

Health Innovation Subcommittee

Wednesday, March 25, 2015 9:00 AM - 11:00 AM 306 HOB

Committee Meeting Notice HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Health Innovation Subcommittee

Start Date and Time:

Wednesday, March 25, 2015 09:00 am

End Date and Time:

Wednesday, March 25, 2015 11:00 am

Location:

306 HOB

Duration:

2.00 hrs

Consideration of the following bill(s):

HB 547 Advanced Practice Registered Nurses by Pigman

Leagis ® 03/23/2015 4:09:27PM Page 1 of 1

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

HB 547 BILL #: Advanced Practice Registered Nurses

SPONSOR(S): Pigman

TIED BILLS: **IDEN./SIM. BILLS:**

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
1) Health Innovation Subcommittee	O'Callaghan Poche		
2) Health Care Appropriations Subcommittee			
3) Health & Human Services Committee			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

Florida is the most restrictive practice state for advanced registered nurse practitioners (ARNPs) in the country. Florida's laws require ARNPs to practice under a supervising physician and only to the extent that a written protocol allows. Additionally, Florida is the only state that prohibits ARNPs from prescribing controlled substances. The bill amends laws governing ARNPs to:

- Change the term "advanced registered nurse practitioner" to "advanced practice registered nurse" (APRN) throughout Florida Statutes, which aligns Florida with a majority of other states that use that title;
- Authorize an APRN to prescribe controlled substances if allowed under a written protocol signed by the supervising physician:
- Authorize an APRN to certify a person for involuntary examination under the Baker Act; and
- Authorize, under the Baker Act, an APRN, who is nationally certified as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse, to examine a person in a receiving facility and approve that person's release from such facility.

The bill establishes standards for controlled substance prescribing by APRNs, requiring them to:

- Be designated on their practitioner profile as a prescriber of controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain and meet the same requirements provided for physicians under current law to be able to prescribe controlled substances for chronic nonmalignant pain.
- Comply with the prescribing and dispensing requirements and limitations under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act.
- Be subject to administrative disciplinary actions for committing certain prohibited acts related to prescribing. administering, and dispensing medicinal drugs, including controlled substances.

The bill allows APRNs, who meet certain criteria, to register with the Board of Nursing (Board) to practice advanced or specialized nursing without physician supervision or a protocol. These "independent advanced practice registered nurses" (IAPRNs) are given title protection in the bill. In addition, the bill authorizes IAPRNs to:

- Provide a signature, certification, stamp, verification, affidavit, or other endorsement that is otherwise required by law to be signed by a physician;
- Act as a patient's primary care provider:
- Certify a cause of death and sign, correct, and file death certificates;
- Perform certain physical examinations currently reserved to physicians and physician assistants by Florida law, such as examinations of pilots, law enforcement officers, and suspected child abuse victims; and
- Be reimbursed under personal injury protection insurance for initial and follow-up medical services, consistent with current law applicable to physicians.

IAPRNs may be administratively disciplined if they commit specified prohibited acts related to unethical and substandard business practices. The bill also imposes additional requirements on IAPRNs for controlled substance prescribing. IAPRNs must complete 10 hours of continuing education related to pharmacology prior to biennial registration renewal and report controlled substance-related adverse incidents to the Board.

The bill has an indeterminate positive, and insignificant negative, fiscal impact on the Department of Health, and no fiscal impact on local government.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Background

Health Care Workforce Supply and Demand

Due to the aging and growth of the U.S. population and implementation of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), demand of the national health care workforce will outpace supply through 2025 and beyond. Such demand will be magnified even further in Florida where there is a more abundant aging population, and consequently, both a disproportionately higher health care demand and a larger retiring health care workforce. Future shortages will likely result in longer wait times for medical appointments, increased travel distances to access care, shorter visit times with practitioners, and increased costs of care.

Some states are acting to counter health care workforce shortages in their respective states. For example, New Mexico's Governor proposed on November 13, 2013, that the state streamline the requirements for nurses licensed in other states to become licensed in New Mexico and proposed that almost \$220,000 in recurring marketing and advertising funds be used to recruit certified nurse practitioners to the state.³ Other states have formed advisory councils and task forces to conduct workforce studies, have funded educational and training programs to recruit and retain health care workers, and have used resources to aggregate comprehensive workforce data to link workforce supply to demand.⁴

In 2008, the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the Institute of Medicine launched a two-year initiative to research and analyze the nursing profession and how it may be reformed in order to combat the current and projected workforce shortage. The effort resulted in a report, which included as its number one recommendation that scope of practice barriers should be removed for advanced practice nurses and they should be able to practice to the full extent of their education and training.⁵

<u>Nursing/Future%20of%20Nursing%202010%20Recommendations.pdf</u> (last visited on March 15, 2015). **STORAGE NAME**: h0547.HIS

¹ The Association of American Medical Colleges (AAMC), "The Complexities of Physician Supply and Demand: Projections Through 2025," available at: https://members.aamc.org/eweb/DynamicPage.aspx?Action=Add&ObjectKeyFrom=1A83491A-9853-4C87-86A4-

F7D95601C2E2&WebCode=PubDetailAdd&DoNotSave=yes&ParentObject=CentralizedOrderEntry&ParentDataObject=Invoice
Detail&ivd_formkey=69202792-63d7-4ba2-bf4e-a0da41270555&ivd_prc_prd_key=D0B3BDF6-CBE8-425C-B8DB-94928E479FE1
(last visited on March 15, 2015). See also, American Association of Colleges of Nursing, "Nursing Shortage," available at:
https://www.aacn.nche.edu/media-relations/fact-sheets/nursing-shortage (last visited on March 15, 2015).

² Id., AAMC, "The Complexities of Physician Supply and Demand: Projections Through 2025," at pg. 7.

³ State of New Mexico, Office of the Governor, Susana Martinez, Press Release, "Governor Susana Martinez Proposes Streamlining Licensure for Nurses Relocating to New Mexico," available at:

http://www.governor.state.nm.us/uploads/PressRelease/191a415014634aa89604e0b4790e4768/Governor_Susana_Martinez_Proposes Streamlining Licensure for Nurses Relocating to New Mexico.pdf (last visited on March 15, 2015).

⁴ Association of Academic Health Centers, "State Actions and the Health Workforce Crisis," available at: http://www.aahcdc.org/policy/reddot/AAHC Workforce State Actions.pdf (last visited on March 15, 2015).

⁵ Institute of Medicine of the National Academies, "The Future of Nursing: Leading Change, Advancing Health," "Report Recommendations," available at: http://www.iom.edu/~/media/Files/Report%20Files/2010/The-Future-of-

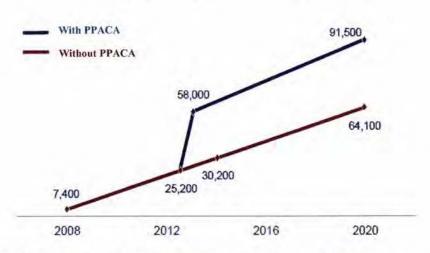
Physician Workforce Data

The Association of American Medical Colleges Center for Workforce Studies estimates that, in 2015, the U.S. will face a physician shortage of 62,900 that will increase to 130,000 across all specialties by 2025.⁶

In 2012, there were 260.5 physicians⁷ actively practicing per 100,000 population in the U.S., ranging from a high of 421.5 in Massachusetts to a low of 180.8 in Mississippi. The states with the highest number of physicians per 100,000 population are concentrated in the northeastern states.⁸ Regarding primary care physicians, there were 90.1 per 100,000 population.⁹

The following chart illustrates the projected physician shortage, nationally, with and without full implementation of the PPACA.

National projected physician shortages



Source: Kirch DG, Henderson MK, Dill MJ (2011). "Physician Workforce Projections in an Era of Health Care Reform." *Annual Review of Medicine*.

Florida had 252.9 actively practicing physicians per 100,000 population in 2012. Although Florida is the third most populous state in the nation, ¹⁰ it ranks as having the 23rd highest physician to population ratio. ¹¹ In 2012, Florida had a ratio of 84.8 primary care physicians per 100,000 population, ranking Florida 30th compared to other states. ¹²

⁶ American Medical Association, "Reducing medical student debt strengthens the physician workforce," available at: <a href="http://webcache.googleusercontent.com/search?q=cache:5BUluBloScMJ:savegme.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/03/reducing-medical-student-debt-strengthens-physician-workforce.pdf+&cd=1&hl=en&ct=clnk&gl=us (last visited on March 15, 2015).

⁷ These totals include allopathic and osteopathic doctors.

⁸ AAMC, "2013 State Physician Workforce Data Book," November 2013, pg. 4, available at: http://webcache.googleusercontent.com/search?q=cache:fDNw1DotqUIJ:https://www.aamc.org/download/362168/data/2013statephysicianworkforcedatabook.pdf+&cd=1&hl=en&ct=clnk&gl=us (last visited on March 15, 2015).

As of July 1, 2014, the U.S. Census Bureau estimated Florida to have 19,893,297 residents, behind California (38,802,500) and Texas (26,956,958). U.S. Census Bureau, "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2014: 2014 Population Estimates," available at:

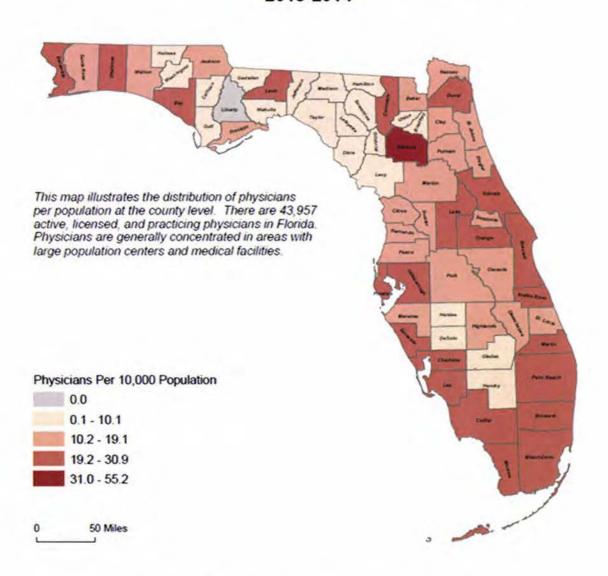
http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=PEP_2014_PEPANNRES&prodType=table (last visited on March 15, 2015).

¹¹ Supra fn. 8, at pg. 9.

¹² Supra fn. 8, at pg. 13. STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

In 2014, 13.4 percent of Florida's physicians reported that they were planning to retire within the next five years, which will exacerbate Florida's shortage of physicians. The following map 14 illustrates that not only does Florida have a shortage of physicians, but there is a maldistribution of physicians and they are generally concentrated in urban areas.

Florida's Physician Workforce by County 2013-2014



Source: Florida Department of Health 2013 & 2014 Physician Workforce Surveys

As of June 19, 2014, the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services designated approximately 6,100 locations in the U.S. as

14 Id. at pg. 7.

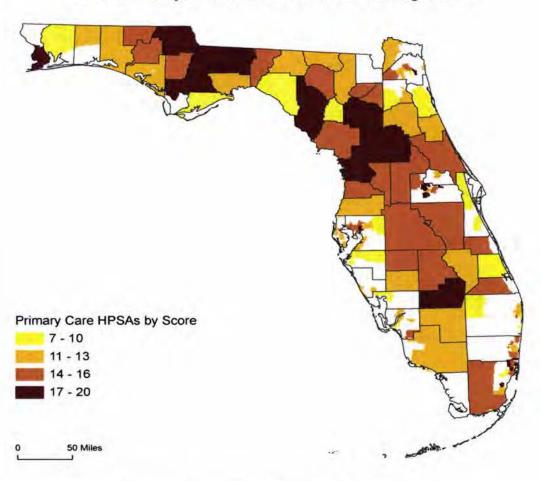
STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

¹³ Florida Department of Health, "2014 Physician Workforce Annual Report," available at: http://www.floridahealth.gov/provider-and-partner-resources/community-health-workers/physician-workforce-development-and-recruitment/index.html (last visited on March 15, 2015).

primary care Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSAs).¹⁵ Primary care HPSAs are based on a physician to population ratio of 1:3,500. In other words, when there are 3,500 or more people per primary care physician, an area is eligible to be designated as a primary care HPSA. Applying this formula, it would take approximately 8,200 additional primary care physicians to eliminate the current primary care HPSA designations, nationally.¹⁶

As of November 2014, there were 327 primary care HPSAs in Florida. Those HPSAs would need at least 890 primary care physicians to remove the HPSA designation.

Florida Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Areas



Source: Health Resources and Services Administration, October 2013.

In addition to Florida's primary care HPSAs, the state has 275 dental HPSAs and 306 mental health care HPSAs, which would require 870 dentists and 155 psychiatrists, respectively, to remove the HPSA designation.¹⁷

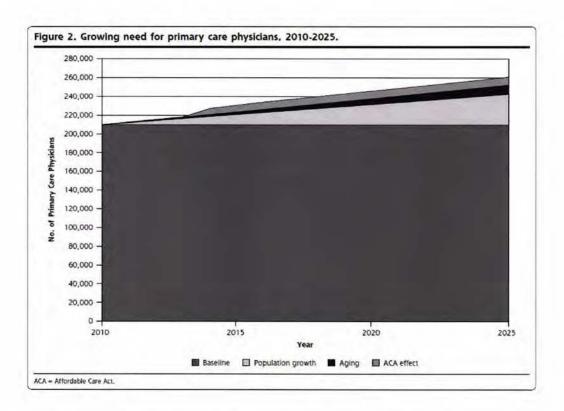
STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

¹⁵ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, "Shortage Designation: Health Professional Shortage Areas & Medically Underserved Areas/Populations," available at: http://www.hrsa.gov/shortage/ (last visited on March 15, 2015).

¹⁶ While the 1:3,500 ratio has been a long-standing ratio used to identify high need areas, it is important to note that there is no generally accepted ratio of physician to population ratio. Furthermore, primary care needs of an individual community will vary by a number of factors such as the age of the community's population. Additionally, the formula used to designate primary care HPSAs does not take into account the availability of additional primary care services provided by Nurse Practitioners and Physician Assistants in an area. *Id.*

¹⁷ Florida Department of Health, Presentation on Health Care Workforce: Physician Workforce and Florida CHARTS Data, November 6, 2013, available at:

A different analysis measured current primary care utilization (office visits) and projected the impact of population increases, aging, and insured status changes. The study found that the total number of office visits to primary care physicians will increase from 462 million in 2008 to 565 million in 2025, and (because of aging) the average number of visits will increase from 1.60 to 1.66. The study concluded that the U.S. will require 51,880 additional primary care physicians by 2025. The table below illustrates the study's findings.



One factor contributing to the shortage of primary care physicians is that medical students are choosing to go into specialty practice to pay off large student loans that they have accumulated. Physicians in 12 specialties, such as radiology, psychiatry and anesthesiology, may earn up to twice the income (from \$191,000 to >\$400,000 per year) of primary care physicians (from \$183,000 to \$201,000 per year). It is estimated that 86% of the medical school graduating class of 2013 will have education-related debt. With an average medical student debt of \$169,901, debt plays a major role in medical students' career decisions.

http://myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=2786&Session=2014&DocumentType=Meeting Packets&FileName=schcwi 11-6-13.pdf (last visited on March 15, 2015).

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

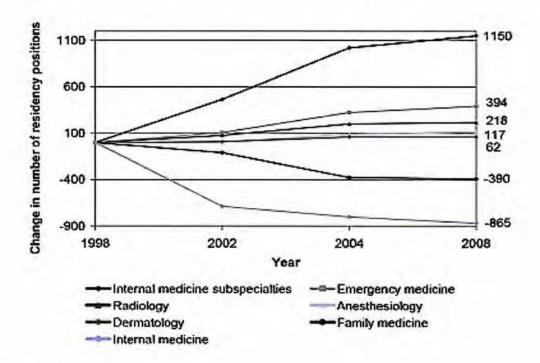
Petterson, Stephen M., et al., "Projecting U.S. Primary Care Physician Workforce Needs: 2010-2025", Annals of Family Medicine, vol. 10, No. 6, Nov./Dec. 2012, available at: http://www.annfammed.org/content/10/6/503.full.pdf+html (last visited on March 15, 2015).

¹⁹ A study conducted by the Robert Graham Center found that the income gap between primary care and subspecialists has an impressively negative impact on choice of primary care specialties and of practicing in rural or underserved settings. Robert Graham Center, "What Influences Medical Student & Resident Choices?", March 2, 2009, available at: http://www.graham-center.org/online/etc/medialib/graham/documents/publications/mongraphs-books/2009/rgcmo-specialty-geographic.Par.0001.File.tmp/Specialty-geography-compressed.pdf (last visited on March 15, 2015).

²⁰ Grayson, M., Newton, D., Thompson, L., "Payback time: the associations of debt and income with medical student career choice," Medical Education, Vol. 46, Issue 10, pg. 984, October 2012, on file with subcommittee staff.

Association of American Medical Colleges, "Medical Student Education: Debt, Costs, and Loan Repayment Fact Card," October 2013, available at:

The type of residencies that are available to medical school graduates also has a role in career decisions. Data on residencies funded by Medicare (1998-2008) indicates program growth is predominantly in subspecialty training and non-primary-care core specialties.²³ For example, 133 internal medicine subspecialty programs opened in that time. Conversely, there was a net loss of 390 first-year family medicine resident positions. Similarly, 865 general internal medicine positions were lost, converted to preliminary year positions, or offset by opportunities to subspecialize. Primary care also lost 40 family medicine and 25 internal medicine programs during this time. The chart below indicates the change in the number of first-year residency programs by specialty in that time.²⁴



Nurse Workforce Data

In 2012, there were approximately 110,200 certified nurse practitioners (CNPs), 35,200 certified registered nurse anesthetists (CRNAs), 6,000 certified nurse midwives (CNMs), and 2,711,000 registered nurses (RNs) employed in the U.S.²⁵ There were approximately 35 CNPs, 11 CRNAs, 2 CNMs, and 863 RNs per 100,000 population in 2012.26

As of January 2014, there were 18,843 advanced registered nurse practitioners (ARNPs) holding a certificate to practice in Florida, including 13,590 CNPs, 4,550 CRNAs, and 703 CNMs. There were

http://webcache.googleusercontent.com/search?q=cache:6 UZFvMbpaIJ:https://www.aamc.org/download/152968/data/debtfactcard.p $\frac{df+\&cd=1\&hl=en\&ct=clnk\&gl=us}{22}$ (last visited on March 15, 2015).

http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=PEP_2014_PEPANNRES&prodType=table (last visited on March 15, 2015) and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics 2012 data on employment projections available at: http://data.bls.gov/projections/occupationProj (last visited on March 15, 2015).

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

²³ Weida NA, Phillips RL Jr, Bazemore AW, Dodoo MS, Petterson SM, Xierali I, Teevan B., "Loss of Primary Care Residency Positions Amidst Growth in other Specialties. Am Fam Physician, 2010 Jul 15;82(2):121, available at: http://www.grahamcenter.org/online/graham/home/publications/onepagers/2010/op66-loss-primary.html (last visited on March 15, 2015).

24 Id.

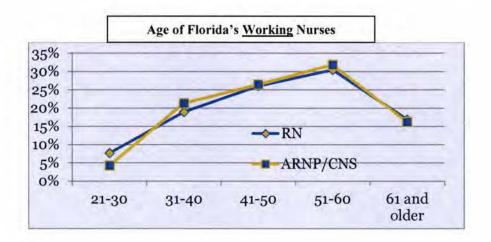
²⁵ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment Projections," available at: http://data.bls.gov/projections/occupationProj (last visited on March 15, 2015).

These ratios were calculated using the U.S. Census Bureau's population estimate for 2012, which was 314,112,078, which is available at:

also 246,397 RNs with active licenses as of January 2014.²⁷ Based on those figures, Florida has approximately the following number of nurses per 100,000 population: 69.5 CNPs, 3.6 CNMs, 23.2 CRNAs, and 1,260.4 RNs.^{28,29}

The Florida Center for Nursing (center) projects that there will be a shortage of approximately 20,600 RNs in 2025, and if PPACA were to be fully implemented Florida would have a shortage of approximately 50,300 RNs.³⁰

The center has also reported that over 30 percent of Florida's ARNPs and RNs are 51 to 60 years old, meaning there will be a large sector of Florida's nursing workforce retiring in the near future.³¹



Advanced Practice Nurses

The term advanced practice nurse (APN) refers to registered nurses who have completed rigorous training and advanced education, usually resulting in a master's degree or higher. The titles of APNs vary from state to state. The National Council of State Boards of Nursing encourages states to use the term "advanced practice registered nurse" (APRN) to promote uniformity and title recognition across the nation.³²

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

²⁷ The Florida Department of Health, Division of Medical Quality Assurance, provided the licensee information, which is on file with committee staff.

²⁸ These ratios were calculated using population estimates for FY 2013-2014 provided by the Florida Office of Economic & Demographic Research and available at: http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/population/ComponentsofChange.pdf (last visited on March 15, 2015).

²⁹ Although it appears from this data that Florida has a higher ratio of nurses than the national ratio, the national data used to calculate the ratios only considers the number of nurses "employed" in the U.S. No similar employment data exists in Florida for 2012 to correlate with the national numbers. The numbers used to calculate Florida's ratios includes all active licensees, whom may not necessarily be employed, hence the larger ratios.

³⁰ The estimates are based on full-time equivalent (FTE) registered nurses. The Florida Center for Nursing, "RN and LPN Supply and Demand Forecasts, 2010-2025: Florida's Projected Nursing Shortage in View of the Recession and Healthcare Reform," pg. 2, October 2010, available at:

http://www.flcenterfornursing.org/DesktopModules/Bring2mind/DMX/Download.aspx?Command=Core_Download&EntryId=17&PortalId=0&TabId=151 (last visited on March 15, 2015).

³¹ Florida Center for Nursing, Presentation on Florida's Nurse Workforce, November 6, 2013, available at: http://myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=2786&Session=2014&DocumentType=Meeting Packets&FileName=schcwi 11-6-13.pdf (last visited on March 15, 2015).

³² National Council of State Boards of Nursing, "APRN Talking Points: Consensus Model for APRN Regulation," available at: <a href="http://webcache.googleusercontent.com/search?q=cache:ZoWszIIarQoJ:https://www.ncsbn.org/2010_APRN_TalkingPoints_web.pdf+&cd=1&hl=en&ct=clnk&gl=us (last visited on March 15, 2015).

Florida Advanced Practice Nurses

In Florida, an APN is titled as an "advanced registered nurse practitioner" (ARNP)³³ and is categorized as a certified nurse practitioner (CNP), certified nurse midwife (CNM), or certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA).34 As of January 2014, Florida had 13,590 CNPs, 4,550 CRNAs, and 703 CNMs.35

ARNPs are regulated under part I of ch. 464, F.S., the Nurse Practice Act. The Board of Nursing (Board), established under s. 464.004, F.S., provides by rule the eligibility criteria for applicants to be certified as ARNPs and the applicable regulatory standards for ARNP nursing practices. Additionally, the Board is responsible for administratively disciplining an ARNP who commits an act prohibited under ss. 464.018 or 456.072, F.S.

Section 464.003(2), F.S., defines the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice" to include, in addition to practices of professional nursing that registered nurses are authorized to perform, advanced-level nursing acts approved by the Board as appropriate for ARNPs to perform by virtue of their post-basic specialized education, training, and experience. Advanced or specialized nursing acts may only be performed if authorized under a supervising physician's protocol.36

In addition to advanced or specialized nursing practices, ARNPs are authorized to practice certain medical acts, as opposed to nursing acts, approved by a joint committee, formed pursuant to s. 464,003(2), F.S. The joint committee consists of three members appointed by the Board of Nursing, two of whom must be ARNPs; three members appointed by the Board of Medicine, two of whom must have had work experience with ARNPs; and the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee.³⁷ The joint committee has not met since 1999 and has never approved a medical act. Currently, there are no members appointed to the joint committee. 38

For an applicant to be eligible to be certified as an ARNP, the applicant must be licensed as a registered nurse, must have a master's degree, and must submit to the Board proof that the applicant holds a current national advanced practice certification from a board-approved nursing specialty board. 39 A nursing specialty board must attest to the competency of nurses in a clinical specialty area, require nurses to take a written examination prior to certification, require nurses to complete a formal program prior to eligibility for examination, maintain program accreditation, and identify standards or scope of practice statements appropriate for each nursing specialty.

Pursuant to s. 456.048, F.S., all ARNPs must carry malpractice insurance or demonstrate proof of financial responsibility. Any applicant for certification is required to submit proof of coverage or financial responsibility within sixty days of certification and prior to each biennial certification renewal. The ARNP must have professional liability coverage of at least \$100,000 per claim with a minimum annual aggregate of at least \$300,000 or an unexpired irrevocable letter of credit in the amount of at least \$100,000 per claim with a minimum aggregate availability of at least \$300,000 and which is payable to the ARNP as beneficiary. 40 By comparison, physicians are required by Florida law to establish some method of financial responsibility, and can choose one of three options for doing so (malpractice insurance, an escrow account, or a letter of credit). However, physicians who agree to pay adverse

Section 464,003(3), F.S.

³⁴ Section 464.012(4), F.S.

³⁵ Supra fn. 27.

³⁶ Supra fn. 33.

Section 464.003(2), F.S.

Email correspondence from DOH, February 20, 2014, on file with committee staff.

³⁰ Section 464.012(1), F.S., and Rule 64B9-4.002, F.A.C.

⁴⁰ Rule 64B9-4.002(5), F.A.C.

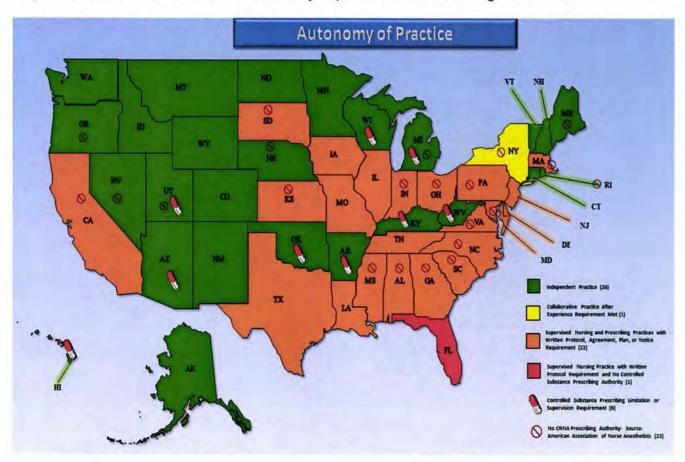
judgments, up to certain statutory limits, are exempt from this requirement, and must notify patients that they have chosen not to carry malpractice insurance.41

Autonomy of Practice

APN autonomy of practice varies widely by state. Generally, states align with four types of autonomy:

- 1. Independent nursing practice:
- 2. Collaborative nursing practice that requires physician collaboration without a specific requirement for a written agreement;
- 3. Supervised nursing practice that requires physician supervision with a written agreement. protocol, notice, or plan signed by the physician, who has discretion as to what practices are authorized, including controlled substance prescribing; or
- 4. Supervised nursing practice that requires physician supervision with a written agreement, protocol, notice, or plan signed by the physician, who has discretion as to what practices are authorized, except controlled substance prescribing which is statutorily prohibited. 42

Within these four categories, a total of 26 states allow an APN to diagnose and treat a patient without physician supervision. One state requires a collaborative arrangement (without a written agreement or protocol). Twenty-two states require supervision, in which the APN must enter into or file with a regulatory board a written protocol, agreement, plan, or notice signed by a physician. 43 The following map illustrates the different levels of autonomy of practice for APNs throughout the U.S.



If allopathic and osteopathic physicians meet certain eligibility criteria and post signage at their medical office disclosing to the public that they do not carry medical malpractice insurance, they are exempt from medical malpractice or proof of financial responsibility requirements provided in ss. 458.320 and 459.0085, F.S., respectively.

⁴² Findings based on research conducted during 2013-2015 by professional staff of the Health and Human Services Committee.

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

APN Autonomy in Veterans Health Administration Facilities

The Veterans Health Administration (VHA) of the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs is drafting a new Nursing Handbook to recognize APNs as "Licensed Independent Practitioners" in all VHA facilities and allow such nurses to practice to the full extent of their education and training without physician supervision.⁴⁴ In Florida, there are 56 VHA medical centers and health care clinics that would be affected by this policy change.⁴⁵

APN Autonomy in Florida

Florida is a supervisory state. Under s. 464.012(3), F.S., APNs may only perform nursing practices delineated in a written physician protocol filed with the Board.⁴⁶

Florida law allows a physician providing primary health care services to supervise APNs in up to four medical offices,⁴⁷ in addition to the physician's primary practice location. If the physician provides specialty health care services, then only two medical offices in addition to the physician's primary practice location may be supervised.⁴⁸ Furthermore, a special limitation applies to dermatology services. If the physician offers services primarily related to dermatologic or skin care services (including aesthetic skin care services other than plastic surgery), at a medical office that is not the physician's primary practice location, then the physician may only supervise one medical office.⁴⁹

Scope of Practice

State laws vary as to the scope within which an APN may practice, which is often determined by whether the APN is a CNP, CNM, or CRNA, and often relates to the authority to prescribe drugs and sign documents.

Eleven of the 23 independent practice states authorize an APN to prescribe controlled substances to a patient without physician supervision. Two of the 23 independent practice states, Kentucky and Michigan, require APNs to enter into a collaboration or delegation agreement with a physician in order to prescribe controlled substances. Only one state, Florida, both requires APNs to practice under written physician protocols and also prohibits APNs from prescribing controlled substances. Twenty-two states specifically prohibit CRNAs from prescribing drugs. The map on p. 10 illustrates the varying controlled substance prescribing requirements throughout the U.S.

⁴⁴ U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, Office of Nursing Services, "APRN Practice," updated February 20, 2013, on file with committee staff. Although APRNs will be able to practice independently in VHA facilities, they may not be able to prescribe controlled substances because they must adhere to the laws in the state in which they are licensed regarding prescribing authority for controlled substances. Under current law, Florida-licensed ARNPs practicing in the VHA cannot prescribe controlled substances while working alongside APN peers who can.

⁴⁵ U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, Veterans Health Administration, "Locations: Florida," available at: http://www.va.gov/directory/guide/state.asp?STATE=FL&dnum=1 (last visited on March 15, 2015).

⁴⁶ Allopathic and osteopathic physicians are also required to provide notice of the written protocol and the supervisory relationship to the Board of Medicine or Board of Osteopathic Medicine, respectively. Sections 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.

⁴⁷ The supervision limitations do not apply in certain facilities such as hospitals, colleges of medicine or nursing, nonprofit family-planning clinics, rural and federally qualified health centers, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, continuing care facilities, retirement communities, clinics providing anesthesia services, rural health clinics, community-based health care settings, student health care centers, school health clinics, or other government facilities. Sections 458.348(4)(e), and 459.025(3)(e), F.S.

⁴⁸ Sections 458.348, and 459.025, F.S.

⁴⁹ Id.

⁵⁰ Supra fn. 45. The remaining 10 states have some type of restriction or limitation on prescribing controlled substances regardless of supervision.

⁵¹ American Association of Nurse Anesthetists, AANA Journal, June 2011; 79(3):235, on file with committee staff. **STORAGE NAME**: h0547.HIS

At least 4 states grant APNs authority to sign or certify any document that is required by law to be signed by a physician.⁵² This authority is often referred to as "global signature authority." Many states specify in law the types of things an APN may sign, such as death certificates, handicapped license designations, and advanced directives.⁵³

Nineteen states statutorily recognize APNs as "primary care providers." 54 Recognizing APNs as primary care providers assists them with being able to directly bill public or private payers for services provided, order certain tests, and establish independent primary care practices.⁵⁵ Insurers may be unwilling to contract directly with a provider who is supervised by another provider.⁵⁶

APN Scope of Practice in Florida

Within the framework of the written protocol, an APN may:

- Monitor and alter drug therapies:
- Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions;
- Perform additional functions as may be determined by Board rule:
- Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy;
- Perform certain acts within his or her specialty; and
- Perform medical acts authorized by a joint committee.⁵⁷

However, Florida law does not authorize APNs to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances. 58 Florida is the only state in the U.S. that requires an APN to be supervised by a physician, authorizes APNs to only perform those nursing practices delineated under a physician's written protocol, and also prohibits an APN from prescribing, administering, dispensing, mixing or otherwise preparing controlled substances.⁵⁹

Additionally, APNs in Florida are not authorized to sign certain documents; rather, Florida law requires them to be signed by a physician. For example, APNs are not authorized to sign a certificate to initiate the involuntary examination of a person under the Baker Act, to sign for the release of persons in receiving facilities under the Baker Act, or to sign death certificates. 60

Reports and Studies Related to Advanced Practice Nurses

Patient Health Care Outcomes

Despite concerns that APNs provide a different quality of care than physicians, ⁶¹ a multitude of reports and studies suggest treatment by an APN is just as safe, if not safer, than treatment by a physician. In

DATE: 3/16/2015

PAGE: 12

⁵² The states with global signature authority are Hawaii, Maine, Rhode Island, and Vermont. Supra fn. 42.

⁵³ Supra fn. 42.

⁵⁴ Office of Program Policy Analysis & Government Accountability, "States Vary in Their Treatment of Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioners as Primary Care Providers," October 2013, on file with committee staff.

⁵⁵ National Nursing Centers Consortium, "Insurers' contracting policies on nurse practitioners as primary care providers: the current landscape and what needs to change." Policy, Politics & Nursing Practice, 7(3), 216-226, August 2006, abstract available at: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17071708 (last visited on March 15, 2015).

ARNP services are required minimum services in the Managed Medical Assistance program. Sections 409.905 and 409.973, F.S. Florida law does not require Medicaid managed care plans to contract directly with ARNPs.

⁵⁷ Sections 464.012(3),(4), and 464.003, F.S.

⁵⁸ Sections 893.02(21), and 893.05(1), F.S.

⁵⁹ Sections 464.012, 893.02(21), and 893.05(1), F.S.

⁶⁰ Sections 394.463(2) and 382.008, F.S.

⁶¹ When 972 clinicians, including 467 nurse practitioners and 505 physicians, were surveyed in a study as to whether physicians provide a higher quality of examination and consultation, the respondents were diametrically opposed. Approximately 66.1% of physicians agreed with the statement and 75.3% of nurse practitioners disagreed with the statement. Donelan, K., Sc.D., DesRoches, C., Dr. P.H., Dittus, R., M.D., M.P.H., and Buerhaus, P., R.N., Ph.D., "Perspectives of Physicians and Nurse Practitioners on Primary STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

2009, the Cochrane Collaboration published a review of the findings of 25 articles comparing physician and APN patient outcomes. The review found that, in general, there are no appreciable differences between physicians and APNs in health outcomes for patients, process of care, resource utilization, or cost.⁶²

Similar to the Cochrane review, the National Governors Association performed a review of various studies to determine whether there were differences in the quality of care provided by CNPs compared to physicians. The studies measured quality of care components such as patient satisfaction, time spent with patients, and prescribing accuracy. The review of those studies found that CNPs provided at least equal quality of care to patients as compared to physicians and, in fact, CNPs were found to have equal or higher patient satisfaction rates and tended to spend more time with patients during clinical visits. ⁶³

A 2013 study, found that allowing CNPs to practice and prescribe drugs without physician oversight leads to increased primary health care utilization and improvements in health outcomes.⁶⁴

Cost Savings

The rising cost of health care is a concern for individuals, families, businesses, government entities, and society as a whole. These rising costs will only be intensified by the increasing number of persons with health care coverage resulting from implementation of the PPACA and the shortage of health care workers. ⁶⁵

In 2012, the Perryman Group conducted a study to determine whether Texas could achieve any cost-savings by increasing the utilization of APNs. A report of the study's findings concluded that greater utilization of APNs would improve patient outcomes, reduce overall health care costs, and increase access to health care. The estimated savings were \$16.1 billion in total expenditures and \$8 billion in output (gross product) each year. Additionally, it was estimated that 97,205 permanent jobs would be added to Texas' workforce. Finally, the report estimated that Texas would receive additional tax receipts of up to \$483.9 million to the state and \$233.2 million to local government entities each year.⁶⁶

Another study found that states that allow APNs to practice and prescribe without physician supervision experience 16-35% increases in health care utilization, increases in care quality, and reductions in inappropriate emergency room use. The researchers concluded these advances were primarily due to elimination of supervision time (10%) and lower indirect costs (such as better appointment availability and lower patient travel costs).⁶⁷

The U.S. Federal Trade Commission (FTC) has authored several letters to states regarding the negative effects of restrictive scope of practice laws for APNs. The main concern of the FTC is that

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

Care Practice," N. Engl. J. Med. 2013, 368:1898-1906, available at: http://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMsa1212938 (last visited on March 15, 2015).

⁶² Laurant, M., et al., The Cochrane Collaboration, "Substitution of doctors by nurses in primary care," October 18, 2004, abstract available at: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15846614 (last visited March 15, 2015); the full report is on file with committee staff.

⁶³ National Governors Association, "The Role of Nurse Practitioners in Meeting Increasing Demand for Primary Care," December 2012, available at: http://www.nga.org/files/live/sites/NGA/files/pdf/1212NursePractitionersPaper.pdf (last visited on March 15, 2015).

⁶⁴ Udalova, V., Traczynski, J., "Nurse Practitioner Independence, Health Care Utilization, and Health Outcomes," May 4, 2014, available at: http://webcache.googleusercontent.com/search?q=cache:IDTeg-

Ch 8wJ:www2.hawaii.edu/~jtraczyn/paperdraft 050414 ASHE.pdf+&cd=1&hl=en&ct=clnk&gl=us (last visited on March 15, 2015). The Perryman Group, "The Economic Benefits of More Fully Utilizing Advanced Practice Registered Nurses in the Provision of Health Care in Texas," May 2012, available at:

http://c.ymcdn.com/sites/www.texasnp.org/resource/resmgr/Advocacy/Perryman%20APRN%20Ultilization%20Economic%20Impact %20Report%20May%202012.pdf (last visited on March 15, 2015).

 $[\]overline{^{66}}$ Id.

⁶⁷ Supra fn. 64.

scope of practice restrictions are anti-competitive and that they, in effect, reduce competitive market pressures, increase out-of-pocket prices, allow for more limited service hours, and reduce the distribution of services. The FTC poses that if such constraints were eliminated, not only would access to services be increased, but there would be benefits to price competition that would help contain health care costs.⁶⁸

Effect of Proposed Changes

To address the current and impending health care workforce shortage in Florida, this bill expands the scope of practice for advanced practice registered nurses (APRNs) and authorizes certain qualified APRNs to practice autonomously.

Advanced Practice Registered Nurses

The bill authorizes APRNs to prescribe, dispense, order, or administer controlled substances, if allowed under a supervising physician's protocol and only to the extent the supervising physician is authorized to prescribe, dispense, order, or administer those controlled substances.

Independent Advanced Practice Registered Nurses

The bill allows an APRN who meets certain eligibility criteria to register as an "Independent Advanced Practice Registered Nurse." The bill establishes title protection for this new title.

To register as an Independent Advanced Practice Registered Nurse (IAPRN), the applicant must hold an active and unencumbered APRN certificate under s. 464.012, F.S., pay an application fee set by the Board (not to exceed \$100), and must have:

- Completed, in any U.S. jurisdiction, at least 2,000 clinical practice hours within a three-year period immediately prior to applying for registration;
- Not been subject to any disciplinary action during the five years immediately preceding the application; and
- Completed a graduate level course in pharmacology.

To maintain their registration, IAPRNs must complete at least 10 hours of continuing education approved by the Board in pharmacology prior to biennial renewal, unless an exception applies for the first biennial renewal. APRNs registered as IAPRNs must also ensure that their practitioner profiles created by the Department of Health reflect their registration as an IARPN.

IAPRNs are authorized to perform any act currently authorized for APRNs, but may perform such acts without the supervision of a physician or a written protocol. In addition to those acts, an IAPRN may independently and without supervision or a written protocol perform the following acts:

- Admit, discharge, or manage the care of a patient requiring the services of a health care facility.
- Provide a signature, certification, stamp, verification, affidavit, or other endorsement that is otherwise required by law to be provided by a physician.
- Certify causes of death and sign, correct, and file death certificates.
- Act as a patient's primary care provider.
- Execute a certificate to subject a person to involuntary examination under the Baker Act.⁶⁹
- Examine, and approve the release of, a person admitted into a receiving facility under the Baker Act, if the IAPRN holds a national certification as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse.

⁶⁹ The Baker Act is also titled the "Florida Mental Health Act" under s. 394.451, F.S.

⁶⁸ U.S. Federal Trade Commission, Office of Policy Planning, Bureau of Competition and Bureau of Economics, letters to the Illinois State Senate, Connecticut House of Representatives, and Texas State Senate, on file with committee staff.

The bill imposes safeguards to ensure IAPRNs safely prescribe controlled substances and are held accountable if they do otherwise. Specifically, IAPRNs:

- Must report adverse incidents attributable to the prescription of a controlled substance. Adverse incidents are only those events that require the transfer of a patient to a hospital or cause permanent physical injury or death.
- May be administratively disciplined for several delineated prohibited acts related to inappropriate prescribing practices.
- Are required to register as prescribers of controlled substances for chronic nonmalignant pain, if they prescribe such substances, and must meet statutory requirements related to treatment plans, recordkeeping, patient examinations, written agreements, and referrals.
- Must comply with the prescribing and dispensing requirements and limitations under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act. 70

In addition, the bill provides for several other accountability measures for IAPRNs by:

- Requiring IAPRNs to maintain malpractice insurance or prove financial responsibility as provided by Board rule to ensure claims due to malpractice are covered;
- Authorizing the Board to administratively discipline IAPRNs for several delineated prohibited acts related to relationships with patients, business practices, and nursing practices; and
- Subjecting IAPRNs to accountability provisions included in the Florida Patient's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities.71

An existing joint committee established under s. 464.03(2), F.S., approves certain acts of medical diagnosis, prescription, treatment, and operation that may be performed by APRNs. The bill authorizes the joint committee to approve such procedures for IAPRNs, as well as APRNs; removes the word "prescription" to conform to other changes in the bill; and replaces one APRN committee member with an IAPRN committee member.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

- **Section 1:** Amends s. 464.003, F.S., relating to definitions.
- Section 2: Amends s. 464.012, F.S., relating to certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners and fees.
- Section 3: Creates s. 464.0125, F.S., relating to registration of independent advanced practice registered nurses and fees.
- **Section 4:** Amends s. 464.015, F.S., relating to titles and abbreviations, restrictions, and penalty.
- Section 5: Creates s. 464.0155, F.S., relating to reports of adverse incidents by independent advanced practice registered nurses.
- **Section 6:** Amends s. 464.016, F.S., relating to violations and penalties.
- **Section 7:** Amends s. 464.018, F.S., relating to disciplinary actions.
- Section 8: Amends s. 39.303, F.S., relating to child protection teams, services, and eligible cases.
- Section 9: Amends s. 39.304, F.S., relating to photographs, medical examinations, x rays, and medical treatment of abused, abandoned, or neglected child.
- Section 10: Amends s. 90.503, F.S., relating to psychotherapist-patient privilege.
- Section 11: Amends s. 110.12315, F.S., relating to the prescription drug program.
- Section 12: Amends s. 112.0455, F.S., relating to the Drug-Free Workplace Act.

