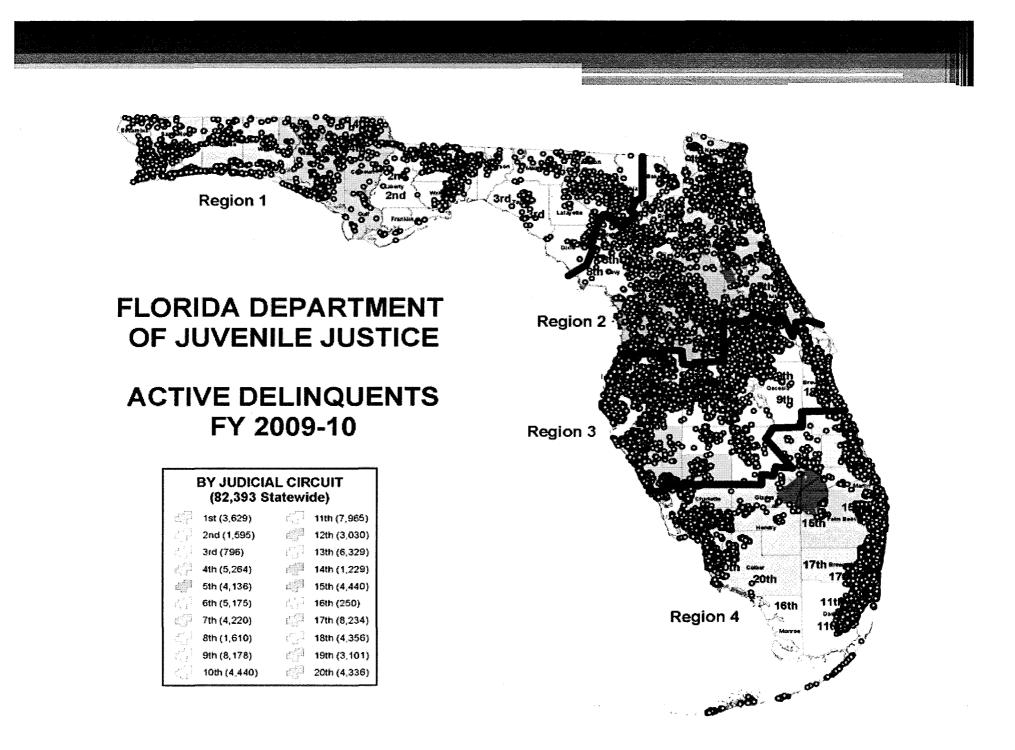
Strengthen partnerships with judicial, legislative and community stakeholders

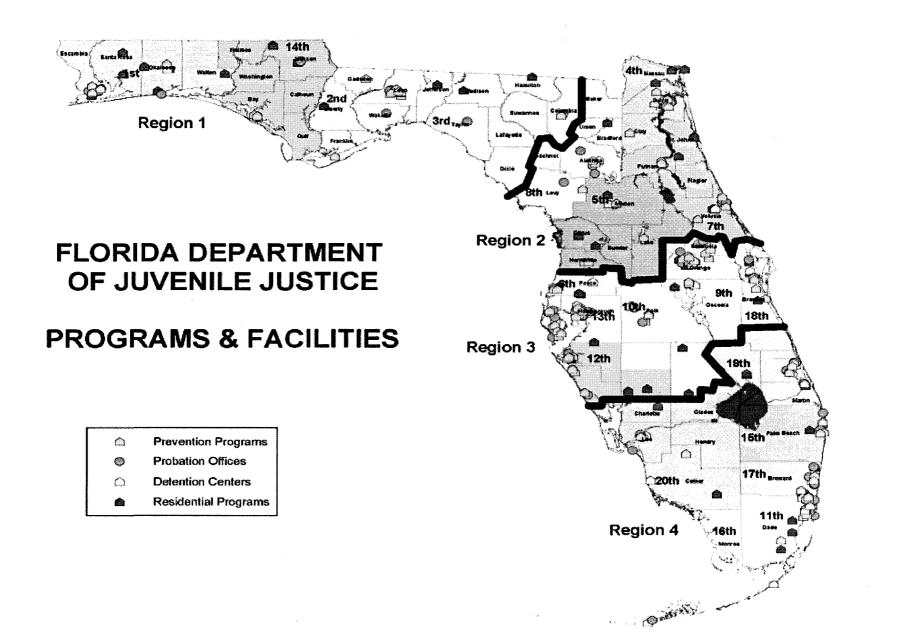
Promote public safety through effective intervention