DATE: 3/16/2015

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS **PAGE: 15**

⁷⁰ Chapter 893, F.S.

⁷¹ Section 381.026, F.S., requires health care providers to provide patients with certain information related to qualifications, diagnosis, treatment, grievance procedures, and service charges. Also, health care providers are prohibited from discriminating against a patient for specified reasons and must respect a patient's privacy under this law.

- **Section 13:** Amends s. 121.0515, F.S., relating to special risk
- **Section 14:** Amends s. 252.515, F.S., relating to the Postdisaster Relief Assistance Act and immunity from civil liability.
- **Section 15:** Amends s. 310.071, F.S., relating to deputy pilot certification.
- Section 16: Amends s. 310.073, F.S., relating to state pilot licensing.
- **Section 17:** Amends s. 310.081, F.S., relating to department to examine and license state pilots and certificate deputy pilots, vacancies.
- **Section 18:** Amends s. 320.0848, F.S., relating to persons who have disabilities, issuance of disabled parking permits, temporary permits, and permits for certain providers of transportation services to persons who have disabilities.
- **Section 19:** Amends s. 381.00315, F.S., relating to public health advisories, public health emergencies, and quarantines.
- **Section 20:** Amends s. 381.00593, F.S., relating to public school volunteer health care practitioner program.
- **Section 21:** Amends s. 381.026, F.S., relating to definitions.
- **Section 22:** Amends s. 382.008, F.S., relating to death and fetal death registration.
- **Section 23:** Amends s. 383.14, F.S., relating to screening for metabolic disorders, other hereditary and congenital disorders, and environmental risk factors.
- **Section 24:** Amends s. 383.141, F.S., relating to prenatally diagnosed conditions, patient to be provided information, definitions, information clearinghouse, and advisory council.
- Section 25: Amends s. 390.0111, F.S., relating to termination of pregnancies.
- **Section 26:** Amends s. 390.012, F.S., relating to powers of agency, rules, and disposal of fetal remains.
- **Section 27:** Amends s. 394.455, F.S., relating to definitions.
- **Section 28:** Amends s. 394.463, F.S., relating to involuntary examination.
- Section 29: Amends s. 395.0191, F.S., relating to staff membership and clinical privileges.
- Section 30: Amends s. 395.602, F.S., relating to rural hospitals.
- **Section 31:** Amends s. 395.605, F.S., relating to emergency care hospitals.
- Section 32: Amends s. 397.311, F.S., relating to definitions.
- **Section 33:** Amends s. 397.405, F.S., relating to exemptions from licensure.
- **Section 34:** Amends s. 397.427, F.S., relating to medication-assisted treatment service providers, rehabilitation program, needs assessment and provisions of services, persons authorized to issue takeout medication, unlawful operation, and penalty.
- Section 35: Amends s. 397.501, F.S., relating to rights of individuals.
- **Section 36:** Amends s. 400.021, F.S., relating to definitions.
- **Section 37:** Amends s. 400.0255, F.S., relating to resident transfer or discharge, requirements and procedures, and hearings.
- Section 38: Amends s. 400.172, F.S., relating to respite care provided in nursing home facilities.
- Section 39: Amends s. 400.462, F.S., relating to definitions.
- **Section 40:** Amends s. 400.487, F.S., relating to home health service agreements, physician's, physician assistant's, and advanced registered nurse practitioner's treatment orders, patient assessment, establishment and review of plan of care, provision of services, and orders not to resuscitate.
- **Section 41:** Amends s. 400.506, F.S., relating to licensure of nurse registries, requirements, and penalties.
- Section 42: Amends s. 400.9905, F.S., relating to definitions.
- **Section 43:** Amends s. 401.445, F.S., relating to emergency examination and treatment of incapacitated persons.
- Section 44: Amends s. 409.905, F.S., relating to mandatory Medicaid services.
- Section 45: Amends s. 409.908, F.S., relating to reimbursement of Medicaid providers.
- Section 46: Amends s. 409.9081, F.S., relating to copayments.
- Section 47: Amends s. 409.973, F.S., relating to benefits.
- **Section 48:** Amends s. 429.26, F.S., relating to appropriateness of placements and examinations of residents.

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS

- **Section 49:** Amends s. 429.918, F.S., relating to licensure designation as a specialized Alzheimer's services adult day care center.
- Section 50: Amends s. 440.102, F.S., relating to drug-free workplace program requirements.
- **Section 51:** Amends s. 456.0391, F.S., relating to advanced registered nurse practitioners; information required for certification.
- Section 52: Amends s. 456.0392, F.S., relating to prescription labeling.
- **Section 53:** Amends s. 456.041, F.S., relating to practitioner profile and creation.
- **Section 54:** Amends s. 456.048, F.S., relating to financial responsibility requirements for certain health care practitioners.
- **Section 55:** Amends s. 456.053, F.S., relating to financial arrangements between referring health care providers and providers of health care services.
- Section 56: Amends s. 456.072, F.S., relating to grounds for discipline, penalties, and enforcement.
- Section 57: Amends s. 456.44, F.S., relating to controlled substance prescribing.
- Section 58: Amends s. 458.3265, F.S., relating to pain-management clinics.
- **Section 59:** Amends s. 458.331, F.S., relating to grounds for disciplinary action, action by the board and department.
- **Section 60:** Amends s. 458.348, F.S., relating to formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.
- Section 61: Amends s. 459.0137, F.S., relating to pain-management clinics.
- **Section 62:** Amends s. 459.015, F.S., relating to grounds for disciplinary action, action by the board and department.
- **Section 63:** Amends s. 459.025, F.S., relating to formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.
- **Section 64:** Amends s. 464.004, F.S., relating to Board of Nursing, membership, appointment, and terms.
- Section 65: Amends s. 464.0205, F.S., relating to retired volunteer nurse certificate.
- Section 66: Amends s. 467.003, F.S., relating to definitions.
- Section 67: Amends s. 480.0475, F.S., relating to massage establishments and prohibited practices.
- Section 68: Amends s. 483.041, F.S., relating to definitions.
- **Section 69:** Amends s. 483.181, F.S., relating to acceptance, collection, identification, and examination of specimens.
- **Section 70:** Amends s. 483.801, F.S., relating to exemptions.
- Section 71: Amends s. 486.021, F.S., relating to definitions.
- Section 72: Amends s. 490.012, F.S., relating to violations, penalties, and injunction.
- Section 73: Amends s. 491.0057, F.S., relating to dual licensure as a marriage and family therapist.
- Section 74: Amends s. 491.012, F.S., relating to violations, penalty, and injunction.
- **Section 75:** Amends s. 493.6108, F.S., relating to investigation of applicants by Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- **Section 76:** Amends s. 626.9707, F.S., relating to disability insurance; discrimination on basis of sickle-cell trait prohibited.
- **Section 77:** Amends s. 627.357, F.S., relating to medical malpractice self-insurance.
- **Section 78:** Amends s. 627.6471, F.S., relating to contracts for reduced rates of payment, limitations, and coinsurance and deductibles.
- **Section 79:** Amends s. 627.6472, F.S., relating to exclusive provider organizations.
- **Section 80:** Amends s. 627.736, F.S., relating to required personal injury protection benefits, exclusions, priority, and claims.
- Section 81: Amends s. 633.412, F.S., relating to firefighters and qualifications for certification.
- Section 82: Amends s. 641.3923, F.S., relating to discrimination against providers prohibited.
- **Section 83:** Amends s. 641.495, F.S., relating to requirements for issuance and maintenance of certificate.
- Section 84: Amends s. 744.331, F.S., relating to procedures to determine incapacity.
- Section 85: Amends s. 744.703, F.S., relating to office of public guardian; appointment, notification.
- **Section 86:** Amends s. 766.102, F.S., relating to medical negligence, standards of recovery, and expert witness.
- Section 87: Amends s. 766.103, F.S., relating to Florida Medical Consent Law.

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS DATE: 3/16/2015

- Section 88: Amends s. 766.1115, F.S., relating to health care providers; creation of agency relationship with governmental contractors.
- Section 89: Amends s. 766.1116, F.S., relating to health care practitioner, waiver of license renewal fees, and continuing education requirements.
- Section 90: Amends s. 766.118, F.S., relating to determination of noneconomic damages.
- Section 91: Amends s. 768.135, F.S., relating to volunteer team physicians and immunity.
- Section 92: Amends s. 782.071, F.S., relating to vehicular homicide.
- **Section 93:** Amends s. 794.08, F.S., relating to female genital mutilation.
- **Section 94:** Amends s. 893.02, F.S., relating to definitions.
- Section 95: Amends s. 943.13, F.S., relating to officers' minimum qualifications for employment or appointment.
- Section 96: Amends s. 945.603, F.S., relating to powers and duties of authority.
- Section 97: Amends s. 1002.20, F.S., relating to K-12 student and parent rights.
- Section 98: Amends s. 1002.42, F.S., relating to private schools.
- Section 99: Amends s. 1006.062, F.S., relating to administration of medication and provision of medical services by district school board personnel.
- Section 100: Amends s. 1006.20, F.S., relating to athletics in public K-12 schools.
- Section 101: Amends s. 1009.65, F.S., relating to Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program.
- Section 102: Amends s. 1009.66, F.S., relating to Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program.
- Section 103: Amends s. 1009.67, F.S., relating to nursing scholarship program.
- Section 104: Amends s. 960.28, F.S., relating to payment for victims' initial forensic physical examinations.
- Section 105: Provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

Applicants for registration as an IAPRN will have to pay an initial application fee, and registered IAPRNs will have to pay a biennial renewal fee, to the Department of Health. The total amount the Department of Health will receive from such fees is indeterminate, because the number of APRNs who choose to register as IAPRNs is not predictable.

2. Expenditures:

The Board of Nursing may incur indeterminate, but nominal costs associated with rulemaking, which can be absorbed within existing resources.

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Applicants for registration as an IAPRN will have to pay an application fee and IAPRNs renewing their registration will be subject to renewal fees. The bill authorizes the Board of Nursing to set the application and biennial renewal fees, but they may not exceed \$100 and \$50, respectively.

The bill requires IAPRNs to obtain medical malpractice insurance. The Board may require IARPNs to have more coverage and therefore a more expensive policy than what is required for APRNs.

APRNs who have paid physicians in order to be supervised under a protocol achieve some costsavings if they register as an IAPRN and practice without a written protocol.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

- 1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision: Not applicable. The bill does not appear to affect county or municipal governments.
- 2. Other:

None.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

The Board of Nursing and the Department of Health have sufficient rule-making authority to implement the provisions of the bill.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

IV. AMENDMENTS/ COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

STORAGE NAME: h0547.HIS **PAGE: 19**

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to advanced practice registered 3 nurses; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; revising and 4 providing definitions; redesignating advanced registered nurse practitioners as advanced practice 5 registered nurses; providing for independent advanced 6 7 practice registered nurses to practice advanced or 8 specialized nursing; revising composition of a joint 9 committee to include an independent advanced practice 10 registered nurse; exempting an independent advanced 11 practice registered nurse from a requirement that 12 certain medical acts be supervised by a physician; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; revising advanced practice 13 14 registered nurse certification requirements; 15 authorizing advanced practice registered nurses to administer, dispense, and prescribe medicinal drugs 16 17 pursuant to a protocol; creating s. 464.0125, F.S.; providing for the registration of independent advanced 18 practice registered nurses who meet certain 19 20 requirements; specifying acts that independent advanced practice registered nurses are authorized to 2.1 22 perform without physician supervision or protocol; 23 providing for biennial renewal of registration, 24 including continuing education requirements; providing 25 for application and biennial renewal fees; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 464.015, F.S.; 26

Page 1 of 157

27

28

29

30

31

3233

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

4647

48

49

50

51

52

providing title protection for independent advanced practice registered nurses; creating s. 464.0155, F.S.; requiring independent advanced practice registered nurses to report adverse incidents to the Department of Health in a certain manner; providing for department review of adverse incidents; authorizing the department to take disciplinary action in cases of adverse incidents; amending s. 464.016, F.S.; providing penalties for illegally using certain titles; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; adding grounds for disciplinary actions against nurses; amending s. 39.303, F.S.; revising requirements relating to review of certain cases of abuse or neglect and standards for face-to-face medical evaluations by a child protection team; amending s. 39.304, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to perform or order an examination and diagnose a child without parental consent under certain circumstances; amending s. 90.503, F.S.; redefining the term "psychotherapist" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse with a specified scope of practice; amending s. 112.0455, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to collect specimens for drug testing; amending s. 121.0515, F.S.; designating an advanced practice registered nurse as a special risk member under

Page 2 of 157

53

54

55 56

57

58 59

60 61

62

63

64

65

66 67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

certain conditions; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to administer the physical examination required for deputy pilot certification and state pilot licensure; broadening an exception to the prohibition against the use of controlled substances by an applicant for a deputy pilot certificate or a state pilot license to allow the use of controlled substances prescribed by an independent advanced practice registered nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse; requiring an independent advanced practice registered nurse performing the physical examination to know the minimum licensure standards and certify that such standards are met; amending s. 320.0848, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to certify that a person is disabled; amending s. 381.00315, F.S.; authorizing the reactivation of an independent advanced practice registered nurse license in a public health emergency; amending s. 381.00593, F.S.; redefining the term "health care practitioner" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending ss. 381.026, 383.141, 627.357, and 766.1115, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "health care provider" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s.

Page 3 of 157

79

80

81

82

83

8485

86

87

88

89

90

91

92 93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104

382.008, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse to file a certificate of death or fetal death under certain circumstances; authorizing a certified nurse midwife to provide certain information to a funeral director within a specified time period; revising the definition of the term "primary or attending physician"; amending s. 383.14, F.S.; authorizing the release of certain newborn tests and screening results to an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 390.0111, F.S.; including an independent advanced practice registered nurse in a list of health care practitioners authorized to review an ultrasound with a woman prior to an abortion procedure; amending s. 390.012, F.S.; including an independent advanced practice registered nurse in a list of health care practitioners authorized to provide postoperative monitoring and required to be available throughout an abortion procedure, remain at the abortion clinic until all patients are discharged, and attempt to assess the patient's recovery within a specified time; amending s. 394.455, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "psychiatric nurse" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse certified in a specified specialty; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; authorizing an

Page 4 of 157

105

106

107108

109110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117

118119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse to initiate an involuntary examination for mental illness under certain circumstances; providing for examination of a patient by a psychiatric nurse; authorizing a psychiatric nurse to approve the release of a patient under certain conditions; amending s. 395.0191, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to apply for clinical privileges; providing an exception to the requirement for onsite medical direction for certain independent advanced practice registered nurses; amending s. 395.605, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners who must supervise the care of a patient or be on duty for a specified duration in an emergency care setting; amending s. 397.311, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "qualified professional" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; conforming terminology; amending s. 397.405, F.S.; providing that an independent advanced practice registered nurse's practice may not be limited under certain circumstances; amending s. 397.501, F.S.; prohibiting the denial of certain services to an individual who takes medication prescribed by an independent advanced practice registered nurse or an

Page 5 of 157

131 advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 400.021, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 132 133 "geriatric outpatient clinic" to include a site staffed by an independent advanced practice registered 134 135 nurse; amending s. 400.0255, F.S.; including 136 independent advanced practice registered nurses in a 137 list of health care practitioners who must sign a notice of discharge or transfer; amending s. 400.172, 138 139 F.S.; including independent advanced practice 140 registered nurses and advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners who may 141 provide a prospective respite care resident with 142 143 certain medical information; amending s. 400.462, F.S.; defining the term "independent advanced practice 144 145 registered nurse"; amending s. 400.487, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered 146 147 nurses in a list of health care practitioners who must 148 establish treatment orders for certain patients under certain circumstances; amending s. 400.506, F.S.; 149 150 applying medical treatment plan requirements to 151 independent advanced practice registered nurses; 152 amending s. 400.9905, F.S.; exempting entities where 153 health care services are provided by independent 154 advanced practice registered nurses from clinic 155 licensure requirements; amending s. 401.445, F.S.; 156 prohibiting recovery of damages in court against an

Page 6 of 157

157

158

159

160161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

180

181

182

independent advanced practice registered nurse under certain circumstances; requiring an independent advanced practice registered nurse to attempt to obtain a person's consent prior to providing emergency services; amending ss. 409.905 and 409.908, F.S.; requiring the agency to reimburse independent advanced practice registered nurses for providing certain mandatory Medicaid services; amending s. 409.9081, F.S.; requiring copayments under the Medicaid program to be paid for independent advanced practice registered nurse services; amending s. 409.973, F.S.; requiring managed care plans to cover independent advanced practice registered nurse services; amending s. 429.26, F.S.; prohibiting independent advanced practice registered nurses from having a financial interest in the assisted living facility that employs them; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners from whom an assisted living facility resident may obtain an examination prior to admission; amending s. 429.918, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "ADRD participant" to include participants who have a documented diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease or a dementia-related disorder from an independent advanced practice registered nurse; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a

Page 7 of 157

183 list of health care practitioners from whom an ADRD 184 participant may obtain signed medical documentation; 185 amending s. 440.102, F.S.; authorizing, for the 186 purpose of drug-free workforce program requirements, 187 an independent advanced practice registered nurse to 188 collect a specimen for a drug test; amending s. 189 456.048, F.S.; requiring independent advanced practice 190 registered nurses to maintain medical malpractice 191 insurance or provide proof of financial 192 responsibility; exempting independent advanced 193 practice registered nurses from such requirements 194 under certain circumstances; amending s. 456.053, 195 F.S.; revising the definition of the term "board" to 196 include the Board of Nursing; revising the definitions 197 of the terms "health care provider" and "sole 198 provider" to include independent advanced practice 199 registered nurses; authorizing an independent advanced 200 practice registered nurse to make referrals under 201 certain circumstances; conforming a reference; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; requiring the suspension 202 203 and fining of an independent advanced practice 204 registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse 205 for prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance 206 in a certain manner; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; 207 providing certain requirements for independent 208 advanced practice registered nurses and advanced

Page 8 of 157

209 practice registered nurses who prescribe controlled 210 substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant 211 pain; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; 212 requiring an independent advanced practice registered 213 nurse to perform a physical examination of a patient 214 at a pain-management clinic under certain 215 circumstances; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.; 216 deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 464.0205, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice 217 218 registered nurse to directly supervise a certified retired volunteer nurse; amending s. 480.0475; 219 220 authorizing the operation of a massage establishment 221 during specified times if a massage is prescribed by 222 an independent advanced practice registered nurse; 223 amending s. 483.041, F.S.; revising the definition of 224 the term "licensed practitioner" to include an 225 independent advanced practice registered nurse; 226 amending s. 483.181, F.S.; requiring clinical 227 laboratories to accept a human specimen submitted by 228 an independent advanced practice registered nurse; 229 amending s. 486.021, F.S.; authorizing a physical 230 therapist to implement a plan of treatment provided by 231 an independent advanced practice registered nurse; 232 amending s. 490.012, F.S.; allowing certain qualified 233 independent advanced practice registered nurses to use 234 the word, or a form of the word, "psychotherapy";

Page 9 of 157

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

243

244

245

246

247

248

249

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

amending s. 491.0057, F.S.; authorizing certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses to be licensed as marriage and family therapists; amending s. 491.012, F.S.; authorizing certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses to use specified terms; amending s. 493.6108, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to certify the physical fitness of a certain class of applicants to bear a weapon or firearm; amending s. 626.9707, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of entities and individuals that are protected from insurer discrimination when providing services to a person with the sickle-cell trait; amending s. 627.6471, F.S.; requiring insurers to provide eligibility criteria for certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses under certain circumstances; amending s. 627.6472, F.S.; requiring insurers to provide eligibility criteria for certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses under certain circumstances; prohibiting an exclusive provider organization from discriminating against participation by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 627.736, F.S.; requiring personal injury protection insurance to cover a certain percentage of medical

Page 10 of 157

261

262

263264

265

266267

268269

270

271

272

273

274

275

276277

278279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

services and care provided by an independent advanced practice registered nurse, a practitioner supervised by an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an entity wholly owned by one or more independent advanced practice registered nurses; reimbursing independent advanced practice registered nurses up to a specified amount for providing medical services and care; amending s. 633.412, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to medically examine an applicant for firefighter certification; amending s. 641.3923, F.S.; prohibiting a health maintenance organization from discriminating against the participation of an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 641.495, F.S.; requiring a health maintenance organization to disclose in certain documents that certain services may be provided by independent advanced practice registered nurses; amending s. 744.703, F.S.; adding independent advanced practice registered nurses to a list of authorized professionals with whom a public quardian may contract to carry out quardianship functions; amending s. 766.102, F.S.; providing requirements for qualification as an expert witness in a medical negligence case concerning the standard of care for an independent advanced practice registered nurse and an advanced practice registered nurse;

Page 11 of 157

287

288289

290

291

292293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

305 306

307

308

309

310

311

312

amending s. 766.103, F.S.; prohibiting recovery of damages against an independent advanced practice registered nurse under certain conditions; amending s. 766.1116, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "health care practitioner" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 766.118, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "practitioner" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 768.135, F.S.; providing immunity from liability for an independent advanced practice registered nurse who provides volunteer services under certain circumstances; amending s. 782.071, F.S.; allowing an independent advanced practice registered nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse to supervise a person who is completing community service hours in a trauma center or hospital; amending s. 794.08, F.S.; providing that the section does not apply to procedures conducted by an independent advanced practice registered nurse under certain circumstances; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "practitioner" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse and an advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 943.13, F.S.; authorizing a law enforcement officer or correctional officer to satisfy qualifications for employment or appointment by

Page 12 of 157

313 l

314

315316

317

318319

320

321

322

323

324

325

326

327

328

329

330

331

332

333

334

335

336 337

338

passing a physical examination conducted by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 945.603, F.S.; authorizing the Correctional Medical Authority to review and make recommendations relating to the use of advanced practice registered nurses as physician extenders; amending ss. 1002.20 and 1002.42, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of individuals who have immunity relating to the use of epinephrine auto-injectors in public and private schools; amending s. 1006.062, F.S.; authorizing nonmedical assistive personnel to perform health services if trained by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; requiring monitoring of such personnel by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of practitioners who must determine whether such personnel may perform certain invasive medical services; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to medically evaluate a student athlete; amending ss. 110.12315, 252.515, 395.602, 397.427, 456.0391, 456.0392, 456.041, 458.331, 459.015, 464.004, 467.003, 483.801, 744.331, 960.28, 1009.65, 1009.66, and 1009.67, F.S.; conforming terminology; providing an effective date.

Page 13 of 157

339

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

341342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349350

351 352

353354

355

356

357

358

359

360

361

362

363364

Section 1. Subsections (16) through (23) of section 464.003, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (17) through (24), respectively, present subsections (2), (3), (20), and (22) are amended, and a new subsection (16) is added to that section, to read:

464.003 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

"Advanced or specialized nursing practice" or "to practice advanced or specialized nursing" means, in addition to the practice of professional nursing, the performance of advanced-level nursing acts approved by the board which, by virtue of postbasic specialized education, training, and experience, are appropriately performed by an independent advanced practice registered nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner. Within the context of advanced or specialized nursing practice, the independent advanced practice registered nurse and the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner may perform acts of nursing diagnosis and nursing treatment of alterations of the health status. The independent advanced practice registered nurse and the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner may also perform acts of medical diagnosis, and treatment, prescription, and operation which are identified and approved by a joint committee composed of three members appointed by the Board of Nursing, one of whom must be

Page 14 of 157

365

366

367

368

369

370

371

372

373

374

375

376

377

378

379

380

381

382

383

384

385

386

387 388

389

390

an independent advanced practice registered nurse and one two of whom must be an advanced practice registered nurse practitioners; three members appointed by the Board of Medicine, two of whom must have had work experience with advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners; and the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee. Each committee member appointed by a board shall be appointed to a term of 4 years unless a shorter term is required to establish or maintain staggered terms. The Board of Nursing shall adopt rules authorizing the performance of any such acts approved by the joint committee. Unless otherwise specified by the joint committee and unless such acts are performed by independent advanced practice registered nurses, such medical acts must be performed under the general supervision of a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 within the framework of standing protocols which identify the medical acts to be performed and the conditions for their performance. The department may, by rule, require that a copy of the protocol be filed with the department along with the notice required by s. 458.348 or s. 459.025.

- (3) "Advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>" means any person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing and certified in advanced or specialized nursing practice, including certified registered nurse anesthetists, certified nurse midwives, and certified nurse practitioners.
 - (16) "Independent advanced practice registered nurse"

Page 15 of 157

means an advanced practice registered nurse who maintains an active and unencumbered certification under s. 464.012(2) and registration under s. 464.0125 to practice advanced or specialized nursing independently and without the supervision of a physician or a protocol.

- (21) (20) "Practice of professional nursing" means the performance of those acts requiring substantial specialized knowledge, judgment, and nursing skill based upon applied principles of psychological, biological, physical, and social sciences, which shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) The observation, assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning, intervention, and evaluation of care; health teaching and counseling of the ill, injured, or infirm; and the promotion of wellness, maintenance of health, and prevention of illness of others.
- (b) The <u>prescribing and</u> administration of medications and treatments as prescribed or authorized by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe such medications and treatments.
- (c) The supervision and teaching of other personnel in the theory and performance of any of the acts described in this subsection.

A professional nurse is responsible and accountable for making decisions that are based upon the individual's educational preparation and experience in nursing.

Page 16 of 157

(23) (22) "Registered nurse" means any person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing, except such licensed person may only administer medications and treatments authorized by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe such medications and treatments.

Section 2. Section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 464.012 Certification of advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> <u>nurse practitioners</u>; fees.—
- (1) Any nurse desiring to be certified as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner shall apply to the board department and submit proof that the nurse he or she holds a current license to practice professional nursing and that the nurse he or she meets one or more of the following requirements as determined by the board:
- (a) Satisfactory completion of a formal postbasic educational program of at least one academic year, the primary purpose of which is to prepare nurses for advanced or specialized practice.
- (a) (b) Certification by an appropriate specialty board. Such certification shall be required for initial state certification and any recertification as a <u>nurse practitioner</u>, registered nurse anesthetist, or nurse midwife. The board may by rule provide for provisional state certification of graduate <u>nurse practitioners</u>, nurse anesthetists, and nurse midwives for a period of time determined to be appropriate for preparing for

Page 17 of 157

and passing the national certification examination.

- (b) (c) Graduation from a program leading to a master's degree program in a nursing clinical specialty area with preparation in specialized practitioner skills. For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 1998, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a nurse practitioner under paragraph (4)(c). For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 2001, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a registered nurse anesthetist under paragraph (4)(a).
- (2) The board shall provide by rule the appropriate requirements for advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> nurse <u>practitioners</u> in the categories of certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, and <u>certified</u> nurse practitioner.
- (3) An advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under

Page 18 of 157

chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner may:

(a) Monitor and alter drug therapies.

- (b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.
- (c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).
- (d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.
- (e) Administer, dispense, and prescribe medicinal drugs, including controlled substances.
- (4) In addition to the general functions specified in subsection (3), an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> may perform the following acts within his or her specialty:
- (a) The certified registered nurse anesthetist may, to the extent authorized by established protocol approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed, perform any or all of the following:
- 1. Determine the health status of the patient as it relates to the risk factors and to the anesthetic management of the patient through the performance of the general functions.
- 2. Based on history, physical assessment, and supplemental laboratory results, determine, with the consent of the responsible physician, the appropriate type of anesthesia within

Page 19 of 157

the framework of the protocol.

495

496

497

498

499

500

501

502

503

504

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514515

516

517

518519

520

- 3. Order under the protocol preanesthetic medication.
- 4. Perform under the protocol procedures commonly used to render the patient insensible to pain during the performance of surgical, obstetrical, therapeutic, or diagnostic clinical procedures. These procedures include ordering and administering regional, spinal, and general anesthesia; inhalation agents and techniques; intravenous agents and techniques; and techniques of hypnosis.
- 5. Order or perform monitoring procedures indicated as pertinent to the anesthetic health care management of the patient.
- 6. Support life functions during anesthesia health care, including induction and intubation procedures, the use of appropriate mechanical supportive devices, and the management of fluid, electrolyte, and blood component balances.
- 7. Recognize and take appropriate corrective action for abnormal patient responses to anesthesia, adjunctive medication, or other forms of therapy.
- 8. Recognize and treat a cardiac arrhythmia while the patient is under anesthetic care.
- 9. Participate in management of the patient while in the postanesthesia recovery area, including ordering the administration of fluids and drugs.
- 10. Place special peripheral and central venous and arterial lines for blood sampling and monitoring as appropriate.

Page 20 of 157

(b) The certified nurse midwife may, to the extent authorized by an established protocol which has been approved by the medical staff of the health care facility in which the midwifery services are performed, or approved by the nurse midwife's physician backup when the delivery is performed in a patient's home, perform any or all of the following:

- 1. Perform superficial minor surgical procedures.
- 2. Manage the patient during labor and delivery to include amniotomy, episiotomy, and repair.
- 3. Order, initiate, and perform appropriate anesthetic procedures.
 - 4. Perform postpartum examination.
 - 5. Order appropriate medications.

521

522

523

524

525

526

527

532

533

534

535

536

537

538

539

540

541

546

- 6. Provide family-planning services and well-woman care.
- 7. Manage the medical care of the normal obstetrical patient and the initial care of a newborn patient.
- (c) The <u>certified</u> nurse practitioner may perform any or all of the following acts within the framework of established protocol:
 - 1. Manage selected medical problems.
 - 2. Order physical and occupational therapy.
- 3. Initiate, monitor, or alter therapies for certain uncomplicated acute illnesses.
- 4. Monitor and manage patients with stable chronic diseases.
 - 5. Establish behavioral problems and diagnosis and make

Page 21 of 157

treatment recommendations.

(5) The board shall certify, and the department shall issue a certificate to, any nurse meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board is authorized to adopt such other rules as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

Section 3. Section 464.0125, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

464.0125 Registration of independent advanced practice registered nurses; fees.—

- (1) To be registered as an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an applicant must hold an active and unencumbered certificate under s. 464.012, and must have:
- (a) Completed, in any jurisdiction of the United States, at least 2,000 clinical practice hours within a 3-year period immediately preceding the submission of the application and while practicing as an advanced practice registered nurse.
- (b) Not been subject to any disciplinary action under s. 464.018 or s. 456.072, or any similar disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction, during the 5 years immediately preceding the submission of the application.
 - (c) Completed a graduate level course in pharmacology.
- (2) The board may provide by rule additional requirements appropriate for each applicant practicing in a specialty under s. 464.012(4).

Page 22 of 157

HB 547 2015

(3) An independent advanced practice registered nurse may perform, without physician supervision or a protocol, the functions authorized in s. 464.012(3), the acts within his or her specialty as described in s. 464.012(4), and any of the following: (a) For a patient who requires the services of a health

- care facility, as defined in s. 408.032(8):
 - 1. Admit the patient to the facility.

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580

581

582

583

584

585

586

587

588

589

590

591

592

593

594

595

596

597

598

- Manage the care that the patient receives in the facility.
 - 3. Discharge the patient from the facility.
- (b) Provide a signature, certification, stamp, verification, affidavit, or other endorsement that is otherwise required by law to be provided by a physician.
- (4)An advanced practice registered nurse registered under this section must submit to the department proof of registration along with the information required under s. 456.0391, and the department shall include the registration in the advanced practice registered nurse's practitioner profile created pursuant to s. 456.041.
- (5) To be eligible for biennial renewal of registration, an independent advanced practice registered nurse must complete at least 10 hours of continuing education approved by the board in pharmacology in addition to completing the continuing education requirements established by board rule pursuant to s. 464.013. The biennial renewal for registration shall coincide

Page 23 of 157

with the independent advanced practice registered nurse's biennial renewal period for advanced practice registered nurse certification. If the initial renewal period occurs before January 1, 2016, an independent advanced practice registered nurse is not required to complete the continuing education requirement under this subsection until the following biennial renewal period.

- (6) The board shall register any nurse meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board is authorized to adopt rules as necessary to implement this section.
- Section 4. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 464.015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 464.015 Titles and abbreviations; restrictions; penalty.-
- (8) Only a person certified under s. 464.012 persons who hold valid certificates to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioners in this state may use the title "Advanced Practice Registered Nurse Practitioner" and the abbreviation "A.P.R.N." Only a person registered under s. 464.0125 to practice as an independent advanced practice registered nurse in this state may use the title "Independent Advanced Practice Registered Nurse" and the abbreviation "I.A.P.R.N." "A.R.N.P."
 - (9) A person may not practice or advertise as, or assume the title of, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse,

Page 24 of 157

625 clinical nurse specialist, certified registered nurse 626 anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, certified nurse practitioner, or advanced practice registered nurse, or 627 628 independent advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or use the abbreviation "R.N.," "L.P.N.," "C.N.S.," "C.R.N.A.," 629 630 "C.N.M.," "C.N.P.," "A.P.R.N.," or "I.A.P.R.N." "A.R.N.P." or 631 take any other action that would lead the public to believe that 632 person was certified or registered as such or is performing 633 nursing services pursuant to the exception set forth in s. 634 464.022(8), unless that person is licensed, or certified, or 635 registered to practice as such. 636

Section 5. Section 464.0155, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

464.0155 Reports of adverse incidents by independent advanced practice registered nurses.—

- (1) Effective January 1, 2016, an independent advanced practice registered nurse must report an adverse incident to the department in accordance with this section.
- (2) The report must be in writing, sent to the department by certified mail, and postmarked within 15 days after the adverse incident if the adverse incident occurs when the patient is at the office of the independent advanced practice registered nurse. If the adverse incident occurs when the patient is not at the office of the independent advanced practice registered nurse, the report must be postmarked within 15 days after the independent advanced practice registered nurse discovers, or

Page 25 of 157

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

637

638

639

640

641

642

643

644

645

646

647

648

649

650

651	reasonably should have discovered, the occurrence of the adverse
652	<u>incident.</u>
653	(3) For the purpose of this section, the term "adverse
654	incident" means any of the following events when it is
655	reasonable to believe that the event is attributable to the
656	prescription of a controlled substance by the independent
657	advanced practice registered nurse:
658	(a) A condition that requires the transfer of a patient to
659	a hospital licensed under chapter 395.
660	(b) Permanent physical injury to the patient.
661	(c) Death of the patient.
662	(4) The department shall review each adverse incident and
663	determine whether the independent advanced practice registered
664	nurse caused the adverse incident. The board may take
665	disciplinary action upon such a finding, in which case s.
666	456.073 applies.
667	Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
668	464.016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
669	464.016 Violations and penalties.—
670	(2) Each of the following acts constitutes a misdemeanor
671	of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
672	775.083:
673	(a) Using the name or title "Nurse," "Registered Nurse,"
674	"Licensed Practical Nurse," "Clinical Nurse Specialist,"
675	"Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist," "Certified Nurse
676	Midwife," "Certified Nurse Practitioner," "Advanced Practice

Page 26 of 157

Registered Nurse Practitioner, "Independent Advanced Practice

Registered Nurse," or any other name or title that which implies
that a person was licensed, or certified, or registered as same,
unless such person is duly licensed, or certified, or
registered.

Section 7. Paragraphs (p) through (z) are added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, to read: 464.018 Disciplinary actions.—

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (p) Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing a legend drug, including any controlled substance, other than in the course of the professional practice of the independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse. For the purposes of this paragraph, it shall be legally presumed that prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not in the course of the professional practice of the independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse, without regard to the nurse's intent.
- (q) Dispensing a controlled substance listed in Schedule III or Schedule III in violation of s. 465.0276.
 - (r) Presigning blank prescription forms.

Page 27 of 157

(s) Prescribing any medicinal drug appearing on Schedule
II in chapter 893 by the nurse for office use.

- (t) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving any Schedule II drug that is an amphetamine or sympathomimetic amine or any compound thereof, pursuant to chapter 893, to or for any person except for:
- 1. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral syndrome characterized by the developmentally inappropriate symptoms of moderate to severe distractability, short attention span, hyperactivity, emotional liability, and impulsivity; or drug-induced brain dysfunction;
- 2. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of depression or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities; or
- 3. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs or compounds when an investigative protocol therefor is submitted to, reviewed, and approved by the board before such investigation begins.
- (u) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance athletic performance. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured muscle. A prescription written for the drug products listed in this paragraph may be dispensed by the pharmacist with the

Page 28 of 157

presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.

- (v) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any person.
- (w) Promoting or advertising on any prescription form of a community pharmacy, unless the form also states, "This prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."
- (x) Promoting or advertising through any communication media the use, sale, or dispensing of any controlled substance appearing on any schedule in chapter 893.
- (y) Prescribing or dispensing any medicinal drug appearing on any schedule set forth in chapter 893 by the independent advanced practice registered nurse or the advanced practice registered nurse for himself or herself or administering any such drug by the nurse to himself or herself unless such drug is prescribed for the nurse by another practitioner authorized to prescribe medicinal drugs.
- (z) For an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125:
- 1. Paying or receiving any commission, bonus, kickback, or rebate, or engaging in any split-fee arrangement in any form whatsoever with a health care practitioner, organization, agency, or person, either directly or indirectly, for patients referred to providers of health care goods and services, including, but not limited to, hospitals, nursing homes, clinical laboratories, ambulatory surgical centers, or

Page 29 of 157

pharmacies. The provisions of this subparagraph may not be construed to prevent an independent advanced practice registered nurse from receiving a fee for professional consultation services.

- 2. Exercising influence within a patient-independent advanced practice registered nurse relationship for purposes of engaging a patient in sexual activity. A patient shall be presumed to be incapable of giving free, full, and informed consent to sexual activity with his or her independent advanced practice registered nurse.
- 3. Making deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in or related to the practice of advanced or specialized nursing or employing a trick or scheme in the practice of advanced or specialized nursing.
- 4. Soliciting patients, either personally or through an agent, through the use of fraud, intimidation, undue influence, or a form of overreaching or vexatious conduct. A solicitation is any communication that directly or implicitly requests an immediate oral response from the recipient.
- 5. Failing to keep legible, as defined by department rule in consultation with the board, medical records that identify the independent advanced practice registered nurse by name and professional title who is responsible for rendering, ordering, supervising, or billing for each diagnostic or treatment procedure and that justify the course of treatment of the patient, including, but not limited to, patient histories;

Page 30 of 157

examination results; test results; records of drugs prescribed,
dispensed, or administered; and reports of consultations or
referrals.

- 6. Exercising influence on a patient or client in a manner as to exploit the patient or client for financial gain of the licensee or of a third party, which shall include, but not be limited to, the promoting or selling of services, goods, appliances, or drugs.
- 7. Performing professional services that have not been duly authorized by the patient or client, or his or her legal representative, except as provided in s. 766.103 or s. 768.13.
- 8. Performing any procedure or prescribing any therapy that, by the prevailing standards of advanced or specialized nursing practice in the community, would constitute experimentation on a human subject, without first obtaining full, informed, and written consent.
- 9. Delegating professional responsibilities to a person when the licensee delegating the responsibilities knows or has reason to know that the person is not qualified by training, experience, or licensure to perform the responsibilities.
- 10. Conspiring with another independent advanced practice registered nurse or with any other person to commit an act, or committing an act, which would tend to coerce, intimidate, or preclude another independent advanced practice registered nurse from lawfully advertising his or her services.
 - 11. Advertising or holding oneself out as having

Page 31 of 157

certification in a specialty that the independent advanced practice registered nurse has not received.

- 12. Failing to comply with the requirements of ss. 381.026 and 381.0261 to provide patients with information about their patient rights and how to file a patient complaint.
- 13. Providing deceptive or fraudulent expert witness testimony related to the advanced or specialized practice of nursing.
- Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 39.303, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

39.303 Child protection teams; services; eligible cases.—
The Children's Medical Services Program in the Department of
Health shall develop, maintain, and coordinate the services of
one or more multidisciplinary child protection teams in each of
the service districts of the Department of Children and
Families. Such teams may be composed of appropriate
representatives of school districts and appropriate health,
mental health, social service, legal service, and law
enforcement agencies. The Department of Health and the
Department of Children and Families shall maintain an
interagency agreement that establishes protocols for oversight
and operations of child protection teams and sexual abuse
treatment programs. The State Surgeon General and the Deputy
Secretary for Children's Medical Services, in consultation with
the Secretary of Children and Families, shall maintain the

Page 32 of 157

responsibility for the screening, employment, and, if necessary, the termination of child protection team medical directors, at headquarters and in the 15 districts. Child protection team medical directors shall be responsible for oversight of the teams in the districts.

- (3) All abuse and neglect cases transmitted for investigation to a district by the hotline must be simultaneously transmitted to the Department of Health child protection team for review. For the purpose of determining whether face-to-face medical evaluation by a child protection team is necessary, all cases transmitted to the child protection team which meet the criteria in subsection (2) must be timely reviewed by:
- (c) An advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>certified</u>, or an <u>independent advanced practice registered nurse registered</u>, <u>practitioner licensed</u> under chapter 464 who has a specialty in pediatrics or family medicine and is a member of a child protection team;
- (4) A face-to-face medical evaluation by a child protection team is not necessary when:
- (a) The child was examined for the alleged abuse or neglect by a physician or an independent advanced practice registered nurse who is not a member of the child protection team, and a consultation between the child protection team board-certified pediatrician, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, physician assistant working under the supervision

Page 33 of 157

of a child protection team board-certified pediatrician, or registered nurse working under the direct supervision of a child protection team board-certified pediatrician, and the examining practitioner physician concludes that a further medical evaluation is unnecessary;

Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), a child protection team pediatrician, as authorized in subsection (3), may determine that a face-to-face medical evaluation is necessary.

Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 39.304, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.304 Photographs, medical examinations, X rays, and medical treatment of abused, abandoned, or neglected child.—

 $872 \qquad (1)$

(b) If the areas of trauma visible on a child indicate a need for a medical examination, or if the child verbally complains or otherwise exhibits distress as a result of injury through suspected child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, or is alleged to have been sexually abused, the person required to investigate may cause the child to be referred for diagnosis to a licensed physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an emergency department in a hospital without the consent of the child's parents or legal custodian. Such examination may be performed by a any licensed physician, a registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a certified an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner

Page 34 of 157

licensed pursuant to part I of chapter 464. Any examining practitioner licensed physician, or advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to part I of chapter 464, who has reasonable cause to suspect that an injury was the result of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect may authorize a radiological examination to be performed on the child without the consent of the child's parent or legal custodian.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 90.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 90.503 Psychotherapist-patient privilege.-
- (1) For purposes of this section:
- (a) A "psychotherapist" is:

885

886

887

888

889

890

891

892

893894

895

896

897

898

899900

901

902

903

904

905

906

907

908 909

910

- 1. A person authorized to practice medicine in any state or nation, or reasonably believed by the patient so to be, who is engaged in the diagnosis or treatment of a mental or emotional condition, including alcoholism and other drug addiction;
- 2. A person licensed or certified as a psychologist under the laws of any state or nation, who is engaged primarily in the diagnosis or treatment of a mental or emotional condition, including alcoholism and other drug addiction;
- 3. A person licensed or certified as a clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor under the laws of this state, who is engaged primarily in the diagnosis or treatment of a mental or emotional condition, including alcoholism and other drug addiction;

Page 35 of 157

4. Treatment personnel of facilities licensed by the state pursuant to chapter 394, chapter 395, or chapter 397, of facilities designated by the Department of Children and Families pursuant to chapter 394 as treatment facilities, or of facilities defined as community mental health centers pursuant to s. 394.907(1), who are engaged primarily in the diagnosis or treatment of a mental or emotional condition, including alcoholism and other drug addiction; or

- 5. An <u>independent advanced practice registered nurse or</u> advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012, whose primary scope of practice is the diagnosis or treatment of mental or emotional conditions, including chemical abuse, and limited only to actions performed in accordance with part I of chapter 464.
- Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 110.12315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 110.12315 Prescription drug program.—The state employees' prescription drug program is established. This program shall be administered by the Department of Management Services, according to the terms and conditions of the plan as established by the relevant provisions of the annual General Appropriations Act and implementing legislation, subject to the following conditions:
- (3) The department of Management Services shall establish the reimbursement schedule for prescription pharmaceuticals dispensed under the program. Reimbursement rates for a prescription pharmaceutical must be based on the cost of the

Page 36 of 157

generic equivalent drug if a generic equivalent exists, unless the health care practitioner physician prescribing the pharmaceutical clearly states on the prescription that the brand name drug is medically necessary or that the drug product is included on the formulary of drug products that may not be interchanged as provided in chapter 465, in which case reimbursement must be based on the cost of the brand name drug as specified in the reimbursement schedule adopted by the department of Management Services.

Section 12. Paragraph (e) of subsection (8) of section 112.0455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.0455 Drug-Free Workplace Act.

- (8) PROCEDURES AND EMPLOYEE PROTECTION.—All specimen collection and testing for drugs under this section shall be performed in accordance with the following procedures:
- (e) A specimen for a drug test may be taken or collected by any of the following persons:
- 1. A physician, a physician physician's assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, a registered professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a nurse practitioner, or a certified paramedic who is present at the scene of an accident for the purpose of rendering emergency medical service or treatment.
- A qualified person employed by a licensed laboratory.
 Section 13. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section
 121.0515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 37 of 157

121.0515 Special Risk Class.—
(3) CRITERIA.—A member, to be designated as a special risk
member, must meet the following criteria:
(f) Effective January 1, 2001, the member must be employed
in one of the following classes and must spend at least 75
percent of his or her time performing duties which involve
contact with patients or inmates in a correctional or forensic
facility or institution:
1. Dietitian (class codes 5203 and 5204);
2. Public health nutrition consultant (class code 5224);
3. Psychological specialist (class codes 5230 and 5231);
4. Psychologist (class code 5234);
5. Senior psychologist (class codes 5237 and 5238);
6. Regional mental health consultant (class code 5240);
7. Psychological Services Director-DCF (class code 5242);
8. Pharmacist (class codes 5245 and 5246);
9. Senior pharmacist (class codes 5248 and 5249);
10. Dentist (class code 5266);
11. Senior dentist (class code 5269);
12. Registered nurse (class codes 5290 and 5291);
13. Senior registered nurse (class codes 5292 and 5293);
14. Registered nurse specialist (class codes 5294 and
5295);
15. Clinical associate (class codes 5298 and 5299);
16. Advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner (class
codes 5297 and 5300);

Page 38 of 157

989	17. Advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner						
990	specialist (class codes 5304 and 5305);						
991	18. Registered nurse supervisor (class codes 5306 and						
992	5307);						
993	19. Senior registered nurse supervisor (class codes 5308						
994	and 5309);						
995	20. Registered nursing consultant (class codes 5312 and						
996	5313);						
997	21. Quality management program supervisor (class code						
998	5314);						
999	22. Executive nursing director (class codes 5320 and						
1000	5321);						
1001	23. Speech and hearing therapist (class code 5406); or						
1002	24. Pharmacy manager (class code 5251);						
1003	Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section						
1004	252.515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:						
1005	252.515 Postdisaster Relief Assistance Act; immunity from						
1006	civil liability.—						
1007	(3) As used in this section, the term:						
1008	(a) "Emergency first responder" means:						
1009	1. A physician licensed under chapter 458.						
1010	2. An osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459.						
1011	3. A chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.						
1012	4. A podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461.						
1013	5. A dentist licensed under chapter 466.						
1014	6. An advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner						

Page 39 of 157

1015	certified	undor	_	161	012
TOTO	certillea	unaer	s.	464.	\cup \bot \angle .

- 7. A physician assistant licensed under s. 458.347 or s.
- 1017 459.022.
- 1018 8. A worker employed by a public or private hospital in
- 1019 the state.
- 1020 9. A paramedic as defined in s. 401.23(17).
- 1021 10. An emergency medical technician as defined in s.
- 1022 401.23(11).

1031

1032

1033

1034

1035

1036

1037

1038

1039

1040

- 1023 11. A firefighter as defined in s. 633.102.
- 1024 12. A law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10.
- 1025 13. A member of the Florida National Guard.
- 1026 14. Any other personnel designated as emergency personnel 1027 by the Governor pursuant to a declared emergency.
- Section 15. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1029 310.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1030 310.071 Deputy pilot certification.—
 - (1) In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for certification as a deputy pilot must:
 - (c) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician or an independent advanced practice registered nurse within the preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental

Page 40 of 157

1041

1042

1043

1044

1045

1046 1047

1048 1049

1050

1051

1052

1053

1054

1055

1056

1057

1058

1059

1060

1061

1062

1063

1064

1065

1066

capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot, each certificated deputy pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician or an independent advanced practice registered nurse. The examining practitioner physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders shall include a drug test.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 310.073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

310.073 State pilot licensing.—In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for license as a state pilot must:

(3) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician <u>or an independent advanced practice registered nurse</u> within the

Page 41 of 157

1067

1068

1069

1070

1071

1072

1073

1074

1075

1076

1077

1078

1079

1080

1081

1082

1083

1084

1085

1086

1087

1088

1089

1090

1091

1092

preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a licensed state pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse. To maintain eligibility as a licensed state pilot, each licensed state pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician or an independent advanced practice registered nurse. The examining practitioner physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the licensee satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for licensees shall include a drug test.

Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 310.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

310.081 Department to examine and license state pilots and certificate deputy pilots; vacancies.—

- (3) Pilots shall hold their licenses or certificates pursuant to the requirements of this chapter so long as they:
 - (b) Are in good physical and mental health as evidenced by

Page 42 of 157

1093

1094

1095

1096

1097

1098 1099

1100 1101

1102

11031104

1105

1106

1107

1108

1109

1110

1111

11121113

11141115

1116

1117

1118

documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a physical examination administered by a licensed physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician assistant within each calendar year. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a licensed state pilot or a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot, each certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician or an independent advanced practice registered nurse. The physician or independent advanced practice registered nurse must know the minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder or licensee satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders and for licensees shall include a drug test.

Page 43 of 157

Upon resignation or in the case of disability permanently affecting a pilot's ability to serve, the state license or certificate issued under this chapter shall be revoked by the department.

Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 320.0848, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.0848 Persons who have disabilities; issuance of disabled parking permits; temporary permits; permits for certain providers of transportation services to persons who have disabilities.—

(1)

11231124

1125

1126

1127

1128

1129

1130

1131

1132

1133

1134

1135

1136

11371138

1139

1140

1141

11421143

1144

- (b)1. The person must be currently certified as being legally blind or as having any of the following disabilities that render him or her unable to walk 200 feet without stopping to rest:
- a. Inability to walk without the use of or assistance from a brace, cane, crutch, prosthetic device, or other assistive device, or without the assistance of another person. If the assistive device significantly restores the person's ability to walk to the extent that the person can walk without severe limitation, the person is not eligible for the exemption parking permit.
 - b. The need to permanently use a wheelchair.
- c. Restriction by lung disease to the extent that the person's forced (respiratory) expiratory volume for 1 second, when measured by spirometry, is less than 1 liter, or the

Page 44 of 157

person's arterial oxygen is less than 60 mm/hg on room air at rest.

d. Use of portable oxygen.

- e. Restriction by cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as Class III or Class IV according to standards set by the American Heart Association.
- f. Severe limitation in the person's ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition.
- 2. The certification of disability which is required under subparagraph 1. must be provided by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460; by a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461; by an optometrist licensed under chapter 463; by an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464; under the protocol of a licensed physician as stated in this subparagraph, by a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; or by a similarly licensed physician from another state if the application is accompanied by documentation of the physician's licensure in the other state and a form signed by the out-of-state physician verifying his or her knowledge of this state's eligibility guidelines.
- Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 381.00315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 381.00315 Public health advisories; public health

Page 45 of 157

emergencies; quarantines.—The State Health Officer is responsible for declaring public health emergencies and quarantines and issuing public health advisories.

(1) As used in this section, the term:

1171

11721173

1174

1175

1176

1177

1178

1179

1180

1181

1182

1183 1184

1185 1186

1187

1188

1189

1190

1191

1192

1193

1194

1195

1196

- "Public health emergency" means any occurrence, or threat thereof, whether natural or man made, which results or may result in substantial injury or harm to the public health from infectious disease, chemical agents, nuclear agents, biological toxins, or situations involving mass casualties or natural disasters. Prior to declaring a public health emergency, the State Health Officer shall, to the extent possible, consult with the Governor and shall notify the Chief of Domestic Security. The declaration of a public health emergency shall continue until the State Health Officer finds that the threat or danger has been dealt with to the extent that the emergency conditions no longer exist and he or she terminates the declaration. However, a declaration of a public health emergency may not continue for longer than 60 days unless the Governor concurs in the renewal of the declaration. The State Health Officer, upon declaration of a public health emergency, may take actions that are necessary to protect the public health. Such actions include, but are not limited to:
- 1. Directing manufacturers of prescription drugs or overthe-counter drugs who are permitted under chapter 499 and wholesalers of prescription drugs located in this state who are permitted under chapter 499 to give priority to the shipping of

Page 46 of 157

specified drugs to pharmacies and health care providers within geographic areas that have been identified by the State Health Officer. The State Health Officer must identify the drugs to be shipped. Manufacturers and wholesalers located in the state must respond to the State Health Officer's priority shipping directive before shipping the specified drugs.

- 2. Notwithstanding chapters 465 and 499 and rules adopted thereunder, directing pharmacists employed by the department to compound bulk prescription drugs and provide these bulk prescription drugs to physicians and nurses of county health departments or any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer for administration to persons as part of a prophylactic or treatment regimen.
- 3. Notwithstanding s. 456.036, temporarily reactivating the inactive license of the following health care practitioners, when such practitioners are needed to respond to the public health emergency: physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; physician assistants licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; independent advanced practice registered nurses registered, licensed practical nurses or registered nurses licensed, and advanced practice registered nurses certified nurse practitioners licensed under part I of chapter 464; respiratory therapists licensed under part V of chapter 468; and emergency medical technicians and paramedics certified under part III of chapter 401. Only those health care practitioners specified in this paragraph who possess an unencumbered inactive

Page 47 of 157

license and who request that such license be reactivated are eligible for reactivation. An inactive license that is reactivated under this paragraph shall return to inactive status when the public health emergency ends or prior to the end of the public health emergency if the State Health Officer determines that the health care practitioner is no longer needed to provide services during the public health emergency. Such licenses may only be reactivated for a period not to exceed 90 days without meeting the requirements of s. 456.036 or chapter 401, as applicable.

- 4. Ordering an individual to be examined, tested, vaccinated, treated, or quarantined for communicable diseases that have significant morbidity or mortality and present a severe danger to public health. Individuals who are unable or unwilling to be examined, tested, vaccinated, or treated for reasons of health, religion, or conscience may be subjected to quarantine.
- a. Examination, testing, vaccination, or treatment may be performed by any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer.
- b. If the individual poses a danger to the public health, the State Health Officer may subject the individual to quarantine. If there is no practical method to quarantine the individual, the State Health Officer may use any means necessary to vaccinate or treat the individual.

Page 48 of 157

1249 Any order of the State Health Officer given to effectuate this 1250 paragraph shall be immediately enforceable by a law enforcement 1251 officer under s. 381.0012. Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 381.00593, Florida 1252 1253 Statutes, is amended to read: 1254 381.00593 Public school volunteer health care practitioner 1255 program.-1256 For purposes of this section, the term "health care (3) 1257 practitioner" means a physician licensed under chapter 458; an 1258 osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459; a chiropractic 1259 physician licensed under chapter 460; a podiatric physician 1260 licensed under chapter 461; an optometrist licensed under 1261 chapter 463; an independent advanced practice registered nurse 1262 registered, an advanced practice registered nurse certified 1263 practitioner, or a registered nurse, or licensed practical nurse 1264 licensed under part I of chapter 464; a pharmacist licensed 1265 under chapter 465; a dentist or dental hygienist licensed under 1266 chapter 466; a midwife licensed under chapter 467; a speech-1267 language pathologist or audiologist licensed under part I of 1268 chapter 468; a dietitian/nutritionist licensed under part X of 1269 chapter 468; or a physical therapist licensed under chapter 486. 1270 Section 21. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section

381.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.026 Florida Patient's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities.—

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section and s. 381.0261,

Page 49 of 157

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1271

1272

1273

1274

1275 the term:

1276

1277

1278

1279

1280

1281

1282

1283

1284

1285

1286

1287

1288

1289

1290 1291

1292

1293

1294

1295

1296

1297

1298

1299

1300

(c) "Health care provider" means a physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, or a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under part I of chapter 464.

Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsections (3) through (5) of section 382.008, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

382.008 Death and fetal death registration.-

(2)(a) The funeral director who first assumes custody of a dead body or fetus shall file the certificate of death or fetal death. In the absence of the funeral director, the physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, or other person in attendance at or after the death or the district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found shall file the certificate of death or fetal death. The person who files the certificate shall obtain personal data from the next of kin or the best qualified person or source available. The medical certification of cause of death shall be furnished to the funeral director, either in person or via certified mail or electronic transfer, by the physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, or medical examiner responsible for furnishing such information. For fetal deaths, the physician, certified nurse midwife,

Page 50 of 157

midwife, or hospital administrator shall provide any medical or health information to the funeral director within 72 hours after expulsion or extraction.

- death certificate from the funeral director, the medical certification of cause of death shall be completed and made available to the funeral director by the decedent's primary or attending practitioner physician or, if s. 382.011 applies, the district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found. The primary or attending practitioner physician or the medical examiner shall certify over his or her signature the cause of death to the best of his or her knowledge and belief. As used in this section, the term "primary or attending practitioner physician" means a physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse, who treated the decedent through examination, medical advice, or medication during the 12 months preceding the date of death.
- (a) The local registrar may grant the funeral director an extension of time upon a good and sufficient showing of any of the following conditions:
 - 1. An autopsy is pending.

- 2. Toxicology, laboratory, or other diagnostic reports have not been completed.
 - 3. The identity of the decedent is unknown and further investigation or identification is required.

Page 51 of 157

(b) If the decedent's primary or attending <u>practitioner</u>, <u>physician</u> or <u>the</u> district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found, indicates that he or she will sign and complete the medical certification of cause of death but will not be available until after the 5-day registration deadline, the local registrar may grant an extension of 5 days. If a further extension is required, the funeral director must provide written justification to the registrar.

- (4) If the department or local registrar grants an extension of time to provide the medical certification of cause of death, the funeral director shall file a temporary certificate of death or fetal death which shall contain all available information, including the fact that the cause of death is pending. The decedent's primary or attending practitioner physician or the district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found shall provide an estimated date for completion of the permanent certificate.
- (5) A permanent certificate of death or fetal death, containing the cause of death and any other information that was previously unavailable, shall be registered as a replacement for the temporary certificate. The permanent certificate may also include corrected information if the items being corrected are noted on the back of the certificate and dated and signed by the funeral director, physician, independent advanced practice

Page 52 of 157

HB 547

registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, or district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found, as appropriate.

1353

1354 1355

13561357

13581359

1360

1361

1362

1363

1364

13651366

1367

1368

1369

1370

1371

1372

1373

1374

1375

1376

1377

1378

Section 23. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 383.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

383.14 Screening for metabolic disorders, other hereditary and congenital disorders, and environmental risk factors.—

SCREENING REQUIREMENTS.—To help ensure access to the maternal and child health care system, the Department of Health shall promote the screening of all newborns born in Florida for metabolic, hereditary, and congenital disorders known to result in significant impairment of health or intellect, as screening programs accepted by current medical practice become available and practical in the judgment of the department. The department shall also promote the identification and screening of all newborns in this state and their families for environmental risk factors such as low income, poor education, maternal and family stress, emotional instability, substance abuse, and other highrisk conditions associated with increased risk of infant mortality and morbidity to provide early intervention, remediation, and prevention services, including, but not limited to, parent support and training programs, home visitation, and case management. Identification, perinatal screening, and intervention efforts shall begin prior to and immediately following the birth of the child by the attending health care provider. Such efforts shall be conducted in hospitals,

Page 53 of 157

perinatal centers, county health departments, school health programs that provide prenatal care, and birthing centers, and reported to the Office of Vital Statistics.

- to the contrary, the State Public Health Laboratory may release, directly or through the Children's Medical Services program, the results of a newborn's hearing and metabolic tests or screenings to the newborn's health care practitioner. As used in this paragraph, the term "health care practitioner" means a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458; an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner, or a registered nurse, or licensed practical nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464; a midwife licensed under chapter 467; a speech-language pathologist or audiologist licensed under part I of chapter 468; or a dietician or nutritionist licensed under part X of chapter 468.
- Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 383.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 383.141 Prenatally diagnosed conditions; patient to be provided information; definitions; information clearinghouse; advisory council.—
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Health care provider" means a practitioner licensed or registered under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an

Page 54 of 157

independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified, under part I of chapter 464.

Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 390.0111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

390.0111 Termination of pregnancies.-

- (3) CONSENTS REQUIRED.—A termination of pregnancy may not be performed or induced except with the voluntary and informed written consent of the pregnant woman or, in the case of a mental incompetent, the voluntary and informed written consent of her court-appointed guardian.
- (a) Except in the case of a medical emergency, consent to a termination of pregnancy is voluntary and informed only if:
- 1. The physician who is to perform the procedure, or the referring physician, has, at a minimum, orally, in person, informed the woman of:
- a. The nature and risks of undergoing or not undergoing the proposed procedure that a reasonable patient would consider material to making a knowing and willful decision of whether to terminate a pregnancy.
- b. The probable gestational age of the fetus, verified by an ultrasound, at the time the termination of pregnancy is to be performed.
- (I) The ultrasound must be performed by the physician who is to perform the abortion or by a person having documented evidence that he or she has completed a course in the operation

Page 55 of 157

of ultrasound equipment as prescribed by rule and who is working in conjunction with the physician.

- woman the opportunity to view the live ultrasound must offer the woman the opportunity to view the live ultrasound images and hear an explanation of them. If the woman accepts the opportunity to view the images and hear the explanation, a physician or a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant working in conjunction with the physician must contemporaneously review and explain the images to the woman before the woman gives informed consent to having an abortion procedure performed.
- the explanation of the live ultrasound images after she is informed of her right and offered an opportunity to view the images and hear the explanation. If the woman declines, the woman shall complete a form acknowledging that she was offered an opportunity to view and hear the explanation of the images but that she declined that opportunity. The form must also indicate that the woman's decision was not based on any undue influence from any person to discourage her from viewing the images or hearing the explanation and that she declined of her own free will.
- (IV) Unless requested by the woman, the person performing the ultrasound may not offer the opportunity to view the images

Page 56 of 157

1457 and hear the explanation and the explanation may not be given 1458 if, at the time the woman schedules or arrives for her 1459 appointment to obtain an abortion, a copy of a restraining 1460 order, police report, medical record, or other court order or 1461 documentation is presented which provides evidence that the 1462 woman is obtaining the abortion because the woman is a victim of 1463 rape, incest, domestic violence, or human trafficking or that 1464 the woman has been diagnosed as having a condition that, on the 1465 basis of a physician's good faith clinical judgment, would 1466 create a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function if the woman delayed terminating her 1467 1468 pregnancy.

- c. The medical risks to the woman and fetus of carrying the pregnancy to term.
- 2. Printed materials prepared and provided by the department have been provided to the pregnant woman, if she chooses to view these materials, including:
- a. A description of the fetus, including a description of the various stages of development.
- b. A list of entities that offer alternatives to terminating the pregnancy.
- c. Detailed information on the availability of medical assistance benefits for prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care.
- 3. The woman acknowledges in writing, before the termination of pregnancy, that the information required to be

Page 57 of 157

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1469

1470

1471

1472

1473

1474

1475

1476

1477

1478

1479

1480

1483 provided under this subsection has been provided.

1484

1485

14861487

1488

1491

14921493

1494

1495

1496

1497

14981499

1500

1501

1502

1503

1504

1505

1506

1507

1508

Nothing in this paragraph is intended to prohibit a physician from providing any additional information which the physician deems material to the woman's informed decision to terminate her pregnancy.

Section 26. Paragraphs (c), (e), and (f) of subsection (3) of section 390.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

390.012 Powers of agency; rules; disposal of fetal remains.—

- (3) For clinics that perform or claim to perform abortions after the first trimester of pregnancy, the agency shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this chapter, including the following:
- (c) Rules relating to abortion clinic personnel. At a minimum, these rules shall require that:
- 1. The abortion clinic designate a medical director who is licensed to practice medicine in this state and who has admitting privileges at a licensed hospital in this state or has a transfer agreement with a licensed hospital within reasonable proximity of the clinic.
- 2. If a physician is not present after an abortion is performed, a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant shall be present and remain at the clinic to provide postoperative

Page 58 of 157

1509 monitoring and care until the patient is discharged.

- 3. Surgical assistants receive training in counseling, patient advocacy, and the specific responsibilities associated with the services the surgical assistants provide.
- 4. Volunteers receive training in the specific responsibilities associated with the services the volunteers provide, including counseling and patient advocacy as provided in the rules adopted by the director for different types of volunteers based on their responsibilities.
- (e) Rules relating to the abortion procedure. At a minimum, these rules shall require:
- 1. That a physician, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, <u>independent advanced practice registered nurse</u>, or physician assistant is available to all patients throughout the abortion procedure.
- 2. Standards for the safe conduct of abortion procedures that conform to obstetric standards in keeping with established standards of care regarding the estimation of fetal age as defined in rule.
- 3. Appropriate use of general and local anesthesia, analgesia, and sedation if ordered by the physician.
- 4. Appropriate precautions, such as the establishment of intravenous access at least for patients undergoing post-first trimester abortions.
 - 5. Appropriate monitoring of the vital signs and other

Page 59 of 157

defined signs and markers of the patient's status throughout the abortion procedure and during the recovery period until the patient's condition is deemed to be stable in the recovery room.

1535l

- (f) Rules that prescribe minimum recovery room standards. At a minimum, these rules shall require that:
- 1. Postprocedure recovery rooms are supervised and staffed to meet the patients' needs.
- 2. Immediate postprocedure care consists of observation in a supervised recovery room for as long as the patient's condition warrants.
- 3. The clinic arranges hospitalization if any complication beyond the medical capability of the staff occurs or is suspected.
- 4. A registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant who is trained in the management of the recovery area and is capable of providing basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation and related emergency procedures remains on the premises of the abortion clinic until all patients are discharged.
- 5. A physician shall sign the discharge order and be readily accessible and available until the last patient is discharged to facilitate the transfer of emergency cases if hospitalization of the patient or viable fetus is necessary.
- 6. A physician discusses Rho(D) immune globulin with each patient for whom it is indicated and ensures that it is offered

Page 60 of 157

to the patient in the immediate postoperative period or that it will be available to her within 72 hours after completion of the abortion procedure. If the patient refuses the Rho(D) immune globulin, a refusal form approved by the agency shall be signed by the patient and a witness and included in the medical record.

- 7. Written instructions with regard to postabortion coitus, signs of possible problems, and general aftercare are given to each patient. Each patient shall have specific written instructions regarding access to medical care for complications, including a telephone number to call for medical emergencies.
- 8. There is a specified minimum length of time that a patient remains in the recovery room by type of abortion procedure and duration of gestation.
- 9. The physician ensures that a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, <u>independent advanced practice registered nurse</u>, or physician assistant from the abortion clinic makes a good faith effort to contact the patient by telephone, with the patient's consent, within 24 hours after surgery to assess the patient's recovery.
- 10. Equipment and services are readily accessible to provide appropriate emergency resuscitative and life support procedures pending the transfer of the patient or viable fetus to the hospital.
- Section 27. Subsection (23) of section 394.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 61 of 157

394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term:

- under part I of chapter 464 who has a master's degree or a doctorate in psychiatric nursing and 2 years of post-master's clinical experience under the supervision of a physician, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified under, part I of chapter 464, who obtains national certification as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse.
- Section 28. Paragraphs (a) and (f) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 394.463 Involuntary examination.
 - (2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION. -

- (a) An involuntary examination may be initiated by any one of the following means:
- 1. A court may enter an ex parte order stating that a person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination, giving the findings on which that conclusion is based. The ex parte order for involuntary examination must be based on sworn testimony, written or oral. If other less restrictive means are not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, a law enforcement officer, or other designated agent of the court, shall take the person into custody and deliver him or her to the nearest receiving facility for involuntary examination. The order of the court shall be made a part of the

Page 62 of 157

patient's clinical record. No fee shall be charged for the filing of an order under this subsection. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this order must send a copy of the order to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day. The order shall be valid only until executed or, if not executed, for the period specified in the order itself. If no time limit is specified in the order, the order shall be valid for 7 days after the date that the order was signed.

- 2. A law enforcement officer shall take a person who appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination into custody and deliver the person or have him or her delivered to the nearest receiving facility for examination. The officer shall execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody, and the report shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this report must send a copy of the report to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day.
- 3. A physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker may execute a certificate stating that he or she has examined a person within the preceding 48 hours and finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination and stating the

Page 63 of 157

observations upon which that conclusion is based. If other less restrictive means are not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, a law enforcement officer shall take the person named in the certificate into custody and deliver him or her to the nearest receiving facility for involuntary examination. The law enforcement officer shall execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody. The report and certificate shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this certificate must send a copy of the certificate to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day.

clinical psychologist, or psychiatric nurse at a receiving facility without unnecessary delay and may, upon the order of a physician, be given emergency treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, or a psychiatric nurse, or, if the receiving facility is a hospital, the release may also be approved by an attending emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders and after completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. However, a patient may not be held in a receiving facility for involuntary examination

Page 64 of 157

1665 longer than 72 hours.

Section 29. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) and subsection (4) of section 395.0191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

395.0191 Staff membership and clinical privileges.-

- (2)(a) Each licensed facility shall establish rules and procedures for consideration of an application for clinical privileges submitted by an <u>independent advanced practice</u> registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner licensed and certified, under part I of chapter 464, in accordance with the provisions of this section.

 A No licensed facility may not shall deny such application solely because the applicant is registered or certified licensed under part I of chapter 464 or because the applicant is not a participant in the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan.
- (b) An advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> who is <u>a</u> certified <u>as a</u> registered nurse anesthetist <u>licensed</u> under part I of chapter 464 shall administer anesthesia under the onsite medical direction of a professional licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466, and in accordance with an established protocol approved by the medical staff. The medical direction shall specifically address the needs of the individual patient. <u>This paragraph does not apply to an independent advanced practice registered nurse who is a certified registered nurse anesthetist under part I of chapter</u>

Page 65 of 157

1691 464	1691	464
----------	------	-----

1692

1693

1694

16951696

1697

1698

1699

1700

1701

1702

1703

1704

1705

1706

1707 1708

1709

17101711

1712

17131714

1715

1716

Nothing herein shall restrict in any way the authority of the medical staff of a licensed facility to review for approval or disapproval all applications for appointment and reappointment to all categories of staff and to make recommendations on each applicant to the governing board, including the delineation of privileges to be granted in each case. In making such recommendations and in the delineation of privileges, each applicant shall be considered individually pursuant to criteria for a doctor licensed under chapter 458, advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner licensed and certified, under part I of chapter 464; r or for a psychologist licensed under chapter 490, as applicable. The applicant's eligibility for staff membership or clinical privileges shall be determined by the applicant's background, experience, health, training, and demonstrated competency; the applicant's adherence to applicable professional ethics; the applicant's reputation; and the applicant's ability to work with others and by such other elements as determined by the governing board, consistent with this part.

Section 30. Subsection (3) of section 395.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.602 Rural hospitals.-

(3) USE OF FUNDS.—It is the intent of the Legislature that

Page 66 of 157

funds as appropriated shall be utilized by the department for the purpose of increasing the number of primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, certified nurse practitioners, and nurses in rural areas, either through the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program as defined by s. 1009.65 or through a federal loan repayment program which requires state matching funds. The department may use funds appropriated for the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program as matching funds for federal loan repayment programs for health care personnel, such as that authorized in Pub. L. No. 100-177, s. 203. If the department receives federal matching funds, the department shall only implement the federal program. Reimbursement through either program shall be limited to:

- (a) Primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, certified nurse practitioners, and nurses employed by or affiliated with rural hospitals, as defined in this act; and
- (b) Primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, <u>certified</u> nurse practitioners, and nurses employed by or affiliated with rural area health education centers, as defined in this section. These personnel shall practice:
- 1. In a county with a population density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile; or
 - 2. Within the boundaries of a hospital tax district which

Page 67 of 157

encompasses a population of no greater than 100 persons per 1744 square mile.

17451746

1747

1748

1749

1750

1751

1752

1753

1754

1755

1756

1757

1759

1760

1761

1762

1763

1764

1765

1766

1767

1768

If the department administers a federal loan repayment program, priority shall be given to obligating state and federal matching funds pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b). The department may use federal matching funds in other health workforce shortage areas and medically underserved areas in the state for loan repayment programs for primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, certified nurse practitioners, and nurses who are employed by publicly financed health care programs that serve medically indigent persons.

Section 31. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (8) of section 395.605, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

395.605 Emergency care hospitals.-

1758 (8)

- (b) All patients shall be under the care of a physician <u>or</u> an independent advanced practice registered nurse or under the care of <u>an advanced practice registered</u> a nurse practitioner or physician assistant supervised by a physician.
- (c) A physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant shall be on duty at all times, or a physician shall be on call and available within 30 minutes at all times.

Section 32. Subsection (26) of section 397.311, Florida

Page 68 of 157

1769 Statutes, is amended to read:
1770 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part
1771 VIII, the term:

1772

1773

1774

1775

1776

1777

1778

1779

1780

1781

1782

1783

1784

1785

1786

1787

1788

1789

1790

17911792

1793

1794

(26) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a professional licensed under chapter 490 or chapter 491; an independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse, who has practitioner having a specialty in psychiatry and is registered or certified licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a person who is certified through a department-recognized certification process for substance abuse treatment services and who holds, at a minimum, a bachelor's degree. A person who is certified in substance abuse treatment services by a state-recognized certification process in another state at the time of employment with a licensed substance abuse provider in this state may perform the functions of a qualified professional as defined in this chapter but must meet certification requirements contained in this subsection no later than 1 year after his or her date of employment.

Section 33. Section 397.405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

397.405 Exemptions from licensure.—The following are exempt from the licensing provisions of this chapter:

(1) A hospital or hospital-based component licensed under chapter 395.

Page 69 of 157

(2) A nursing home facility as defined in s. 400.021.

(3) A substance abuse education program established pursuant to s. 1003.42.

- (4) A facility or institution operated by the Federal Government.
- (5) A physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459.
 - (6) A psychologist licensed under chapter 490.
- (7) A social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor licensed under chapter 491.
- (8) A legally cognizable church or nonprofit religious organization or denomination providing substance abuse services, including prevention services, which are solely religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature. A church or nonprofit religious organization or denomination providing any of the licensed service components itemized under s. 397.311(18) is not exempt from substance abuse licensure but retains its exemption with respect to all services which are solely religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature.
- (9) Facilities licensed under chapter 393 which, in addition to providing services to persons with developmental disabilities, also provide services to persons developmentally at risk as a consequence of exposure to alcohol or other legal or illegal drugs while in utero.
- (10) DUI education and screening services provided pursuant to ss. 316.192, 316.193, 322.095, 322.271, and 322.291.

Page 70 of 157

Persons or entities providing treatment services must be licensed under this chapter unless exempted from licensing as provided in this section.

(11) A facility licensed under s. 394.875 as a crisis stabilization unit.

18261827

1828

1829

1830

1831

1832

1833

1834

1835

1836

1837

1838

1839

1840

1841

1842

1843

1844

1845

1846

1821

1822

1823

1824

1825

The exemptions from licensure in this section do not apply to any service provider that receives an appropriation, grant, or contract from the state to operate as a service provider as defined in this chapter or to any substance abuse program regulated pursuant to s. 397.406. Furthermore, this chapter may not be construed to limit the practice of a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a psychologist licensed under chapter 490, a psychotherapist licensed under chapter 491, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, practitioner-licensed under part I of chapter 464_{7} who provides substance abuse treatment, unless a practitioner represents so long as the physician, physician assistant, psychologist, psychotherapist, or advanced registered nurse practitioner does not represent to the public that the practitioner he or she is a licensed service provider and provides does not provide services to individuals pursuant to part V of this chapter. Failure to comply with any requirement necessary to maintain an exempt status under this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.

Page 71 of 157

1847 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 34. Subsections (5), (9), and (10) of section 397.427, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

397.427 Medication-assisted treatment service providers; rehabilitation program; needs assessment and provision of services; persons authorized to issue takeout medication; unlawful operation; penalty.—

- (5) Notwithstanding s. 465.019(2), a physician assistant, a registered nurse, an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, or a licensed practical nurse working for a licensed service provider may deliver takeout medication for opiate treatment to persons enrolled in a maintenance treatment program for medication-assisted treatment for opiate addiction if:
- (a) The medication-assisted treatment program for opiate addiction has an appropriate valid permit issued pursuant to rules adopted by the Board of Pharmacy;
- (b) The medication for treatment of opiate addiction has been delivered pursuant to a valid prescription written by the program's physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459;
- (c) The medication for treatment of opiate addiction which is ordered appears on a formulary and is prepackaged and prelabeled with dosage instructions and distributed from a source authorized under chapter 499;
 - (d) Each licensed provider adopts written protocols which

Page 72 of 157

provide for supervision of the physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, or licensed practical nurse by a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and for the procedures by which patients' medications may be delivered by the physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, or licensed practical nurse. Such protocols shall be signed by the supervising physician and either the administering registered nurse, the advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, or the licensed practical nurse.

- (e) Each licensed service provider maintains and has available for inspection by representatives of the Board of Pharmacy all medical records and patient care protocols, including records of medications delivered to patients, in accordance with the board.
- (9) A physician assistant, a registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or a licensed practical nurse working for a licensed service provider may deliver medication as prescribed by rule if:
- (a) The service provider is authorized to provide medication-assisted treatment;
- (b) The medication has been administered pursuant to a valid prescription written by the program's physician who is licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; and
- (c) The medication ordered appears on a formulary or meets federal requirements for medication-assisted treatment.

Page 73 of 157

1899

1900

1901

1902

1903

1904

1905

1906

1907

1908

1909

1910.

1911

1912

1913

1914

1915

1916

1917

1918

1919

1920

1921

1922

1923

1924

(10) Each licensed service provider that provides medication-assisted treatment must adopt written protocols as specified by the department and in accordance with federally required rules, regulations, or procedures. The protocol shall provide for the supervision of the physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse working under the supervision of a physician who is licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459. The protocol must specify how the medication will be used in conjunction with counseling or psychosocial treatment and that the services provided will be included on the treatment plan. The protocol must specify the procedures by which medication-assisted treatment may be administered by the supervised physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse. These protocols shall be signed by the supervising physician and the supervised administering physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse. Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 397.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 397.501 Rights of individuals.-Individuals receiving substance abuse services from any service provider are guaranteed protection of the rights specified in this section, unless otherwise expressly provided, and service providers must

Page 74 of 157

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

ensure the protection of such rights.

(2) RIGHT TO NONDISCRIMINATORY SERVICES.-

(a) Service providers may not deny an individual access to substance abuse services solely on the basis of race, gender, ethnicity, age, sexual preference, human immunodeficiency virus status, prior service departures against medical advice, disability, or number of relapse episodes. Service providers may not deny an individual who takes medication prescribed by a physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse access to substance abuse services solely on that basis. Service providers who receive state funds to provide substance abuse services may not, if space and sufficient state resources are available, deny access to services based solely on inability to pay.

Section 36. Subsection (8) of section 400.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 400.021 Definitions.—When used in this part, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:
- (8) "Geriatric outpatient clinic" means a site for providing outpatient health care to persons 60 years of age or older, which is staffed by a registered nurse, a physician assistant, or a licensed practical nurse under the direct supervision of a registered nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, or a physician.

Section 37. Subsection (3) of section 400.0255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 75 of 157

400.0255 Resident transfer or discharge; requirements and procedures; hearings.—

- (3) When a discharge or transfer is initiated by the nursing home, the nursing home administrator employed by the nursing home that is discharging or transferring the resident, or an individual employed by the nursing home who is designated by the nursing home administrator to act on behalf of the administration, must sign the notice of discharge or transfer. Any notice indicating a medical reason for transfer or discharge must either be signed by the resident's attending physician or the medical director of the facility, or include an attached written order for the discharge or transfer. The notice or the order must be signed by the resident's physician, medical director, treating physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant.
- Section 38. Subsection (3) of section 400.172, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 400.172 Respite care provided in nursing home facilities.-
- (3) A prospective respite care resident must provide medical information from a physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner and any other information provided by the primary caregiver required by the facility before or when the person is admitted to receive respite care. The medical information must include a physician's or an

Page 76 of 157

independent advanced practice registered nurse's order for respite care and proof of a physical examination by a licensed physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner. The physician's order and physical examination may be used to provide intermittent respite care for up to 12 months after the date the order is written.

Section 39. Subsections (20) through (29) of section 400.462, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (21) through (30), respectively, subsection (3) is amended, and a new subsection (20) is added to that section, to read:

400.462 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

- (3) "Advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>" means a person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing and certified in advanced or specialized nursing practice, as defined in s. 464.003.
- (20) "Independent advanced practice registered nurse" means a person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing as defined in s. 464.003 and registered to practice advanced or specialized nursing independently and without physician supervision or a protocol.

Section 40. Subsection (2) of section 400.487, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.487 Home health service agreements; physician's, physician assistant's, <u>independent advanced practice registered</u> nurse's, and advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurse's</u> nurse

Page 77 of 157

practitioner's treatment orders; patient assessment;
establishment and review of plan of care; provision of services;
orders not to resuscitate.—

2003

2004

2005

2006

2007

2008

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

2025

2028

- (2) When required by the provisions of chapter 464; part I, part III, or part V of chapter 468; or chapter 486, the attending physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, acting within his or her respective scope of practice, shall establish treatment orders for a patient who is to receive skilled care. The treatment orders must be signed by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner before a claim for payment for the skilled services is submitted by the home health agency. If the claim is submitted to a managed care organization, the treatment orders must be signed within the time allowed under the provider agreement. The treatment orders shall be reviewed, as frequently as the patient's illness requires, by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner in consultation with the home health agency.
- Section 41. Paragraph (a) of subsection (13) of section 400.506, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 2026 400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements; 2027 penalties.—
 - (13) All persons referred for contract in private

Page 78 of 157

residences by a nurse registry must comply with the following requirements for a plan of treatment:

2029

2031

2032

2033

2034

2035

2036

2037

2038

20392040

2041

2042

2043

2044

2045

2046

2047

2048

2049

2050

2051

2052

2053

2054

When, in accordance with the privileges and restrictions imposed upon a nurse under part I of chapter 464, the delivery of care to a patient is under the direction or supervision of a physician or when a physician is responsible for the medical care of the patient, a medical plan of treatment must be established for each patient receiving care or treatment provided by a licensed nurse in the home. The original medical plan of treatment must be timely signed by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, acting within his or her respective scope of practice, and reviewed in consultation with the licensed nurse at least every 2 months. Any additional order or change in orders must be obtained from, reduced to writing by, and timely signed by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner and reduced to writing and timely signed by the physician, physician assistant, or advanced registered nurse practitioner. The delivery of care under a medical plan of treatment must be substantiated by the appropriate nursing notes or documentation made by the nurse in compliance with nursing practices established under part I of chapter 464. Section 42. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section

Page 79 of 157

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

400.9905, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.9905 Definitions.-

2055

2056

2057

2058

2059

2060

2061

2062

2063

2064

2065

2066

2067

2068

2069

2070

2071

2072

2073

2074

2075

2076

2077

2078

2079

2080

- (4) "Clinic" means an entity where health care services are provided to individuals and which tenders charges for reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a portable equipment provider. As used in this part, the term does not include and the licensure requirements of this part do not apply to:
- (g) A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or corporation that provides health care services by licensed health care practitioners under chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 480, chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, chapter 491, or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012 or s. 464.0125, and that is wholly owned by one or more licensed health care practitioners, or the licensed health care practitioners set forth in this paragraph and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of a licensed health care practitioner if one of the owners who is a licensed health care practitioner is supervising the business activities and is legally responsible for the entity's compliance with all federal and state laws. However, a health care practitioner may not supervise services beyond the scope of the practitioner's license, except that, for the purposes of this part, a clinic owned by a licensee in s. 456.053(3)(b) which provides only services authorized pursuant to s. 456.053(3)(b) may be supervised by a licensee specified in

Page 80 of 157

2081 s. 456.053(3)(b).

2082

2089

2090

2091

2092

2093

2094

2095

2096

2097

2098

2099

2100

2101

2102

2103

2104

2105

2106

Notwithstanding this subsection, an entity shall be deemed a clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to receive reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730-627.7405, unless exempted under s. 627.736(5)(h).

Section 43. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 401.445, 2088 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

401.445 Emergency examination and treatment of incapacitated persons.—

- (1) No Recovery is not shall be allowed in any court in this state against any emergency medical technician, paramedic, or physician as defined in this chapter; any independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s.

 464.0125; any advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012; or any physician assistant licensed under s. 458.347 or s. 459.022, or any person acting under the direct medical supervision of a physician, in an action brought for examining or treating a patient without his or her informed consent if:
- (a) The patient at the time of examination or treatment is intoxicated, under the influence of drugs, or otherwise incapable of providing informed consent as provided in s. 766.103;
- (b) The patient at the time of examination or treatment is experiencing an emergency medical condition; and

Page 81 of 157

(c) The patient would reasonably, under all the surrounding circumstances, undergo such examination, treatment, or procedure if the patient he or she were advised by the emergency medical technician, paramedic, physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant in accordance with s. 766.103(3).