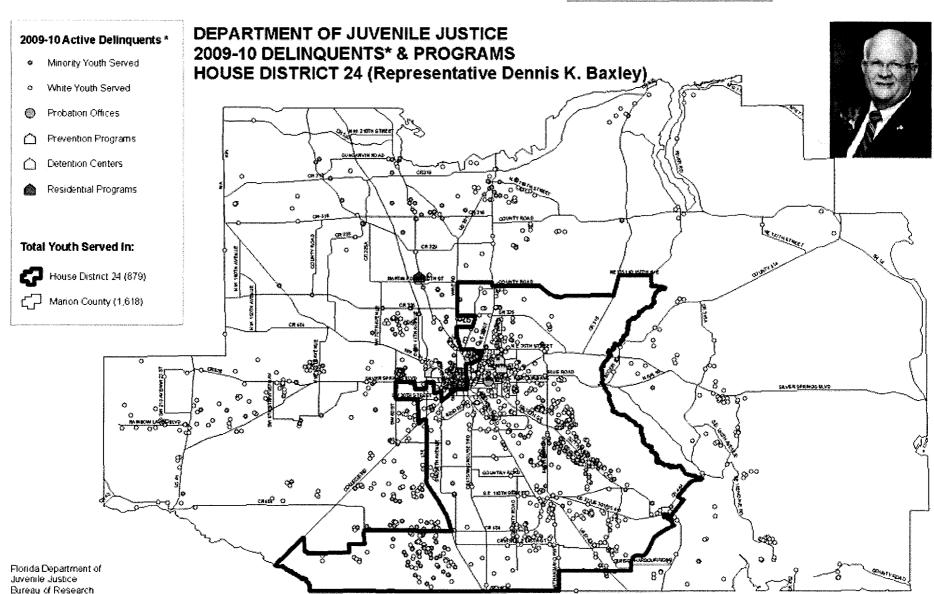
Provide a safe and nurturing environment for our children

Preserve and restore physical and mental health





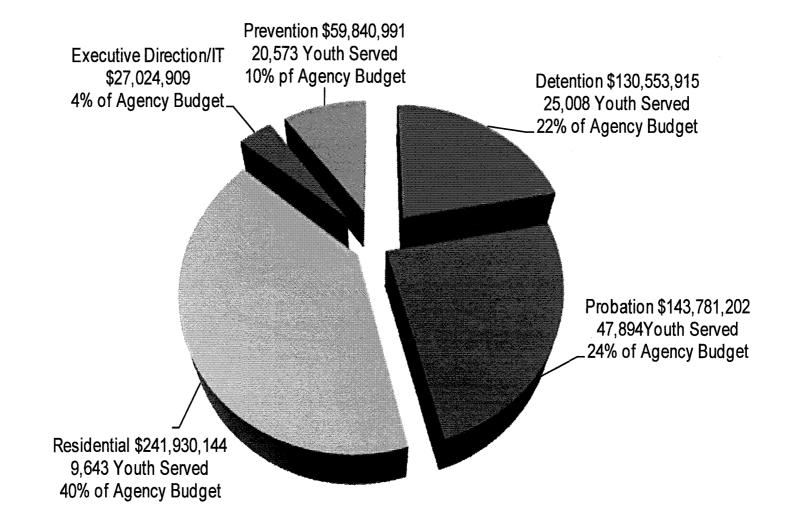




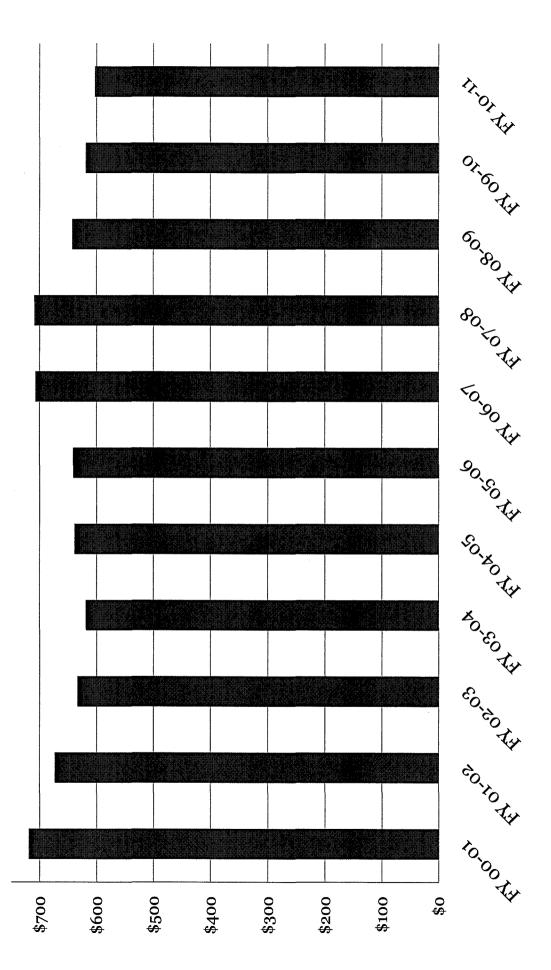
& Planning December 2010

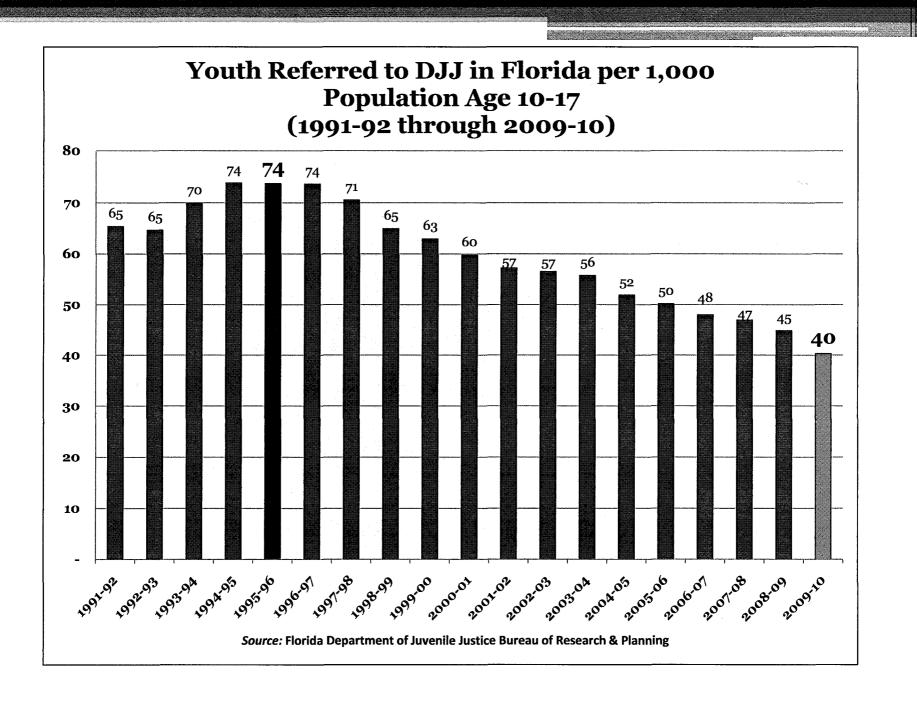
\* A delinquent is defined here as any juvenile under supervision at the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1, 2009) or a new referral from law enforcement during the year. Of the 85,406 active delinquents statewide in FY 2009-10, a total of 82,393 (96%) had addresses that could be successfully mapped and are shown here.