- Examination and treatment provided under this subsection shall be limited to reasonable examination of the patient to determine the medical condition of the patient and treatment reasonably necessary to alleviate the emergency medical condition or to stabilize the patient.
- (2) In examining and treating a person who is apparently intoxicated, under the influence of drugs, or otherwise incapable of providing informed consent, the emergency medical technician, paramedic, physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, or any person acting under the direct medical supervision of a physician, shall proceed wherever possible with the consent of the person. If the person reasonably appears to be incapacitated and refuses his or her consent, the person may be examined, treated, or taken to a hospital or other appropriate treatment resource if he or she is in need of emergency attention, without his or her consent, but unreasonable force shall not be used.

Page 82 of 157

Section 44. Subsections (1) and (11) of section 409.905, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services.—The agency may make payments for the following services, which are required of the state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any service under this section shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law.

Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE PRACTITIONER SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for services provided to a recipient by a registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, a certified licensed advanced practice registered nurse practitioner who has a valid collaboration agreement with a licensed physician on file with the Department of Health, or a certified registered nurse anesthetist who provides anesthesia services in accordance with established protocol required by

Page 83 of 157

state law and approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed. Reimbursement for such services must be provided in an amount that equals at least not less than 80 percent of the reimbursement to a physician who provides the same services, unless otherwise provided for in the General Appropriations Act.

(11) RURAL HEALTH CLINIC SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for outpatient primary health care services for a recipient provided by a clinic certified by and participating in the Medicare program which is located in a federally designated, rural, medically underserved area and has on its staff one or more certified licensed primary care nurse practitioners or physician assistants, and a licensed staff supervising physician, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse.

Section 45. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and subsection (7) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.—Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or

Page 84 of 157

2185

2186

2187

21882189

2190

2191

2192

2193

2194

2195

2196

2197

2198

2199

2200

2201

2202

2203

2204

2205

2206

2207

2208

2209

2210

goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

(3) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the following Medicaid services and goods may be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis. For each allowable service or goods furnished in accordance with Medicaid rules, policy manuals, handbooks, and state and federal law, the payment shall be the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the maximum allowable

Page 85 of 157

fee established by the agency, whichever amount is less, with the exception of those services or goods for which the agency makes payment using a methodology based on capitation rates, average costs, or negotiated fees.

- (a) <u>Independent advanced practice registered nurse or</u> advanced practice registered nurse practitioner services.
- (7) A provider of family planning services shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or an all-inclusive amount per type of visit for physicians, independent advanced practice registered nurses, and advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners, as established by the agency in a fee schedule.
- Section 46. Subsection (2) of section 409.9081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9081 Copayments.-

2211

2212

2213

2214

2215

2216

2217

2218

2219

22202221

2222

22232224

2225

2226

2227

2228 2229

2230

2231

2232

2233

2234

2235

2236

any directions or limitations provided for in the General Appropriations Act, require copayments for the following additional services: hospital inpatient, laboratory and X-ray services, transportation services, home health care services, community mental health services, rural health services, federally qualified health clinic services, and independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner services. The agency may only establish copayments for prescribed drugs or for any other federally authorized service if such copayment is specifically

Page 86 of 157

provided for in the General Appropriations Act or other law.

Section 47. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section

409.973, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.973 Benefits.-

2240

2241

2242

2243

2244

2245

2246

2247

2248

22492250

2251

2252

22532254

2255

22562257

2258

2259

2260

2261

2262

- (1) MINIMUM BENEFITS.—Managed care plans shall cover, at a minimum, the following services:
- (a) <u>Independent advanced practice registered nurse and</u> advanced practice registered nurse practitioner services.

Section 48. Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of section 429.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

429.26 Appropriateness of placements; examinations of residents.—

- (2) A physician, physician assistant, <u>independent advanced</u> practice registered nurse, or <u>advanced practice registered</u> nurse practitioner who is employed by an assisted living facility to provide an initial examination for admission purposes may not have financial interest in the facility.
- (4) If possible, each resident shall have been examined by a licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, a registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a certified advanced practice registered licensed nurse practitioner within 60 days before admission to the facility. The signed and completed medical examination report shall be submitted to the owner or administrator of the facility who shall use the information contained therein to assist in the determination of the appropriateness of the resident's admission

Page 87 of 157

and continued stay in the facility. The medical examination report shall become a permanent part of the record of the resident at the facility and shall be made available to the agency during inspection or upon request. An assessment that has been completed through the Comprehensive Assessment and Review for Long-Term Care Services (CARES) Program fulfills the requirements for a medical examination under this subsection and s. 429.07(3)(b)6.

examination has not been completed within 60 days before the admission of the resident to the facility, a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, or certified advanced practice registered nurse practitioner shall examine the resident and complete a medical examination form provided by the agency within 30 days following the admission to the facility to enable the facility owner or administrator to determine the appropriateness of the admission. The medical examination form shall become a permanent part of the record of the resident at the facility and shall be made available to the agency during inspection by the agency or upon request.

Section 49. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 429.918, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

429.918 Licensure designation as a specialized Alzheimer's services adult day care center.—

Page 88 of 157

(2) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "ADRD participant" means a participant who has a documented diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease or a dementia-related disorder (ADRD) from a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, or certified a licensed advanced practice registered nurse practitioner.
- (7)(a) An ADRD participant admitted to an adult day care center having a license designated under this section, or the caregiver when applicable, must:
- 1. Require ongoing supervision to maintain the highest level of medical or custodial functioning and have a demonstrated need for a responsible party to oversee his or her care.
- 2. Not actively demonstrate aggressive behavior that places himself, herself, or others at risk of harm.
- 3. Provide the following medical documentation signed by a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, or certified a licensed advanced practice registered nurse practitioner:
- a. Any physical, health, or emotional conditions that require medical care.
- b. A listing of the ADRD participant's current prescribed and over-the-counter medications and dosages, diet restrictions, mobility restrictions, and other physical limitations.
 - 4. Provide documentation signed by a health care provider

Page 89 of 157

2315 licensed in this state which indicates that the ADRD participant 2316 is free of the communicable form of tuberculosis and free of 2317 signs and symptoms of other communicable diseases.

Section 50. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 440.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2318

2319

2320

23212322

23232324

2325

2326

2327

2328

2329

2330

2331

2332

2333

2334

2335

2336

2337

2338

- 440.102 Drug-free workplace program requirements.—The following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency for Health Care Administration:
- (5) PROCEDURES AND EMPLOYEE PROTECTION.—All specimen collection and testing for drugs under this section shall be performed in accordance with the following procedures:
- (e) A specimen for a drug test may be taken or collected by any of the following persons:
- 1. A physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, a registered professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, or a nurse practitioner or a certified paramedic who is present at the scene of an accident for the purpose of rendering emergency medical service or treatment.
- 2. A qualified person employed by a licensed or certified laboratory as described in subsection (9).
- Section 51. Subsection (2) and paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 456.0391, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 2339 456.0391 Advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> nurse 2340 practitioners; information required for certification.

Page 90 of 157

(2) The Department of Health shall send a notice to each person certified under s. 464.012 at the certificateholder's last known address of record regarding the requirements for information to be submitted by advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> <u>nurse</u> <u>practitioners</u> pursuant to this section in conjunction with the renewal of such certificate.

(4)

2341

2342

2343

2344

2345

2346

2347

2348

2349

2350

2351

2352

2353

2354

2355

2356

2357

2358

2359

2360

2361

2362

2363

2364

2365

2366

(d) Any applicant for initial certification or renewal of certification as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner who submits to the Department of Health a set of fingerprints and information required for the criminal history check required under this section shall not be required to provide a subsequent set of fingerprints or other duplicate information required for a criminal history check to the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Children and Families for employment or licensure with such agency or department, if the applicant has undergone a criminal history check as a condition of initial certification or renewal of certification as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner with the Department of Health, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary. In lieu of such duplicate submission, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Children and Families shall obtain criminal history information for employment or licensure of persons certified under s. 464.012 by such agency

Page 91 of 157

or department from the Department of Health's health care practitioner credentialing system.

Section 52. Subsection (2) of section 456.0392, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.0392 Prescription labeling.-

(2) A prescription for a drug that is not listed as a controlled substance in chapter 893 which is written by an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012 is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be valid and within the parameters of the prescriptive authority delegated by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466.

Section 53. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (6) of section 456.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
456.041 Practitioner profile; creation.—

(1)(a) The Department of Health shall compile the information submitted pursuant to s. 456.039 into a practitioner profile of the applicant submitting the information, except that the Department of Health shall develop a format to compile uniformly any information submitted under s. 456.039(4)(b). Beginning July 1, 2001, the Department of Health may compile the information submitted pursuant to s. 456.0391 into a practitioner profile of the applicant submitting the information. The protocol submitted pursuant to s. 464.012(3) must be included in the practitioner profile of the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner.

Page 92 of 157

(6) The Department of Health shall provide in each practitioner profile for every physician or advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> terminated for cause from participating in the Medicaid program, pursuant to s. 409.913, or sanctioned by the Medicaid program a statement that the practitioner has been terminated from participating in the Florida Medicaid program or sanctioned by the Medicaid program.

Section 54. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (d), and (e) of subsection (2) of section 456.048, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.048 Financial responsibility requirements for certain health care practitioners.—

(1) As a prerequisite for licensure or license renewal, the Board of Acupuncture, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, and the Board of Dentistry shall, by rule, require that all health care practitioners licensed under the respective board, and the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall, by rule, require that all anesthesiologist assistants licensed pursuant to s. 458.3475 or s. 459.023, and the Board of Nursing shall, by rule, require that independent advanced practice registered nurses registered under s. 464.0125 and advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012, and the department shall, by rule, require that midwives maintain medical malpractice insurance or provide proof of financial responsibility in an amount and in a manner determined by the

Page 93 of 157

board or department to be sufficient to cover claims arising out of the rendering of or failure to render professional care and services in this state.

(2) The board or department may grant exemptions upon application by practitioners meeting any of the following criteria:

- (a) Any person licensed under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, <u>s. 464.0125</u>, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices exclusively as an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Government or of the state or its agencies or its subdivisions. For the purposes of this subsection, an agent of the state, its agencies, or its subdivisions is a person who is eligible for coverage under any self-insurance or insurance program authorized by the provisions of s. 768.28(16) or who is a volunteer under s. 110.501(1).
- (d) Any person licensed or certified under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, <u>s.</u> 464.0125, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices only in conjunction with his or her teaching duties at an accredited school or in its main teaching hospitals. Such person may engage in the practice of medicine to the extent that such practice is incidental to and a necessary part of duties in connection with the teaching position in the school.
- (e) Any person holding an active license or certification under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, s. 464.0125, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who is

Page 94 of 157

not practicing in this state. If such person initiates or resumes practice in this state, he or she must notify the department of such activity.

Section 55. Paragraphs (a), (i), (o), and (r) of subsection (3) and paragraph (g) of subsection (5) of section 456.053, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.053 Financial arrangements between referring health care providers and providers of health care services.—

- (3) DEFINITIONS.—For the purpose of this section, the word, phrase, or term:
- (a) "Board" means any of the following boards relating to the respective professions: the Board of Medicine as created in s. 458.307; the Board of Osteopathic Medicine as created in s. 459.004; the Board of Chiropractic Medicine as created in s. 460.404; the Board of Podiatric Medicine as created in s. 461.004; the Board of Optometry as created in s. 463.003; the Board of Pharmacy as created in s. 465.004; and the Board of Nursing as
- (i) "Health care provider" means <u>a</u> any physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under <u>s</u>. 464.0125; or <u>a</u> any health care provider licensed under chapter 463 or chapter 466.
- (o) "Referral" means any referral of a patient by a health care provider for health care services, including, without

Page 95 of 157

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

created in s. 464.004.

2471 limitation:

2472

24732474

2475

2476

2477

2478

24792480

24812482

2483

2484

2485

2486

2487

2488

2489

2490

2491

2492

2493

2494

2495

2496

- 1. The forwarding of a patient by a health care provider to another health care provider or to an entity which provides or supplies designated health services or any other health care item or service; or
- 2. The request or establishment of a plan of care by a health care provider, which includes the provision of designated health services or other health care item or service.
- 3. The following orders, recommendations, or plans of care shall not constitute a referral by a health care provider:
 - a. By a radiologist for diagnostic-imaging services.
- b. By a physician specializing in the provision of radiation therapy services for such services.
- c. By a medical oncologist for drugs and solutions to be prepared and administered intravenously to such oncologist's patient, as well as for the supplies and equipment used in connection therewith to treat such patient for cancer and the complications thereof.
 - d. By a cardiologist for cardiac catheterization services.
- e. By a pathologist for diagnostic clinical laboratory tests and pathological examination services, if furnished by or under the supervision of such pathologist pursuant to a consultation requested by another physician.
- f. By a health care provider who is the sole provider or member of a group practice for designated health services or other health care items or services that are prescribed or

Page 96 of 157

2497

2498

2499

2500

2501

2502

2503

2504

2505

2506

2507

2508

2509

2510

2511

2512

2513

2514

2515

2516

2517

2518

2519

2520

2521

2522

provided solely for such referring health care provider's or group practice's own patients, and that are provided or performed by or under the direct supervision of such referring health care provider or group practice; provided, however, that effective July 1, 1999, a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125 may refer a patient to a sole provider or group practice for diagnostic imaging services, excluding radiation therapy services, for which the sole provider or group practice billed both the technical and the professional fee for or on behalf of the patient, if the referring physician or independent advanced practice registered nurse has no investment interest in the practice. The diagnostic imaging service referred to a group practice or sole provider must be a diagnostic imaging service normally provided within the scope of practice to the patients of the group practice or sole provider. The group practice or sole provider may accept no more than 15 percent of their patients receiving diagnostic imaging services from outside referrals, excluding radiation therapy services.

- g. By a health care provider for services provided by an ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
 - h. By a urologist for lithotripsy services.
- i. By a dentist for dental services performed by an employee of or health care provider who is an independent contractor with the dentist or group practice of which the

Page 97 of 157

2523 dentist is a member.

2524

2525

2526

2527

2528

2529

2530

2531

2532

2533

2534

2535

2536

2537

2538

2539

2540

2541

2542

2543

2544

2545

25462547

2548

- j. By a physician for infusion therapy services to a patient of that physician or a member of that physician's group practice.
- k. By a nephrologist for renal dialysis services and supplies, except laboratory services.
- 1. By a health care provider whose principal professional practice consists of treating patients in their private residences for services to be rendered in such private residences, except for services rendered by a home health agency licensed under chapter 400. For purposes of this subsubparagraph, the term "private residences" includes patients' private homes, independent living centers, and assisted living facilities, but does not include skilled nursing facilities.
 - m. By a health care provider for sleep-related testing.
- (r) "Sole provider" means one health care provider licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461, or s. 464.0125, who maintains a separate medical office and a medical practice separate from any other health care provider and who bills for his or her services separately from the services provided by any other health care provider. A sole provider shall not share overhead expenses or professional income with any other person or group practice.
- (5) PROHIBITED REFERRALS AND CLAIMS FOR PAYMENT.—Except as provided in this section:
 - (g) A violation of this section by a health care provider

Page 98 of 157

shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action to be taken by

2549

2571

2572

2573

2574

2550 the applicable board pursuant to s. 458.331(2), s. 459.015(2), s. 460.413(2), s. 461.013(2), s. 463.016(2), s. 464.018, or s. 2551 2552 466.028(2). Any hospital licensed under chapter 395 found in 2553 violation of this section shall be subject to s. 395.0185(2). 2554 Section 56. Subsection (7) of section 456.072, Florida 2555 Statutes, is amended to read: 2556 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement. Notwithstanding subsection (2), upon a finding that a 2557 2558 physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or 2559 an advanced practice registered nurse has prescribed or 2560 dispensed a controlled substance, or caused a controlled 2561 substance to be prescribed or dispensed, in a manner that 2562 violates the standard of practice set forth in s. 458.331(1)(q) 2563 or (t), s. 459.015(1)(t) or (x), s. 461.013(1)(o) or (s), s. 2564 464.018(1)(p), or s. 466.028(1)(p) or (x), the practitioner 2565 physician shall be suspended for a period of at least not less 2566 than 6 months and pay a fine of at least not less than \$10,000 2567 per count. Repeated violations shall result in increased 2568 penalties. 2569 Section 57. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection 2570

(3) of section 456.44, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.—

(2) REGISTRATION. Effective January 1, 2012, A physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse

Page 99 of 157

registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, under part I of chapter 464, who prescribes any controlled substance, listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV as defined in s. 893.03, for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, must:

- (a) Designate himself or herself as a controlled substance prescribing practitioner on the <u>practitioner's</u> physician's practitioner profile.
- (3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE.—The standards of practice in this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure.
- (a) A complete medical history and a physical examination must be conducted before beginning any treatment and must be documented in the medical record. The exact components of the physical examination shall be left to the judgment of the clinician who is expected to perform a physical examination proportionate to the diagnosis that justifies a treatment. The medical record must, at a minimum, document the nature and intensity of the pain, current and past treatments for pain, underlying or coexisting diseases or conditions, the effect of the pain on physical and psychological function, a review of previous medical records, previous diagnostic studies, and history of alcohol and substance abuse. The medical record shall also document the presence of one or more recognized medical indications for the use of a controlled substance. Each

Page 100 of 157

registrant must develop a written plan for assessing each patient's risk of aberrant drug-related behavior, which may include patient drug testing. Registrants must assess each patient's risk for aberrant drug-related behavior and monitor that risk on an ongoing basis in accordance with the plan.

- (b) Each registrant must develop a written individualized treatment plan for each patient. The treatment plan shall state objectives that will be used to determine treatment success, such as pain relief and improved physical and psychosocial function, and shall indicate if any further diagnostic evaluations or other treatments are planned. After treatment begins, the <u>practitioner physician</u> shall adjust drug therapy to the individual medical needs of each patient. Other treatment modalities, including a rehabilitation program, shall be considered depending on the etiology of the pain and the extent to which the pain is associated with physical and psychosocial impairment. The interdisciplinary nature of the treatment plan shall be documented.
- (c) The <u>practitioner physician</u> shall discuss the risks and benefits of the use of controlled substances, including the risks of abuse and addiction, as well as physical dependence and its consequences, with the patient, persons designated by the patient, or the patient's surrogate or guardian if the patient is incompetent. The <u>practitioner physician</u> shall use a written controlled substance agreement between the <u>practitioner physician</u> and the patient outlining the patient's

Page 101 of 157

responsibilities, including, but not limited to:

- 1. Number and frequency of controlled substance prescriptions and refills.
- 2. Patient compliance and reasons for which drug therapy may be discontinued, such as a violation of the agreement.
- 3. An agreement that controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain shall be prescribed by a single treating <u>practitioner physician</u> unless otherwise authorized by the treating <u>practitioner physician</u> and documented in the medical record.
- physician at regular intervals, not to exceed 3 months, to assess the efficacy of treatment, ensure that controlled substance therapy remains indicated, evaluate the patient's progress toward treatment objectives, consider adverse drug effects, and review the etiology of the pain. Continuation or modification of therapy shall depend on the practitioner's physician's evaluation of the patient's progress. If treatment goals are not being achieved, despite medication adjustments, the practitioner physician shall reevaluate the appropriateness of continued treatment. The practitioner physician shall monitor patient compliance in medication usage, related treatment plans, controlled substance agreements, and indications of substance abuse or diversion at a minimum of 3-month intervals.
- (e) The <u>practitioner physician</u> shall refer the patient as necessary for additional evaluation and treatment in order to

Page 102 of 157

achieve treatment objectives. Special attention shall be given to those patients who are at risk for misusing their medications and those whose living arrangements pose a risk for medication misuse or diversion. The management of pain in patients with a history of substance abuse or with a comorbid psychiatric disorder requires extra care, monitoring, and documentation and requires consultation with or referral to an addiction medicine specialist or psychiatrist.

- (f) A <u>practitioner</u> <u>physician</u> registered under this section must maintain accurate, current, and complete records that are accessible and readily available for review and comply with the requirements of this section, the applicable practice act, and applicable board rules. The medical records must include, but are not limited to:
- 1. The complete medical history and a physical examination, including history of drug abuse or dependence.
 - 2. Diagnostic, therapeutic, and laboratory results.
 - 3. Evaluations and consultations.
 - 4. Treatment objectives.
- Discussion of risks and benefits.
 - 6. Treatments.

2653

2654

2655

2656

2657

2658

2659

2660

2661

2662

2663

2664

2665

26662667

2668

2669

2670

2671

2672

2673

2676

2677

- 7. Medications, including date, type, dosage, and quantity prescribed.
 - 8. Instructions and agreements.
 - 9. Periodic reviews.
- 2678 10. Results of any drug testing.

Page 103 of 157

11. A photocopy of the patient's government-issued photo identification.

2679

2680

2681

26822683

2684

2685

2686

2687

2688

2689

2690

2691

2692

2693

2694

2695

2696

2697

2698

2699

2700

2701

2702

2703

2704

- 12. If a written prescription for a controlled substance is given to the patient, a duplicate of the prescription.
- 13. The <u>practitioner's</u> physician's full name presented in a legible manner.
- Patients with signs or symptoms of substance abuse (a) shall be immediately referred to a board-certified pain management physician, an addiction medicine specialist, or a mental health addiction facility as it pertains to drug abuse or addiction unless the practitioner is a physician who is boardcertified or board-eligible in pain management. Throughout the period of time before receiving the consultant's report, a prescribing practitioner physician shall clearly and completely document medical justification for continued treatment with controlled substances and those steps taken to ensure medically appropriate use of controlled substances by the patient. Upon receipt of the consultant's written report, the prescribing practitioner physician shall incorporate the consultant's recommendations for continuing, modifying, or discontinuing controlled substance therapy. The resulting changes in treatment shall be specifically documented in the patient's medical record. Evidence or behavioral indications of diversion shall be followed by discontinuation of controlled substance therapy, and the patient shall be discharged, and all results of testing and actions taken by the practitioner physician shall be documented

Page 104 of 157

2705 in the patient's medical record.

27062707

2708

2709

2710

2711

2712

2713

2714

2715

2716

2717

2718

2719

2720

2721

2722

2723

2724

2725

2726

2727

2728

2729

2730

This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or boardcertified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a practitioner physician who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Section 58. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.3265 Pain-management clinics.-

(2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).

Page 105 of 157

2731

2732

2733

2734

2735

2736

2737

2738

2739

2740

2741

2742

2743

2744

2745

2746

2747

2748

2749

2750

2751

2752

2753

2754

2755

2756

(c) A physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner must perform a physical examination of a patient on the same day that the physician prescribes a controlled substance to a patient at a painmanagement clinic. If the physician prescribes more than a 72hour dose of controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, the physician must document in the patient's record the reason for prescribing that quantity. Section 59. Paragraph (dd) of subsection (1) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department. The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2): (dd) Failing to supervise adequately the activities of those physician assistants, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners, or anesthesiologist assistants acting under the supervision of the physician. Section 60. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (4) of section 458.348, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

Page 106 of 157

458.348 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders,

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

NOTICE.-

(1)

and established protocols; notice; standards.-

- (a) When a physician enters into a formal supervisory relationship or standing orders with an emergency medical technician or paramedic licensed pursuant to s. 401.27, which relationship or orders contemplate the performance of medical acts, or when a physician enters into an established protocol with an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, which protocol contemplates the performance of medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4), the physician shall submit notice to the board. The notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:
- I, ...(name and professional license number of physician)..., of ...(address of physician)... have hereby entered into a formal supervisory relationship, standing orders, or an established protocol with ...(number of persons)... emergency medical technician(s), ...(number of persons)... paramedic(s), or ...(number of persons)... advanced practice registered nurse practitioner(s).
- (2) ESTABLISHMENT OF STANDARDS BY JOINT COMMITTEE.—The joint committee created under s. 464.003(2) shall determine minimum standards for the content of established protocols pursuant to which an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner may perform medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4) and shall determine minimum standards for supervision of such acts by the physician, unless the joint

Page 107 of 157

committee determines that any act set forth in s. 464.012(3) or (4) is not a medical act. Such standards shall be based on risk to the patient and acceptable standards of medical care and shall take into account the special problems of medically underserved areas. The standards developed by the joint committee shall be adopted as rules by the Board of Nursing and the Board of Medicine for purposes of carrying out their responsibilities pursuant to part I of chapter 464 and this chapter, respectively, but neither board shall have disciplinary powers over the licensees of the other board.

- A physician who supervises an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> or physician assistant at a medical office other than the physician's primary practice location, where the advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising physician, must comply with the standards set forth in this subsection. For the purpose of this subsection, a physician's "primary practice location" means the address reflected on the physician's profile published pursuant to s. 456.041.
- (a) A physician who is engaged in providing primary health care services may not supervise more than four offices in addition to the physician's primary practice location. For the purpose of this subsection, "primary health care" means health care services that are commonly provided to patients without referral from another practitioner, including obstetrical and

Page 108 of 157

gynecological services, and excludes practices providing primarily dermatologic and skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services.

- (b) A physician who is engaged in providing specialty health care services may not supervise more than two offices in addition to the physician's primary practice location. For the purpose of this subsection, "specialty health care" means health care services that are commonly provided to patients with a referral from another practitioner and excludes practices providing primarily dermatologic and skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services.
- registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant at a medical office other than the physician's primary practice location, where the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising physician and the services offered at the office are primarily dermatologic or skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services other than plastic surgery, must comply with the standards listed in subparagraphs 1.-4. Notwithstanding s. 458.347(4)(e)6., a physician supervising a physician assistant pursuant to this paragraph may not be required to review and cosign charts or medical records prepared by such physician assistant.
- 1. The physician shall submit to the board the addresses of all offices where the physician he or she is supervising an

Page 109 of 157

advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner or a <u>physician</u> physician's assistant which are not the physician's primary practice location.

- 2. The physician must be board certified or board eligible in dermatology or plastic surgery as recognized by the board pursuant to s. 458.3312.
- 3. All such offices that are not the physician's primary place of practice must be within 25 miles of the physician's primary place of practice or in a county that is contiguous to the county of the physician's primary place of practice. However, the distance between any of the offices may not exceed 75 miles.
- 4. The physician may supervise only one office other than the physician's primary place of practice except that until July 1, 2011, the physician may supervise up to two medical offices other than the physician's primary place of practice if the addresses of the offices are submitted to the board before July 1, 2006. Effective July 1, 2011, the physician may supervise only one office other than the physician's primary place of practice, regardless of when the addresses of the offices were submitted to the board.
- (d) A physician who supervises an office in addition to the physician's primary practice location must conspicuously post in each of the physician's offices a current schedule of the regular hours when the physician is present in that office and the hours when the office is open while the physician is not

Page 110 of 157

2861 present.

2862

2863

2864

2865

2866

2867

2868

2869

2870

2871

2872

2873 2874

2875

2876

2877

2878

2879 2880

2881

2882

2883

2884

2885

2886

This subsection does not apply to health care services provided in facilities licensed under chapter 395 or in conjunction with a college of medicine, a college of nursing, an accredited graduate medical program, or a nursing education program; not-for-profit, family-planning clinics that are not licensed pursuant to chapter 390; rural and federally qualified health centers; health care services provided in a nursing home licensed under part II of chapter 400, an assisted living facility licensed under part I of chapter 429, a continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651, or a retirement community consisting of independent living units and a licensed nursing home or assisted living facility; anesthesia services provided in accordance with law; health care services provided in a designated rural health clinic; health care services provided to persons enrolled in a program designed to maintain elderly persons and persons with disabilities in a home or communitybased setting; university primary care student health centers; school health clinics; or health care services provided in federal, state, or local government facilities. Subsection (3) and this subsection do not apply to offices at which the exclusive service being performed is laser hair removal by an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant. Section 61. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 111 of 157

459.0137 Pain-management clinics.

- (2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).
- independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner must perform a physical examination of a patient on the same day that the physician prescribes a controlled substance to a patient at a painmanagement clinic. If the osteopathic physician prescribes more than a 72-hour dose of controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, the osteopathic physician must document in the patient's record the reason for prescribing that quantity.

Section 62. Paragraph (hh) of subsection (1) of section 459.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.—

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (hh) Failing to supervise adequately the activities of those physician assistants, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> nurse practitioners, anesthesiologist assistants, or other persons acting under the supervision of the osteopathic physician.

Page 112 of 157

Section 63. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 459.025, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
459.025 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.—

(1) NOTICE.-

- (a) When an osteopathic physician enters into a formal supervisory relationship or standing orders with an emergency medical technician or paramedic licensed pursuant to s. 401.27, which relationship or orders contemplate the performance of medical acts, or when an osteopathic physician enters into an established protocol with an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, which protocol contemplates the performance of medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4), the osteopathic physician shall submit notice to the board. The notice must contain a statement in substantially the following form:
- I, ... (name and professional license number of osteopathic physician)..., of ... (address of osteopathic physician)... have hereby entered into a formal supervisory relationship, standing orders, or an established protocol with ... (number of persons)... emergency medical technician(s), ... (number of persons)... paramedic(s), or ... (number of persons)... advanced practice registered nurse(s) nurse practitioner(s).
- (3) SUPERVISORY RELATIONSHIPS IN MEDICAL OFFICE SETTINGS.— An osteopathic physician who supervises an advanced <u>practice</u>

Page 113 of 157

registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant at a medical office other than the osteopathic physician's primary practice location, where the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising osteopathic physician, must comply with the standards set forth in this subsection. For the purpose of this subsection, an osteopathic physician's "primary practice location" means the address reflected on the physician's profile published pursuant to s. 456.041.

- (a) An osteopathic physician who is engaged in providing primary health care services may not supervise more than four offices in addition to the osteopathic physician's primary practice location. For the purpose of this subsection, "primary health care" means health care services that are commonly provided to patients without referral from another practitioner, including obstetrical and gynecological services, and excludes practices providing primarily dermatologic and skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services.
- (b) An osteopathic physician who is engaged in providing specialty health care services may not supervise more than two offices in addition to the osteopathic physician's primary practice location. For the purpose of this subsection, "specialty health care" means health care services that are commonly provided to patients with a referral from another practitioner and excludes practices providing primarily dermatologic and skin care services, which include aesthetic

Page 114 of 157

2965 skin care services.

(c) An osteopathic physician who supervises an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant at a medical office other than the osteopathic physician's primary practice location, where the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising osteopathic physician and the services offered at the office are primarily dermatologic or skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services other than plastic surgery, must comply with the standards listed in subparagraphs 1.-4. Notwithstanding s.

459.022(4)(e)6., an osteopathic physician supervising a physician assistant pursuant to this paragraph may not be required to review and cosign charts or medical records prepared by such physician assistant.

- 1. The osteopathic physician shall submit to the Board of Osteopathic Medicine the addresses of all offices where the osteopathic physician he or she is supervising or has a protocol with an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or a physician physician's assistant which are not the osteopathic physician's primary practice location.
- 2. The osteopathic physician must be board certified or board eligible in dermatology or plastic surgery as recognized by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine pursuant to s. 459.0152.
- 3. All such offices that are not the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice must be within 25 miles of

Page 115 of 157

the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice or in a county that is contiguous to the county of the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice. However, the distance between any of the offices may not exceed 75 miles.

- 4. The osteopathic physician may supervise only one office other than the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice except that until July 1, 2011, the osteopathic physician may supervise up to two medical offices other than the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice if the addresses of the offices are submitted to the Board of Osteopathic Medicine before July 1, 2006. Effective July 1, 2011, the osteopathic physician may supervise only one office other than the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice, regardless of when the addresses of the offices were submitted to the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- (d) An osteopathic physician who supervises an office in addition to the osteopathic physician's primary practice location must conspicuously post in each of the osteopathic physician's offices a current schedule of the regular hours when the osteopathic physician is present in that office and the hours when the office is open while the osteopathic physician is not present.
- (e) This subsection does not apply to health care services provided in facilities licensed under chapter 395 or in conjunction with a college of medicine or college of nursing or an accredited graduate medical or nursing education program;

Page 116 of 157

3017

3018

3019

3020

3021

3022

3023 3024

3025

3026

3027

3028

3029

3031

3032

3033

3034

3035

3036

3037

3038

3039

3040

3041

3042

offices where the only service being performed is hair removal by an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant; not-for-profit, family-planning clinics that are not licensed pursuant to chapter 390; rural and federally qualified health centers; health care services provided in a nursing home licensed under part II of chapter 400, an assisted living facility licensed under part I of chapter 429, a continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651, or a retirement community consisting of independent living units and either a licensed nursing home or assisted living facility; anesthesia services provided in accordance with law; health care services provided in a designated rural health clinic; health care services provided to persons enrolled in a program designed to maintain elderly persons and persons with disabilities in a home or community-based setting; university primary care student health centers; school health clinics; or health care services provided in federal, state, or local government facilities.

Section 64. Subsection (2) of section 464.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.004 Board of Nursing; membership; appointment; terms.-

(2) Seven members of the board must be registered nurses who are residents of this state and who have been engaged in the practice of professional nursing for at least 4 years, including at least one advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, one nurse educator member of an approved program, and one nurse

Page 117 of 157

 executive. These seven board members should be representative of the diverse areas of practice within the nursing profession. In addition, three members of the board must be licensed practical nurses who are residents of this state and who have been actively engaged in the practice of practical nursing for at least 4 years prior to their appointment. The remaining three members must be residents of the state who have never been licensed as nurses and who are in no way connected with the practice of nursing. No person may be appointed as a lay member who is in any way connected with, or has any financial interest in, any health care facility, agency, or insurer. At least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.

Section 65. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 464.0205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.0205 Retired volunteer nurse certificate.-

- (4) A retired volunteer nurse receiving certification from the board shall:
- (a) Work under the direct supervision of the director of a county health department, a physician working under a limited license issued pursuant to s. 458.317 or s. 459.0075, a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012, or a registered nurse licensed under s. 464.008 or s. 464.009.

Section 66. Subsection (2) of section 467.003, Florida

Page 118 of 157

Statutes, is amended to read:

3069

3070

3071

3072

3073

3074

3075

3076

3077

3078

3079

3080

3081

3082

3083

3084

3085

3086

3087

3088

3089 3090

3091

3092

3093 3094 467.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (2) "Certified nurse midwife" means a person who is <u>certified licensed</u> as an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner under part I of chapter 464 and who is certified to practice midwifery by the American College of Nurse Midwives.
- Section 67. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 480.0475, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.0475 Massage establishments; prohibited practices.-

- (1) A person may not operate a massage establishment between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. This subsection does not apply to a massage establishment:
- (b) In which every massage performed between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. is performed by a massage therapist acting under the prescription of a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466; or Section 68. Subsection (7) of section 483.041, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

483.041 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

Page 119 of 157

under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461; a certified optometrist licensed under chapter 463; a dentist licensed under chapter 466; a person licensed under chapter 462; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a duly licensed practitioner from another state licensed under similar statutes who orders examinations on materials or specimens for nonresidents of the State of Florida, but who reside in the same state as the requesting licensed practitioner.

Section 69. Subsection (5) of section 483.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 483.181 Acceptance, collection, identification, and examination of specimens.—
- (5) A clinical laboratory licensed under this part must accept a human specimen submitted for examination by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, s. 464.012, s. 464.0125, or chapter 466, if the specimen and test are the type performed by the clinical laboratory. A clinical laboratory may only refuse a specimen based upon a history of nonpayment for services by the practitioner. A clinical laboratory shall not charge different prices for tests based upon the chapter under which a practitioner submitting a specimen for testing is licensed.

Page 120 of 157

Section 70. Subsection (5) of section 483.801, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 483.801 Exemptions.—This part applies to all clinical laboratories and clinical laboratory personnel within this state, except:
- (5) Advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses certified</u> nurse practitioners licensed under part I of chapter 464 who perform provider-performed microscopy procedures (PPMP) in an exclusive-use laboratory setting.
- Section 71. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section 486.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 486.021 Definitions.—In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:
- of physical therapy assessments and the treatment of any disability, injury, disease, or other health condition of human beings, or the prevention of such disability, injury, disease, or other condition of health, and rehabilitation as related thereto by the use of the physical, chemical, and other properties of air; electricity; exercise; massage; the performance of acupuncture only upon compliance with the criteria set forth by the Board of Medicine, when no penetration of the skin occurs; the use of radiant energy, including ultraviolet, visible, and infrared rays; ultrasound; water; the use of apparatus and equipment in the application of the foregoing or related thereto; the performance of tests of

Page 121 of 157

neuromuscular functions as an aid to the diagnosis or treatment of any human condition; or the performance of electromyography as an aid to the diagnosis of any human condition only upon compliance with the criteria set forth by the Board of Medicine.

- A physical therapist may implement a plan of treatment developed by the physical therapist for a patient or provided for a patient by a practitioner of record or by an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125 or an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner licensed under s. 464.012. The physical therapist shall refer the patient to or consult with a practitioner of record if the patient's condition is found to be outside the scope of physical therapy. If physical therapy treatment for a patient is required beyond 21 days for a condition not previously assessed by a practitioner of record, the physical therapist shall obtain a practitioner of record who will review and sign the plan. For purposes of this paragraph, a health care practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466 and engaged in active practice is eligible to serve as a practitioner of record.
- Section 72. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 490.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 3169 490.012 Violations; penalties; injunction.-
- $3170 \qquad (1)$

3147

3148 3149

3150

31513152

3153

3154

3155

3156

3157

3158

3159

3160

3161

3162

3163

3164

3165

3166

3167

3168

3171

3172

(d) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description incorporating the word, or a permutation of

Page 122 of 157

the word, "psychotherapy" unless such person holds a valid, active license under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491, or such person is registered as an independent advanced practice registered nurse under s. 464.0125 or certified as an advanced practice registered nurse under practitioner, pursuant to s. 464.012 and, who has been determined by the Board of Nursing to be as a specialist in psychiatric mental health.

Section 73. Subsection (1) of section 491.0057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.0057 Dual licensure as a marriage and family therapist.—The department shall license as a marriage and family therapist any person who demonstrates to the board that he or she:

(1) Holds a valid, active license as a psychologist under chapter 490 or as a clinical social worker or mental health counselor under this chapter, or is registered under s. 464.0125 as an independent advanced practice registered nurse or certified under s. 464.012 as an advanced practice registered nurse and practitioner who has been determined by the Board of Nursing to be as a specialist in psychiatric mental health.

Section 74. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 491.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
491.012 Violations; penalty; injunction.—

(1) It is unlawful and a violation of this chapter for any person to:

Page 123 of 157

(d) Use the terms "psychotherapist," "sex therapist," or 3199 3200 "juvenile sexual offender therapist" unless such person is 3201 licensed pursuant to this chapter or chapter 490, or is 3202 registered under s. 464.0125 as an independent advanced practice 3203 registered nurse or certified under s. 464.012 as an advanced 3204 practice registered nurse and practitioner who has been 3205 determined by the Board of Nursing to be as a specialist in 3206 psychiatric mental health and the use of such terms is within 3207 the scope of her or his practice based on education, training, 3208 and licensure. 3209 (2) It is unlawful and a violation of this chapter for any 3210 person to describe her or his services using the following terms 3211 or any derivative thereof, unless such person holds a valid, 3212 active license under this chapter or chapter 490, or is 3213 registered under s. 464.0125 as an independent advanced practice 3214 registered nurse or is certified under s. 464.012 as an advanced 3215 practice registered nurse and practitioner who has been 3216 determined by the Board of Nursing to be as a specialist in 3217 psychiatric mental health and the use of such terms is within 3218 the scope of her or his practice based on education, training, 3219 and licensure: 3220 "Psychotherapy." (a) 3221 "Sex therapy." (b) 3222 (C) "Sex counseling." 3223 (d) "Clinical social work."

Page 124 of 157

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

"Psychiatric social work."

3224

(e)

3225	(f) "Marriage and family therapy."
3226	(g) "Marriage and family counseling."
3227	(h) "Marriage counseling."
3228	(i) "Family counseling."
3229	(j) "Mental health counseling."
3230	Section 75. Subsection (2) of section 493.6108, Florida
3231	Statutes, is amended to read:
3232	493.6108 Investigation of applicants by Department of
3233	Agriculture and Consumer Services.—
3234	(2) In addition to subsection (1), the department shall
3235	make an investigation of the general physical fitness of the
3236	Class "G" applicant to bear a weapon or firearm. Determination
3237	of physical fitness shall be certified by a physician or
3238	physician assistant currently licensed pursuant to chapter 458,
32,39	chapter 459, or any similar law of another state or authorized
3240	to act as a licensed physician by a federal agency or
3241	department, or by an independent advanced practice registered
3242	nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse
3243	certified, under part I of practitioner currently licensed
3244	pursuant to chapter 464. Such certification shall be submitted
3245	on a form provided by the department.
3246	Section 76. Subsection (1) of section 626.9707, Florida
3247	Statutes, is amended to read:
3248	626.9707 Disability insurance; discrimination on basis of
3249	sickle-cell trait prohibited.—
3250	(1) $\underline{\underline{An}}$ $\underline{\underline{No}}$ insurer authorized to transact insurance in this

Page 125 of 157

3251	state <u>may not</u> shall refuse to issue and deliver in this state
3252	any policy of disability insurance, whether such policy is
3253	defined as individual, group, blanket, franchise, industrial, or
3254	otherwise, which is currently being issued for delivery in this
3255	state and which affords benefits and coverage for any medical
3256	treatment or service authorized and permitted to be furnished by
3257	a hospital, clinic, health clinic, neighborhood health clinic,
3258	health maintenance organization, physician, physician
3259	physician's assistant, independent advanced practice registered
3260	nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or
3261	medical service facility or personnel solely because the person
3262	to be insured has the sickle-cell trait.
3263	Section 77. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

Section 77. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 627.357, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.357 Medical malpractice self-insurance.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Health care provider" means any:

3264

3265

3266

3267

3268

3271

3272

3273

3276

- 1. Hospital licensed under chapter 395.
- 2. Physician licensed, or physician assistant licensed, under chapter 458.
 - 3. Osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459.
 - 4. Podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461.
- 3274 5. Health maintenance organization certificated under part 3275 I of chapter 641.
 - 6. Ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.

Page 126 of 157

7. Chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.
8. Psychologist licensed under chapter 490.

- 9. Optometrist licensed under chapter 463.
- 10. Dentist licensed under chapter 466.
 - 11. Pharmacist licensed under chapter 465.
- 12. Registered nurse, licensed practical nurse,

 independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced

 practice registered nurse practitioner licensed, registered, or

 certified registered under part I of chapter 464.
 - 13. Other medical facility.

3279

3280

3281

3286

3287

3288

3289

3290 3291

3292

3293

32943295

3296

3297

3298

3299

3300

3301

3302

- 14. Professional association, partnership, corporation, joint venture, or other association established by the individuals set forth in subparagraphs 2., 3., 4., 7., 8., 9., 10., 11., and 12. for professional activity.
- Section 78. Subsection (6) of section 627.6471, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 627.6471 Contracts for reduced rates of payment; limitations; coinsurance and deductibles.—
 - (6) If psychotherapeutic services are covered by a policy issued by the insurer, the insurer shall provide eligibility criteria for each group of health care providers licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491, which include psychotherapy within the scope of their practice as provided by law, or for any person who is registered as an independent advanced practice registered nurse under s. 464.0125 or certified as an advanced practice registered nurse

Page 127 of 157

who specializes in psychiatric mental health. When psychotherapeutic services are covered, eligibility criteria shall be established by the insurer to be included in the insurer's criteria for selection of network providers. The insurer may not discriminate against a health care provider by excluding such practitioner from its provider network solely on the basis of the practitioner's license.

Section 79. Subsections (15) and (17) of section 627.6472, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.6472 Exclusive provider organizations.-

(15) If psychotherapeutic services are covered by a policy issued by the insurer, the insurer shall provide eligibility criteria for all groups of health care providers licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491, which include psychotherapy within the scope of their practice as provided by law, or for any person who is registered as an independent advanced practice registered nurse under s. 464.0125 or certified as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner in psychiatric mental health under s. 464.012 and who specializes in psychiatric mental health. When psychotherapeutic services are covered, eligibility criteria shall be established by the insurer to be included in the insurer's criteria for selection of network providers. The insurer may not discriminate against a health care provider by excluding such practitioner from its provider network solely on

Page 128 of 157

the basis of the practitioner's license.

- discriminate with respect to participation as to any independent advanced practice registered nurse registered pursuant to s.

 464.0125 or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner

 licensed and certified pursuant to s. 464.012, who is acting within the scope of such registration or license and certification, solely on the basis of such registration license or certification. This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit a plan from including providers only to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the plan's enrollees or from establishing any measure designed to maintain quality and control costs consistent with the responsibilities of the plan.
- Section 80. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 627.736, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; exclusions; priority; claims.—
- (1) REQUIRED BENEFITS.—An insurance policy complying with the security requirements of s. 627.733 must provide personal injury protection to the named insured, relatives residing in the same household, persons operating the insured motor vehicle, passengers in the motor vehicle, and other persons struck by the motor vehicle and suffering bodily injury while not an occupant of a self-propelled vehicle, subject to subsection (2) and paragraph (4)(e), to a limit of \$10,000 in medical and disability benefits and \$5,000 in death benefits resulting from

Page 129 of 157

bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle as follows:

- expenses for medically necessary medical, surgical, X-ray, dental, and rehabilitative services, including prosthetic devices and medically necessary ambulance, hospital, and nursing services if the individual receives initial services and care pursuant to subparagraph 1. within 14 days after the motor vehicle accident. The medical benefits provide reimbursement only for:
- 1. Initial services and care that are lawfully provided, supervised, ordered, or prescribed by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a dentist licensed under chapter 466, or a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, or that are provided in a hospital or in a facility that owns, or is wholly owned by, a hospital. Initial services and care may also be provided by a person or entity licensed under part III of chapter 401 which provides emergency transportation and treatment.
- 2. Upon referral by a provider described in subparagraph 1., followup services and care consistent with the underlying medical diagnosis rendered pursuant to subparagraph 1. which may be provided, supervised, ordered, or prescribed only by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, a dentist

Page 130 of 157

registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, or, to the extent permitted by applicable law and under the supervision of such physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, or independent advanced practice registered nurse, by a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner licensed under s. 464.012 chapter 464. Followup services and care may also be provided by the following persons or entities:

- a. A hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
- b. An entity wholly owned by one or more physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, chiropractic physicians licensed under chapter 460, independent advanced practice registered nurses registered under s. 464.0125, or dentists licensed under chapter 466 or by such practitioners and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of such practitioners.
- c. An entity that owns or is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a hospital or hospitals.
- d. A physical therapist licensed under chapter 486, based upon a referral by a provider described in this subparagraph.
- e. A health care clinic licensed under part X of chapter 400 which is accredited by an accrediting organization whose standards incorporate comparable regulations required by this state, or
 - (I) Has a medical director licensed under chapter 458,

Page 131 of 157

3407 chapter 459, or chapter 460;

3408

3409

3410 3411

3412

3415

3416

3417

3418

3419

3420

3421

3422

3423

3424

3425

3426

3427

34283429

3430

3431

3432

- (II) Has been continuously licensed for more than 3 years or is a publicly traded corporation that issues securities traded on an exchange registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange; and
- 3413 (III) Provides at least four of the following medical specialties:
 - (A) General medicine.
 - (B) Radiography.
 - (C) Orthopedic medicine.
 - (D) Physical medicine.
 - (E) Physical therapy.
 - (F) Physical rehabilitation.
 - (G) Prescribing or dispensing outpatient prescription medication.
 - (H) Laboratory services.
 - 3. Reimbursement for services and care provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. up to \$10,000 if a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a dentist licensed under chapter 466, an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner licensed under s. 464.012 chapter 464 has determined that the injured person had an emergency medical condition.

Page 132 of 157

4. Reimbursement for services and care provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. is limited to \$2,500 if a provider listed in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. determines that the injured person did not have an emergency medical condition.

- 5. Medical benefits do not include massage as defined in s. 480.033 or acupuncture as defined in s. 457.102, regardless of the person, entity, or licensee providing massage or acupuncture, and a licensed massage therapist or licensed acupuncturist may not be reimbursed for medical benefits under this section.
- 6. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt by rule the form that must be used by an insurer and a health care provider specified in sub-subparagraph 2.b., sub-subparagraph 2.c., or sub-subparagraph 2.e. to document that the health care provider meets the criteria of this paragraph. Such rule must include a requirement for a sworn statement or affidavit.

Only insurers writing motor vehicle liability insurance in this state may provide the required benefits of this section, and such insurer may not require the purchase of any other motor vehicle coverage other than the purchase of property damage liability coverage as required by s. 627.7275 as a condition for providing such benefits. Insurers may not require that property damage liability insurance in an amount greater than \$10,000 be purchased in conjunction with personal injury protection. Such

Page 133 of 157

insurers shall make benefits and required property damage liability insurance coverage available through normal marketing channels. An insurer writing motor vehicle liability insurance in this state who fails to comply with such availability requirement as a general business practice violates part IX of chapter 626, and such violation constitutes an unfair method of competition or an unfair or deceptive act or practice involving the business of insurance. An insurer committing such violation is subject to the penalties provided under that part, as well as those provided elsewhere in the insurance code.

Section 81. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 633.412, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 633.412 Firefighters; qualifications for certification.-
- (1) A person applying for certification as a firefighter $\mbox{must:}$
- medical examination given by a physician, surgeon, or physician assistant licensed to practice in the state <u>under pursuant to</u> chapter 458; an osteopathic physician, surgeon, or physician assistant licensed to practice in the state <u>under pursuant to</u> chapter 459; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse certified, practitioner licensed to practice in the state <u>under part I of pursuant to</u> chapter 464. Such examination may include, but need not be limited to, the National Fire Protection Association Standard 1582. A medical examination evidencing good physical

Page 134 of 157

condition shall be submitted to the division, on a form as provided by rule, before an individual is eligible for admission into a course under s. 633.408.

Section 82. Section 641.3923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

health maintenance organization <u>may shall</u> not discriminate with respect to participation as to any <u>independent advanced practice</u> registered nurse registered pursuant to s. 464.0125 or advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner licensed and</u> certified pursuant to s. 464.012, who is acting within the scope of such <u>registration or license and</u> certification, solely on the basis of such <u>registration license</u> or certification. This section shall not be construed to prohibit a plan from including providers only to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the plan's enrollees or from establishing any measure designed to maintain quality and control costs consistent with the responsibilities of the plan.

Section 83. Subsection (8) of section 641.495, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 641.495 Requirements for issuance and maintenance of certificate.—
- (8) Each organization's contracts, certificates, and subscriber handbooks shall contain a provision, if applicable, disclosing that, for certain types of described medical procedures, services may be provided by physician assistants,

Page 135 of 157

independent advanced practice registered nurses, advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners, or other individuals who are not licensed physicians.

Section 84. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 744.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

744.331 Procedures to determine incapacity.-

(3) EXAMINING COMMITTEE.-

3511

3512

3513

3514

3515

3516

3517

3518

3519

3520

3521

3522

3523

3524

3525

3526

3527

3528

3529

3530

3531

3532

3533

3534

3535

3536

Within 5 days after a petition for determination of incapacity has been filed, the court shall appoint an examining committee consisting of three members. One member must be a psychiatrist or other physician. The remaining members must be either a psychologist, gerontologist, another psychiatrist, or other physician, a registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, a licensed social worker, a person with an advanced degree in gerontology from an accredited institution of higher education, or other person who by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education may, in the court's discretion, advise the court in the form of an expert opinion. One of three members of the committee must have knowledge of the type of incapacity alleged in the petition. Unless good cause is shown, the attending or family physician may not be appointed to the committee. If the attending or family physician is available for consultation, the committee must consult with the physician. Members of the examining committee may not be related to or associated with one another, with the petitioner, with counsel for the petitioner or the

Page 136 of 157

proposed guardian, or with the person alleged to be totally or partially incapacitated. A member may not be employed by any private or governmental agency that has custody of, or furnishes, services or subsidies, directly or indirectly, to the person or the family of the person alleged to be incapacitated or for whom a guardianship is sought. A petitioner may not serve as a member of the examining committee. Members of the examining committee must be able to communicate, either directly or through an interpreter, in the language that the alleged incapacitated person speaks or to communicate in a medium understandable to the alleged incapacitated person if she or he is able to communicate. The clerk of the court shall send notice of the appointment to each person appointed no later than 3 days after the court's appointment.

Section 85. Subsection (1) of section 744.703, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

744.703 Office of public guardian; appointment, notification.—

(1) The executive director of the Statewide Public Guardianship Office, after consultation with the chief judge and other circuit judges within the judicial circuit and with appropriate advocacy groups and individuals and organizations who are knowledgeable about the needs of incapacitated persons, may establish, within a county in the judicial circuit or within the judicial circuit, one or more offices of public guardian and if so established, shall create a list of persons best qualified

Page 137 of 157

to serve as the public guardian, who have been investigated pursuant to s. 744.3135. The public guardian must have knowledge of the legal process and knowledge of social services available to meet the needs of incapacitated persons. The public guardian shall maintain a staff or contract with professionally qualified individuals to carry out the guardianship functions, including an attorney who has experience in probate areas and another person who has a master's degree in social work, or a gerontologist, psychologist, registered nurse, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner. A public guardian that is a nonprofit corporate guardian under s. 744.309(5) must receive tax-exempt status from the United States Internal Revenue Service.

Section 86. Subsection (6) of section 766.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.102 Medical negligence; standards of recovery; expert witness.—

(6) A physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who qualifies as an expert witness under subsection (5) and who, by reason of active clinical practice or instruction of students, has knowledge of the applicable standard of care for nurses, independent advanced practice registered nurses, advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners, certified registered nurse anesthetists, certified registered nurse midwives, physician assistants, or other medical support

Page 138 of 157

staff may give expert testimony in a medical negligence action with respect to the standard of care of such medical support staff.

Section 87. Subsection (3) of section 766.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.103 Florida Medical Consent Law.-

- (3) No Recovery is not shall be allowed in any court in this state against any physician licensed under chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, dentist licensed under chapter 466, independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012, or physician assistant licensed under s. 458.347 or s. 459.022 in an action brought for treating, examining, or operating on a patient without his or her informed consent when:
- (a)1. The action of the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, podiatric physician, dentist, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant in obtaining the consent of the patient or another person authorized to give consent for the patient was in accordance with an accepted standard of medical practice among members of the medical profession with similar training and experience in the same or similar medical community as that of the person

Page 139 of 157

treating, examining, or operating on the patient for whom the consent is obtained; and

- 2. A reasonable individual, from the information provided by the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, podiatric physician, dentist, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, under the circumstances, would have a general understanding of the procedure, the medically acceptable alternative procedures or treatments, and the substantial risks and hazards inherent in the proposed treatment or procedures, which are recognized among other physicians, osteopathic physicians, chiropractic physicians, podiatric physicians, or dentists in the same or similar community who perform similar treatments or procedures; or
- (b) The patient would reasonably, under all the surrounding circumstances, have undergone such treatment or procedure had he or she been advised by the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, podiatric physician, dentist, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a).

Section 88. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 766.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency relationship with governmental contractors.—

Page 140 of 157

3641 (3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

- (d) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:
- 1. A birth center licensed under chapter 383.
- 2. An ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 3645 395.
- 3646 3. A hospital licensed under chapter 395.

3642

3643

3651

3652

3653

3654

3655

3656

3657

3658

3659

3660

3663

3664

- 4. A physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458.
- 5. An osteopathic physician or osteopathic physician assistant licensed under chapter 459.
 - 6. A chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.
 - 7. A podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461.
 - 8. A registered nurse, nurse midwife, licensed practical nurse, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner licensed, registered, or certified registered under part I of chapter 464 or any facility that which employs nurses licensed, registered, or certified registered under part I of chapter 464 to supply all or part of the care delivered under this section.
 - 9. A midwife licensed under chapter 467.
- 10. A health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641.
 - 11. A health care professional association and its employees or a corporate medical group and its employees.
- 3665 12. Any other medical facility the primary purpose of which is to deliver human medical diagnostic services or which

Page 141 of 157

delivers nonsurgical human medical treatment, and which includes an office maintained by a provider.

3667

3668

3669

3670

36713672

3673

3674

3675

3676

3677

3678

3679

3687

3688

3689

3690

3691

3692

services.

- 13. A dentist or dental hygienist licensed under chapter 466.
- 14. A free clinic that delivers only medical diagnostic services or nonsurgical medical treatment free of charge to all low-income recipients.
- 15. Any other health care professional, practitioner, provider, or facility under contract with a governmental contractor, including a student enrolled in an accredited program that prepares the student for licensure as any one of the professionals listed in subparagraphs 4.-9.

The term includes any nonprofit corporation qualified as exempt from federal income taxation under s. 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and described in s. 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, which delivers health care services provided by licensed professionals listed in this paragraph, any federally funded community health center, and any volunteer corporation or volunteer health care provider that delivers health care

Section 89. Subsection (1) of section 766.1116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 766.1116 Health care practitioner; waiver of license renewal fees and continuing education requirements.—
 - (1) As used in this section, the term "health care

Page 142 of 157

practitioner" means a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458; an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459; a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460; a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461; an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, a registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse licensed, registered, or certified under part I of chapter 464; a dentist or dental hygienist licensed under chapter 466; or a midwife licensed under chapter 467, who participates as a health care provider under s. 766.1115.

Section 90. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 766.118, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.118 Determination of noneconomic damages.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Practitioner" means any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 466, chapter 467, or chapter 486; registered under s. 464.0125; or certified under s. 464.012. "Practitioner" also means any association, corporation, firm, partnership, or other business entity under which such practitioner practices or any employee of such practitioner or entity acting in the scope of his or her employment. For the purpose of determining the limitations on noneconomic damages set forth in this section, the term "practitioner" includes any person or entity for whom a practitioner is vicariously liable and any person or entity

Page 143 of 157

whose liability is based solely on such person or entity being vicariously liable for the actions of a practitioner.

Section 91. Subsection (3) of section 768.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

768.135 Volunteer team <u>practitioners</u> physicians; immunity.—

(3) A practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.0125 who gratuitously and in good faith conducts an evaluation pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(c) is not liable for any civil damages arising from that evaluation unless the evaluation was conducted in a wrongful manner.

Section 92. Subsection (4) of section 782.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

782.071 Vehicular homicide.—"Vehicular homicide" is the killing of a human being, or the killing of an unborn child by any injury to the mother, caused by the operation of a motor vehicle by another in a reckless manner likely to cause the death of, or great bodily harm to, another.

(4) In addition to any other punishment, the court may order the person to serve 120 community service hours in a trauma center or hospital that regularly receives victims of vehicle accidents, under the supervision of an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, an emergency room physician, or an emergency medical technician pursuant to a

Page 144 of 157

voluntary community service program operated by the trauma center or hospital.

Section 93. Subsection (5) of section 794.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

794.08 Female genital mutilation.

or under the direction of a physician licensed under chapter 458; an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459; a registered nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464, a practical nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed, registered, or certified practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464; a midwife licensed under chapter 467; or a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, when necessary to preserve the physical health of a female person. This section also does not apply to any autopsy or limited dissection conducted pursuant to chapter 406.

Section 94. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

(21) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458, a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 466, a veterinarian licensed pursuant to chapter 474, an osteopathic

Page 145 of 157

 physician licensed pursuant to chapter 459, a naturopath licensed pursuant to chapter 462, a certified optometrist licensed pursuant to chapter 463, an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered pursuant to s. 464.0125, an advanced practice registered nurse certified pursuant to s. 464.012, or a podiatric physician licensed pursuant to chapter 461, provided such practitioner holds a valid federal controlled substance registry number.

Section 95. Subsection (6) of section 943.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.13 Officers' minimum qualifications for employment or appointment.—On or after October 1, 1984, any person employed or appointed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary law enforcement officer or correctional officer; on or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary correctional probation officer; and on or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary correctional officer by a private entity under contract to the Department of Corrections, to a county commission, or to the Department of Management Services shall:

(6) Have passed a physical examination by a licensed physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or certified advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, based on specifications established by the commission. In order to be eligible for the presumption set forth in s. 112.18 while employed with an employing agency, a

Page 146 of 157

law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer must have successfully passed the physical examination required by this subsection upon entering into service as a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer with the employing agency, which examination must have failed to reveal any evidence of tuberculosis, heart disease, or hypertension. A law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer may not use a physical examination from a former employing agency for purposes of claiming the presumption set forth in s. 112.18 against the current employing agency.

Section 96. Subsection (2) of section 945.603, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

945.603 Powers and duties of authority.—The purpose of the authority is to assist in the delivery of health care services for inmates in the Department of Corrections by advising the Secretary of Corrections on the professional conduct of primary, convalescent, dental, and mental health care and the management of costs consistent with quality care, by advising the Governor and the Legislature on the status of the Department of Corrections' health care delivery system, and by assuring that adequate standards of physical and mental health care for inmates are maintained at all Department of Corrections institutions. For this purpose, the authority has the authority to:

(2) Review and make recommendations regarding health care

Page 147 of 157

for the delivery of health care services including, but not limited to, acute hospital-based services and facilities, primary and tertiary care services, ancillary and clinical services, dental services, mental health services, intake and screening services, medical transportation services, and the use of advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioner and physician assistants assistant personnel to act as physician extenders as these relate to inmates in the Department of Corrections.

Section 97. Paragraph (i) of subsection (3) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

(3) HEALTH ISSUES.-

- (i) Epinephrine use and supply.-
- 1. A student who has experienced or is at risk for life-threatening allergic reactions may carry an epinephrine auto-injector and self-administer epinephrine by auto-injector while in school, participating in school-sponsored activities, or in transit to or from school or school-sponsored activities if the school has been provided with parental and physician authorization. The State Board of Education, in cooperation with

Page 148 of 157

the Department of Health, shall adopt rules for such use of epinephrine auto-injectors that shall include provisions to protect the safety of all students from the misuse or abuse of auto-injectors. A school district, county health department, public-private partner, and their employees and volunteers shall be indemnified by the parent of a student authorized to carry an epinephrine auto-injector for any and all liability with respect to the student's use of an epinephrine auto-injector pursuant to this paragraph.

- 2. A public school may purchase from a wholesale distributor as defined in s. 499.003 and maintain in a locked, secure location on its premises a supply of epinephrine autoinjectors for use if a student is having an anaphylactic reaction. The participating school district shall adopt a protocol developed by a licensed physician for the administration by school personnel who are trained to recognize an anaphylactic reaction and to administer an epinephrine autoinjection. The supply of epinephrine auto-injectors may be provided to and used by a student authorized to self-administer epinephrine by auto-injector under subparagraph 1. or trained school personnel.
- 3. The school district and its employees and agents, including the physician who provides the standing protocol for school epinephrine auto-injectors, are not liable for any injury arising from the use of an epinephrine auto-injector administered by trained school personnel who follow the adopted

Page 149 of 157

protocol and whose professional opinion is that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction:

- a. Unless the trained school personnel's action is willful and wanton;
- b. Notwithstanding that the parents or guardians of the student to whom the epinephrine is administered have not been provided notice or have not signed a statement acknowledging that the school district is not liable; and
- c. Regardless of whether authorization has been given by the student's parents or guardians or by the student's physician, a physician physician's assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner.
- Section 98. Paragraph (b) of subsection (17) of section 1002.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1002.42 Private schools.-

- (17) EPINEPHRINE SUPPLY.-
- (b) The private school and its employees and agents, including the physician who provides the standing protocol for school epinephrine auto-injectors, are not liable for any injury arising from the use of an epinephrine auto-injector administered by trained school personnel who follow the adopted protocol and whose professional opinion is that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction:
- 1. Unless the trained school personnel's action is willful and wanton;

Page 150 of 157

2. Notwithstanding that the parents or guardians of the student to whom the epinephrine is administered have not been provided notice or have not signed a statement acknowledging that the school district is not liable; and

- 3. Regardless of whether authorization has been given by the student's parents or guardians or by the student's physician, a physician physician's assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner.
- Section 99. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 1006.062, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1006.062 Administration of medication and provision of medical services by district school board personnel.—
- (4) Nonmedical assistive personnel shall be allowed to perform health-related services upon successful completion of child-specific training by a registered nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner licensed, registered, or certified under part I of chapter 464; a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459; or a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459. All procedures shall be monitored periodically by a nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, or a physician, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Intermittent clean catheterization.

Page 151 of 157

3927 (b) Gastrostomy tube feeding.

3928

3929

3930

3931 3932

3933 3934

3935

3936

3937

3938

3939

3940

3941

3942

3943

3944

3945

3946

3947

3948

3949

3950 l

3951

3952

- (c) Monitoring blood glucose.
- (d) Administering emergency injectable medication.
- (5) For all other invasive medical services not listed in this subsection, a registered nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner licensed, registered, or certified under part I of chapter 464; a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459; or a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 shall determine if nonmedical district school board personnel shall be allowed to perform such service.

Section 100. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.-

- (2) ADOPTION OF BYLAWS, POLICIES, OR GUIDELINES.-
- (c) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that require all students participating in interscholastic athletic competition or who are candidates for an interscholastic athletic team to satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year prior to participating in interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team. Such medical evaluation may be administered only by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012, or s. 464.0125, and in

Page 152 of 157

3953

3954

3955

3956

3957

3958

3959

3960

3961

3962

3963

3964

3965

3966

3967

3968

3969

3970

3971

3972

3973

3974

3975

3976

3977

3978

good standing with the practitioner's regulatory board. The bylaws shall establish requirements for eliciting a student's medical history and performing the medical evaluation required under this paragraph, which shall include a physical assessment of the student's physical capabilities to participate in interscholastic athletic competition as contained in a uniform preparticipation physical evaluation and history form. The evaluation form shall incorporate the recommendations of the American Heart Association for participation cardiovascular screening and shall provide a place for the signature of the practitioner performing the evaluation with an attestation that each examination procedure listed on the form was performed by the practitioner or by someone under the direct supervision of the practitioner. The form shall also contain a place for the practitioner to indicate if a referral to another practitioner was made in lieu of completion of a certain examination procedure. The form shall provide a place for the practitioner to whom the student was referred to complete the remaining sections and attest to that portion of the examination. The preparticipation physical evaluation form shall advise students to complete a cardiovascular assessment and shall include information concerning alternative cardiovascular evaluation and diagnostic tests. Results of such medical evaluation must be provided to the school. No student shall be eligible to participate in any interscholastic athletic competition or engage in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical

Page 153 of 157

activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team until the results of the medical evaluation have been received and approved by the school.

3979

3980

3981

3982

3983

3984

3985

3986

3987

3988

3989

3990

39913992

3993

39943995

3996

3997

3998

3999

4000

4001

4002

4003

4004

Section 101. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1009.65, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.65 Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program.—

(1)To encourage qualified medical professionals to practice in underserved locations where there are shortages of such personnel, there is established the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program. The function of the program is to make payments that offset loans and educational expenses incurred by students for studies leading to a medical or nursing degree, medical or nursing licensure, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certification or physician assistant licensure. The following licensed or certified health care professionals are eligible to participate in this program: medical doctors with primary care specialties, doctors of osteopathic medicine with primary care specialties, physician physician's assistants, licensed practical nurses and registered nurses, and advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners with primary care specialties such as certified nurse midwives. Primary care medical specialties for physicians include obstetrics, gynecology, general and family practice, internal medicine, pediatrics, and other specialties which may

Page 154 of 157

4005 be identified by the Department of Health.

- (2) From the funds available, the Department of Health shall make payments to selected medical professionals as follows:
- (a) Up to \$4,000 per year for licensed practical nurses and registered nurses, up to \$10,000 per year for advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners and physician physician's assistants, and up to \$20,000 per year for physicians. Penalties for noncompliance shall be the same as those in the National Health Services Corps Loan Repayment Program. Educational expenses include costs for tuition, matriculation, registration, books, laboratory and other fees, other educational costs, and reasonable living expenses as determined by the Department of Health.

Section 102. Subsection (2) of section 1009.66, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.66 Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program.-

(2) To be eligible, a candidate must have graduated from an accredited or approved nursing program and have received a Florida license as a licensed practical nurse or a registered nurse or a Florida certificate as an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>.

Section 103. Subsection (3) of section 1009.67, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.67 Nursing scholarship program.—

(3) A scholarship may be awarded for no more than 2 years,

Page 155 of 157

in an amount not to exceed \$8,000 per year. However, registered nurses pursuing a graduate degree for a faculty position or to practice as an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> may receive up to \$12,000 per year. These amounts shall be adjusted by the amount of increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the United States Department of Commerce.

Section 104. Subsection (2) of section 960.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

960.28 Payment for victims' initial forensic physical examinations.—

(2) The Crime Victims' Services Office of the department shall pay for medical expenses connected with an initial forensic physical examination of a victim of sexual battery as defined in chapter 794 or a lewd or lascivious offense as defined in chapter 800. Such payment shall be made regardless of whether the victim is covered by health or disability insurance and whether the victim participates in the criminal justice system or cooperates with law enforcement. The payment shall be made only out of moneys allocated to the Crime Victims' Services Office for the purposes of this section, and the payment may not exceed \$500 with respect to any violation. The department shall develop and maintain separate protocols for the initial forensic physical examination of adults and children. Payment under this section is limited to medical expenses connected with the initial forensic physical examination, and payment may be made

Page 156 of 157

4057

4059

4060

4061

4062

4063

4064

4065

to a medical provider using an examiner qualified under part I of chapter 464, excluding s. 464.003(17) 464.003(16); chapter 458; or chapter 459. Payment made to the medical provider by the department shall be considered by the provider as payment in full for the initial forensic physical examination associated with the collection of evidence. The victim may not be required to pay, directly or indirectly, the cost of an initial forensic physical examination performed in accordance with this section. Section 105. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 157 of 157



COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED YN)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Health Innovation
2	Subcommittee
3	Representative Pigman offered the following:
4	
5	Amendment (with title amendment)
6	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:
7	Section 1. Subsections (16) through (23) of section
8	464.003, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (17)
9	through (24), respectively, present subsections (2), (3), (20),
10	and (22) are amended, and a new subsection (16) is added to that
11	section, to read:
12	464.003 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
13	(2) "Advanced or specialized nursing practice" or "to
14	practice advanced or specialized nursing means, in addition to
15	the practice of professional nursing, the performance of
16	advanced-level nursing acts approved by the board which, by
17	virtue of postbasic specialized education, training, and

706771 - h0547-strike.docx

Published On: 3/17/2015 5:45:31 PM



COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41 42

43

experience, are appropriately performed by an independent advanced practice registered nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner. Within the context of advanced or specialized nursing practice, the independent advanced practice registered nurse and the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner may perform acts of nursing diagnosis and nursing treatment of alterations of the health status. The independent advanced practice registered nurse and the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner may also perform acts of medical diagnosis, and treatment, prescription, and operation which are identified and approved by a joint committee composed of three members appointed by the Board of Nursing, one of whom must be an independent advanced practice registered nurse and one two of whom must be an advanced practice registered nurse practitioners; three members appointed by the Board of Medicine, two of whom must have had work experience with advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners; and the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee. Each committee member appointed by a board shall be appointed to a term of 4 years unless a shorter term is required to establish or maintain staggered terms. The Board of Nursing shall adopt rules authorizing the performance of any such acts approved by the joint committee. Unless otherwise specified by the joint committee and unless such acts are performed by independent advanced practice registered nurses, such medical acts must be performed under the general supervision of a practitioner

706771 - h0547-strike.docx

Published On: 3/17/2015 5:45:31 PM



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 within the framework of standing protocols which identify the medical acts to be performed and the conditions for their performance. The department may, by rule, require that a copy of the protocol be filed with the department along with the notice required by s. 458.348 or s. 459.025.

- (3) "Advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>" means any person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing and certified in advanced or specialized nursing practice, including certified registered nurse anesthetists, certified nurse midwives, and certified nurse practitioners.
- means an advanced practice registered nurse who maintains an active and unencumbered certification under s. 464.012(2) and registration under s. 464.0125 to practice advanced or specialized nursing independently and without the supervision of a physician or a protocol.
- (21)(20) "Practice of professional nursing" means the performance of those acts requiring substantial specialized knowledge, judgment, and nursing skill based upon applied principles of psychological, biological, physical, and social sciences, which shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) The observation, assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning, intervention, and evaluation of care; health teaching and counseling of the ill, injured, or infirm; and the promotion



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

of wellness, maintenance of health, and prevention of illness of others.

- (b) The prescribing and administration of medications and treatments as prescribed or authorized by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe such medications and treatments.
- (c) The supervision and teaching of other personnel in the theory and performance of any of the acts described in this subsection.

A professional nurse is responsible and accountable for making decisions that are based upon the individual's educational preparation and experience in nursing.

(23) (22) "Registered nurse" means any person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing, except such licensed person may only administer medications and treatments authorized by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe such medications and treatments.

Section 2. Section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 464.012 Certification of advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurses nurse practitioners; fees.—
- (1) Any nurse desiring to be certified as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner shall apply to the board department and submit proof that the nurse he or she holds a current license to practice professional nursing and that the

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

<u>nurse</u> he or she meets one or more of the following requirements as determined by the board:

- (a) Satisfactory completion of a formal postbasic educational program of at least one academic year, the primary purpose of which is to prepare nurses for advanced or specialized practice.
- (a) (b) Certification by an appropriate specialty board. Such certification shall be required for initial state certification and any recertification as a <u>nurse practitioner</u>, registered nurse anesthetist, or nurse midwife. The board may by rule provide for provisional state certification of graduate <u>nurse practitioners</u>, nurse anesthetists, and nurse midwives for a period of time determined to be appropriate for preparing for and passing the national certification examination.
- (b) (c) Graduation from a program leading to a master's degree program in a nursing clinical specialty area with preparation in specialized practitioner skills. For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 1998, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a nurse practitioner under paragraph (4)(c). For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 2001, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a registered nurse anesthetist under paragraph (4)(a).
- (2) The board shall provide by rule the appropriate requirements for advanced practice registered nurses nurse

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

practitioners in the categories of certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, and <u>certified</u> nurse practitioner.

- (3) An advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced practice registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> may:
 - (a) Monitor and alter drug therapies.
 - (b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.
- (c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).
- (d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.
- (e) Administer, dispense, and prescribe medicinal drugs, including controlled substances.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (4) In addition to the general functions specified in subsection (3), an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> may perform the following acts within his or her specialty:
- (a) The certified registered nurse anesthetist may, to the extent authorized by established protocol approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed, perform any or all of the following:
- 1. Determine the health status of the patient as it relates to the risk factors and to the anesthetic management of the patient through the performance of the general functions.
- 2. Based on history, physical assessment, and supplemental laboratory results, determine, with the consent of the responsible physician, the appropriate type of anesthesia within the framework of the protocol.
 - 3. Order under the protocol preanesthetic medication.
- 4. Perform under the protocol procedures commonly used to render the patient insensible to pain during the performance of surgical, obstetrical, therapeutic, or diagnostic clinical procedures. These procedures include ordering and administering regional, spinal, and general anesthesia; inhalation agents and techniques; intravenous agents and techniques; and techniques of hypnosis.
- 5. Order or perform monitoring procedures indicated as pertinent to the anesthetic health care management of the patient.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- 6. Support life functions during anesthesia health care, including induction and intubation procedures, the use of appropriate mechanical supportive devices, and the management of fluid, electrolyte, and blood component balances.
- 7. Recognize and take appropriate corrective action for abnormal patient responses to anesthesia, adjunctive medication, or other forms of therapy.
- 8. Recognize and treat a cardiac arrhythmia while the patient is under anesthetic care.
- 9. Participate in management of the patient while in the postanesthesia recovery area, including ordering the administration of fluids and drugs.
- 10. Place special peripheral and central venous and arterial lines for blood sampling and monitoring as appropriate.
- (b) The certified nurse midwife may, to the extent authorized by an established protocol which has been approved by the medical staff of the health care facility in which the midwifery services are performed, or approved by the nurse midwife's physician backup when the delivery is performed in a patient's home, perform any or all of the following:
 - 1. Perform superficial minor surgical procedures.
- 2. Manage the patient during labor and delivery to include amniotomy, episiotomy, and repair.
- 3. Order, initiate, and perform appropriate anesthetic procedures.
 - 4. Perform postpartum examination.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213

214

215216

217

218219

220

221

222

5. Order appropriate medication	5.	Order a	appropriate	medication
---------------------------------	----	---------	-------------	------------

- 6. Provide family-planning services and well-woman care.
- 7. Manage the medical care of the normal obstetrical patient and the initial care of a newborn patient.
- (c) The <u>certified</u> nurse practitioner may perform any or all of the following acts within the framework of established protocol:
 - Manage selected medical problems.
 - 2. Order physical and occupational therapy.
- 3. Initiate, monitor, or alter therapies for certain uncomplicated acute illnesses.
- 4. Monitor and manage patients with stable chronic diseases.
- 5. Establish behavioral problems and diagnosis and make treatment recommendations.
- (5) The board shall certify, and the department shall issue a certificate to, any nurse meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board is authorized to adopt such other rules as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- Section 3. Section 464.0125, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 464.0125 Registration of independent advanced practice registered nurses; fees.—

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

_	(1)	То	be	regis	tered	as	an	ind	lepen	dent	ad	lvanc	ed	prac	ctice
regis	terec	l nu	rse	, an	appli	cant	mu	st	hold	an	act	ive	and	<u>1</u>	
unenc	umber	red	cer	tific	cate i	ınder	s.	46	4.01	2 , a	ind	must	ha	ve:	

- (a) Completed, in any jurisdiction of the United States, at least 2,000 clinical practice hours within a 3-year period immediately preceding the submission of the application and while practicing as an advanced practice registered nurse.
- (b) Not been subject to any disciplinary action under s. 464.018 or s. 456.072, or any similar disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction, during the 5 years immediately preceding the submission of the application.
 - (c) Completed a graduate level course in pharmacology.
- (2) The board may provide by rule additional requirements appropriate for each applicant practicing in a specialty under s. 464.012(4).
- (3) An independent advanced practice registered nurse may perform, without physician supervision or a protocol, the functions authorized in s. 464.012(3), the acts within his or her specialty as described in s. 464.012(4), and any of the following:
- (a) For a patient who requires the services of a health care facility, as defined in s. 408.032(8):
 - 1. Admit the patient to the facility.
- 2. Manage the care that the patient receives in the facility.
 - 3. Discharge the patient from the facility.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (b) Provide a signature, certification, stamp,
 verification, affidavit, or other endorsement that is otherwise
 required by law to be provided by a physician.
- (4) An advanced practice registered nurse registered under this section must submit to the department proof of registration along with the information required under s. 456.0391, and the department shall include the registration in the advanced practice registered nurse's practitioner profile created pursuant to s. 456.041.
- (5) To be eligible for biennial renewal of registration, an independent advanced practice registered nurse must complete at least 10 hours of continuing education approved by the board in pharmacology in addition to completing the continuing education requirements established by board rule pursuant to s. 464.013. The biennial renewal for registration shall coincide with the independent advanced practice registered nurse's biennial renewal period for advanced practice registered nurse certification. If the initial renewal period occurs before January 1, 2016, an independent advanced practice registered nurse is not required to complete the continuing education requirement under this subsection until the following biennial renewal period.
- (6) The board shall register any nurse meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

not to exceed \$50. The board is authorized to adopt rules as necessary to implement this section.

Section 4. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 464.015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

464.015 Titles and abbreviations; restrictions; penalty.-

- (8) Only a person certified under s. 464.012 persons who hold valid certificates to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioners in this state may use the title "Advanced Practice Registered Nurse Practitioner" and the abbreviation "A.P.R.N." Only a person registered under s. 464.0125 to practice as an independent advanced practice registered nurse in this state may use the title "Independent Advanced Practice Registered Nurse" and the abbreviation "I.A.P.R.N." "A.R.N.P."
- (9) A person may not practice or advertise as, or assume the title of, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, clinical nurse specialist, certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, certified nurse practitioner, or advanced practice registered nurse, or independent advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or use the abbreviation "R.N.," "L.P.N.," "C.N.S.," "C.R.N.A.," "C.N.M.," "C.N.P.," "A.P.R.N.," or "I.A.P.R.N." "A.R.N.P." or take any other action that would lead the public to believe that person was certified or registered as such or is performing nursing services pursuant to the exception set forth in s.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

305)

299	464.022(8),	unless	that	person	is	licensed <u>,</u>	or	certified <u>,</u>	or
300	registered	to pract	ice a	as such.					

Section 5. Section 464.0155, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 464.0155 Reports of adverse incidents by independent advanced practice registered nurses.—
- (1) Effective January 1, 2016, an independent advanced practice registered nurse must report an adverse incident to the department in accordance with this section.
- (2) The report must be in writing, sent to the department by certified mail, and postmarked within 15 days after the adverse incident if the adverse incident occurs when the patient is at the office of the independent advanced practice registered nurse. If the adverse incident occurs when the patient is not at the office of the independent advanced practice registered nurse, the report must be postmarked within 15 days after the independent advanced practice registered nurse discovers, or reasonably should have discovered, the occurrence of the adverse incident.
- (3) For the purpose of this section, the term "adverse incident" means any of the following events when it is reasonable to believe that the event is attributable to the prescription of a controlled substance by the independent advanced practice registered nurse:
- (a) A condition that requires the transfer of a patient to a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

325	<u>(b</u>) Permane	ent physica	al injury	to	the	patient.
-----	-----------	-----------	-------------	-----------	----	-----	----------

- (c) Death of the patient.
- (4) The department shall review each adverse incident and determine whether the independent advanced practice registered nurse caused the adverse incident. The board may take disciplinary action upon such a finding, in which case s. 456.073 applies.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 464.016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.016 Violations and penalties.—

- (2) Each of the following acts constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:
- (a) Using the name or title "Nurse," "Registered Nurse,"

 "Licensed Practical Nurse," "Clinical Nurse Specialist,"

 "Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist," "Certified Nurse

 Midwife," "Certified Nurse Practitioner," "Advanced Practice

 Registered Nurse Practitioner," "Independent Advanced Practice

 Registered Nurse," or any other name or title that which implies that a person was licensed, or certified, or registered as same, unless such person is duly licensed, or certified, or registered.

Section 7. Paragraphs (p) through (z) are added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, to read: 464.018 Disciplinary actions.—

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

(1)	The	tollowing	acts	const	ıtute	grounds	ior	denial	ΟĬ	а
license o	or dis	sciplinary	acti	on, as	spec:	ified in	s. 4	456.072	(2):	:
(p)	Pres	scribing,	dispe	nsing,	admin	nistering	g, m:	ixing,	or_	

- otherwise preparing a legend drug, including any controlled substance, other than in the course of the professional practice of the independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse. For the purposes of this paragraph, it shall be legally presumed that prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not in the course of the professional practice of the independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse, without regard to the nurse's intent.
- (q) Dispensing a controlled substance listed in Schedule III or Schedule III in violation of s. 465.0276.
 - (r) Presigning blank prescription forms.
- (s) Prescribing any medicinal drug appearing on Schedule
 II in chapter 893 by the nurse for office use.
- (t) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving any Schedule II drug that is an amphetamine or sympathomimetic amine or any compound thereof, pursuant to chapter 893, to or for any person except for:
- 1. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral syndrome characterized by the developmentally inappropriate

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

376	symptoms of moderate to severe distractability, short attention
377	span, hyperactivity, emotional liability, and impulsivity; or
378	drug-induced brain dysfunction;

- 2. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of depression or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities; or
- 3. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs or compounds when an investigative protocol therefor is submitted to, reviewed, and approved by the board before such investigation begins.
- (u) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance athletic performance. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured muscle. A prescription written for the drug products listed in this paragraph may be dispensed by the pharmacist with the presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.
- (v) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any person.
- (w) Promoting or advertising on any prescription form of a community pharmacy, unless the form also states, "This prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (x) Promoting or advertising through any communication media the use, sale, or dispensing of any controlled substance appearing on any schedule in chapter 893.
- (y) Prescribing or dispensing any medicinal drug appearing on any schedule set forth in chapter 893 by the independent advanced practice registered nurse or the advanced practice registered nurse for himself or herself or administering any such drug by the nurse to himself or herself unless such drug is prescribed for the nurse by another practitioner authorized to prescribe medicinal drugs.
- (z) For an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125:
- 1. Paying or receiving any commission, bonus, kickback, or rebate, or engaging in any split-fee arrangement in any form whatsoever with a health care practitioner, organization, agency, or person, either directly or indirectly, for patients referred to providers of health care goods and services, including, but not limited to, hospitals, nursing homes, clinical laboratories, ambulatory surgical centers, or pharmacies. The provisions of this subparagraph may not be construed to prevent an independent advanced practice registered nurse from receiving a fee for professional consultation services.
- 2. Exercising influence within a patient-independent advanced practice registered nurse relationship for purposes of engaging a patient in sexual activity. A patient shall be

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

presumed to be incapable of giving free, full, and informed consent to sexual activity with his or her independent advanced practice registered nurse.

- 3. Making deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in or related to the practice of advanced or specialized nursing or employing a trick or scheme in the practice of advanced or specialized nursing.
- 4. Soliciting patients, either personally or through an agent, through the use of fraud, intimidation, undue influence, or a form of overreaching or vexatious conduct. A solicitation is any communication that directly or implicitly requests an immediate oral response from the recipient.
- 5. Failing to keep legible, as defined by department rule in consultation with the board, medical records that identify the independent advanced practice registered nurse by name and professional title who is responsible for rendering, ordering, supervising, or billing for each diagnostic or treatment procedure and that justify the course of treatment of the patient, including, but not limited to, patient histories; examination results; test results; records of drugs prescribed, dispensed, or administered; and reports of consultations or referrals.
- 6. Exercising influence on a patient or client in a manner as to exploit the patient or client for financial gain of the licensee or of a third party, which shall include, but not be



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

452	limited to,	the	promoting	or	selling	of	services,	goods,
453	appliances,	or o	drugs.					