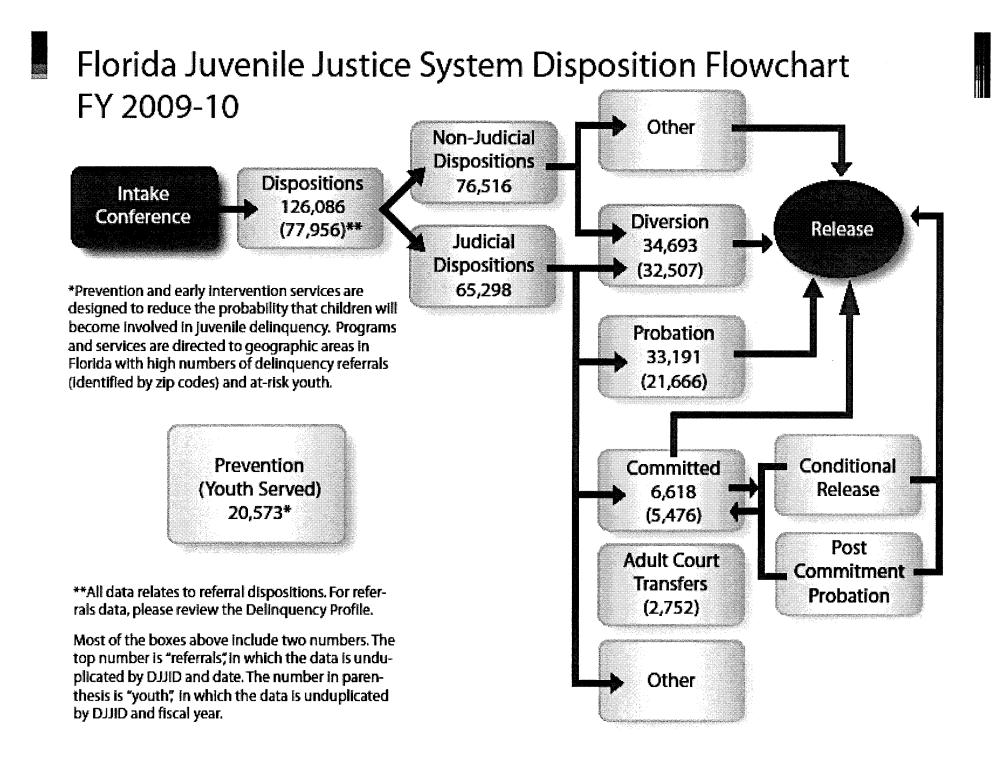
## FY 2010-2011 Budget - \$603.1 M











## Prevention Services: 100% Private Providers, Community -based

- Prevention and early intervention of delinquency is the first step toward a safer community. The DJJ provides a number of prevention services designed to be community-based and keep at-risk youth out of the juvenile justice system
  - CIN/FINS (Children/Families in Need of Services)
  - PACE Center for Girls
  - Juvenile Boards and Councils
  - Delinquency Prevention Grants
  - Faith and Community Network Programs

## Residential Services: State and Private Operated

- Residential Services provides a continuum of care for youth committed to the care and custody of the department.
- Once the youth is committed, the department provides programming and security to address the supervision, custody, care , and treatment needs of youth.
- Specialized treatment services are based upon individual need of the youth and include:
  - ≻ Intensive Mental Health
  - $\succ$  Substance Abuse
  - ≻ Sex Offender
  - ➤ Gender-Specific Programming
  - ≻Vocational Training
  - Educational Services

## Detention Services: State and Private Operated

- Detention services provide short-term, physically secure facilities for youth who have been assessed as risks to public safety and must remain in a physically secure detention center while awaiting court. While in secure detention, youth receive:
  - ≻ Medical Screening
  - ≻ Mental Health Services
  - Crisis Intervention and Stabilization
  - ≻ Substance Abuse
  - Educational Assessment and Services

## Probation and Community Corrections: State and Private

- Every youth under the age of 18 charged with a crime in Florida is referred to the department. Probation is responsible for conducting assessments and screenings, preparing pre-disposition reports for the court, making referrals to diversion services, and providing follow-up services, supervision of youth and case plan for services
- Probation program types include:

> Juvenile Assessment Centers (JAC)

Day Treatment (AMI Kids, PACE)

≻ Aftercare

≻ Conditional Release

- > Evidence-Based Programming
- Intensive Delinquency Diversion Services (IDDS)

≻ Re-direction

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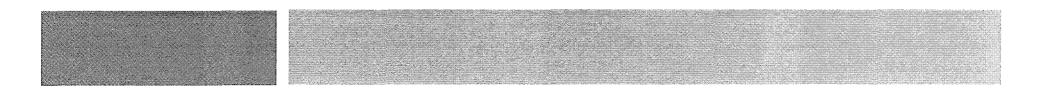
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## **Criminal Justice Subcommittee**

January 11, 2010





# **Department of Corrections**

## □ Mission:

To protect public safety, to ensure the safety of Department personnel, and to provide proper care and supervision of all offenders under our jurisdiction while assisting, as appropriate, their re-entry into society.

## □Key facts:

- 102,000+ inmates housed in 144 correctional facilities
- 152,000+ active offenders reporting to 160 probation offices
- 30,300+ positions (75% are certified officers)
- \$2.3 billion operating budget

# Legal Framework

The purpose of the Department of Corrections is to protect the public through the incarceration and supervision of offenders and to rehabilitate offenders through the application of work, programs, and services.

□Section 20.315, Florida Statutes

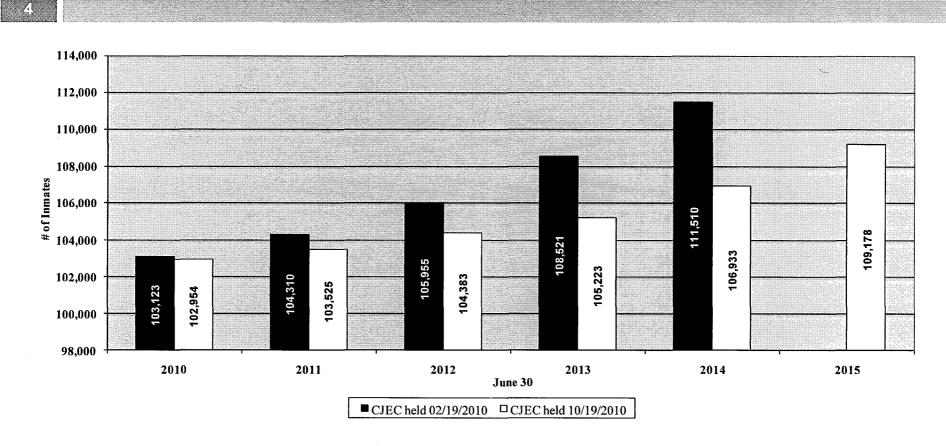
Establishes the Department of Corrections

Chapters 944 and 945, Florida Statutes • Custody and Care of Inmates

Chapter 948, Florida Statutes

Community Corrections

## Funding for prison beds is based on prison population forecasts created by the Criminal Justice Estimating Conference.



Average Cost to build 1,335 bed prison:

≈ \$78 Million

### **Annual Operating Cost:**

\$26 Million\*

\*Excluding indirect costs

# Institutions

## □22,042 FTE

## □ 144 Correctional Facilities

- 62 major prisons
- 43 work or forestry camps
- 34 work release centers
- 5 road prisons

## Bureaus:

- Classification & Central Records
- Facility Services
- Institutional Support Services
- Security Operations

# **Community Corrections**

## □3,179 FTE

## □ Total Population Breakdown

- 114,332 Active (on the street under supervision)
  - 37,755 Active Suspense (temporarily in custody)
  - 6,512 Out of State (sentenced in FL, transferred to another state)
  - 24,125 Absconder (unknown location, warrant issued)

#### 182,724 Total

\*NOTE: The combined active and active suspense population (152,087) number is used when reporting Community Corrections active population number.

## □ Top 3 Offender Populated Counties (as of 1/4/11)

- Miami-Dade (14,019)
- Broward (13,172)
- Hillsborough (10,298)

# **Re-Entry**

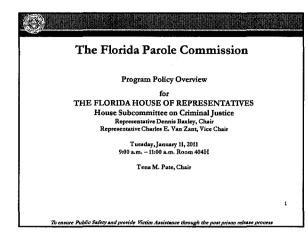
## □4 Mission-Specific Facilities/Re-Entry

- Baker CI (Region 2)
- Demilly CI (Region 3)
- Polk CI (Region 3)
- Sago Palm Re-Entry Facility (Region 4)

Bureaus:

- Admission & Release
- Education & Initiatives
- Substance Abuse
- Inmate Transition

FPC



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#### The Florida Parole Commission

- A Governor and Cabinet Agency created in 1941
   Art. IV, s. 8(3), Fla. Constitution; and Chapter 947, Florida Statutes
- Composed of three (3) full time Commissioners appointed by the Governor & Cabinet
- Commissioners may serve no more than two (2) consecutive six-year terms
- Commission meets approximately 36 times annually
- Commission has 128 FTEs and a budget of \$8.2 million for FY 10-11
- Commission is almost 100% funded by General Revenue

To ensure Public Safety and provide Victim Assistance through the post prison release process

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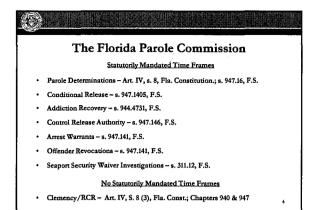
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#### The Florida Parole Commission

CORE MISSION: To Ensure Public Safety by:

- Select through careful consideration persons to be transitioned back into society
- Locating victims/victims' families to afford an opportunity to provide input in the process
- Setting terms and conditions of supervision
- Quickly returning offenders to incarceration when conditions are violated
- Providing accurate information to the Clemency Board
- Investigating applicants for seaport employment
  - To ensure Public Safety and provide Victim Assistance through the post prison release process



To ensure Public Safety and provide Victim Assistance through the post prison release process

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#### The Florida Parole Commission

PROGRAM: CONDITIONAL RELEASE

Represents 31% of FPC Program Workload
 Article IV, S. 8(3), Fla. Constitution and s. 947.1405, s. 947.141, F.S.