- 7. Performing professional services that have not been duly authorized by the patient or client, or his or her legal representative, except as provided in s. 766.103 or s. 768.13.
- 8. Performing any procedure or prescribing any therapy that, by the prevailing standards of advanced or specialized nursing practice in the community, would constitute experimentation on a human subject, without first obtaining full, informed, and written consent.
- 9. Delegating professional responsibilities to a person when the licensee delegating the responsibilities knows or has reason to know that the person is not qualified by training, experience, or licensure to perform the responsibilities.
- 10. Conspiring with another independent advanced practice registered nurse or with any other person to commit an act, or committing an act, which would tend to coerce, intimidate, or preclude another independent advanced practice registered nurse from lawfully advertising his or her services.
- 11. Advertising or holding oneself out as having certification in a specialty that the independent advanced practice registered nurse has not received.
- 12. Failing to comply with the requirements of ss. 381.026 and 381.0261 to provide patients with information about their patient rights and how to file a patient complaint.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

477

478 479

480

481

482

483

484

485

486

487

488 489

490

491

492

493

494

495

496

497

498

499

500

501

502

13. Providing deceptive or fraudulent expert witness testimony related to the advanced or specialized practice of nursing.

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 39.303, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

39.303 Child protection teams; services; eligible cases.-The Children's Medical Services Program in the Department of Health shall develop, maintain, and coordinate the services of one or more multidisciplinary child protection teams in each of the service districts of the Department of Children and Families. Such teams may be composed of appropriate representatives of school districts and appropriate health, mental health, social service, legal service, and law enforcement agencies. The Department of Health and the Department of Children and Families shall maintain an interagency agreement that establishes protocols for oversight and operations of child protection teams and sexual abuse treatment programs. The State Surgeon General and the Deputy Secretary for Children's Medical Services, in consultation with the Secretary of Children and Families, shall maintain the responsibility for the screening, employment, and, if necessary, the termination of child protection team medical directors, at headquarters and in the 15 districts. Child protection team medical directors shall be responsible for oversight of the teams in the districts.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

503 l

- (3) All abuse and neglect cases transmitted for investigation to a district by the hotline must be simultaneously transmitted to the Department of Health child protection team for review. For the purpose of determining whether face-to-face medical evaluation by a child protection team is necessary, all cases transmitted to the child protection team which meet the criteria in subsection (2) must be timely reviewed by:
- (c) An advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>certified</u>, or an <u>independent advanced practice registered nurse registered</u>, <u>practitioner licensed</u> under chapter 464 who has a specialty in pediatrics or family medicine and is a member of a child protection team;
- (4) A face-to-face medical evaluation by a child protection team is not necessary when:
- (a) The child was examined for the alleged abuse or neglect by a physician or an independent advanced practice registered nurse who is not a member of the child protection team, and a consultation between the child protection team board-certified pediatrician, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, physician assistant working under the supervision of a child protection team board-certified pediatrician, or registered nurse working under the direct supervision of a child protection team board-certified pediatrician, and the examining practitioner physician concludes that a further medical evaluation is unnecessary;

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

529 530

531

Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), a child protection team pediatrician, as authorized in subsection (3), may determine that a face-to-face medical evaluation is necessary.

532 533

Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

534

39.304, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

535

39.304 Photographs, medical examinations, X rays, and medical treatment of abused, abandoned, or neglected child.—

need for a medical examination, or if the child verbally

a licensed physician, an independent advanced practice

registered nurse, or an emergency department in a hospital

without the consent of the child's parents or legal custodian.

Such examination may be performed by a any licensed physician, a

physician assistant, a registered independent advanced practice

nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to part I of chapter 464.

Any examining practitioner licensed physician, or advanced

was the result of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect may

registered nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to part I of

chapter 464, who has reasonable cause to suspect that an injury

registered nurse, or a certified an advanced practice registered

complains or otherwise exhibits distress as a result of injury

through suspected child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, or is

alleged to have been sexually abused, the person required to

investigate may cause the child to be referred for diagnosis to

If the areas of trauma visible on a child indicate a

536537

(1)

(b)

538

539

540 541

542

543

544

545

546

547

548 549

550

551

552

553

554

| | 706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

555

556

557

558

559

560

561562

563

564

565

566

567

568

569

570

571572

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580

authorize a radiological examination to be performed on the child without the consent of the child's parent or legal custodian.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 90.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 90.503 Psychotherapist-patient privilege.—
- (1) For purposes of this section:
- (a) A "psychotherapist" is:
- 1. A person authorized to practice medicine in any state or nation, or reasonably believed by the patient so to be, who is engaged in the diagnosis or treatment of a mental or emotional condition, including alcoholism and other drug addiction;
- 2. A person licensed or certified as a psychologist under the laws of any state or nation, who is engaged primarily in the diagnosis or treatment of a mental or emotional condition, including alcoholism and other drug addiction;
- 3. A person licensed or certified as a clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor under the laws of this state, who is engaged primarily in the diagnosis or treatment of a mental or emotional condition, including alcoholism and other drug addiction;
- 4. Treatment personnel of facilities licensed by the state pursuant to chapter 394, chapter 395, or chapter 397, of facilities designated by the Department of Children and Families pursuant to chapter 394 as treatment facilities, or of

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

 facilities defined as community mental health centers pursuant to s. 394.907(1), who are engaged primarily in the diagnosis or treatment of a mental or emotional condition, including alcoholism and other drug addiction; or

5. An independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012, whose primary scope of practice is the diagnosis or treatment of mental or emotional conditions, including chemical abuse, and limited only to actions performed in accordance with part I of chapter 464.

Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 110.12315, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2014-53, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

110.12315 Prescription drug program.—The state employees' prescription drug program is established. This program shall be administered by the Department of Management Services, according to the terms and conditions of the plan as established by the relevant provisions of the annual General Appropriations Act and implementing legislation, subject to the following conditions:

(3) The department of Management Services shall establish the reimbursement schedule for prescription pharmaceuticals dispensed under the program. Reimbursement rates for a prescription pharmaceutical must be based on the cost of the generic equivalent drug if a generic equivalent exists, unless the health care practitioner physician prescribing the pharmaceutical clearly states on the prescription that the brand

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

name drug is medically necessary or that the drug product is
included on the formulary of drug products that may not be
interchanged as provided in chapter 465, in which case
reimbursement must be based on the cost of the brand name drug
as specified in the reimbursement schedule adopted by the
department of Management Services.

Section 12. Paragraph (e) of subsection (8) of section 112.0455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.0455 Drug-Free Workplace Act.-

- (8) PROCEDURES AND EMPLOYEE PROTECTION.—All specimen collection and testing for drugs under this section shall be performed in accordance with the following procedures:
- (e) A specimen for a drug test may be taken or collected by any of the following persons:
- 1. A physician, a physician physician's assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, a registered professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a nurse practitioner, or a certified paramedic who is present at the scene of an accident for the purpose of rendering emergency medical service or treatment.
 - 2. A qualified person employed by a licensed laboratory.

 Section 13. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section
- 121.0515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 121.0515 Special Risk Class.-
- (3) CRITERIA.—A member, to be designated as a special risk member, must meet the following criteria:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

633

652

653

654 655

656

657

5295);

634	in one of the following classes and must spend at least 75
635	percent of his or her time performing duties which involve
636	contact with patients or inmates in a correctional or forensic
637	facility or institution:
638	1. Dietitian (class codes 5203 and 5204);
639	2. Public health nutrition consultant (class code 5224);
640	3. Psychological specialist (class codes 5230 and 5231);
641	4. Psychologist (class code 5234);
642	5. Senior psychologist (class codes 5237 and 5238);
643	6. Regional mental health consultant (class code 5240);
644	7. Psychological Services Director-DCF (class code 5242);
645	8. Pharmacist (class codes 5245 and 5246);
646	9. Senior pharmacist (class codes 5248 and 5249);
647	10. Dentist (class code 5266);
648	11. Senior dentist (class code 5269);
649	12. Registered nurse (class codes 5290 and 5291);
650	13. Senior registered nurse (class codes 5292 and 5293);
651	14. Registered nurse specialist (class codes 5294 and

(f) Effective January 1, 2001, the member must be employed

- 15. Clinical associate (class codes 5298 and 5299);
- 16. Advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner (class codes 5297 and 5300);
 - 17. Advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner specialist (class codes 5304 and 5305);

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

658	18. Registered nurse supervisor (Class codes 5306 and
659	5307);
660	19. Senior registered nurse supervisor (class codes 5308
661	and 5309);
662	20. Registered nursing consultant (class codes 5312 and
663	5313);
664	21. Quality management program supervisor (class code
665	5314);
666	22. Executive nursing director (class codes 5320 and
667	5321);
668	23. Speech and hearing therapist (class code 5406); or
669	24. Pharmacy manager (class code 5251);
670	Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
671	252.515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
672	252.515 Postdisaster Relief Assistance Act; immunity from
673	civil liability.—
674	(3) As used in this section, the term:
675	(a) "Emergency first responder" means:
676	1. A physician licensed under chapter 458.
677	2. An osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459.
678	3. A chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.
679	4. A podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461.
680	5. A dentist licensed under chapter 466.
681	6. An advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner
682	certified under s. 464.012.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

685

686

687

690

691

692

693

694

695

696

697

698

700

701

702

703

704

705

706

708

683	7.	A	physician	assistant	licensed	under	s.	458.347	or	s
684	459.022.									

- 8. A worker employed by a public or private hospital in the state.
 - 9. A paramedic as defined in s. 401.23(17).
- 10. An emergency medical technician as defined in s. 401.23(11).
 - 11. A firefighter as defined in s. 633.102.
 - 12. A law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10.
 - 13. A member of the Florida National Guard.
 - 14. Any other personnel designated as emergency personnel by the Governor pursuant to a declared emergency.
 - Section 15. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 310.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 310.071 Deputy pilot certification.-
 - (1) In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for certification as a deputy pilot must:
 - (c) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or registered independent advanced practice registered nurse within the preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

709

710

711

712

713

714

715

716

717

718

719

720

721

722

723

724

725

726

727

728

729

730

731

732

733

734

carry out the professional duties of a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot, each certificated deputy pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or registered independent advanced practice registered nurse. The examining practitioner physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders shall include a drug test.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 310.073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 310.073 State pilot licensing.—In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for license as a state pilot must:
- (3) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

735	licensed physician assistant, or registered independent advanced
736	practice registered nurse within the preceding 6 months. The
737	board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing
738	the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum
739	standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to
740	carry out the professional duties of a licensed state pilot.
741	Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled
742	substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is
743	under the care of a physician, a physician assistant, an
744	independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced
745	practice registered nurse and that controlled substance was
746	prescribed by that physician, physician assistant, independent
747	advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice
748	registered nurse. To maintain eligibility as a licensed state
749	pilot, each licensed state pilot must annually provide
750	documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete
751	physical examination administered by a licensed physician,
752	licensed physician assistant, or registered independent advanced
753	practice registered nurse. The examining practitioner physician
754	must know the minimum standards and certify that the licensee
755	satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for licensees
756	shall include a drug test.
757	Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
758	310.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
759	310.081 Department to examine and license state pilots and
760	certificate deputy pilots: vacancies -

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

761

762

763

764

765

766

767

768

769

770

771

772

773

774

775

776

777

778

779

780

781

782

783

784

785

786

- (3) Pilots shall hold their licenses or certificates pursuant to the requirements of this chapter so long as they:
- Are in good physical and mental health as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a physical examination administered by a licensed physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician assistant within each calendar year. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a licensed state pilot or a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot, each certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or registered independent advanced practice registered nurse. The physician, physician assistant, or independent advanced practice registered nurse must know the

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder or licensee satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders and for licensees shall include a drug test.

Upon resignation or in the case of disability permanently affecting a pilot's ability to serve, the state license or certificate issued under this chapter shall be revoked by the department.

Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 320.0848, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.0848 Persons who have disabilities; issuance of disabled parking permits; temporary permits; permits for certain providers of transportation services to persons who have disabilities.—

(1)

- (b)1. The person must be currently certified as being legally blind or as having any of the following disabilities that render him or her unable to walk 200 feet without stopping to rest:
- a. Inability to walk without the use of or assistance from a brace, cane, crutch, prosthetic device, or other assistive device, or without the assistance of another person. If the assistive device significantly restores the person's ability to walk to the extent that the person can walk without severe limitation, the person is not eligible for the exemption parking permit.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- b. The need to permanently use a wheelchair.
- c. Restriction by lung disease to the extent that the person's forced (respiratory) expiratory volume for 1 second, when measured by spirometry, is less than 1 liter, or the person's arterial oxygen is less than 60 mm/hg on room air at rest.
 - d. Use of portable oxygen.
- e. Restriction by cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as Class III or Class IV according to standards set by the American Heart Association.
- f. Severe limitation in the person's ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition.
- 2. The certification of disability which is required under subparagraph 1. must be provided by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460; by a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461; by an optometrist licensed under chapter 463; by an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464; under the protocol of a licensed physician as stated in this subparagraph, by a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; or by a similarly licensed physician from another state if the application is accompanied by documentation of the physician's licensure in the other state

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

838

839

840

841

842

843

844

845

846

847

848

849

850

851

852

853

854

855

856

857

858

859

860

861

862

and a form signed by the out-of-state physician verifying his or her knowledge of this state's eligibility guidelines.

Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 381.00315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.00315 Public health advisories; public health emergencies; quarantines.—The State Health Officer is responsible for declaring public health emergencies and quarantines and issuing public health advisories.

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Public health emergency" means any occurrence, or threat thereof, whether natural or man made, which results or may result in substantial injury or harm to the public health from infectious disease, chemical agents, nuclear agents, biological toxins, or situations involving mass casualties or natural disasters. Prior to declaring a public health emergency, the State Health Officer shall, to the extent possible, consult with the Governor and shall notify the Chief of Domestic Security. The declaration of a public health emergency shall continue until the State Health Officer finds that the threat or danger has been dealt with to the extent that the emergency conditions no longer exist and he or she terminates the declaration. However, a declaration of a public health emergency may not continue for longer than 60 days unless the Governor concurs in the renewal of the declaration. The State Health Officer, upon declaration of a public health emergency, may take

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

881 882

 actions that are necessary to protect the public health. Such actions include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Directing manufacturers of prescription drugs or over-the-counter drugs who are permitted under chapter 499 and wholesalers of prescription drugs located in this state who are permitted under chapter 499 to give priority to the shipping of specified drugs to pharmacies and health care providers within geographic areas that have been identified by the State Health Officer. The State Health Officer must identify the drugs to be shipped. Manufacturers and wholesalers located in the state must respond to the State Health Officer's priority shipping directive before shipping the specified drugs.
- 2. Notwithstanding chapters 465 and 499 and rules adopted thereunder, directing pharmacists employed by the department to compound bulk prescription drugs and provide these bulk prescription drugs to physicians and nurses of county health departments or any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer for administration to persons as part of a prophylactic or treatment regimen.
- 3. Notwithstanding s. 456.036, temporarily reactivating the inactive license of the following health care practitioners, when such practitioners are needed to respond to the public health emergency: physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; physician assistants licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; independent advanced practice registered nurses registered, licensed practical nurses or registered nurses

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

889

890

891

892

893

894

895

896

897

898

899

900

901

902

903

904

905

906

907

908

909

910

911

912

913

914

licensed, and advanced practice registered nurses certified nurse practitioners licensed under part I of chapter 464; respiratory therapists licensed under part V of chapter 468; and emergency medical technicians and paramedics certified under part III of chapter 401. Only those health care practitioners specified in this paragraph who possess an unencumbered inactive license and who request that such license be reactivated are eligible for reactivation. An inactive license that is reactivated under this paragraph shall return to inactive status when the public health emergency ends or prior to the end of the public health emergency if the State Health Officer determines that the health care practitioner is no longer needed to provide services during the public health emergency. Such licenses may only be reactivated for a period not to exceed 90 days without meeting the requirements of s. 456.036 or chapter 401, as applicable.

- 4. Ordering an individual to be examined, tested, vaccinated, treated, or quarantined for communicable diseases that have significant morbidity or mortality and present a severe danger to public health. Individuals who are unable or unwilling to be examined, tested, vaccinated, or treated for reasons of health, religion, or conscience may be subjected to quarantine.
- a. Examination, testing, vaccination, or treatment may be performed by any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

b. If the individual poses a danger to the public health, the State Health Officer may subject the individual to quarantine. If there is no practical method to quarantine the individual, the State Health Officer may use any means necessary to vaccinate or treat the individual.

Any order of the State Health Officer given to effectuate this paragraph shall be immediately enforceable by a law enforcement officer under s. 381.0012.

Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 381.00593, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.00593 Public school volunteer health care practitioner program.—

(3) For purposes of this section, the term "health care practitioner" means a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458; an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459; a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460; a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461; an optometrist licensed under chapter 463; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner, or a registered nurse, or licensed practical nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464; a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465; a dentist or dental hygienist licensed under chapter 466; a midwife licensed under chapter 467; a speech-language pathologist or audiologist licensed under part I of chapter 468;

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

a dietitian/nutritionist licensed under part X of chapter 468; or a physical therapist licensed under chapter 486.

Section 21. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 381.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.026 Florida Patient's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities.—

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section and s. 381.0261, the term:
- (c) "Health care provider" means a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459, ex a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under part I of chapter 464.

Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsections (3) through (5) of section 382.008, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

382.008 Death and fetal death registration.

(2) (a) The funeral director who first assumes custody of a dead body or fetus shall file the certificate of death or fetal death. In the absence of the funeral director, the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, or other person in attendance at or after the death or the district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found shall file the certificate of death or fetal death.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

The person who files the certificate shall obtain personal data from the next of kin or the best qualified person or source available. The medical certification of cause of death shall be furnished to the funeral director, either in person or via certified mail or electronic transfer, by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, or medical examiner responsible for furnishing such information. For fetal deaths, the physician, certified nurse midwife, midwife, or hospital administrator shall provide any medical or health information to the funeral director within 72 hours after expulsion or extraction.

(3) Within 72 hours after receipt of a death or fetal death certificate from the funeral director, the medical certification of cause of death shall be completed and made available to the funeral director by the decedent's primary or attending practitioner physician or, if s. 382.011 applies, the district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found. The primary or attending practitioner physician or the medical examiner shall certify over his or her signature the cause of death to the best of his or her knowledge and belief. As used in this section, the term "primary or attending practitioner physician" means a physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse, who

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

treated the decedent through examination, medical advice, or medication during the 12 months preceding the date of death.

- (a) The local registrar may grant the funeral director an extension of time upon a good and sufficient showing of any of the following conditions:
 - 1. An autopsy is pending.
- 2. Toxicology, laboratory, or other diagnostic reports have not been completed.
- 3. The identity of the decedent is unknown and further investigation or identification is required.
- (b) If the decedent's primary or attending <u>practitioner</u>, <u>physician</u> or <u>the</u> district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found, indicates that he or she will sign and complete the medical certification of cause of death but will not be available until after the 5-day registration deadline, the local registrar may grant an extension of 5 days. If a further extension is required, the funeral director must provide written justification to the registrar.
- (4) If the department or local registrar grants an extension of time to provide the medical certification of cause of death, the funeral director shall file a temporary certificate of death or fetal death which shall contain all available information, including the fact that the cause of death is pending. The decedent's primary or attending practitioner physician or the district medical examiner of the

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

county in which the death occurred or the body was found shall provide an estimated date for completion of the permanent certificate.

- (5) A permanent certificate of death or fetal death, containing the cause of death and any other information that was previously unavailable, shall be registered as a replacement for the temporary certificate. The permanent certificate may also include corrected information if the items being corrected are noted on the back of the certificate and dated and signed by the funeral director, physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, or district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found, as appropriate.
- Section 23. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 383.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 383.14 Screening for metabolic disorders, other hereditary and congenital disorders, and environmental risk factors.—
- (1) SCREENING REQUIREMENTS.—To help ensure access to the maternal and child health care system, the Department of Health shall promote the screening of all newborns born in Florida for metabolic, hereditary, and congenital disorders known to result in significant impairment of health or intellect, as screening programs accepted by current medical practice become available and practical in the judgment of the department. The department shall also promote the identification and screening of all newborns in this state and their families for environmental risk

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

factors such as low income, poor education, maternal and family stress, emotional instability, substance abuse, and other high-risk conditions associated with increased risk of infant mortality and morbidity to provide early intervention, remediation, and prevention services, including, but not limited to, parent support and training programs, home visitation, and case management. Identification, perinatal screening, and intervention efforts shall begin prior to and immediately following the birth of the child by the attending health care provider. Such efforts shall be conducted in hospitals, perinatal centers, county health departments, school health programs that provide prenatal care, and birthing centers, and reported to the Office of Vital Statistics.

(c) Release of screening results.—Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the State Public Health Laboratory may release, directly or through the Children's Medical Services program, the results of a newborn's hearing and metabolic tests or screenings to the newborn's health care practitioner. As used in this paragraph, the term "health care practitioner" means a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458; an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner, or a registered nurse, or licensed practical nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464; a midwife licensed under chapter 467; a speech-language pathologist or audiologist

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

licensed under part I of chapter 468; or a dietician or nutritionist licensed under part X of chapter 468.

Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 383.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 383.141 Prenatally diagnosed conditions; patient to be provided information; definitions; information clearinghouse; advisory council.—
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Health care provider" means a practitioner licensed or registered under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified, under part I of chapter 464.

Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 390.0111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

390.0111 Termination of pregnancies.-

- (3) CONSENTS REQUIRED.—A termination of pregnancy may not be performed or induced except with the voluntary and informed written consent of the pregnant woman or, in the case of a mental incompetent, the voluntary and informed written consent of her court-appointed guardian.
- (a) Except in the case of a medical emergency, consent to a termination of pregnancy is voluntary and informed only if:
- 1. The physician who is to perform the procedure, or the referring physician, has, at a minimum, orally, in person, informed the woman of:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- a. The nature and risks of undergoing or not undergoing the proposed procedure that a reasonable patient would consider material to making a knowing and willful decision of whether to terminate a pregnancy.
- b. The probable gestational age of the fetus, verified by an ultrasound, at the time the termination of pregnancy is to be performed.
- (I) The ultrasound must be performed by the physician who is to perform the abortion or by a person having documented evidence that he or she has completed a course in the operation of ultrasound equipment as prescribed by rule and who is working in conjunction with the physician.
- woman the opportunity to view the live ultrasound images and hear an explanation of them. If the woman accepts the opportunity to view the images and hear the explanation, a physician or a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician assistant working in conjunction with the physician must contemporaneously review and explain the images to the woman before the woman gives informed consent to having an abortion procedure performed.
- (III) The woman has a right to decline to view and hear the explanation of the live ultrasound images after she is informed of her right and offered an opportunity to view the

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

images and hear the explanation. If the woman declines, the woman shall complete a form acknowledging that she was offered an opportunity to view and hear the explanation of the images but that she declined that opportunity. The form must also indicate that the woman's decision was not based on any undue influence from any person to discourage her from viewing the images or hearing the explanation and that she declined of her own free will.

- (IV) Unless requested by the woman, the person performing the ultrasound may not offer the opportunity to view the images and hear the explanation and the explanation may not be given if, at the time the woman schedules or arrives for her appointment to obtain an abortion, a copy of a restraining order, police report, medical record, or other court order or documentation is presented which provides evidence that the woman is obtaining the abortion because the woman is a victim of rape, incest, domestic violence, or human trafficking or that the woman has been diagnosed as having a condition that, on the basis of a physician's good faith clinical judgment, would create a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function if the woman delayed terminating her pregnancy.
- c. The medical risks to the woman and fetus of carrying the pregnancy to term.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2.	Pi	rinted	1 mate	erials	pre	par	red a	and]	provi	ded by	the	
departme	ent	have	been	provi	ded	to	the	pre	gnant	woman,	if	she
chooses	to	view	these	mate:	rial	s,	inc	ludi	ng:			

- a. A description of the fetus, including a description of the various stages of development.
- b. A list of entities that offer alternatives to terminating the pregnancy.
- c. Detailed information on the availability of medical assistance benefits for prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care.
- 3. The woman acknowledges in writing, before the termination of pregnancy, that the information required to be provided under this subsection has been provided.

Nothing in this paragraph is intended to prohibit a physician from providing any additional information which the physician deems material to the woman's informed decision to terminate her pregnancy.

Section 26. Paragraphs (c), (e), and (f) of subsection (3) of section 390.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

390.012 Powers of agency; rules; disposal of fetal remains.—

(3) For clinics that perform or claim to perform abortions after the first trimester of pregnancy, the agency shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this chapter, including the following:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (c) Rules relating to abortion clinic personnel. At a minimum, these rules shall require that:
- 1. The abortion clinic designate a medical director who is licensed to practice medicine in this state and who has admitting privileges at a licensed hospital in this state or has a transfer agreement with a licensed hospital within reasonable proximity of the clinic.
- 2. If a physician is not present after an abortion is performed, a registered nurse, <u>a</u> licensed practical nurse, <u>an</u> advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, <u>an</u> independent advanced practice registered nurse, or <u>a</u> physician assistant shall be present and remain at the clinic to provide postoperative monitoring and care until the patient is discharged.
- 3. Surgical assistants receive training in counseling, patient advocacy, and the specific responsibilities associated with the services the surgical assistants provide.
- 4. Volunteers receive training in the specific responsibilities associated with the services the volunteers provide, including counseling and patient advocacy as provided in the rules adopted by the director for different types of volunteers based on their responsibilities.
- (e) Rules relating to the abortion procedure. At a minimum, these rules shall require:
- 1. That a physician, <u>a</u> registered nurse, <u>a</u> licensed practical nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

practitioner, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician assistant is available to all patients throughout the abortion procedure.

- 2. Standards for the safe conduct of abortion procedures that conform to obstetric standards in keeping with established standards of care regarding the estimation of fetal age as defined in rule.
- 3. Appropriate use of general and local anesthesia, analgesia, and sedation if ordered by the physician.
- 4. Appropriate precautions, such as the establishment of intravenous access at least for patients undergoing post-first trimester abortions.
- 5. Appropriate monitoring of the vital signs and other defined signs and markers of the patient's status throughout the abortion procedure and during the recovery period until the patient's condition is deemed to be stable in the recovery room.
- (f) Rules that prescribe minimum recovery room standards.

 At a minimum, these rules shall require that:
- 1. Postprocedure recovery rooms are supervised and staffed to meet the patients' needs.
- 2. Immediate postprocedure care consists of observation in a supervised recovery room for as long as the patient's condition warrants.
- 3. The clinic arranges hospitalization if any complication beyond the medical capability of the staff occurs or is suspected.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- 4. A registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician assistant who is trained in the management of the recovery area and is capable of providing basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation and related emergency procedures remains on the premises of the abortion clinic until all patients are discharged.
- 5. A physician shall sign the discharge order and be readily accessible and available until the last patient is discharged to facilitate the transfer of emergency cases if hospitalization of the patient or viable fetus is necessary.
- 6. A physician discusses Rho(D) immune globulin with each patient for whom it is indicated and ensures that it is offered to the patient in the immediate postoperative period or that it will be available to her within 72 hours after completion of the abortion procedure. If the patient refuses the Rho(D) immune globulin, a refusal form approved by the agency shall be signed by the patient and a witness and included in the medical record.
- 7. Written instructions with regard to postabortion coitus, signs of possible problems, and general aftercare are given to each patient. Each patient shall have specific written instructions regarding access to medical care for complications, including a telephone number to call for medical emergencies.
- 8. There is a specified minimum length of time that a patient remains in the recovery room by type of abortion procedure and duration of gestation.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

9. The physician ensures that a registered nurse, $\underline{\mathtt{a}}$
licensed practical nurse, \underline{an} advanced $\underline{practice}$ registered nurse
practitioner, an independent advanced practice registered nurse
or \underline{a} physician assistant from the abortion clinic makes a good
faith effort to contact the patient by telephone, with the
patient's consent, within 24 hours after surgery to assess the
patient's recovery.

- 10. Equipment and services are readily accessible to provide appropriate emergency resuscitative and life support procedures pending the transfer of the patient or viable fetus to the hospital.
- Section 27. Subsection (23) of section 394.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term:
- under part I of chapter 464 who has a master's degree or a doctorate in psychiatric nursing and 2 years of post-master's clinical experience under the supervision of a physician, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified under, part I of chapter 464, who obtains national certification as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse.
- Section 28. Paragraphs (a) and (f) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 394.463 Involuntary examination.—

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

1276

1277

1278 1279

1280

1281

1282

1283

1284

1285

1286

1287

1288

1289

1290 1291

1292

1293

1294

1295

1296

1297

1298

1299

1300

1301

- (2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION.-
- (a) An involuntary examination may be initiated by any one of the following means:
- A court may enter an ex parte order stating that a person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination, giving the findings on which that conclusion is based. The ex parte order for involuntary examination must be based on sworn testimony, written or oral. If other less restrictive means are not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, a law enforcement officer, or other designated agent of the court, shall take the person into custody and deliver him or her to the nearest receiving facility for involuntary examination. The order of the court shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. No fee shall be charged for the filing of an order under this subsection. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this order must send a copy of the order to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day. The order shall be valid only until executed or, if not executed, for the period specified in the order itself. If no time limit is specified in the order, the order shall be valid for 7 days after the date that the order was signed.
- 2. A law enforcement officer shall take a person who appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination into custody and deliver the person or have him or her delivered to the nearest receiving facility for examination. The officer

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

1302

1303

1304

1305

1306

1307

1308

1309

1310

1311

1312

1313

1314

1315

1316

1317

1318

1319

1320

1321

1322

1323

1324

1325

1326

1327

shall execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody, and the report shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this report must send a copy of the report to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day.

A physician, a physician assistant, a clinical psychologist, a psychiatric nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, a mental health counselor, a marriage and family therapist, or a clinical social worker may execute a certificate stating that he or she has examined a person within the preceding 48 hours and finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination and stating the observations upon which that conclusion is based. If other less restrictive means are not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, a law enforcement officer shall take the person named in the certificate into custody and deliver him or her to the nearest receiving facility for involuntary examination. The law enforcement officer shall execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody. The report and certificate shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this certificate must send a copy of the certificate to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

(f) A patient shall be examined by a physician, physician
assistant, or clinical psychologist, or psychiatric nurse at a
receiving facility without unnecessary delay and may, upon the
order of a physician, be given emergency treatment if it is
determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of
the patient or others. The patient may not be released by the
receiving facility or its contractor without the documented
approval of a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, $\underline{\text{or}}$
psychiatric nurse, or, if the receiving facility is a hospital,
the release may also be approved by an attending emergency
department physician with experience in the diagnosis and
treatment of mental and nervous disorders and after completion
of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection.
However, a patient may not be held in a receiving facility for
involuntary examination longer than 72 hours.

Section 29. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) and subsection (4) of section 395.0191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

395.0191 Staff membership and clinical privileges.-

(2) (a) Each licensed facility shall establish rules and procedures for consideration of an application for clinical privileges submitted by an <u>independent advanced practice</u> registered nurse registered, or an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner licensed and</u> certified, under part I of chapter 464, in accordance with the provisions of this section. A No licensed facility may not shall deny such application

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

solely because the applicant is <u>registered or certified licensed</u> under part I of chapter 464 or because the applicant is not a participant in the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan.

- (b) An advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> who is a certified as a registered nurse anesthetist licensed under part I of chapter 464 shall administer anesthesia under the onsite medical direction of a professional licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466, and in accordance with an established protocol approved by the medical staff. The medical direction shall specifically address the needs of the individual patient. This paragraph does not apply to an independent advanced practice registered nurse who is a certified registered nurse anesthetist under part I of chapter 464.
- (4) Nothing herein shall restrict in any way the authority of the medical staff of a licensed facility to review for approval or disapproval all applications for appointment and reappointment to all categories of staff and to make recommendations on each applicant to the governing board, including the delineation of privileges to be granted in each case. In making such recommendations and in the delineation of privileges, each applicant shall be considered individually pursuant to criteria for a doctor licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466; τ or for an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

practice registered nurse practitioner licensed and certified, under part I of chapter 464; or for a psychologist licensed under chapter 490, as applicable. The applicant's eligibility for staff membership or clinical privileges shall be determined by the applicant's background, experience, health, training, and demonstrated competency; the applicant's adherence to applicable professional ethics; the applicant's reputation; and the applicant's ability to work with others and by such other elements as determined by the governing board, consistent with this part.

Section 30. Subsection (3) of section 395.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.602 Rural hospitals.-

(3) USE OF FUNDS.—It is the intent of the Legislature that funds as appropriated shall be utilized by the department for the purpose of increasing the number of primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, certified nurse practitioners, and nurses in rural areas, either through the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program as defined by s. 1009.65 or through a federal loan repayment program which requires state matching funds. The department may use funds appropriated for the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program as matching funds for federal loan repayment programs for health care personnel, such as that authorized in Pub. L. No. 100-177, s. 203. If the department receives federal matching funds, the department shall only

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

implement the federal program. Reimbursement through either program shall be limited to:

- (a) Primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, certified nurse practitioners, and nurses employed by or affiliated with rural hospitals, as defined in this act; and
- (b) Primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, <u>certified</u> nurse practitioners, and nurses employed by or affiliated with rural area health education centers, as defined in this section. These personnel shall practice:
- 1. In a county with a population density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile; or
- 2. Within the boundaries of a hospital tax district which encompasses a population of no greater than 100 persons per square mile.

If the department administers a federal loan repayment program, priority shall be given to obligating state and federal matching funds pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b). The department may use federal matching funds in other health workforce shortage areas and medically underserved areas in the state for loan repayment programs for primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, certified nurse practitioners, and nurses who are employed by publicly financed health care programs that serve medically indigent persons.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

Section 31. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (8) of section 395.605, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

395.605 Emergency care hospitals.-

1435 (8)

- (b) All patients shall be under the care of a physician <u>or</u> an independent advanced practice registered nurse or under the care of <u>an advanced practice registered a nurse practitioner</u> or physician assistant supervised by a physician.
- (c) A physician, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant shall be on duty at all times, or a physician shall be on call and available within 30 minutes at all times.

Section 32. Subsection (26) of section 397.311, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part VIII, the term:
- (26) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a professional licensed under chapter 490 or chapter 491; an independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse, who has practitioner having a specialty in psychiatry and is registered or certified licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a person who is certified through a department-recognized certification process for substance abuse treatment services and who holds, at a minimum,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

1458

1459

1460

1461

1462 1463

1464

1465

1466

1467

1468

1469

1470

1471

1472

1473

1474

1475

1476

1477

1478

1479

1480

1481

a bachelor's degree. A person who is certified in substance
abuse treatment services by a state-recognized certification
process in another state at the time of employment with a
licensed substance abuse provider in this state may perform the
functions of a qualified professional as defined in this chapter
but must meet certification requirements contained in this
subsection no later than 1 year after his or her date of
employment.

Section 33. Section 397.405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

397.405 Exemptions from licensure.—The following are exempt from the licensing provisions of this chapter:

- (1) A hospital or hospital-based component licensed under chapter 395.
 - (2) A nursing home facility as defined in s. 400.021.
- (3) A substance abuse education program established pursuant to s. 1003.42.
- (4) A facility or institution operated by the Federal Government.
- (5) A physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459.
 - (6) A psychologist licensed under chapter 490.
- (7) A social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor licensed under chapter 491.
- 1482 (8) A legally cognizable church or nonprofit religious
 1483 organization or denomination providing substance abuse services,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

1484

1485

1486

1487

1488

1489

1490 1491

1492

1493

1494

1495

1496

1497

1498

1499

1500

1501

1502

1503

1504

including prevention services, which are solely religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature. A church or nonprofit religious organization or denomination providing any of the licensed service components itemized under s. 397.311(18) is not exempt from substance abuse licensure but retains its exemption with respect to all services which are solely religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature.

- Facilities licensed under chapter 393 which, in addition to providing services to persons with developmental disabilities, also provide services to persons developmentally at risk as a consequence of exposure to alcohol or other legal or illegal drugs while in utero.
- (10) DUI education and screening services provided pursuant to ss. 316.192, 316.193, 322.095, 322.271, and 322.291. Persons or entities providing treatment services must be licensed under this chapter unless exempted from licensing as provided in this section.
- (11) A facility licensed under s. 394.875 as a crisis stabilization unit.

The exemptions from licensure in this section do not apply to

1505 any service provider that receives an appropriation, grant, or 1506 contract from the state to operate as a service provider as 1507 defined in this chapter or to any substance abuse program 1508

regulated pursuant to s. 397.406. Furthermore, this chapter may

not be construed to limit the practice of a physician or 1509

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a
psychologist licensed under chapter 490, a psychotherapist
licensed under chapter 491, or an <u>independent advanced practice</u>
registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered
nurse <u>certified</u> , practitioner licensed under part I of chapter
464, who provides substance abuse treatment, unless a
practitioner represents so long as the physician, physician
assistant, psychologist, psychotherapist, or advanced registered
nurse practitioner does not represent to the public that the
practitioner he or she is a licensed service provider and
provides does not provide services to individuals pursuant to
part V of this chapter. Failure to comply with any requirement
necessary to maintain an exempt status under this section is a
misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 34. Subsections (5), (9), and (10) of section 397.427, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

397.427 Medication-assisted treatment service providers; rehabilitation program; needs assessment and provision of services; persons authorized to issue takeout medication; unlawful operation; penalty.—

(5) Notwithstanding s. 465.019(2), a physician assistant, a registered nurse, an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>, or a licensed practical nurse working for a licensed service provider may deliver takeout medication for opiate treatment to persons enrolled in a maintenance treatment

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

program for medication-assisted treatment for opiate addiction if:

- (a) The medication-assisted treatment program for opiate addiction has an appropriate valid permit issued pursuant to rules adopted by the Board of Pharmacy;
- (b) The medication for treatment of opiate addiction has been delivered pursuant to a valid prescription written by the program's physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459;
- (c) The medication for treatment of opiate addiction which is ordered appears on a formulary and is prepackaged and prelabeled with dosage instructions and distributed from a source authorized under chapter 499;
- (d) Each licensed provider adopts written protocols which provide for supervision of the physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse by a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and for the procedures by which patients' medications may be delivered by the physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse. Such protocols shall be signed by the supervising physician and either the administering registered nurse, the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or the licensed practical nurse.
- (e) Each licensed service provider maintains and has available for inspection by representatives of the Board of

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

Pharmacy all medical records and patient care protocols, including records of medications delivered to patients, in accordance with the board.

- (9) A physician assistant, a registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or a licensed practical nurse working for a licensed service provider may deliver medication as prescribed by rule if:
- (a) The service provider is authorized to provide medication-assisted treatment;
- (b) The medication has been administered pursuant to a valid prescription written by the program's physician who is licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; and
- (c) The medication ordered appears on a formulary or meets federal requirements for medication-assisted treatment.
- medication-assisted treatment must adopt written protocols as specified by the department and in accordance with federally required rules, regulations, or procedures. The protocol shall provide for the supervision of the physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse working under the supervision of a physician who is licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459. The protocol must specify how the medication will be used in conjunction with counseling or psychosocial treatment and that the services provided will be included on the treatment plan. The protocol must specify the procedures by which

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

medication-assisted treatment may be administered by the supervised physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse. These protocols shall be signed by the supervising physician and the supervised administering physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse.

Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 397.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

397.501 Rights of individuals.—Individuals receiving substance abuse services from any service provider are guaranteed protection of the rights specified in this section, unless otherwise expressly provided, and service providers must ensure the protection of such rights.

- (2) RIGHT TO NONDISCRIMINATORY SERVICES.-
- (a) Service providers may not deny an individual access to substance abuse services solely on the basis of race, gender, ethnicity, age, sexual preference, human immunodeficiency virus status, prior service departures against medical advice, disability, or number of relapse episodes. Service providers may not deny an individual who takes medication prescribed by a physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse access to substance abuse services solely on that basis. Service providers who receive state funds to provide substance abuse services may not, if space and sufficient state resources

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

are available, deny access to services based solely on inability to pay.

Section 36. Subsection (8) of section 400.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.021 Definitions.—When used in this part, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:

(8) "Geriatric outpatient clinic" means a site for providing outpatient health care to persons 60 years of age or older, which is staffed by a registered nurse, a physician assistant, or a licensed practical nurse under the direct supervision of a registered nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, or a physician.

Section 37. Subsection (3) of section 400.0255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0255 Resident transfer or discharge; requirements and procedures; hearings.—

(3) When a discharge or transfer is initiated by the nursing home, the nursing home administrator employed by the nursing home that is discharging or transferring the resident, or an individual employed by the nursing home who is designated by the nursing home administrator to act on behalf of the administration, must sign the notice of discharge or transfer. Any notice indicating a medical reason for transfer or discharge must either be signed by the resident's attending physician or the medical director of the facility, or include an attached

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

written order for the discharge or transfer. The notice or the order must be signed by the resident's physician, medical director, treating physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant.

Section 38. Subsection (3) of section 400.172, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.172 Respite care provided in nursing home facilities.-

(3) A prospective respite care resident must provide medical information from a physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner and any other information provided by the primary caregiver required by the facility before or when the person is admitted to receive respite care. The medical information must include a physician's or an independent advanced practice registered nurse's order for respite care and proof of a physical examination by a licensed physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner. The physician's order and physical examination may be used to provide intermittent respite care for up to 12 months after the date the order is written.

Section 39. Subsections (20) through (29) of section 400.462, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (21) through (30), respectively, subsection (3) is amended, and a new subsection (20) is added to that section, to read:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

400.462 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

- (3) "Advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>" means a person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing and certified in advanced or specialized nursing practice, as defined in s. 464.003.
- (20) "Independent advanced practice registered nurse" means a person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing as defined in s. 464.003 and registered to practice advanced or specialized nursing independently and without physician supervision or a protocol.

Section 40. Subsection (2) of section 400.487, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.487 Home health service agreements; physician's, physician assistant's, <u>independent advanced practice registered nurse's</u>, and advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurse's nurse practitioner's</u> treatment orders; patient assessment; establishment and review of plan of care; provision of services; orders not to resuscitate.—

(2) When required by the provisions of chapter 464; part I, part III, or part V of chapter 468; or chapter 486, the attending physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, acting within his or her respective scope of practice, shall establish treatment orders for a patient who is to receive skilled care. The treatment orders must be signed by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner before a claim for payment for the skilled services is submitted by the home health agency. If the claim is submitted to a managed care organization, the treatment orders must be signed within the time allowed under the provider agreement. The treatment orders shall be reviewed, as frequently as the patient's illness requires, by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner in consultation with the home health agency.

Section 41. Paragraph (a) of subsection (13) of section 400.506, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements; penalties.—

- (13) All persons referred for contract in private residences by a nurse registry must comply with the following requirements for a plan of treatment:
- (a) When, in accordance with the privileges and restrictions imposed upon a nurse under part I of chapter 464, the delivery of care to a patient is under the direction or supervision of a physician or when a physician is responsible for the medical care of the patient, a medical plan of treatment must be established for each patient receiving care or treatment provided by a licensed nurse in the home. The original medical plan of treatment must be timely signed by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, acting within his or her respective scope of practice, and reviewed in consultation with the licensed nurse at least every 2 months. Any additional order or change in orders must be obtained from, reduced to writing by, and timely signed by the physician, physician assistant, independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner and reduced to writing and timely signed by the physician, physician assistant, or advanced registered nurse practitioner. The delivery of care under a medical plan of treatment must be substantiated by the appropriate nursing notes or documentation made by the nurse in compliance with nursing practices established under part I of chapter 464.

Section 42. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section 400.9905, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.9905 Definitions.-

- (4) "Clinic" means an entity where health care services are provided to individuals and which tenders charges for reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a portable equipment provider. As used in this part, the term does not include and the licensure requirements of this part do not apply to:
- (g) A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or corporation that provides health care services by licensed health care practitioners under chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 480, chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, chapter 491, or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012 or s. 464.0125, and that is wholly owned by one or more licensed health care practitioners, or the licensed health care practitioners set forth in this paragraph and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of a licensed health care practitioner if one of the owners who is a licensed health care practitioner is supervising the business activities and is legally responsible for the entity's compliance with all federal and state laws. However, a health care practitioner may not supervise services beyond the scope of the practitioner's license, except that, for the purposes of this part, a clinic owned by a licensee in s. 456.053(3)(b) which provides only services authorized pursuant to s. 456.053(3)(b) may be supervised by a licensee specified in s. 456.053(3)(b).

1760

1761

1762

1763

1764

1765

1766

1767

1768

1744

1745

1746

1747

1748

1749

1750

1751

1752

1753

1754

1755

1756

1757

1758

1759

Notwithstanding this subsection, an entity shall be deemed a clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to receive reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730-627.7405, unless exempted under s. 627.736(5)(h).

Section 43. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 401.445, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

401.445 Emergency examination and treatment of incapacitated persons.—

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 547

(2015)

Amendment No.

1769

1770

1771

1772

1773

1774

1775

1776

1777

1778

1779

1780

1781

1782

1783

1784

1785

1786

1787

1788

1789

1790

1791

1792

1793

1794

(1) No Recovery <u>is not shall be allowed</u> in any court in
this state against any emergency medical technician, paramedic,
or physician as defined in this chapter; any independent
advanced practice registered nurse registered under s.
464.0125; any advanced practice registered nurse practitioner
certified under s. 464.012 $_{\underline{i} \overline{\tau}}$ or any physician assistant licensed
under s. 458.347 or s. 459.022, or any person acting under the
direct medical supervision of a physician, in an action brought
for examining or treating a patient without his or her informed
consent if:

- The patient at the time of examination or treatment is intoxicated, under the influence of drugs, or otherwise incapable of providing informed consent as provided in s. 766.103;
- (b) The patient at the time of examination or treatment is experiencing an emergency medical condition; and
- The patient would reasonably, under all the surrounding circumstances, undergo such examination, treatment, or procedure if the patient he or she were advised by the emergency medical technician, paramedic, physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant in accordance with s. 766.103(3).

Examination and treatment provided under this subsection shall be limited to reasonable examination of the patient to determine

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

the medical condition of the patient and treatment reasonably necessary to alleviate the emergency medical condition or to stabilize the patient.

(2) In examining and treating a person who is apparently intoxicated, under the influence of drugs, or otherwise incapable of providing informed consent, the emergency medical technician, paramedic, physician, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, or any person acting under the direct medical supervision of a physician, shall proceed wherever possible with the consent of the person. If the person reasonably appears to be incapacitated and refuses his or her consent, the person may be examined, treated, or taken to a hospital or other appropriate treatment resource if he or she is in need of emergency attention, without his or her consent, but unreasonable force shall not be used.

Section 44. Subsections (1) and (11) of section 409.905, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services.—The agency may make payments for the following services, which are required of the state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any service under this section shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

- ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE PRACTITIONER SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for services provided to a recipient by a registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, a certified licensed advanced practice registered nurse practitioner who has a valid collaboration agreement with a licensed physician on file with the Department of Health, or a certified registered nurse anesthetist who provides anesthesia services in accordance with established protocol required by state law and approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed. Reimbursement for such services must be provided in an amount that equals at least not less than 80 percent of the reimbursement to a physician who provides the same services, unless otherwise provided for in the General Appropriations Act.
- (11) RURAL HEALTH CLINIC SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for outpatient primary health care services for a recipient provided by a clinic certified by and participating in the Medicare program which is located in a federally designated,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

1847

1848

1849

1850

1851

1852

1853

1854

1855

1856

1857

1858 1859

1860

1861

1862

1863

1864

1865

1866

1867

1868

1869

1870

1871

1872

rural, medically underserved area and has on its staff one or more <u>certified licensed primary care</u> nurse practitioners or physician assistants, and a licensed staff supervising physician, $\Theta = 0$ a consulting supervising physician, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse.

Section 45. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and subsection (7) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.-Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

- (3) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the following Medicaid services and goods may be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis. For each allowable service or goods furnished in accordance with Medicaid rules, policy manuals, handbooks, and state and federal law, the payment shall be the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the maximum allowable fee established by the agency, whichever amount is less, with the exception of those services or goods for which the agency makes payment using a methodology based on capitation rates, average costs, or negotiated fees.
- (a) <u>Independent advanced practice registered nurse or</u> advanced practice registered nurse practitioner services.
- (7) A provider of family planning services shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or an all-inclusive amount per type of visit for physicians, independent advanced practice registered nurses, and advanced

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

1901

1902

1903

1904

1905

1906

1907

1908 1909

1910

1911

1912

1913

1914

1915

1916

1917

1918

1919

1920

1921

1922

practice registered <u>nurses</u> nurse practitioners, as established by the agency in a fee schedule.

Section 46. Subsection (2) of section 409.9081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9081 Copayments.-

- any directions or limitations provided for in the General Appropriations Act, require copayments for the following additional services: hospital inpatient, laboratory and X-ray services, transportation services, home health care services, community mental health services, rural health services, federally qualified health clinic services, and independent advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner services. The agency may only establish copayments for prescribed drugs or for any other federally authorized service if such copayment is specifically provided for in the General Appropriations Act or other law.
- Section 47. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 409.973, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.973 Benefits.-

- (1) MINIMUM BENEFITS.—Managed care plans shall cover, at a minimum, the following services:
- (a) <u>Independent advanced practice registered nurse and</u> advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner services.
- Section 48. Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of section 429.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

1925

1926

1927

1928

1929

1930

1931

1932

1933

1934

1935

1936

1937

1938

1939

1940

1941

1942

1943

1944

1945

1946

1947

1948

1949

1950

429.26 Appropriateness of placements; examinations of residents.—

- (2) A physician, <u>a</u> physician assistant, <u>an independent</u>

 <u>advanced practice registered nurse</u>, or <u>an advanced practice</u>

 <u>registered</u> nurse <u>practitioner</u> who is employed by an assisted

 living facility to provide an initial examination for admission

 purposes may not have financial interest in the facility.
- If possible, each resident shall have been examined by a licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, a registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a certified advanced practice registered licensed nurse practitioner within 60 days before admission to the facility. The signed and completed medical examination report shall be submitted to the owner or administrator of the facility who shall use the information contained therein to assist in the determination of the appropriateness of the resident's admission and continued stay in the facility. The medical examination report shall become a permanent part of the record of the resident at the facility and shall be made available to the agency during inspection or upon request. An assessment that has been completed through the Comprehensive Assessment and Review for Long-Term Care Services (CARES) Program fulfills the requirements for a medical examination under this subsection and s. 429.07(3)(b)6.
- (5) Except as provided in s. 429.07, if a medical examination has not been completed within 60 days before the

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

admission of the resident to the facility, a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, or certified advanced practice registered licensed nurse practitioner shall examine the resident and complete a medical examination form provided by the agency within 30 days following the admission to the facility to enable the facility owner or administrator to determine the appropriateness of the admission. The medical examination form shall become a permanent part of the record of the resident at the facility and shall be made available to the agency during inspection by the agency or upon request.

Section 49. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 429.918, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

429.918 Licensure designation as a specialized Alzheimer's services adult day care center.—

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "ADRD participant" means a participant who has a documented diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease or a dementia-related disorder (ADRD) from a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, registered independent advanced practice registered nurse, or certified a licensed advanced practice registered nurse practitioner.
- (7)(a) An ADRD participant admitted to an adult day care center having a license designated under this section, or the caregiver when applicable, must:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- 1. Require ongoing supervision to maintain the highest level of medical or custodial functioning and have a demonstrated need for a responsible party to oversee his or her care.
- 2. Not actively demonstrate aggressive behavior that places himself, herself, or others at risk of harm.
- 3. Provide the following medical documentation signed by a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, <u>registered</u> independent advanced practice registered nurse, or <u>certified</u> a licensed advanced practice registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>:
- a. Any physical, health, or emotional conditions that require medical care.
- b. A listing of the ADRD participant's current prescribed and over-the-counter medications and dosages, diet restrictions, mobility restrictions, and other physical limitations.
- 4. Provide documentation signed by a health care provider licensed in this state which indicates that the ADRD participant is free of the communicable form of tuberculosis and free of signs and symptoms of other communicable diseases.
- Section 50. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 440.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 440.102 Drug-free workplace program requirements.—The following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency for Health Care Administration:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

(5)	PROCE	EDURES	AND	EMP1	LOYEE	PROTE	ECTIO	N.—All s	specime	n
collection	n and	testir	ng fo	or d	rugs	under	this	section	n shall	be
performed	in ac	ccordar	ice v	with	the	follow	ving r	orocedui	res:	

- (e) A specimen for a drug test may be taken or collected by any of the following persons:
- 1. A physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, a registered professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, or a nurse practitioner or a certified paramedic who is present at the scene of an accident for the purpose of rendering emergency medical service or treatment.
- 2. A qualified person employed by a licensed or certified laboratory as described in subsection (9).

Section 51. Subsection (2) and paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 456.0391, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.0391 Advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> nurse practitioners; information required for certification.—

(2) The Department of Health shall send a notice to each person certified under s. 464.012 at the certificateholder's last known address of record regarding the requirements for information to be submitted by advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> <u>nurse</u> <u>practitioners</u> pursuant to this section in conjunction with the renewal of such certificate.

(4)

(d) Any applicant for initial certification or renewal of certification as an advanced practice registered nurse

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2028

2029

2030

2031

2032

2033

2034

2035

20362037

2038

2039

2040

2041

2042

2043

2044

2046

2047

2048

2049

2050

2051

2052

2053

practitioner who submits to the Department of Health a set of fingerprints and information required for the criminal history check required under this section shall not be required to provide a subsequent set of fingerprints or other duplicate information required for a criminal history check to the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Children and Families for employment or licensure with such agency or department, if the applicant has undergone a criminal history check as a condition of initial certification or renewal of certification as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner with the Department of Health, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary. In lieu of such duplicate submission, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Children and Families shall obtain criminal history information for employment or licensure of persons certified under s. 464.012 by such agency or department from the Department of Health's health care practitioner credentialing system.

Section 52. Subsection (2) of section 456.0392, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.0392 Prescription labeling.

(2) A prescription for a drug that is not listed as a controlled substance in chapter 893 which is written by an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012 is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be valid and

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

within the parameters of the prescriptive authority delegated by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466.

Section 53. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (6) of section 456.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
456.041 Practitioner profile; creation.—

- (1)(a) The Department of Health shall compile the information submitted pursuant to s. 456.039 into a practitioner profile of the applicant submitting the information, except that the Department of Health shall develop a format to compile uniformly any information submitted under s. 456.039(4)(b). Beginning July 1, 2001, the Department of Health may compile the information submitted pursuant to s. 456.0391 into a practitioner profile of the applicant submitting the information. The protocol submitted pursuant to s. 464.012(3) must be included in the practitioner profile of the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner.
- (6) The Department of Health shall provide in each practitioner profile for every physician or advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> terminated for cause from participating in the Medicaid program, pursuant to s. 409.913, or sanctioned by the Medicaid program a statement that the practitioner has been terminated from participating in the Florida Medicaid program or sanctioned by the Medicaid program.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2078

2079

2080

2081

2082

2083

2084

2085

2086

2087

2088

2089

2090

2091

20922093

2094

2095

2096

2097

2098

2099

2100

2101

2102

Section 54. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (d), and (e) of subsection (2) of section 456.048, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.048 Financial responsibility requirements for certain health care practitioners.—

- As a prerequisite for licensure or license renewal, the Board of Acupuncture, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, and the Board of Dentistry shall, by rule, require that all health care practitioners licensed under the respective board, and the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall, by rule, require that all anesthesiologist assistants licensed pursuant to s. 458.3475 or s. 459.023, and the Board of Nursing shall, by rule, require that independent advanced practice registered nurses registered under s. 464.0125 and advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012, and the department shall, by rule, require that midwives maintain medical malpractice insurance or provide proof of financial responsibility in an amount and in a manner determined by the board or department to be sufficient to cover claims arising out of the rendering of or failure to render professional care and services in this state.
- (2) The board or department may grant exemptions upon application by practitioners meeting any of the following criteria:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (a) Any person licensed under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, s. 464.0125, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices exclusively as an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Government or of the state or its agencies or its subdivisions. For the purposes of this subsection, an agent of the state, its agencies, or its subdivisions is a person who is eligible for coverage under any self-insurance or insurance program authorized by the provisions of s. 768.28(16) or who is a volunteer under s. 110.501(1).
- (d) Any person licensed or certified under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, s. 464.0125, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices only in conjunction with his or her teaching duties at an accredited school or in its main teaching hospitals. Such person may engage in the practice of medicine to the extent that such practice is incidental to and a necessary part of duties in connection with the teaching position in the school.
- (e) Any person holding an active license or certification under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, s. 464.0125, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who is not practicing in this state. If such person initiates or resumes practice in this state, he or she must notify the department of such activity.
- Section 55. Paragraphs (a), (i), (o), and (r) of subsection (3) and paragraph (g) of subsection (5) of section 456.053, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

456.053 Financial arrangements between referring health care providers and providers of health care services.—

- (3) DEFINITIONS.—For the purpose of this section, the word, phrase, or term:
- (a) "Board" means any of the following boards relating to the respective professions: the Board of Medicine as created in s. 458.307; the Board of Osteopathic Medicine as created in s. 459.004; the Board of Chiropractic Medicine as created in s. 460.404; the Board of Podiatric Medicine as created in s. 461.004; the Board of Optometry as created in s. 463.003; the Board of Pharmacy as created in s. 465.004; and the Board of Dentistry as created in s. 466.004; and the Board of Nursing as created in s. 464.004.
- (i) "Health care provider" means <u>a</u> any physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under <u>s</u>. 464.0125; or <u>a</u> any health care provider licensed under chapter 463 or chapter 466.
- (o) "Referral" means any referral of a patient by a health care provider for health care services, including, without limitation:
- 1. The forwarding of a patient by a health care provider to another health care provider or to an entity which provides or supplies designated health services or any other health care item or service; or

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- 2. The request or establishment of a plan of care by a health care provider, which includes the provision of designated health services or other health care item or service.
- 3. The following orders, recommendations, or plans of care shall not constitute a referral by a health care provider:
 - a. By a radiologist for diagnostic-imaging services.
- b. By a physician specializing in the provision of radiation therapy services for such services.
- c. By a medical oncologist for drugs and solutions to be prepared and administered intravenously to such oncologist's patient, as well as for the supplies and equipment used in connection therewith to treat such patient for cancer and the complications thereof.
 - d. By a cardiologist for cardiac catheterization services.
- e. By a pathologist for diagnostic clinical laboratory tests and pathological examination services, if furnished by or under the supervision of such pathologist pursuant to a consultation requested by another physician.
- f. By a health care provider who is the sole provider or member of a group practice for designated health services or other health care items or services that are prescribed or provided solely for such referring health care provider's or group practice's own patients, and that are provided or performed by or under the direct supervision of such referring health care provider or group practice; provided, however, that effective July 1, 1999, a physician licensed pursuant to chapter

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125 may refer a patient to a sole provider or group practice for diagnostic imaging services, excluding radiation therapy services, for which the sole provider or group practice billed both the technical and the professional fee for or on behalf of the patient, if the referring physician or independent advanced practice registered nurse has no investment interest in the practice. The diagnostic imaging service referred to a group practice or sole provider must be a diagnostic imaging service normally provided within the scope of practice to the patients of the group practice or sole provider. The group practice or sole provider may accept no more than 15 percent of their patients receiving diagnostic imaging services from outside referrals, excluding radiation therapy services.

- g. By a health care provider for services provided by an ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
 - h. By a urologist for lithotripsy services.
- i. By a dentist for dental services performed by an employee of or health care provider who is an independent contractor with the dentist or group practice of which the dentist is a member.
- j. By a physician for infusion therapy services to a patient of that physician or a member of that physician's group practice.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- k. By a nephrologist for renal dialysis services and supplies, except laboratory services.
- 1. By a health care provider whose principal professional practice consists of treating patients in their private residences for services to be rendered in such private residences, except for services rendered by a home health agency licensed under chapter 400. For purposes of this subsubparagraph, the term "private residences" includes patients' private homes, independent living centers, and assisted living facilities, but does not include skilled nursing facilities.
 - m. By a health care provider for sleep-related testing.
- (r) "Sole provider" means one health care provider licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461, or s. 464.0125, who maintains a separate medical office and a medical practice separate from any other health care provider and who bills for his or her services separately from the services provided by any other health care provider. A sole provider shall not share overhead expenses or professional income with any other person or group practice.
- (5) PROHIBITED REFERRALS AND CLAIMS FOR PAYMENT.—Except as provided in this section:
- (g) A violation of this section by a health care provider shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action to be taken by the applicable board pursuant to s. 458.331(2), s. 459.015(2), s. 460.413(2), s. 461.013(2), s. 463.016(2), s. 464.018, or s.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

466.028(2). Any hospital licensed under chapter 395 found in violation of this section shall be subject to s. 395.0185(2). Section 56. Subsection (7) of section 456.072, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.-

(7) Notwithstanding subsection (2), upon a finding that a physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse has prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance, or caused a controlled substance to be prescribed or dispensed, in a manner that violates the standard of practice set forth in s. 458.331(1)(q) or (t), s. 459.015(1)(t) or (x), s. 461.013(1)(o) or (s), s. 464.018(1)(p), or s. 466.028(1)(p) or (x), the practitioner physician shall be suspended for a period of at least not less than \$10,000 per count. Repeated violations shall result in increased penalties.

Section 57. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 456.44, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.—

(2) REGISTRATION.—Effective January 1, 2012, A physician·licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466; a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, under part I of chapter 464, who prescribes any controlled

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2256

2257

2258

2259

2260

2261

2262

2263

2264

2265

2266

2267

2268

2269

2270

2271

2272

2273

2274

2275

2276

2277

2278

2279

2280

2281

substance, listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV as defined in s. 893.03, for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, must:

- (a) Designate himself or herself as a controlled substance prescribing practitioner on the <u>practitioner's</u> physician's <u>practitioner</u> profile.
- (3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE.—The standards of practice in this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure.
- A complete medical history and a physical examination must be conducted before beginning any treatment and must be documented in the medical record. The exact components of the physical examination shall be left to the judgment of the clinician who is expected to perform a physical examination proportionate to the diagnosis that justifies a treatment. The medical record must, at a minimum, document the nature and intensity of the pain, current and past treatments for pain, underlying or coexisting diseases or conditions, the effect of the pain on physical and psychological function, a review of previous medical records, previous diagnostic studies, and history of alcohol and substance abuse. The medical record shall also document the presence of one or more recognized medical indications for the use of a controlled substance. Each registrant must develop a written plan for assessing each patient's risk of aberrant drug-related behavior, which may

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

include patient drug testing. Registrants must assess each patient's risk for aberrant drug-related behavior and monitor that risk on an ongoing basis in accordance with the plan.

- (b) Each registrant must develop a written individualized treatment plan for each patient. The treatment plan shall state objectives that will be used to determine treatment success, such as pain relief and improved physical and psychosocial function, and shall indicate if any further diagnostic evaluations or other treatments are planned. After treatment begins, the <u>practitioner physician</u> shall adjust drug therapy to the individual medical needs of each patient. Other treatment modalities, including a rehabilitation program, shall be considered depending on the etiology of the pain and the extent to which the pain is associated with physical and psychosocial impairment. The interdisciplinary nature of the treatment plan shall be documented.
- (c) The <u>practitioner physician</u> shall discuss the risks and benefits of the use of controlled substances, including the risks of abuse and addiction, as well as physical dependence and its consequences, with the patient, persons designated by the patient, or the patient's surrogate or guardian if the patient is incompetent. The <u>practitioner physician</u> shall use a written controlled substance agreement between the <u>practitioner physician</u> and the patient outlining the patient's responsibilities, including, but not limited to:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- 1. Number and frequency of controlled substance prescriptions and refills.
- 2. Patient compliance and reasons for which drug therapy may be discontinued, such as a violation of the agreement.
- 3. An agreement that controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain shall be prescribed by a single treating <u>practitioner</u> <u>physician</u> unless otherwise authorized by the treating <u>practitioner</u> <u>physician</u> and documented in the medical record.
- (d) The patient shall be seen by the <u>practitioner</u> physician at regular intervals, not to exceed 3 months, to assess the efficacy of treatment, ensure that controlled substance therapy remains indicated, evaluate the patient's progress toward treatment objectives, consider adverse drug effects, and review the etiology of the pain. Continuation or modification of therapy shall depend on the <u>practitioner's physician's</u> evaluation of the patient's progress. If treatment goals are not being achieved, despite medication adjustments, the <u>practitioner physician</u> shall reevaluate the appropriateness of continued treatment. The <u>practitioner physician</u> shall monitor patient compliance in medication usage, related treatment plans, controlled substance agreements, and indications of substance abuse or diversion at a minimum of 3-month intervals.
- (e) The <u>practitioner</u> <u>physician</u> shall refer the patient as necessary for additional evaluation and treatment in order to achieve treatment objectives. Special attention shall be given

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2333

2334

2335

2336

2337

2338

2339

2340

2341

2342

2343

2344

2346

2347

2348

2349

2350

2351

2352

2355

2356

2357

to those patients who are at risk for misusing their medications and those whose living arrangements pose a risk for medication misuse or diversion. The management of pain in patients with a history of substance abuse or with a comorbid psychiatric disorder requires extra care, monitoring, and documentation and requires consultation with or referral to an addiction medicine specialist or psychiatrist.

- (f) A <u>practitioner physician</u> registered under this section must maintain accurate, current, and complete records that are accessible and readily available for review and comply with the requirements of this section, the applicable practice act, and applicable board rules. The medical records must include, but are not limited to:
- 1. The complete medical history and a physical examination, including history of drug abuse or dependence.
 - 2. Diagnostic, therapeutic, and laboratory results.
 - 3. Evaluations and consultations.
 - 4. Treatment objectives.
 - 5. Discussion of risks and benefits.
 - 6. Treatments.
- 7. Medications, including date, type, dosage, and quantity prescribed.
 - 8. Instructions and agreements.
 - 9. Periodic reviews.
 - 10. Results of any drug testing.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2358

2359

2360

2361

2362

2363

2364

2365

2366

2367

2368

2369

2370

2371

2372

2373

2374

2375

2376

2377

2378

2379

2380

2381

2382

- 11. A photocopy of the patient's government-issued photo identification.
- 12. If a written prescription for a controlled substance is given to the patient, a duplicate of the prescription.
- 13. The <u>practitioner's</u> physician's full name presented in a legible manner.
- Patients with signs or symptoms of substance abuse shall be immediately referred to a board-certified pain management physician, an addiction medicine specialist, or a mental health addiction facility as it pertains to drug abuse or addiction unless the practitioner is a physician who is boardcertified or board-eligible in pain management. Throughout the period of time before receiving the consultant's report, a prescribing practitioner physician shall clearly and completely document medical justification for continued treatment with controlled substances and those steps taken to ensure medically appropriate use of controlled substances by the patient. Upon receipt of the consultant's written report, the prescribing practitioner physician shall incorporate the consultant's recommendations for continuing, modifying, or discontinuing controlled substance therapy. The resulting changes in treatment shall be specifically documented in the patient's medical record. Evidence or behavioral indications of diversion shall be followed by discontinuation of controlled substance therapy, and the patient shall be discharged, and all results of testing and

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

actions taken by the <u>practitioner</u> physician shall be documented in the patient's medical record.

2385

2386

2387

2388

2389

2390

2391

2392

2393

2394

2395

2396

2397

2398

2399

2400

2401

2402

2405

2406

2407

2383

2384

This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or boardcertified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eliqible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a practitioner physician who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Section 58. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.3265 Pain-management clinics.

(2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any physician who provides professional services in a

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).

- (c) A physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner must perform a physical examination of a patient on the same day that the physician prescribes a controlled substance to a patient at a pain-management clinic. If the physician prescribes more than a 72-hour dose of controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, the physician must document in the patient's record the reason for prescribing that quantity.
- Section 59. Paragraph (dd) of subsection (1) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.—
- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (dd) Failing to supervise adequately the activities of those physician assistants, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> nurse practitioners, or anesthesiologist assistants acting under the supervision of the physician.
- Section 60. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 458.347 Physician assistants.—
 - (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (f)1. The council shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs that a fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022 may not prescribe. The formulary must include controlled substances as defined in chapter 893, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials.
- 2. In establishing the formulary, the council shall consult with a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under this chapter or chapter 459, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General.
- 3. Only the council shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.
- 4. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022, and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

Section 61. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (4) of section 458.348, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

458.348 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.—

- (1) NOTICE.-
- (a) When a physician enters into a formal supervisory relationship or standing orders with an emergency medical technician or paramedic licensed pursuant to s. 401.27, which relationship or orders contemplate the performance of medical acts, or when a physician enters into an established protocol with an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, which protocol contemplates the performance of medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4), the physician shall submit notice to the board. The notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:
- I, ... (name and professional license number of physician)..., of ... (address of physician)... have hereby entered into a formal supervisory relationship, standing orders, or an established protocol with ... (number of persons)... emergency medical technician(s), ... (number of persons)... paramedic(s), or ... (number of persons)... advanced practice registered nurse(s) nurse practitioner(s).
- (2) ESTABLISHMENT OF STANDARDS BY JOINT COMMITTEE.—The joint committee created under s. 464.003(2) shall determine

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2486

2487

2488

2489

2490

2491

2492

2493

2494

2495

2496

2497

2498

2499

2500

2501

2502

2503

2504

2505

2506

2507

2508

2509

2510

2511

minimum standards for the content of established protocols pursuant to which an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner may perform medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4) and shall determine minimum standards for supervision of such acts by the physician, unless the joint committee determines that any act set forth in s. 464.012(3) or (4) is not a medical act. Such standards shall be based on risk to the patient and acceptable standards of medical care and shall take into account the special problems of medically underserved areas. The standards developed by the joint committee shall be adopted as rules by the Board of Nursing and the Board of Medicine for purposes of carrying out their responsibilities pursuant to part I of chapter 464 and this chapter, respectively, but neither board shall have disciplinary powers over the licensees of the other board.

A physician who supervises an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> or physician assistant at a medical office other than the physician's primary practice location, where the advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising physician, must comply with the standards set forth in this subsection. For the purpose of this subsection, a physician's "primary practice location" means the address reflected on the physician's profile published pursuant to s. 456.041.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (a) A physician who is engaged in providing primary health care services may not supervise more than four offices in addition to the physician's primary practice location. For the purpose of this subsection, "primary health care" means health care services that are commonly provided to patients without referral from another practitioner, including obstetrical and gynecological services, and excludes practices providing primarily dermatologic and skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services.
- (b) A physician who is engaged in providing specialty health care services may not supervise more than two offices in addition to the physician's primary practice location. For the purpose of this subsection, "specialty health care" means health care services that are commonly provided to patients with a referral from another practitioner and excludes practices providing primarily dermatologic and skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services.
- (c) A physician who supervises an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> or physician assistant at a medical office other than the physician's primary practice location, where the advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising physician and the services offered at the office are primarily dermatologic or skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services other than plastic surgery, must comply with the standards listed in subparagraphs

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- 1.-4. Notwithstanding s. 458.347(4)(e)6., a physician supervising a physician assistant pursuant to this paragraph may not be required to review and cosign charts or medical records prepared by such physician assistant.
- 1. The physician shall submit to the board the addresses of all offices where the physician he or she is supervising an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or a physician physician's assistant which are not the physician's primary practice location.
- 2. The physician must be board certified or board eligible in dermatology or plastic surgery as recognized by the board pursuant to s. 458.3312.
- 3. All such offices that are not the physician's primary place of practice must be within 25 miles of the physician's primary place of practice or in a county that is contiguous to the county of the physician's primary place of practice. However, the distance between any of the offices may not exceed 75 miles.
- 4. The physician may supervise only one office other than the physician's primary place of practice except that until July 1, 2011, the physician may supervise up to two medical offices other than the physician's primary place of practice if the addresses of the offices are submitted to the board before July 1, 2006. Effective July 1, 2011, the physician may supervise only one office other than the physician's primary place of

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2563

2564

2565

2566

2567

2568

2569

2570

2571

2572

2573

2574

2575

2576

2577

2578

2579

2580

2581

2582

2583

2584

2585

2586

2587

2588

practice, regardless of when the addresses of the offices were submitted to the board.

- (d) A physician who supervises an office in addition to the physician's primary practice location must conspicuously post in each of the physician's offices a current schedule of the regular hours when the physician is present in that office and the hours when the office is open while the physician is not present.
- This subsection does not apply to health care services (e) provided in facilities licensed under chapter 395 or in conjunction with a college of medicine, a college of nursing, an accredited graduate medical program, or a nursing education program; not-for-profit, family-planning clinics that are not licensed pursuant to chapter 390; rural and federally qualified health centers; health care services provided in a nursing home licensed under part II of chapter 400, an assisted living facility licensed under part I of chapter 429, a continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651, or a retirement community consisting of independent living units and a licensed nursing home or assisted living facility; anesthesia services provided in accordance with law; health care services provided in a designated rural health clinic; health care services provided to persons enrolled in a program designed to maintain elderly persons and persons with disabilities in a home or communitybased setting; university primary care student health centers; school health clinics; or health care services provided in

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

federal, state, or local government facilities. Subsection (3) and this subsection do not apply to offices at which the exclusive service being performed is laser hair removal by an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> or physician assistant.

Section 62. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0137 Pain-management clinics.

- (2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).
- independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner must perform a physical examination of a patient on the same day that the physician prescribes a controlled substance to a patient at a painmanagement clinic. If the osteopathic physician prescribes more than a 72-hour dose of controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, the osteopathic physician must document in the patient's record the reason for prescribing that quantity.

Section 63. Paragraph (hh) of subsection (1) of section 459.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.—

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

(1)) :	Гhе	following	acts	COI	nsti	Ltute	grour	nds	for	denial	of	а
license	or	dis	sciplinary	actio	on,	as	speci	fied	in	s.	456.072	(2)	:

- (hh) Failing to supervise adequately the activities of those physician assistants, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> nurse practitioners, anesthesiologist assistants, or other persons acting under the supervision of the osteopathic physician.
- Section 64. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 459.025, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

459.025 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.—

- (1) NOTICE.
- (a) When an osteopathic physician enters into a formal supervisory relationship or standing orders with an emergency medical technician or paramedic licensed pursuant to s. 401.27, which relationship or orders contemplate the performance of medical acts, or when an osteopathic physician enters into an established protocol with an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, which protocol contemplates the performance of medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4), the osteopathic physician shall submit notice to the board. The notice must contain a statement in substantially the following form:
- I, ... (name and professional license number of osteopathic physician)..., of ... (address of osteopathic physician)... have

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

hereby entered into a formal supervisory relationship, standing orders, or an established protocol with ...(number of persons)... emergency medical technician(s), ...(number of persons)... paramedic(s), or ...(number of persons)... advanced practice registered nurse(s) nurse practitioner(s).

- An osteopathic physician who supervises an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant at a medical office other than the osteopathic physician's primary practice location, where the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising osteopathic physician, must comply with the standards set forth in this subsection. For the purpose of this subsection, an osteopathic physician's "primary practice location" means the address reflected on the physician's profile published pursuant to s. 456.041.
- (a) An osteopathic physician who is engaged in providing primary health care services may not supervise more than four offices in addition to the osteopathic physician's primary practice location. For the purpose of this subsection, "primary health care" means health care services that are commonly provided to patients without referral from another practitioner, including obstetrical and gynecological services, and excludes practices providing primarily dermatologic and skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (b) An osteopathic physician who is engaged in providing specialty health care services may not supervise more than two offices in addition to the osteopathic physician's primary practice location. For the purpose of this subsection, "specialty health care" means health care services that are commonly provided to patients with a referral from another practitioner and excludes practices providing primarily dermatologic and skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services.
- (c) An osteopathic physician who supervises an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant at a medical office other than the osteopathic physician's primary practice location, where the advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising osteopathic physician and the services offered at the office are primarily dermatologic or skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services other than plastic surgery, must comply with the standards listed in subparagraphs 1.-4. Notwithstanding s. 459.022(4)(e)6., an osteopathic physician supervising a physician assistant pursuant to this paragraph may not be required to review and cosign charts or medical records prepared by such physician assistant.
- 1. The osteopathic physician shall submit to the Board of Osteopathic Medicine the addresses of all offices where <u>the</u> osteopathic physician he or she is supervising or has a protocol

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

with an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner or a <u>physician physician's</u> assistant which are not the osteopathic physician's primary practice location.

- 2. The osteopathic physician must be board certified or board eligible in dermatology or plastic surgery as recognized by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine pursuant to s. 459.0152.
- 3. All such offices that are not the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice must be within 25 miles of the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice or in a county that is contiguous to the county of the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice. However, the distance between any of the offices may not exceed 75 miles.
- 4. The osteopathic physician may supervise only one office other than the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice except that until July 1, 2011, the osteopathic physician may supervise up to two medical offices other than the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice if the addresses of the offices are submitted to the Board of Osteopathic Medicine before July 1, 2006. Effective July 1, 2011, the osteopathic physician may supervise only one office other than the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice, regardless of when the addresses of the offices were submitted to the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- (d) An osteopathic physician who supervises an office in addition to the osteopathic physician's primary practice location must conspicuously post in each of the osteopathic

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2718

2719

2720

2721

2722

2723

2724

2725

2726

2727

2728 2729

2730

2731

2732

2733

2734

2735

2736

2737

2738

27392740

2741

2742

2743

physician's offices a current schedule of the regular hours when the osteopathic physician is present in that office and the hours when the office is open while the osteopathic physician is not present.

(e) This subsection does not apply to health care services provided in facilities licensed under chapter 395 or in conjunction with a college of medicine or college of nursing or an accredited graduate medical or nursing education program; offices where the only service being performed is hair removal by an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant; not-for-profit, family-planning clinics that are not licensed pursuant to chapter 390; rural and federally qualified health centers; health care services provided in a nursing home licensed under part II of chapter 400, an assisted living facility licensed under part I of chapter 429, a continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651, or a retirement community consisting of independent living units and either a licensed nursing home or assisted living facility; anesthesia services provided in accordance with law; health care services provided in a designated rural health clinic; health care services provided to persons enrolled in a program designed to maintain elderly persons and persons with disabilities in a home or community-based setting; university primary care student health centers; school health clinics; or health care services provided in federal, state, or local government facilities.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2744

2745

2746

2747

2748

2749

2750

2751

2752

2753

2754

2755

2756 2757

2758

2759¹ 2760

2761

2762

2763

2764

2765

2766

2767

2768

Section 65. Subsection (2) of section 464.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.004 Board of Nursing; membership; appointment; terms.-

Seven members of the board must be registered nurses who are residents of this state and who have been engaged in the practice of professional nursing for at least 4 years, including at least one advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, one nurse educator member of an approved program, and one nurse executive. These seven board members should be representative of the diverse areas of practice within the nursing profession. In addition, three members of the board must be licensed practical nurses who are residents of this state and who have been actively engaged in the practice of practical nursing for at least 4 years prior to their appointment. The remaining three members must be residents of the state who have never been licensed as nurses and who are in no way connected with the practice of nursing. No person may be appointed as a lay member who is in any way connected with, or has any financial interest in, any health care facility, agency, or insurer. At least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.

Section 66. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 464.0205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.0205 Retired volunteer nurse certificate.-

(4) A retired volunteer nurse receiving certification from the board shall:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2769

2770

2771

2772

27732774

2775

2776

27772778

2779

2780

2781

2782

2783

2784

2785

2786

2787

27882789

2790

2791

2792

2793 2794

(a) Work under the direct supervision of the director of a
county health department, a physician working under a limited
license issued pursuant to s. 458.317 or s. 459.0075, a
physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, <u>an</u>
independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under
s. 464.0125, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner
certified under s. 464.012, or a registered nurse licensed under
s. 464.008 or s. 464.009.

Section 67. Subsection (2) of section 467.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

467.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

(2) "Certified nurse midwife" means a person who is <u>certified licensed</u> as an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse practitioner under part I of chapter 464 and who is certified to practice midwifery by the American College of Nurse Midwives.

Section 68. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 480.0475, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.0475 Massage establishments; prohibited practices.-

- (1) A person may not operate a massage establishment between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. This subsection does not apply to a massage establishment:
- (b) In which every massage performed between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. is performed by a massage therapist acting under the prescription of a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician or

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

physician assistant licensed under chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466; or Section 69. Subsection (7) of section 483.041, Florida

Section 69. Subsection (7) of section 483.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.041 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461; a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a certified optometrist licensed under chapter 463; a dentist licensed under chapter 463; a dentist licensed under chapter 466; a person licensed under chapter 462; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a duly licensed practitioner from another state licensed under similar statutes who orders examinations on materials or specimens for nonresidents of the State of Florida, but who reside in the same state as the requesting licensed practitioner.

Section 70. Subsection (5) of section 483.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.181 Acceptance, collection, identification, and examination of specimens.—

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

(5) A clinical laboratory licensed under this part must
accept a human specimen submitted for examination by a
practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter
460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, s. 464.012, <u>s.</u>
$\underline{464.0125}$, or chapter 466, if the specimen and test are the type
performed by the clinical laboratory. A clinical laboratory may
only refuse a specimen based upon a history of nonpayment for
services by the practitioner. A clinical laboratory shall not
charge different prices for tests based upon the chapter under
which a practitioner submitting a specimen for testing is
licensed.

Section 71. Subsection (5) of section 483.801, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 483.801 Exemptions.—This part applies to all clinical laboratories and clinical laboratory personnel within this state, except:
- (5) Advanced <u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses certified</u> nurse practitioners licensed under part I of chapter 464 who perform provider-performed microscopy procedures (PPMP) in an exclusive-use laboratory setting.
- Section 72. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section 486.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 486.021 Definitions.—In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:
- (11) "Practice of physical therapy" means the performance of physical therapy assessments and the treatment of any

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

disability, injury, disease, or other health condition of human beings, or the prevention of such disability, injury, disease, or other condition of health, and rehabilitation as related thereto by the use of the physical, chemical, and other properties of air; electricity; exercise; massage; the performance of acupuncture only upon compliance with the criteria set forth by the Board of Medicine, when no penetration of the skin occurs; the use of radiant energy, including ultraviolet, visible, and infrared rays; ultrasound; water; the use of apparatus and equipment in the application of the foregoing or related thereto; the performance of tests of neuromuscular functions as an aid to the diagnosis or treatment of any human condition; or the performance of electromyography as an aid to the diagnosis of any human condition only upon compliance with the criteria set forth by the Board of Medicine.

(a) A physical therapist may implement a plan of treatment developed by the physical therapist for a patient or provided for a patient by a practitioner of record or by an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125 or an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner licensed under s. 464.012. The physical therapist shall refer the patient to or consult with a practitioner of record if the patient's condition is found to be outside the scope of physical therapy. If physical therapy treatment for a patient is required beyond 21 days for a condition not previously assessed by a practitioner of record, the physical therapist shall obtain a

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

practitioner of record who will review and sign the plan. For purposes of this paragraph, a health care practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466 and engaged in active practice is eligible to serve as a practitioner of record.

Section 73. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 490.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

490.012 Violations; penalties; injunction.-

(1)

(d) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description incorporating the word, or a permutation of the word, "psychotherapy" unless such person holds a valid, active license under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491, or such person is registered as an independent advanced practice registered nurse under s. 464.0125 or certified as an advanced practice registered nurse under practitioner, pursuant to s. 464.012 and, who has been determined by the Board of Nursing to be as a specialist in psychiatric mental health.

Section 74. Subsection (1) of section 491.0057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.0057 Dual licensure as a marriage and family therapist.—The department shall license as a marriage and family therapist any person who demonstrates to the board that he or she:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

(1) Holds a valid, active license as a psychologist under chapter 490 or as a clinical social worker or mental health counselor under this chapter, or is registered under s. 464.0125 as an independent advanced practice registered nurse or certified under s. 464.012 as an advanced practice registered nurse and practitioner who has been determined by the Board of Nursing to be as a specialist in psychiatric mental health.

Section 75. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 491.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
491.012 Violations; penalty; injunction.—

- (1) It is unlawful and a violation of this chapter for any person to:
- (d) Use the terms "psychotherapist," "sex therapist," or "juvenile sexual offender therapist" unless such person is licensed pursuant to this chapter or chapter 490, or is registered under s. 464.0125 as an independent advanced practice registered nurse or certified under s. 464.012 as an advanced practice registered nurse and practitioner who has been determined by the Board of Nursing to be as a specialist in psychiatric mental health and the use of such terms is within the scope of her or his practice based on education, training, and licensure.
- (2) It is unlawful and a violation of this chapter for any person to describe her or his services using the following terms or any derivative thereof, unless such person holds a valid, active license under this chapter or chapter 490, or is

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2923

2924

2925

2926

2927

2928

2929

2930

2931

2932

2933

2934

2935

2936

2937

29382939

2940

2941

2942

2943

2944

2945

2946

2947

2948

registered under s. 464.0125 as an independent advanced practice
registered nurse or is certified under s. 464.012 as an advanced
practice registered nurse and practitioner who has been
determined by the Board of Nursing $\underline{\text{to be}}$ as specialist in
psychiatric mental health and the use of such terms is within
the scope of her or his practice based on education, training,
and licensure:

- (a) "Psychotherapy."
- (b) "Sex therapy."
- (c) "Sex counseling."
- (d) "Clinical social work."
- (e) "Psychiatric social work."
- (f) "Marriage and family therapy."
- (g) "Marriage and family counseling."
- (h) "Marriage counseling."
- (i) "Family counseling."
 - (j) "Mental health counseling."

Section 76. Subsection (2) of section 493.6108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 493.6108 Investigation of applicants by Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.—
- (2) In addition to subsection (1), the department shall make an investigation of the general physical fitness of the Class "G" applicant to bear a weapon or firearm. Determination of physical fitness shall be certified by a physician or physician assistant currently licensed pursuant to chapter 458,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

chapter 459, or any similar law of another state or authorized to act as a licensed physician by a federal agency or department, or by an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, under part I of practitioner currently licensed pursuant to chapter 464. Such certification shall be submitted on a form provided by the department.

Section 77. Subsection (1) of section 626.9707, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.9707 Disability insurance; discrimination on basis of sickle-cell trait prohibited.—

(1) An No insurer authorized to transact insurance in this state may not shall refuse to issue and deliver in this state any policy of disability insurance, whether such policy is defined as individual, group, blanket, franchise, industrial, or otherwise, which is currently being issued for delivery in this state and which affords benefits and coverage for any medical treatment or service authorized and permitted to be furnished by a hospital, a clinic, a health clinic, a neighborhood health clinic, a health maintenance organization, a physician, a physician physician's assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or a medical service facility or personnel solely because the person to be insured has the sickle-cell trait.