- · Is a mandatory non-discretionary release program
- · Offenders are: violent, habitual offenders, sexual predators
- Releasees are subject to strict conditions of supervision
- When a violation occurs, warrants are issued, quasi-judicial hearings are held, and a Final Commission Action is taken

To ensure Public Safety and provide Victim Assistance through the post prison release process

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#### The Florida Parole Commission

PROGRAM: ADDICTION RECOVERY SUPERVISION

Represents 5% of FPC Program Workload

 Article IV, S. 8(3), Fia. Constitution; s. 947.1405, s. 944.4731, F.S.

Mandatory non-discretionary release program

- Offenders: non-violent, non-sexual predators
- Releasees are subject to strict conditions of supervision
- When a violation occurs, warrants are issued, quasijudicial hearings are held, and a final Commission Action is taken

To ensure Public Safety and provide Victim Assistance through the post prison release process

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#### The Florida Parole Commission Parole & Conditional Medical Release

PAROLE:

- 13% of FPC Program Workload

   Art. IV, S. 8(3), Fla. Constitution; and Chapters 947, 948, and 949, F.S.
- A <u>discretionary</u> prison release
- Commission sets term and conditions of supervision
- Parolee may be returned to prison if VOP (violation) occurs; warrants are issued; quasi-judicial hearings are held; and, a final Commission Action is taken
- Parole (a discretionary release) sholished for most offenders sentenced for crimes committed on or after October 1, 1983
- Approximately 5,526 inmates are still eligible for parole consideration
   -448 offenders currently are under parole supervision
- Conditional Medical Release is for "terminally ilf" or "permanently incapacitated" inmates

To ensure Public Safety and provide Victim Assistance through the post prison release process

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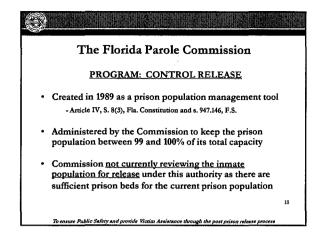
#### The Florida Parole Commission

PROGRAM: VICTIMS' SERVICES

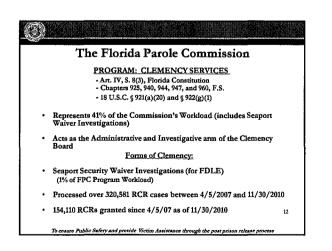
- Art. I, S. 16(b), Fla. Constitution and s. 947.06, s. 960.001, F.S.

- Represents 9% of FPC Program Workload
- · Provides direct, personal assistance to crime victims and their families
- Victims provide input in Parole, Conditional Medical Release, Revocations, and Clemency case considerations. Victim input is also received in Conditional Release cases but through the Department of Corrections.
- Reduces victimization through education and by fostering an environment of caring concern, compassion, dignity, and respect
- In FY 09-10, Victims' Services logged 20,559 victim assists

To ensure Public Safety and provide Victim Assistance through the post prison release process







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The Florida Parole Commission	
Questions?	
Contact: Tena M. Pate, Chair	
Florida Parole Commission 4070 Esplanade Way	
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2450 850-488-0476 or	
Jane C. Tillman Legislative Affairs Director janetillman@fpc.state.fl.us	
850-921-2816	
To ensure Public Safety and provide Victim Assistance through the post prison release process	

EDR

#### Criminal Justice Estimating Conference Results and Trends

Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research, January 11, 2011

Criminal Justice Estimating Conference will typically meet three times a year to "develop official information relating to the criminal justice system, including forecasts of prison admissions and population...for the state planning and budgeting system."

Projections are usually based on current law/current administration.

Principals include staff from the House and Senate, the Governor's Office of Planning and Budgeting, and the Legislature's Office of Economic and Demographic Research.

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In addition, the Criminal Justice Impact Conference meets to determine the prison bed impact of proposed legislation.

Proposed legislation which creates new felony offenses or increases the penalty for existing offenses may impact the number of prison beds that are needed.

Alternatively, proposed legislation which creates diversion programs or reduces the penalty for existing offenses may impact the number of prison beds that are needed (fewer beds). Going into the October CJEC, it appeared that admissions needed to be adjusted downward from the February CJEC.