Section 78. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 627.357, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

2975	627.357 Medical malpractice self-insurance.—
2976	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
2977	(b) "Health care provider" means any:
2978	1. Hospital licensed under chapter 395.
2979	2. Physician licensed, or physician assistant licensed,
2980	under chapter 458.
2981	3. Osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed
2982	under chapter 459.
2983	4. Podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461.
2984	5. Health maintenance organization certificated under part
2985	I of chapter 641.
2986	6. Ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
2987	7. Chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.
2988	8. Psychologist licensed under chapter 490.
2989	9. Optometrist licensed under chapter 463.
2990	10. Dentist licensed under chapter 466.
2991	11. Pharmacist licensed under chapter 465.
2992	12. Registered nurse, licensed practical nurse,
2993	independent advanced practice registered nurse, or advanced
2994	<pre>practice registered nurse practitioner licensed, registered, or</pre>
2995	certified registered under part I of chapter 464.
2996	13. Other medical facility.
2997	14. Professional association, partnership, corporation,
2998	joint venture, or other association established by the
2999	individuals set forth in subparagraphs 2., 3., 4., 7., 8., 9.,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx

3000

Published On: 3/17/2015 5:45:31 PM

10., 11., and 12. for professional activity.



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3001

3002

3003

3004

3005

3006

3007

3008

3009

3010

3011

3012

3013

3014

3015

3016

3017

3018

3019

3020 3021

3022 3023

3024

3025

3026

Section 79. Subsection (6) of section 627.6471, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.6471 Contracts for reduced rates of payment; limitations; coinsurance and deductibles.—

- If psychotherapeutic services are covered by a policy issued by the insurer, the insurer shall provide eliqibility criteria for each group of health care providers licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491, which include psychotherapy within the scope of their practice as provided by law, or for any person who is registered as an independent advanced practice registered nurse under s. 464.0125 or certified as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner in psychiatric mental health under s. 464.012 and who specializes in psychiatric mental health. When psychotherapeutic services are covered, eliqibility criteria shall be established by the insurer to be included in the insurer's criteria for selection of network providers. The insurer may not discriminate against a health care provider by excluding such practitioner from its provider network solely on the basis of the practitioner's license.
- Section 80. Subsections (15) and (17) of section 627.6472, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 627.6472 Exclusive provider organizations.-
- (15) If psychotherapeutic services are covered by a policy issued by the insurer, the insurer shall provide eligibility criteria for all groups of health care providers licensed under

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3050l

chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491, which include psychotherapy within the scope of their practice as provided by law, or for any person who is registered as an independent advanced practice registered nurse under s. 464.0125 or certified as an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner in psychiatric mental health under s. 464.012 and who specializes in psychiatric mental health. When psychotherapeutic services are covered, eligibility criteria shall be established by the insurer to be included in the insurer's criteria for selection of network providers. The insurer may not discriminate against a health care provider by excluding such practitioner from its provider network solely on the basis of the practitioner's license.

discriminate with respect to participation as to any independent advanced practice registered nurse registered pursuant to s.

464.0125 or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner licensed and certified pursuant to s. 464.012, who is acting within the scope of such registration or license and certification, solely on the basis of such registration license or certification. This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit a plan from including providers only to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the plan's enrollees or from establishing any measure designed to maintain quality and control costs consistent with the responsibilities of the plan.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

Section 81. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 627.736, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; exclusions; priority; claims.—

- (1) REQUIRED BENEFITS.—An insurance policy complying with the security requirements of s. 627.733 must provide personal injury protection to the named insured, relatives residing in the same household, persons operating the insured motor vehicle, passengers in the motor vehicle, and other persons struck by the motor vehicle and suffering bodily injury while not an occupant of a self-propelled vehicle, subject to subsection (2) and paragraph (4)(e), to a limit of \$10,000 in medical and disability benefits and \$5,000 in death benefits resulting from bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle as follows:
- (a) Medical benefits.—Eighty percent of all reasonable expenses for medically necessary medical, surgical, X-ray, dental, and rehabilitative services, including prosthetic devices and medically necessary ambulance, hospital, and nursing services if the individual receives initial services and care pursuant to subparagraph 1. within 14 days after the motor vehicle accident. The medical benefits provide reimbursement only for:
- 1. Initial services and care that are lawfully provided, supervised, ordered, or prescribed by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a dentist licensed under chapter

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

466, er a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, or an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, or that are provided in a hospital or in a facility that owns, or is wholly owned by, a hospital. Initial services and care may also be provided by a person or entity licensed under part III of chapter 401 which provides emergency transportation and treatment.

- 2. Upon referral by a provider described in subparagraph 1., followup services and care consistent with the underlying medical diagnosis rendered pursuant to subparagraph 1. which may be provided, supervised, ordered, or prescribed only by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, a dentist licensed under chapter 466, an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, or, to the extent permitted by applicable law and under the supervision of such physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, er dentist, or independent advanced practice registered nurse, by a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner licensed under s. 464.012 chapter 464. Followup services and care may also be provided by the following persons or entities:
- a. A hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
- b. An entity wholly owned by one or more physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, chiropractic

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3104

3105

3106

3107

3108

3109

3110

3111

3112

3113

3114

3115

3116

3117

3118

3119

3120

3121

3122

3123

3124

3125

3126

3127

3128

physicians licensed under chapter 460, <u>independent advanced</u> practice registered nurses registered under s. 464.0125, or dentists licensed under chapter 466 or by such practitioners and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of such practitioners.

- c. An entity that owns or is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a hospital or hospitals.
- d. A physical therapist licensed under chapter 486, based upon a referral by a provider described in this subparagraph.
- e. A health care clinic licensed under part X of chapter 400 which is accredited by an accrediting organization whose standards incorporate comparable regulations required by this state, or
- (I) Has a medical director licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460;
- (II) Has been continuously licensed for more than 3 years or is a publicly traded corporation that issues securities traded on an exchange registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange; and
- (III) Provides at least four of the following medical specialties:
 - (A) General medicine.
 - (B) Radiography.
 - (C) Orthopedic medicine.
 - (D) Physical medicine.
- 3129 (E) Physical therapy.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (F) Physical rehabilitation.
- (G) Prescribing or dispensing outpatient prescription medication.
 - (H) Laboratory services.
- 3. Reimbursement for services and care provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. up to \$10,000 if a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a dentist licensed under chapter 466, an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified practitioner licensed under s. 464.012 chapter 464 has determined that the injured person had an emergency medical condition.
- 4. Reimbursement for services and care provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. is limited to \$2,500 if a provider listed in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. determines that the injured person did not have an emergency medical condition.
- 5. Medical benefits do not include massage as defined in s. 480.033 or acupuncture as defined in s. 457.102, regardless of the person, entity, or licensee providing massage or acupuncture, and a licensed massage therapist or licensed acupuncturist may not be reimbursed for medical benefits under this section.
- 6. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt by rule the form that must be used by an insurer and a health care

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

provider specified in sub-subparagraph 2.b., sub-subparagraph 2.c., or sub-subparagraph 2.e. to document that the health care provider meets the criteria of this paragraph. Such rule must include a requirement for a sworn statement or affidavit.

3160 3161

3162

3163

3164

3165

3166

3167

3168

3169

3170

3171

3172

31733174

3175

3176

3177

3178

3179

3180

3181

3156

3157

3158

3159

Only insurers writing motor vehicle liability insurance in this state may provide the required benefits of this section, and such insurer may not require the purchase of any other motor vehicle coverage other than the purchase of property damage liability coverage as required by s. 627.7275 as a condition for providing such benefits. Insurers may not require that property damage liability insurance in an amount greater than \$10,000 be purchased in conjunction with personal injury protection. Such insurers shall make benefits and required property damage liability insurance coverage available through normal marketing channels. An insurer writing motor vehicle liability insurance in this state who fails to comply with such availability requirement as a general business practice violates part IX of chapter 626, and such violation constitutes an unfair method of competition or an unfair or deceptive act or practice involving the business of insurance. An insurer committing such violation is subject to the penalties provided under that part, as well as

Section 82. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 633.412, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

those provided elsewhere in the insurance code.

633.412 Firefighters; qualifications for certification.-

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- (1) A person applying for certification as a firefighter must:
- (e) Be in good physical condition as determined by a medical examination given by a physician, surgeon, or physician assistant licensed to practice in the state <u>under pursuant to</u> chapter 458; an osteopathic physician, surgeon, or physician assistant licensed to practice in the state <u>under pursuant to</u> chapter 459; an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified, practitioner licensed to practice in the state <u>under part I of pursuant to</u> chapter 464. Such examination may include, but need not be limited to, the National Fire Protection Association Standard 1582. A medical examination evidencing good physical condition shall be submitted to the division, on a form as provided by rule, before an individual is eligible for admission into a course under s. 633.408.

Section 83. Section 641.3923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

health maintenance organization <u>may shall</u> not discriminate with respect to participation as to any <u>independent advanced practice</u> registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner licensed and certified under</u> <u>pursuant to</u> s. 464.012, <u>or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, who is acting within the scope of such registration, license and certification, or license, solely</u>

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

on the basis of such <u>registration</u>, <u>license or</u> certification, <u>or</u> <u>license</u>. This section shall not be construed to prohibit a plan from including providers only to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the plan's enrollees or from establishing any measure designed to maintain quality and control costs consistent with the responsibilities of the plan.

Section 84. Subsection (8) of section 641.495, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.495 Requirements for issuance and maintenance of certificate.—

(8) Each organization's contracts, certificates, and subscriber handbooks shall contain a provision, if applicable, disclosing that, for certain types of described medical procedures, services may be provided by physician assistants, independent advanced practice registered nurses, advanced practice registered nurses, or other individuals who are not licensed physicians.

Section 85. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 744.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

744.331 Procedures to determine incapacity.

- (3) EXAMINING COMMITTEE.-
- (a) Within 5 days after a petition for determination of incapacity has been filed, the court shall appoint an examining committee consisting of three members. One member must be a psychiatrist or other physician. The remaining members must be either a psychologist, a gerontologist, a another psychiatrist,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3234

3235

3236

3238

3239

3240

3241

3242

3243

3244

3245

3246

3247

3248

3249

3250

3251

3252

3253

3254

3255

3256

3257

3258 3259

a or other physician, a registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, a licensed social worker, a person with an advanced degree in gerontology from an accredited institution of higher education, or another 3237 other person who by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education may, in the court's discretion, advise the court in the form of an expert opinion. One of three members of the committee must have knowledge of the type of incapacity alleged in the petition. Unless good cause is shown, the attending or family physician may not be appointed to the committee. If the attending or family physician is available for consultation, the committee must consult with the physician. Members of the examining committee may not be related to or associated with one another, with the petitioner, with counsel for the petitioner or the proposed quardian, or with the person alleged to be totally or partially incapacitated. A member may not be employed by any private or governmental agency that has custody of, or furnishes, services or subsidies, directly or indirectly, to the person or the family of the person alleged to be incapacitated or for whom a quardianship is sought. A petitioner may not serve as a member of the examining committee. Members of the examining committee must be able to communicate, either directly or through an interpreter, in the language that the alleged incapacitated person speaks or to communicate in a medium understandable to the alleged incapacitated person if she or he is able to communicate. The clerk of the court shall send notice

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3262

3263

3264

3265

3266

3267

3268

3269

3270

3271

3272

3273 3274

3275

3276

3277

3278

3279

3280

3281

3282

3283

3284 3285

of the appointment to each person appointed no later than 3 days after the court's appointment.

Section 86. Subsection (1) of section 744.703, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

744.703 Office of public guardian; appointment, notification.—

(1)The executive director of the Statewide Public Guardianship Office, after consultation with the chief judge and other circuit judges within the judicial circuit and with appropriate advocacy groups and individuals and organizations who are knowledgeable about the needs of incapacitated persons, may establish, within a county in the judicial circuit or within the judicial circuit, one or more offices of public guardian and if so established, shall create a list of persons best qualified to serve as the public guardian, who have been investigated pursuant to s. 744.3135. The public quardian must have knowledge of the legal process and knowledge of social services available to meet the needs of incapacitated persons. The public guardian shall maintain a staff or contract with professionally qualified individuals to carry out the guardianship functions, including an attorney who has experience in probate areas and another person who has a master's degree in social work, or a gerontologist, a psychologist, a registered nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner. A public quardian that is a nonprofit corporate quardian under s. 744.309(5) must

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

receive tax-exempt status from the United States Internal
Revenue Service.

Section 87. Subsection (6) of section 766.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.102 Medical negligence; standards of recovery; expert witness.—

who qualifies as an expert witness under subsection (5) and who, by reason of active clinical practice or instruction of students, has knowledge of the applicable standard of care for nurses, independent advanced practice registered nurses, advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners, certified registered nurse anesthetists, certified registered nurse midwives, physician assistants, or other medical support staff may give expert testimony in a medical negligence action with respect to the standard of care of such medical support staff.

Section 88. Subsection (3) of section 766.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.103 Florida Medical Consent Law.-

(3) No Recovery is not shall be allowed in any court in this state against any physician licensed under chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, dentist licensed under chapter 466, independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

s. 464.0125, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012, or physician assistant licensed under s. 458.347 or s. 459.022 in an action brought for treating, examining, or operating on a patient without his or her informed consent when:

- (a)1. The action of the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, podiatric physician, dentist, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant in obtaining the consent of the patient or another person authorized to give consent for the patient was in accordance with an accepted standard of medical practice among members of the medical profession with similar training and experience in the same or similar medical community as that of the person treating, examining, or operating on the patient for whom the consent is obtained; and
- 2. A reasonable individual, from the information provided by the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, podiatric physician, dentist, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, under the circumstances, would have a general understanding of the procedure, the medically acceptable alternative procedures or treatments, and the substantial risks and hazards inherent in the proposed treatment or procedures, which are recognized among other physicians, osteopathic physicians, chiropractic physicians,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3338

3339

3340

3341

3342

3343

3344

3345

3346

3347

3348

3349

3350

3351

3352

3353

3354

3357

3358

3359

3360

3361

3362 3363 podiatric physicians, or dentists in the same or similar community who perform similar treatments or procedures; or

- (b) The patient would reasonably, under all the surrounding circumstances, have undergone such treatment or procedure had he or she been advised by the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, podiatric physician, dentist, independent advanced practice registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a).
- Section 89. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 766.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency relationship with governmental contractors.—

- (3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (d) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:
- 1. A birth center licensed under chapter 383.
- 2. An ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 3356 395.
 - 3. A hospital licensed under chapter 395.
 - 4. A physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458.
 - 5. An osteopathic physician or osteopathic physician assistant licensed under chapter 459.
 - 6. A chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.
 - 7. A podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

- 8. A registered nurse, nurse midwife, a licensed practical nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner licensed, registered, or certified registered under part I of chapter 464 or any facility that which employs nurses licensed, registered, or certified registered under part I of chapter 464 to supply all or part of the care delivered under this section.
 - 9. A midwife licensed under chapter 467.
- 10. A health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641.
- 11. A health care professional association and its employees or a corporate medical group and its employees.
- 12. Any other medical facility the primary purpose of which is to deliver human medical diagnostic services or which delivers nonsurgical human medical treatment, and which includes an office maintained by a provider.
- 13. A dentist or dental hygienist licensed under chapter 466.
- 14. A free clinic that delivers only medical diagnostic services or nonsurgical medical treatment free of charge to all low-income recipients.
- 15. Any other health care professional, practitioner, provider, or facility under contract with a governmental contractor, including a student enrolled in an accredited program that prepares the student for licensure as any one of the professionals listed in subparagraphs 4.-9.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3390 3391

3392

3393

3394

3395

3396

3397

The term includes any nonprofit corporation qualified as exempt from federal income taxation under s. 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and described in s. 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, which delivers health care services provided by licensed professionals listed in this paragraph, any federally funded community health center, and any volunteer corporation or volunteer health care provider that delivers health care services.

3398 3399

Section 90. Subsection (1) of section 766.1116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3401 3402

3403

3400

766.1116 Health care practitioner; waiver of license renewal fees and continuing education requirements.—

3404 3405 3406

under chapter 458; an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459; a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460; a podiatric physician licensed under

practitioner" means a physician or physician assistant licensed

As used in this section, the term "health care

3408 3409

3407

chapter 461; an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, a registered

3410

nurse, or \underline{a} licensed practical nurse licensed, registered, or

3411

3412

<u>certified</u> under part I of chapter 464; a dentist or dental hygienist licensed under chapter 466; or a midwife licensed

3413

under chapter 467, who participates as a health care provider

3414

under s. 766.1115.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

Section 91. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 766.118, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.118 Determination of noneconomic damages.

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Practitioner" means any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 466, chapter 467, or chapter 486; registered under s. 464.0125; or certified under s. 464.012. "Practitioner" also means any association, corporation, firm, partnership, or other business entity under which such practitioner practices or any employee of such practitioner or entity acting in the scope of his or her employment. For the purpose of determining the limitations on noneconomic damages set forth in this section, the term "practitioner" includes any person or entity for whom a practitioner is vicariously liable and any person or entity whose liability is based solely on such person or entity being vicariously liable for the actions of a practitioner.

Section 92. Subsection (3) of section 768.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

768.135 Volunteer team <u>practitioners</u> physicians; immunity.—

(3) A practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, er s. 464.012, or s. 464.0125 who gratuitously and in good faith conducts an evaluation pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(c) is not liable for any civil damages arising from

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

that evaluation unless the evaluation was conducted in a wrongful manner.

Section 93. Subsection (4) of section 782.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

782.071 Vehicular homicide.—"Vehicular homicide" is the killing of a human being, or the killing of an unborn child by any injury to the mother, caused by the operation of a motor vehicle by another in a reckless manner likely to cause the death of, or great bodily harm to, another.

(4) In addition to any other punishment, the court may order the person to serve 120 community service hours in a trauma center or hospital that regularly receives victims of vehicle accidents, under the supervision of an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, an emergency room physician, or an emergency medical technician pursuant to a voluntary community service program operated by the trauma center or hospital.

Section 94. Subsection (5) of section 794.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

794.08 Female genital mutilation.-

(5) This section does not apply to procedures performed by or under the direction of a physician licensed under chapter 458; an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459; a registered nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464, a practical nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464, an

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed, registered, or certified practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464; a midwife licensed under chapter 467; or a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, when necessary to preserve the physical health of a female person. This section also does not apply to any autopsy or limited dissection conducted pursuant to chapter 406.

Section 95. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

assistant licensed under pursuant to chapter 458, a dentist licensed under pursuant to chapter 466, a veterinarian licensed under pursuant to chapter 466, a veterinarian licensed under pursuant to chapter 474, an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under pursuant to chapter 459, a naturopath licensed under pursuant to chapter 462, a certified optometrist licensed under pursuant to chapter 463, an independent advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0125, an advanced practice registered nurse certified under s. 464.012, or a podiatric physician licensed under pursuant to chapter 461, provided such practitioner holds a valid federal controlled substance registry number.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

Section 96. Subsection (6) of section 943.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.13 Officers' minimum qualifications for employment or appointment.—On or after October 1, 1984, any person employed or appointed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary law enforcement officer or correctional officer; on or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary correctional probation officer; and on or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary correctional officer by a private entity under contract to the Department of Corrections, to a county commission, or to the Department of Management Services shall:

(6) Have passed a physical examination by a licensed physician, a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or a certified advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, based on specifications established by the commission. In order to be eligible for the presumption set forth in s. 112.18 while employed with an employing agency, a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer must have successfully passed the physical examination required by this subsection upon entering into service as a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer with the employing agency, which examination must have failed to reveal any evidence of tuberculosis, heart disease, or hypertension. A law enforcement officer, correctional officer,

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

or correctional probation officer may not use a physical examination from a former employing agency for purposes of claiming the presumption set forth in s. 112.18 against the current employing agency.

Section 97. Subsection (2) of section 945.603, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

945.603 Powers and duties of authority.—The purpose of the authority is to assist in the delivery of health care services for inmates in the Department of Corrections by advising the Secretary of Corrections on the professional conduct of primary, convalescent, dental, and mental health care and the management of costs consistent with quality care, by advising the Governor and the Legislature on the status of the Department of Corrections' health care delivery system, and by assuring that adequate standards of physical and mental health care for inmates are maintained at all Department of Corrections institutions. For this purpose, the authority has the authority to:

(2) Review and make recommendations regarding health care for the delivery of health care services including, but not limited to, acute hospital-based services and facilities, primary and tertiary care services, ancillary and clinical services, dental services, mental health services, intake and screening services, medical transportation services, and the use of advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioner and physician assistants assistant personnel to act as physician

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3543

3544

3545

3546

3547

3548

3549

3550

3551

3552

3553

3554

3555

3556

3557

3558

3559

3560

3561

3562

3563

3564

3565

3566

3567

3568

extenders as these relate to inmates in the Department of Corrections.

Section 98. Subsection (2) of section 960.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

960.28 Payment for victims' initial forensic physical examinations.—

The Crime Victims' Services Office of the department shall pay for medical expenses connected with an initial forensic physical examination of a victim of sexual battery as defined in chapter 794 or a lewd or lascivious offense as defined in chapter 800. Such payment shall be made regardless of whether the victim is covered by health or disability insurance and whether the victim participates in the criminal justice system or cooperates with law enforcement. The payment shall be made only out of moneys allocated to the Crime Victims' Services Office for the purposes of this section, and the payment may not exceed \$500 with respect to any violation. The department shall develop and maintain separate protocols for the initial forensic physical examination of adults and children. Payment under this section is limited to medical expenses connected with the initial forensic physical examination, and payment may be made to a medical provider using an examiner qualified under part I of chapter 464, excluding s. 464.003(17) 464.003(16); chapter 458; or chapter 459. Payment made to the medical provider by the department shall be considered by the provider as payment in full for the initial forensic physical examination associated

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

with the collection of evidence. The victim may not be required to pay, directly or indirectly, the cost of an initial forensic physical examination performed in accordance with this section.

Section 99. Paragraph (i) of subsection (3) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

- (3) HEALTH ISSUES.-
- (i) Epinephrine use and supply.—
- 1. A student who has experienced or is at risk for lifethreatening allergic reactions may carry an epinephrine autoinjector and self-administer epinephrine by auto-injector while in school, participating in school-sponsored activities, or in transit to or from school or school-sponsored activities if the school has been provided with parental and physician authorization. The State Board of Education, in cooperation with the Department of Health, shall adopt rules for such use of epinephrine auto-injectors that shall include provisions to protect the safety of all students from the misuse or abuse of auto-injectors. A school district, county health department, public-private partner, and their employees and volunteers shall be indemnified by the parent of a student authorized to carry an

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

epinephrine auto-injector for any and all liability with respect to the student's use of an epinephrine auto-injector pursuant to this paragraph.

- 2. A public school may purchase from a wholesale distributor as defined in s. 499.003 and maintain in a locked, secure location on its premises a supply of epinephrine autoinjectors for use if a student is having an anaphylactic reaction. The participating school district shall adopt a protocol developed by a licensed physician for the administration by school personnel who are trained to recognize an anaphylactic reaction and to administer an epinephrine autoinjection. The supply of epinephrine auto-injectors may be provided to and used by a student authorized to self-administer epinephrine by auto-injector under subparagraph 1. or trained school personnel.
- 3. The school district and its employees and agents, including the physician who provides the standing protocol for school epinephrine auto-injectors, are not liable for any injury arising from the use of an epinephrine auto-injector administered by trained school personnel who follow the adopted protocol and whose professional opinion is that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction:
- a. Unless the trained school personnel's action is willful and wanton;
- b. Notwithstanding that the parents or guardians of the student to whom the epinephrine is administered have not been

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

provided notice or have not signed a statement acknowledging that the school district is not liable; and

c. Regardless of whether authorization has been given by the student's parents or guardians or by the student's physician, a physician physician's assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner.

Section 100. Paragraph (b) of subsection (17) of section 1002.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.42 Private schools.-

- (17) EPINEPHRINE SUPPLY.—
- (b) The private school and its employees and agents, including the physician who provides the standing protocol for school epinephrine auto-injectors, are not liable for any injury arising from the use of an epinephrine auto-injector administered by trained school personnel who follow the adopted protocol and whose professional opinion is that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction:
- 1. Unless the trained school personnel's action is willful and wanton;
- 2. Notwithstanding that the parents or guardians of the student to whom the epinephrine is administered have not been provided notice or have not signed a statement acknowledging that the school district is not liable; and
- 3. Regardless of whether authorization has been given by the student's parents or quardians or by the student's

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

physician, <u>a physician physician's</u> assistant, <u>an independent advanced practice registered nurse</u>, or <u>an advanced practice registered nurse</u>, or <u>an advanced practice registered nurse</u>.

Section 101. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 1006.062, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1006.062 Administration of medication and provision of medical services by district school board personnel.—

- (4) Nonmedical assistive personnel shall be allowed to perform health-related services upon successful completion of child-specific training by a registered nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner licensed, registered, or certified under part I of chapter 464; a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459; or a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459. All procedures shall be monitored periodically by a nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, or a physician, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Intermittent clean catheterization.
 - (b) Gastrostomy tube feeding.
 - (c) Monitoring blood glucose.
 - (d) Administering emergency injectable medication.
- (5) For all other invasive medical services not listed in this subsection, a registered nurse, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3673

3674

3675

3676

3677

3678

3679

3680

3681

3682

3683

3684

3685

3686

3687

3688

3689

3690

3691

3692

3693

3694

3695

3696

3697 3698 nurse practitioner licensed, registered, or certified under part I of chapter $464_{\underline{i}\tau}$ a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter $459_{\underline{i}\tau}$ or a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 shall determine if nonmedical district school board personnel shall be allowed to perform such service.

Section 102. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.-

- (2) ADOPTION OF BYLAWS, POLICIES, OR GUIDELINES.-
- The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that require all students participating in interscholastic athletic competition or who are candidates for an interscholastic athletic team to satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year prior to participating in interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team. Such medical evaluation may be administered only by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012, or s. 464.0125, and in good standing with the practitioner's regulatory board. The bylaws shall establish requirements for eliciting a student's medical history and performing the medical evaluation required under this paragraph, which shall include a physical assessment of the student's physical capabilities to participate in interscholastic athletic competition as contained in a uniform

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3699

3700

3701

3702

3703

3704

3705

3706

3707

3708

3709

3710

3711

3712

3713

3714

3715

3716

3717

3718

3719

3720

3721

3722

3723

3724

preparticipation physical evaluation and history form. The evaluation form shall incorporate the recommendations of the American Heart Association for participation cardiovascular screening and shall provide a place for the signature of the practitioner performing the evaluation with an attestation that each examination procedure listed on the form was performed by the practitioner or by someone under the direct supervision of the practitioner. The form shall also contain a place for the practitioner to indicate if a referral to another practitioner was made in lieu of completion of a certain examination procedure. The form shall provide a place for the practitioner to whom the student was referred to complete the remaining sections and attest to that portion of the examination. The preparticipation physical evaluation form shall advise students to complete a cardiovascular assessment and shall include information concerning alternative cardiovascular evaluation and diagnostic tests. Results of such medical evaluation must be provided to the school. No student shall be eliqible to participate in any interscholastic athletic competition or engage in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team until the results of the medical evaluation have been received and approved by the school. Section 103. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1009.65, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3725

3726

3727

3728

3729

3730

3731

3732

3733

3734

3735

3736

3737

3738

3739

3740

3741

3742

3743

3744

3745

3746

3747 3748

3749

3750

1009.65 Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program.—

- To encourage qualified medical professionals to practice in underserved locations where there are shortages of such personnel, there is established the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program. The function of the program is to make payments that offset loans and educational expenses incurred by students for studies leading to a medical or nursing degree, medical or nursing licensure, or advanced practice registered nurse practitioner certification or physician assistant licensure. The following licensed or certified health care professionals are eligible to participate in this program: medical doctors with primary care specialties, doctors of osteopathic medicine with primary care specialties, physician physician's assistants, licensed practical nurses and registered nurses, and advanced practice registered nurses nurse practitioners with primary care specialties such as certified nurse midwives. Primary care medical specialties for physicians include obstetrics, gynecology, general and family practice, internal medicine, pediatrics, and other specialties which may be identified by the Department of Health.
- (2) From the funds available, the Department of Health shall make payments to selected medical professionals as follows:
- (a) Up to \$4,000 per year for licensed practical nurses and registered nurses, up to \$10,000 per year for advanced

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

<u>practice</u> registered <u>nurses</u> nurse practitioners and <u>physician</u>
physician's assistants, and up to \$20,000 per year for
physicians. Penalties for noncompliance shall be the same as
those in the National Health Services Corps Loan Repayment
Program. Educational expenses include costs for tuition,
matriculation, registration, books, laboratory and other fees,
other educational costs, and reasonable living expenses as
determined by the Department of Health.

Section 104. Subsection (2) of section 1009.66, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.66 Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program.-

(2) To be eligible, a candidate must have graduated from an accredited or approved nursing program and have received a Florida license as a licensed practical nurse or a registered nurse or a Florida certificate as an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u>.

Section 105. Subsection (3) of section 1009.67, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.67 Nursing scholarship program.-

(3) A scholarship may be awarded for no more than 2 years, in an amount not to exceed \$8,000 per year. However, registered nurses pursuing a graduate degree for a faculty position or to practice as an advanced <u>practice</u> registered nurse <u>practitioner</u> may receive up to \$12,000 per year. These amounts shall be adjusted by the amount of increase or decrease in the Consumer

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the United States Department of Commerce.

Section 106. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

3779

3782

3783

3784

3785

3786

3787

3788

3789

3790

3791

3792

3793

3794

3795

3796

3797

3798

3799

3800

3776

3777

3778

3780

3781 TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to scope of practice of advanced practice registered nurses and physician assistants; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; redesignating advanced registered nurse practitioners as advanced practice registered nurses; providing for independent advanced practice registered nurses to practice advanced or specialized nursing; revising composition of a joint committee to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; exempting an independent advanced practice registered nurse from a requirement that certain medical acts be supervised by a physician; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; revising advanced practice registered nurse certification requirements; authorizing advanced practice registered nurses to administer, dispense, and prescribe medicinal drugs pursuant to a protocol; creating s. 464.0125, F.S.; providing for the registration of independent advanced practice

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

registered nurses who meet certain requirements; 3802 3803 specifying acts that independent advanced practice registered nurses are authorized to perform without 3804 3805 physician supervision or protocol; providing for 3806 biennial renewal of registration, including continuing education requirements; providing for application and 3807 biennial renewal fees; providing rulemaking authority; 3808 amending s. 464.015, F.S.; providing title protection 3809 for independent advanced practice registered nurses; 3810 3811 creating s. 464.0155, F.S.; requiring independent advanced practice registered nurses to report adverse 3812 3813 incidents to the Department of Health in a certain manner; providing for department review of adverse 3814 3815 incidents; authorizing the department to take disciplinary action in cases of adverse incidents; 3816 amending s. 464.016, F.S.; providing penalties for 3817 illegally using certain titles; amending s. 464.018, 3818 3819 F.S.; adding grounds for disciplinary actions against 3820 nurses; amending s. 39.303, F.S.; revising 3821 requirements relating to review of certain cases of 3822 abuse or neglect and standards for face-to-face 3823 medical evaluations by a child protection team; amending s. 39.304, F.S.; authorizing a physician 3824 assistant and an independent advanced practice 3825 3826 registered nurse to perform or order an examination 3827 and diagnose a child without parental consent under

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3828

3829

3830

3831

3832

3833

3834

3835

3836

3837

3838

3839

3840

3841

3842

3843

3844

3845

3846

3847

3848

3849

3850

3851

3852

3853

certain circumstances; amending s. 90.503, F.S.; redefining the term "psychotherapist" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse with a specified scope of practice; amending s. 112.0455, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to collect specimens for drug testing; amending s. 121.0515, F.S.; designating an advanced practice registered nurse as a special risk member under certain conditions; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; authorizing a physician assistant and an independent advanced practice registered nurse to administer the physical examination required for deputy pilot certification and state pilot licensure; broadening an exception to the prohibition against the use of controlled substances by an applicant for a deputy pilot certificate or a state pilot license to allow the use of controlled substances prescribed by a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse; requiring a physician assistant or an independent advanced practice registered nurse performing the physical examination to know the minimum licensure standards and certify that such standards are met; amending s. 320.0848, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to certify that a

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3854

3855

3856

3857 3858

3859

3860

3861

3862

3863

3864

3865

3866

3867

3868

3869

3870

3871

3872

3873

3874

3875

3876

3877

3878

3879

person is disabled; amending s. 381.00315, F.S.; authorizing the reactivation of an independent advanced practice registered nurse license in a public health emergency; amending s. 381.00593, F.S.; redefining the term "health care practitioner" to include a physician assistant and an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 381.026, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "health care provider" to include a physician assistant and an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 382.008, F.S.; authorizing a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse to file a certificate of death or fetal death under certain circumstances; authorizing a certified nurse midwife to provide certain information to a funeral director within a specified time period; revising the definition of the term "primary or attending physician"; amending s. 383.14, F.S.; authorizing the release of certain newborn tests and screening results to an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending ss. 383.141, 627.357, and 766.1115, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "health care provider" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 390.0111, F.S.; including an independent advanced

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3880

3881

3882

3883

3884

3885

3886

3887

3888

3889

3890

3891

3892

3893

3894

3895

3896

3897

3898

3899

3900

3901 3902

3903

3904

3905

practice registered nurse in a list of health care practitioners authorized to review an ultrasound with a woman prior to an abortion procedure; amending s. 390.012, F.S.; including an independent advanced practice registered nurse in a list of health care practitioners authorized to provide postoperative monitoring and required to be available throughout an abortion procedure, remain at the abortion clinic until all patients are discharged, and attempt to assess the patient's recovery within a specified time; amending s. 394.455, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "psychiatric nurse" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse certified in a specified specialty; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; authorizing a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse to initiate an involuntary examination for mental illness under certain circumstances; providing for examination of a patient by a physician assistant or psychiatric nurse; authorizing a psychiatric nurse to approve the release of a patient under certain conditions; amending s. 395.0191, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to apply for clinical privileges; providing an exception to the requirement for onsite medical direction for certain independent

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3906

3907

3908

3909

3910

3911

3912

3913

3914

3915

3916

3917

3918

3919

3920

3921

3922

3923

3924

3925

3926

3927

3928

3929

3930

3931

advanced practice registered nurses; amending s. 395.605, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners who must supervise the care of a patient or be on duty for a specified duration in an emergency care setting; amending s. 397.311, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "qualified professional" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; conforming terminology; amending s. 397.405, F.S.; providing that an independent advanced practice registered nurse's practice may not be limited under certain circumstances; amending s. 397.501, F.S.; prohibiting the denial of certain services to an individual who takes medication prescribed by a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 400.021, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "geriatric outpatient clinic" to include a site staffed by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 400.0255, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners who must sign a notice of discharge or transfer; amending s. 400.172, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses and advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners who may

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3932

3933

3934

3935

3936

3937

3938

3939

3940

3941

3942

3943

3944

3945

3946

3947

3948

3949

3950

3951

3952

3953

3954 3955

3956

3957

provide a prospective respite care resident with certain medical information; amending s. 400.462, F.S.; defining the term "independent advanced practice registered nurse"; amending s. 400.487, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners who must establish treatment orders for certain patients under certain circumstances; amending s. 400.506, F.S.; applying medical treatment plan requirements to independent advanced practice registered nurses; amending s. 400.9905, F.S.; exempting entities where health care services are provided by independent advanced practice registered nurses from clinic licensure requirements; amending s. 401.445, F.S.; prohibiting recovery of damages in court against an independent advanced practice registered nurse under certain circumstances; requiring an independent advanced practice registered nurse to attempt to obtain a person's consent prior to providing emergency services; amending ss. 409.905 and 409.908, F.S.; requiring the agency to reimburse independent advanced practice registered nurses for providing certain mandatory Medicaid services; amending s. 409.9081, F.S.; requiring copayments under the Medicaid program to be paid for independent advanced practice registered nurse services; amending s. 409.973, F.S.;

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3958

3959

3960 3961

3962

3963

3964

3965

3966

3967

3968

3969

3970

3971

3972

3973

3974

3975

3976

3977

3978

3979

3980

3981

3982

3983

requiring managed care plans to cover independent advanced practice registered nurse services; amending s. 429.26, F.S.; prohibiting independent advanced practice registered nurses from having a financial interest in the assisted living facility that employs them; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners from whom an assisted living facility resident may obtain an examination prior to admission; amending s. 429.918, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "ADRD participant" to include participants who have a documented diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease or a dementia-related disorder from an independent advanced practice registered nurse; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of health care practitioners from whom an ADRD participant may obtain signed medical documentation; amending s. 440.102, F.S.; authorizing, for the purpose of drug-free workforce program requirements, an independent advanced practice registered nurse to collect a specimen for a drug test; amending s. 456.048, F.S.; requiring independent advanced practice registered nurses to maintain medical malpractice insurance or provide proof of financial responsibility; exempting independent advanced practice registered nurses from such requirements

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

3984

3985

3986 3987

3988

3989

3990

3991

3992

3993

3994

3995

3996

3997

3998 3999

4000

4001

4002

4003

4004

4005

4006

4007

4008

4009

under certain circumstances; amending s. 456.053, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "board" to include the Board of Nursing; revising the definitions of the terms "health care provider" and "sole provider" to include independent advanced practice registered nurses; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to make referrals under certain circumstances; conforming a reference; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; requiring the suspension and fining of a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an advanced practice registered nurse for prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance in a certain manner; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; providing certain requirements for physician assistants, independent advanced practice registered nurses, and advanced practice registered nurses who prescribe controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; requiring an independent advanced practice registered nurse to perform a physical examination of a patient at a pain-management clinic under certain circumstances; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; deleting the requirement that a formulary list controlled substances that a physician assistant may not prescribe; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.;

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

4010

4011

4012

4013

4014

4015

4016

4017

4018

4019

4020

4021

4022

4023

4024

4025

4026

4027

4028

4029

4030

4031

4032

4033

4034

4035

deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 464.0205, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to directly supervise a certified retired volunteer nurse; amending s. 480.0475; authorizing the operation of a massage establishment during specified times if a massage is prescribed by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 483.041, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "licensed practitioner" to include a physician assistant and an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 483.181, F.S.; requiring clinical laboratories to accept a human specimen submitted by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 486.021, F.S.; authorizing a physical therapist to implement a plan of treatment provided by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 490.012, F.S.; allowing certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses to use the word, or a form of the word, "psychotherapy"; amending s. 491.0057, F.S.; authorizing certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses to be licensed as marriage and family therapists; amending s. 491.012, F.S.; authorizing certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses to use specified terms; amending s. 493.6108, F.S.; authorizing an

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

4036

4037

4038

4039

4040

4041

4042

4043

4044

4045

4046

4047

4048

4049

4050

4051

4052

4053

4054

4055

4056

4057

4058

4059

4060

4061

independent advanced practice registered nurse to certify the physical fitness of a certain class of applicants to bear a weapon or firearm; amending s. 626.9707, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of entities and individuals that are protected from insurer discrimination when providing services to a person with the sickle-cell trait; amending s. 627.6471, F.S.; requiring insurers to provide eligibility criteria for certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses under certain circumstances; amending s. 627.6472, F.S.; requiring insurers to provide eligibility criteria for certain qualified independent advanced practice registered nurses under certain circumstances; prohibiting an exclusive provider organization from discriminating against participation by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 627.736, F.S.; requiring personal injury protection insurance to cover a certain percentage of medical services and care provided by an independent advanced practice registered nurse, a practitioner supervised by an independent advanced practice registered nurse, or an entity wholly owned by one or more independent advanced practice registered nurses; reimbursing independent advanced practice registered nurses up to

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

4071

4074

4082

4083

4084

4085

4086

4087

4062 a specified amount for providing medical services and 4063 care; amending s. 633.412, F.S.; authorizing an 4064 independent advanced practice registered nurse to 4065 medically examine an applicant for firefighter certification; amending s. 641.3923, F.S.; prohibiting 4066 4067 a health maintenance organization from discriminating 4068 against the participation of a physician assistant or 4069 an independent advanced practice registered nurse; 4070 amending s. 641.495, F.S.; requiring a health maintenance organization to disclose in certain 4072 documents that certain services may be provided by 4073 independent advanced practice registered nurses; amending s. 744.331, F.S.; including a physician 4075 assistant as an eliqible member of an examining 4076 committee; conforming terminology; amending s. 4077 744.703, F.S.; adding independent advanced practice 4078 registered nurses to a list of authorized 4079 professionals with whom a public guardian may contract 4080 to carry out quardianship functions; amending s. 4081 766.102, F.S.; providing requirements for qualification as an expert witness in a medical negligence case concerning the standard of care for an independent advanced practice registered nurse and an advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 766.103, F.S.; prohibiting recovery of damages against an independent advanced practice registered nurse

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

4088

4089

4090

4091

4092

4093

4094

4095

4096

4097

4098

4099

4100 4101

4102

4103

4104

4105

4106

4107

4108

4109

4110

4111

4112

4113

under certain conditions; amending s. 766.1116, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "health care practitioner" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 766.118, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "practitioner" to include an independent advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 768.135, F.S.; providing immunity from liability for an independent advanced practice registered nurse who provides volunteer services under certain circumstances; amending s. 782.071, F.S.; allowing an independent advanced practice registered nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse to supervise a person who is completing community service hours in a trauma center or hospital; amending s. 794.08, F.S.; providing that the section does not apply to procedures conducted by an independent advanced practice registered nurse under certain circumstances; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "practitioner" to include a physician assistant, an independent advanced practice registered nurse, and an advanced practice registered nurse; amending s. 943.13, F.S.; authorizing a law enforcement officer or correctional officer to satisfy qualifications for employment or appointment by passing a physical examination conducted by an independent advanced practice registered nurse;

706771 - h0547-strike.docx



Bill No. HB 547 (2015)

Amendment No.

4114

4115

4116

4117

4118

4119

4120

4121

4122

4123

4124

4125

4126

4127

4128

4129

4130

4131

4132

4133

4134

4135

4136

4137

amending s. 945.603, F.S.; authorizing the Correctional Medical Authority to review and make recommendations relating to the use of advanced practice registered nurses as physician extenders; amending ss. 1002.20 and 1002.42, F.S.; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of individuals who have immunity relating to the use of epinephrine auto-injectors in public and private schools; amending s. 1006.062, F.S.; authorizing nonmedical assistive personnel to perform health services if trained by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; requiring monitoring of such personnel by an independent advanced practice registered nurse; including independent advanced practice registered nurses in a list of practitioners who must determine whether such personnel may perform certain invasive medical services; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; authorizing an independent advanced practice registered nurse to medically evaluate a student athlete; amending ss. 110.12315, 252.515, 395.602, 397.427, 456.0391, 456.0392, 456.041, 458.331, 459.015, 464.004, 467.003, 483.801, 960.28, 1009.65, 1009.66, and 1009.67, F.S.; conforming terminology; providing an effective date.

706771 - h0547-strike.docx