October's CJEC projected prison **admissions** compared to February 2010 CJEC :

- 1,010 for FY 10-11

- 1,376 for FY 11-12

- 1,741 for FY 12-13

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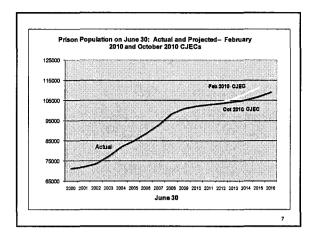
FY 10-11 admissions now projected to be **36,394** 

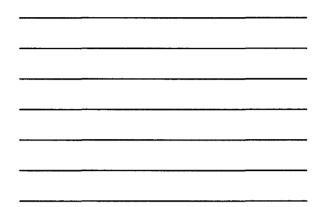
October's CJEC projected prison population compared to February's CJEC:

June 30<sup>th</sup> prison population:

- 169 for FY 10-11
- 785 for FY 11-12
- 1,572 for FY 12-13

June 30, 2011 prison population projection **102,954** 





#### Why were projections lowered?

Review of criminal justice indicators suggested that trends first observed in 2008 were continuing.

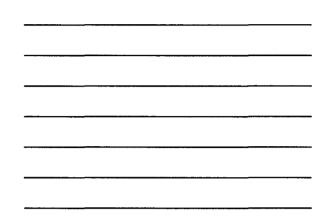
These trends will result in smaller numbers of new commitments coming to prison than previously anticipated.

#### Indicators

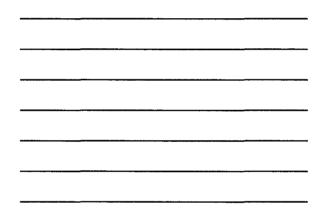
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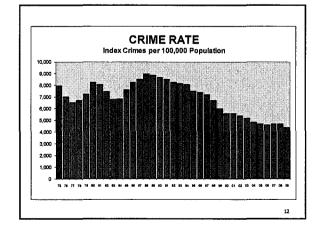
- Crime Trends
- Judicial System Trends
- New Commitments to Prison
- Technical Violators
- Year-and-a Day Sentences

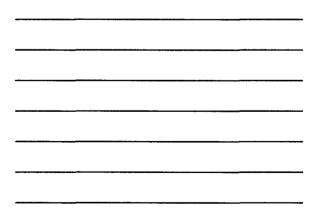
	<b>dicator 1—Cri</b> i Jniform Crime Rep June	me Trends ort — January through	
	TOTAL IND	EX CRIMES	
		Change from prior year	
2002	442.604	0.7%	
2003	436,882	-1.3%	
2004	426,702	-2.3%	
2005	412,743	-3.3%	
2006	411,608	-0.3%	
2007	427,646	3.9%	
2008	434,563	1.6%	
2009	400,065	-7.9%	
2010	381,050	-4.8%	
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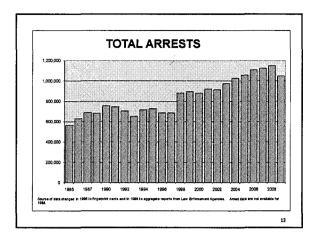


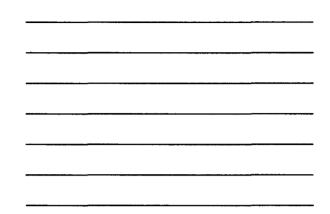
Crime Trends by Type of Crime Six Month Uniform Crime Report: January - June					
	VIOLENT	CRIME	NON-VIOLENT	CRIME	
	Ch	ange from prior year	Cha	nga from prior year	
2002	62,770	-1.6%	379,834	1.1%	
2003	61,699	-1.7%	375,183	-1.2%	
2004	61,345	-0.6%	365,357	-2.6%	
2005	61,737	0.6%	351,006	-3.9%	
2006	63,712	3.2%	347,896	-0.9%	
2007	65,011	2.0%	362,635	4.2%	
2008	63,421	-2.4%	371,142	2.3%	
2009	57,253	-9.7%	342,814	-7.6%	
2010	51,113	-10.7%	329,937	-3.8%	





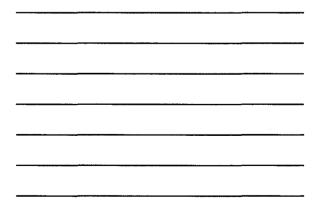




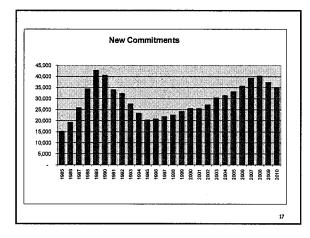


Indicator 2 Judicial System Trends

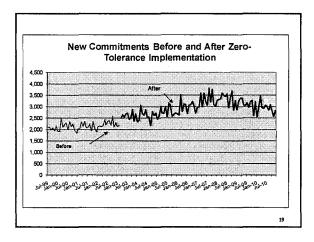
		DISPOSITION	S		
[	Felony Filings		Guilty Disp	Guilty Dispositions	
		Percent		Percent	
L	Number	Change	Number	Change	
2001	184,571	-0.8%	142,907	2.9	
2002	184,295	-0.1%	143,253	0.2	
2003	187,379	1.7%	147,707	3.19	
2004	194,863	4.0%	151,544	2.6	
2005	208,540	7.0%	159,007	4.9	
2005	220,757	5.9%	171,072	7.6	
2007	230,886	4.6%	184,112	7.6	
2008	224,743	-2.7%	186,130	1.1	
2009	205,407	-8.6%	160,435	-13.8	

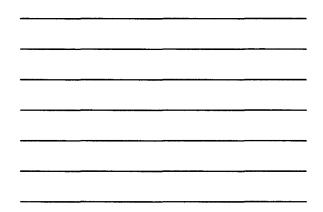




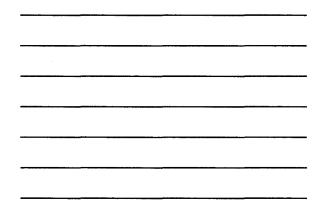






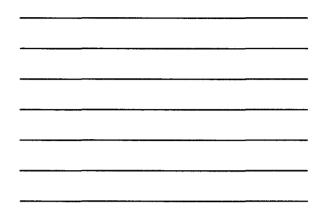


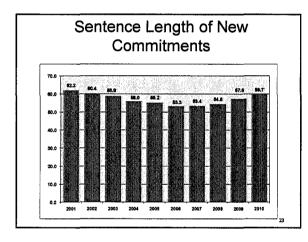
Technical Violators to Prison			
		% change	Technical violators as % of all new commitments
2003	8,805		
2004	9,648	9.6%	30.7%
2005	10,246	6.2%	30.8%
2006	11,045	7.8%	30.9%
2007	10,953	-0.8%	27.8%
2008	9,291	-15.2%	23.1%
2009	7,530	-19.0%	20.1%
Jan-Nov 2009	6,970		20.3%
Jan-Nov 2010	7,010	0.6%	21.7%
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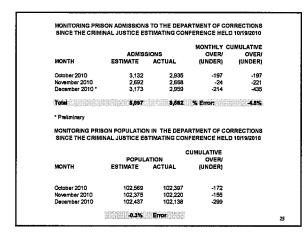
Indicator 5 – Yearand-a-Day Sentences

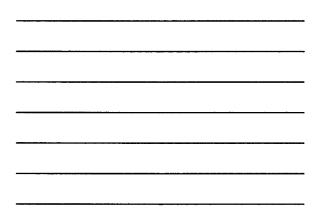
Year-and-a-day New Commitments to Prison					
	Number	Change	% Change		
2000	2,267				
2001	2,393	126	5.6%		
2002	2,385	(8)	-0.3%		
2003	3,396	1,011	42.4%		
2004	3,866	470	13.8%		
2005	4,538	672	17.4%		
2006	6,015	1,477	32.5%		
2007	6,817	802	13.3%		
2008	5,235	(1,582)	-23.2%		
2009	4,130	(1,105)	-21.1%		
2010	3,180	(950)	-23.0%		
				22	





- Crime Trends
- Judicial System Trends
- New Commitments to Prison
- Technical Violators
- Year-and-a Day Sentences





#### For Additional Information

Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research

edr.state.fl.us

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Results of the October 19, 2010 Criminal Justice Estimating Conference

Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research, MMM DD, 20YY

CJEC met on February 19th and on October 19th .

February had projected that FY 09-10 admissions would decline by 6.6% from FY 08-09.

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Actual admissions were 5.6% lower than in FY 08-09.

For the CURRENT fiscal year (FY 10-11)

February CJEC had projected that admissions would remain the same as in FY 09-10.

In first three months of this fiscal year, admissions were 5.1% lower than in the same period in FY 09-10.